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Reference	IOR/R/15/5/105
Title	[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa`ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan
Date(s)	19 Aug 1920 (CE, Gregorian)
Written in	English and Arabic in Latin and Arabic script
Extent and Format	1 volume (170 folios)
Holding Institution	British Library: India Office Records and Private Papers
Copyright for document	Public Domain

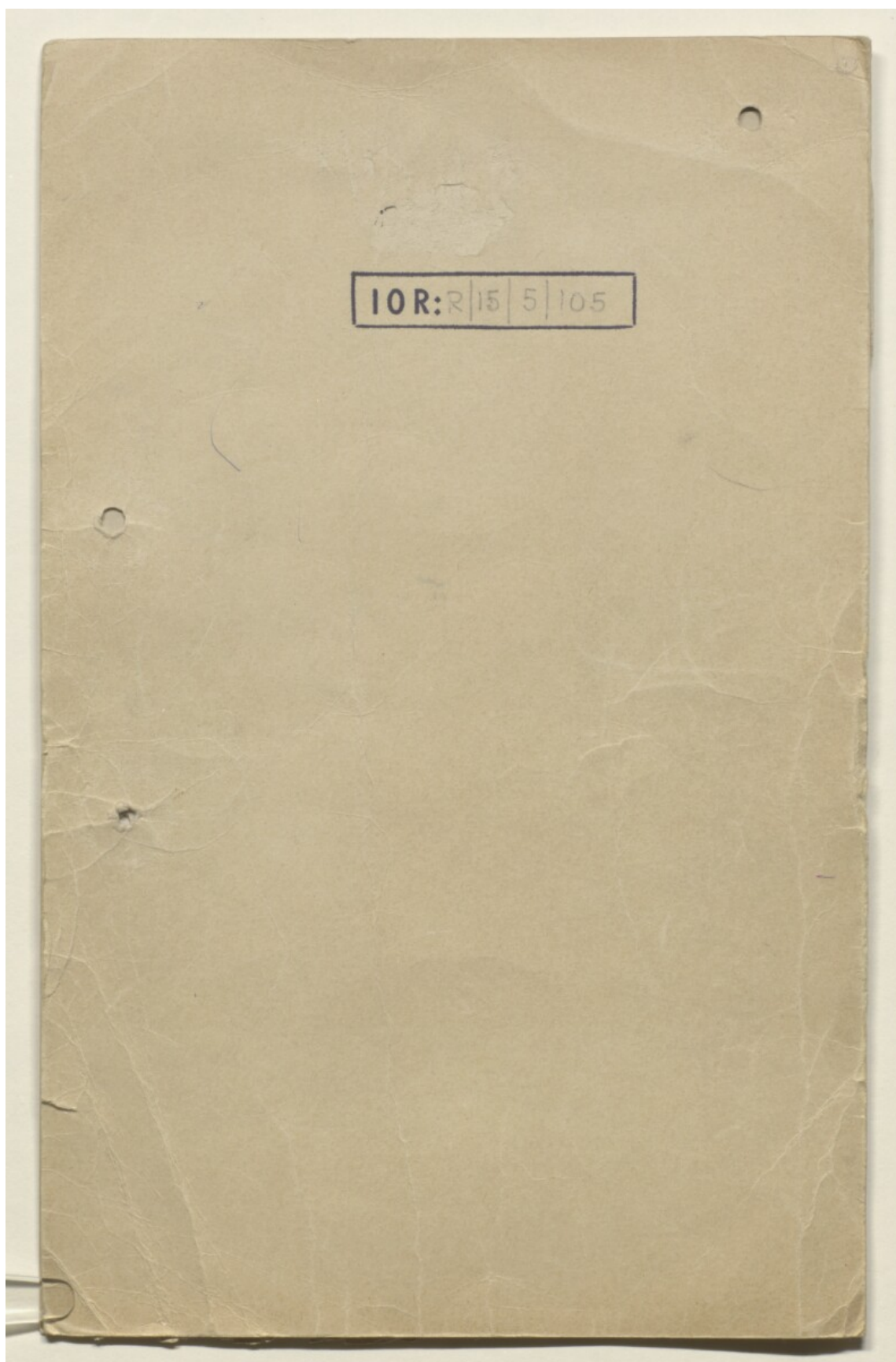
About this record

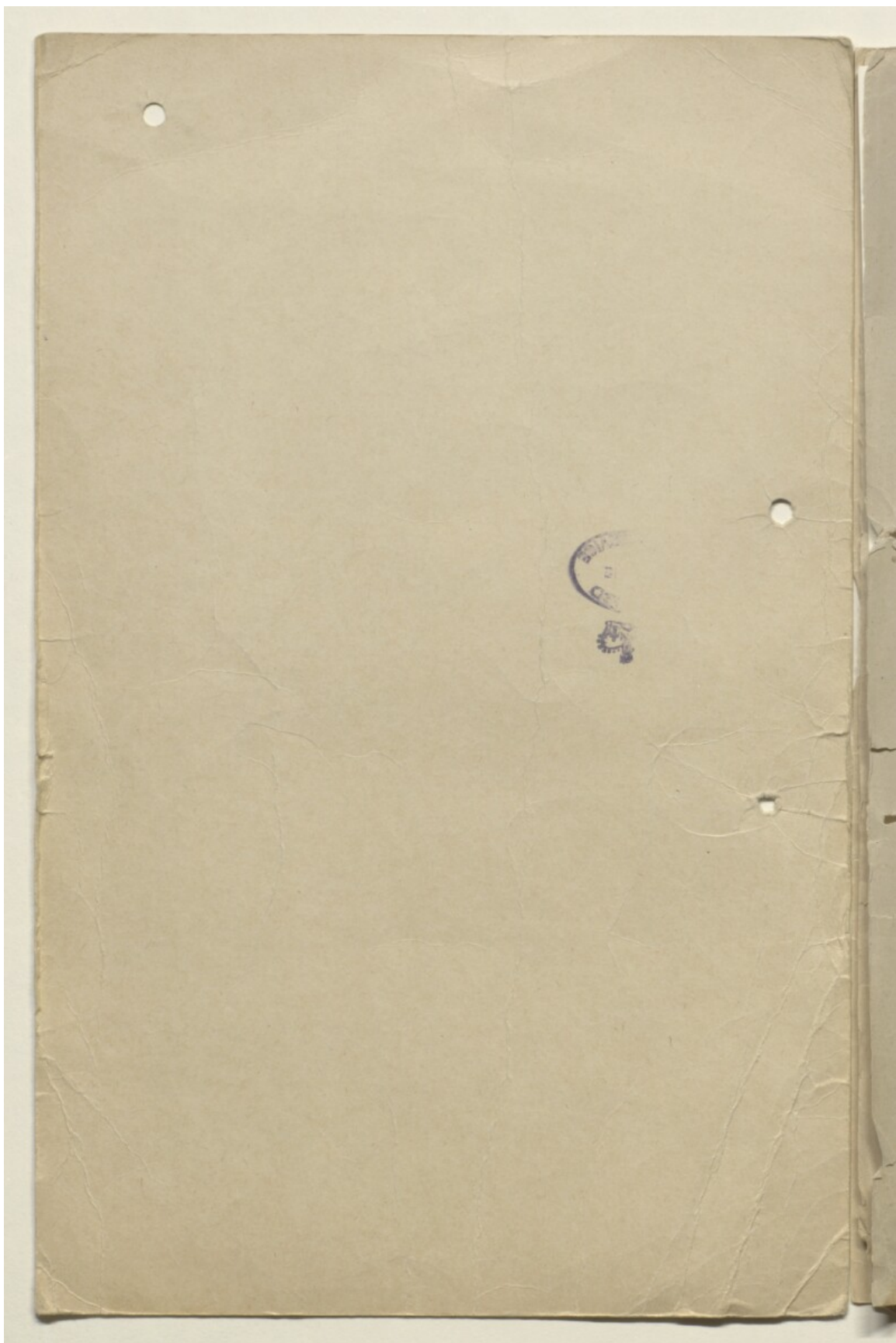
The volume comprises telegrams, despatches, correspondence, memoranda, and notes, relating to:

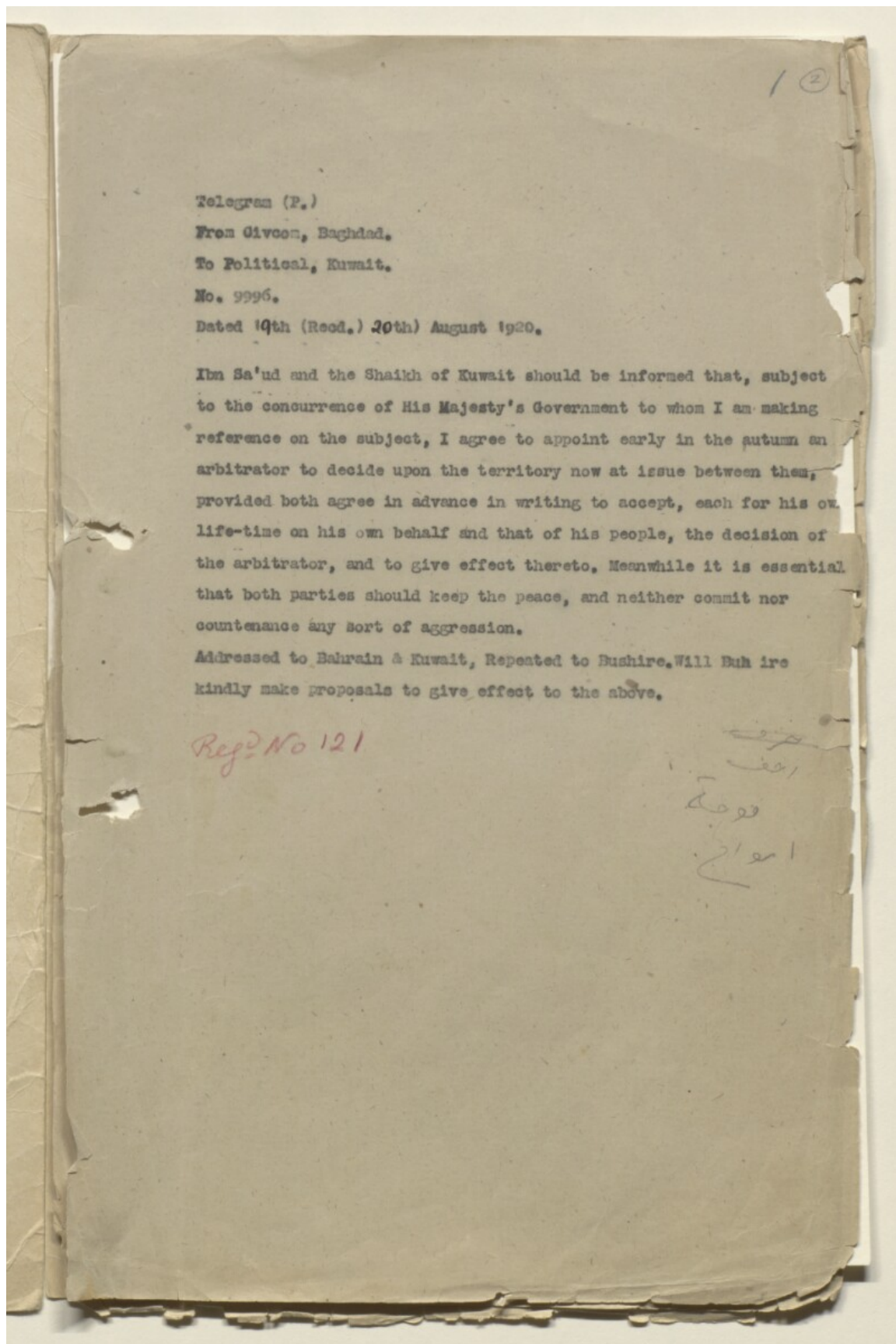
- A dispute between Ibn Sa`ud and the Shaikh of Kuwait.
- British government's proposals to settle Kuwait-Najd boundary dispute by arbitration.
- Defeat of Shaikh Salim [Shaikh Sālim al-Mubārak Āl Şabāh] at Jahra.
- Ikhwan withdrawal.
- Truce terminated by Ikhwan.

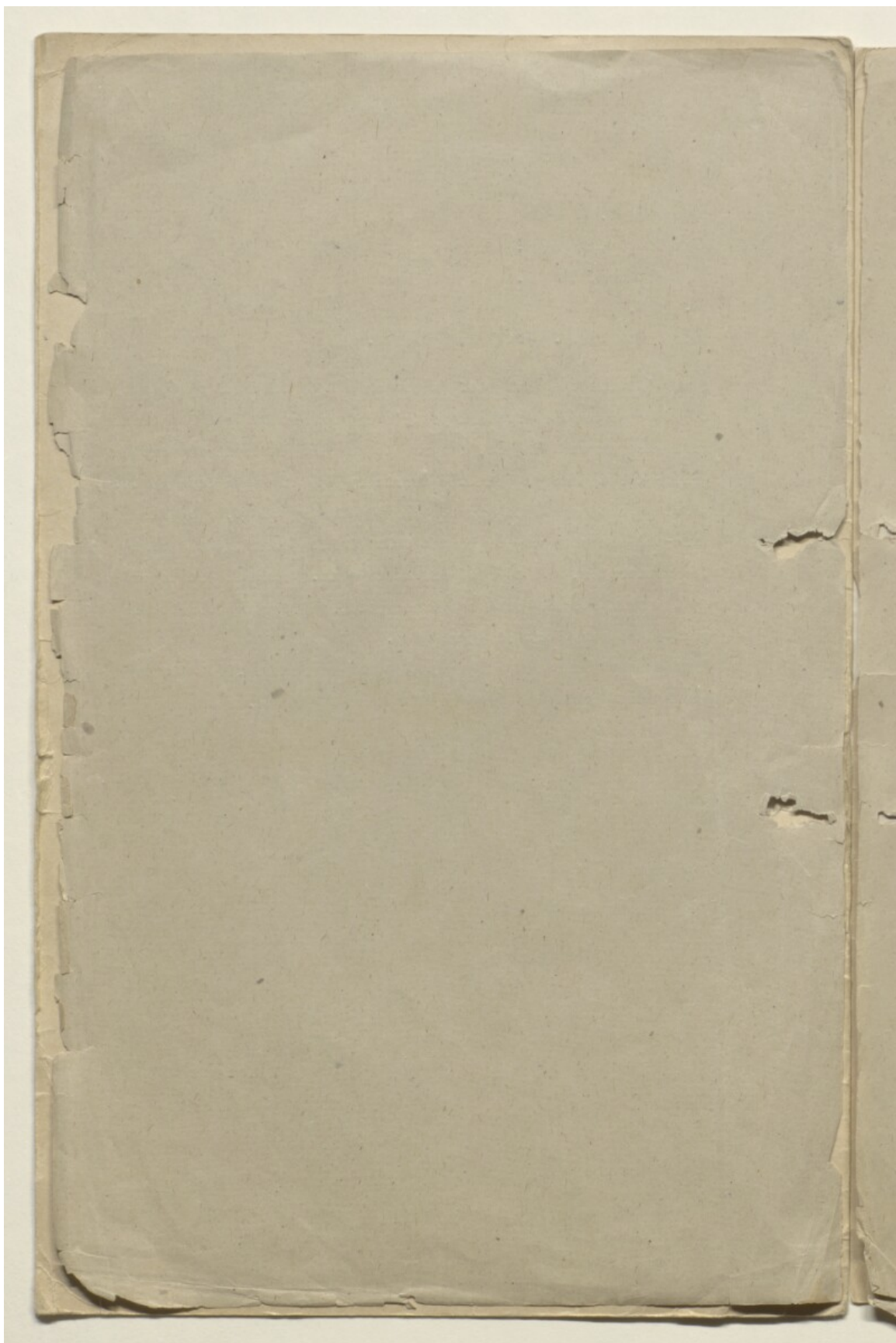
Discussion in the volume concerns statements about borders and accompanying agreements.

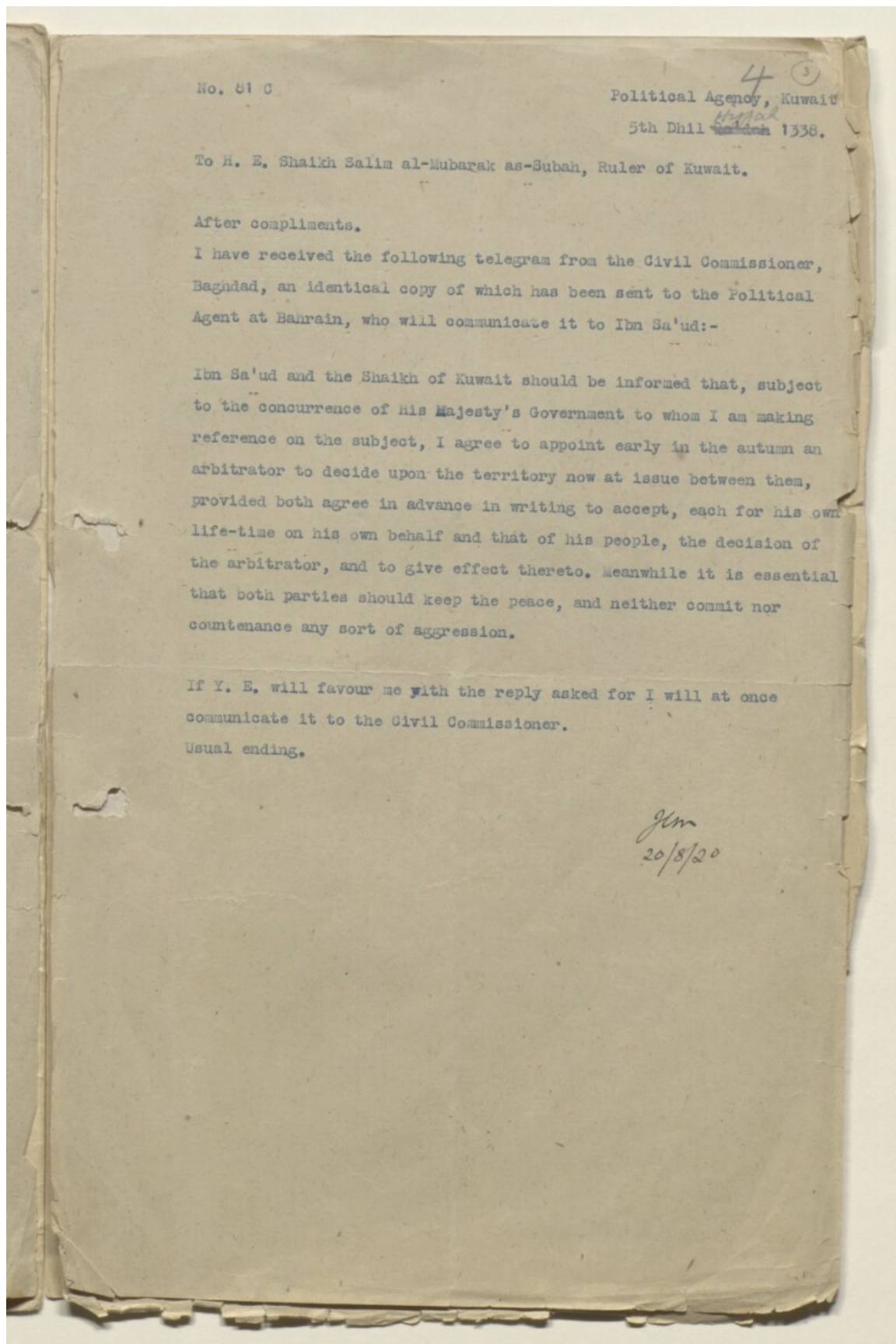
The principal correspondents in the volume include the Civil Commissioner, Baghdad (Arnold Talbot Wilson); the Political Agent at Kuwait (James Carmichael Moor); the Political Agent at Kuwait (Harold Richard Patrick Dickson); the Deputy Political Resident at Bushire; the Ruler of Kuwait (Shaikh Salim al Mubarak al Sabah); Ibn Sa'ud.











No. 81 C

Political Agency, Kuwait
5th Dhil 1338.

To H. E. Shaikh Salim al-Mubarak as-Subah, Ruler of Kuwait.

After compliments.

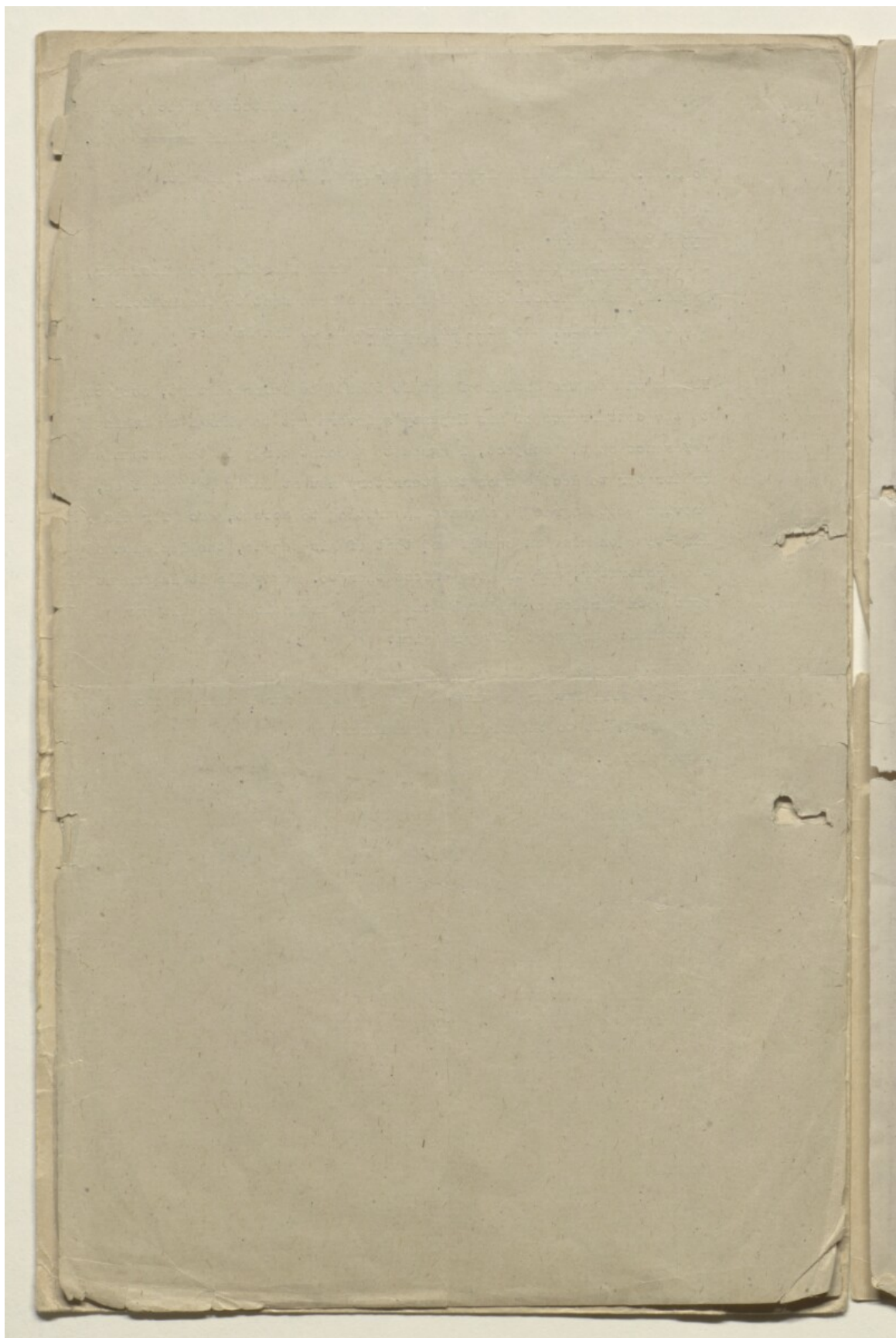
I have received the following telegram from the Civil Commissioner, Baghdad, an identical copy of which has been sent to the Political Agent at Bahrain, who will communicate it to Ibn Sa'ud:-

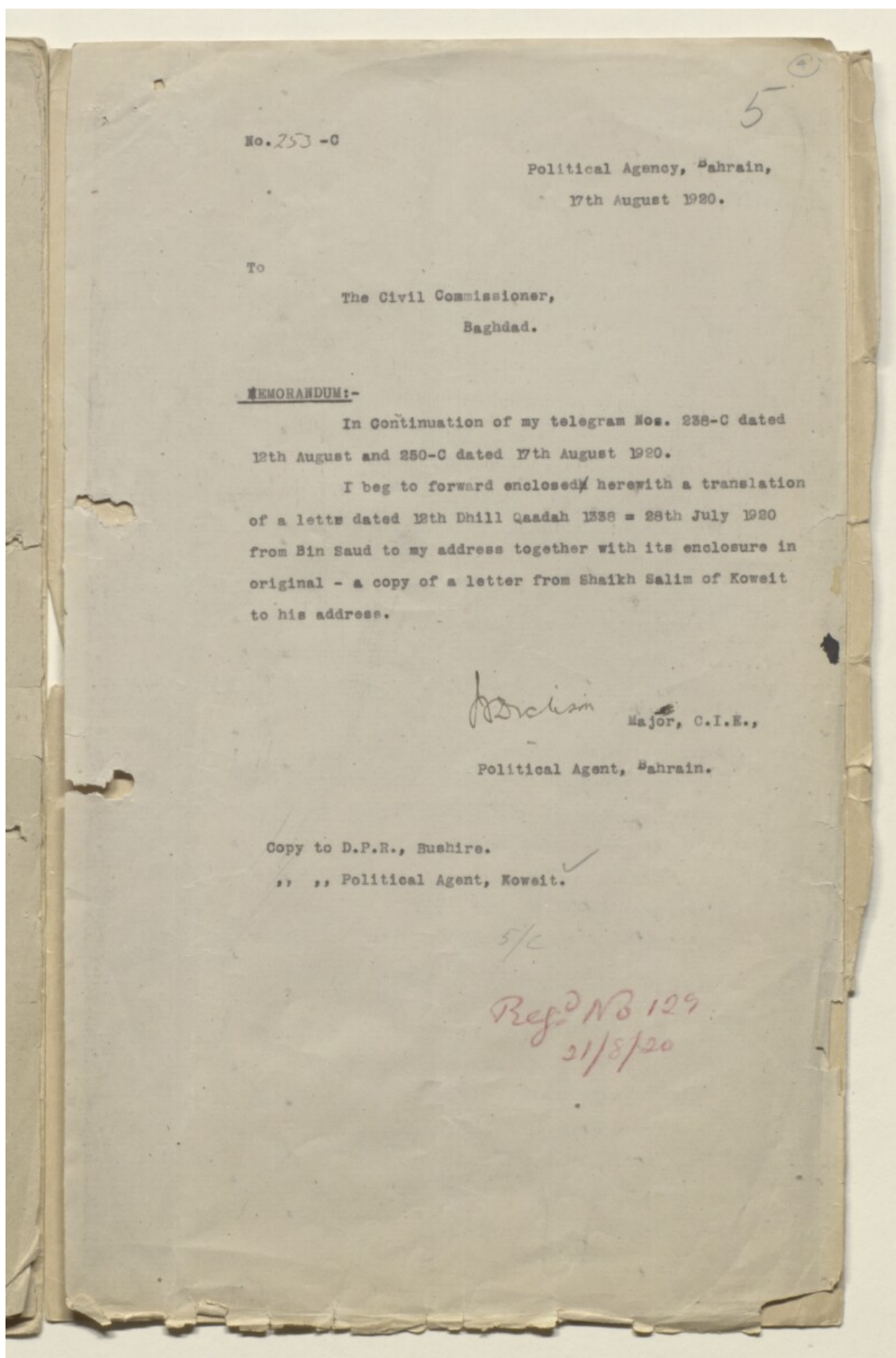
Ibn Sa'ud and the Shaikh of Kuwait should be informed that, subject to the concurrence of His Majesty's Government to whom I am making reference on the subject, I agree to appoint early in the autumn an arbitrator to decide upon the territory now at issue between them, provided both agree in advance in writing to accept, each for his own life-time on his own behalf and that of his people, the decision of the arbitrator, and to give effect thereto. Meanwhile it is essential that both parties should keep the peace, and neither commit nor countenance any sort of aggression.

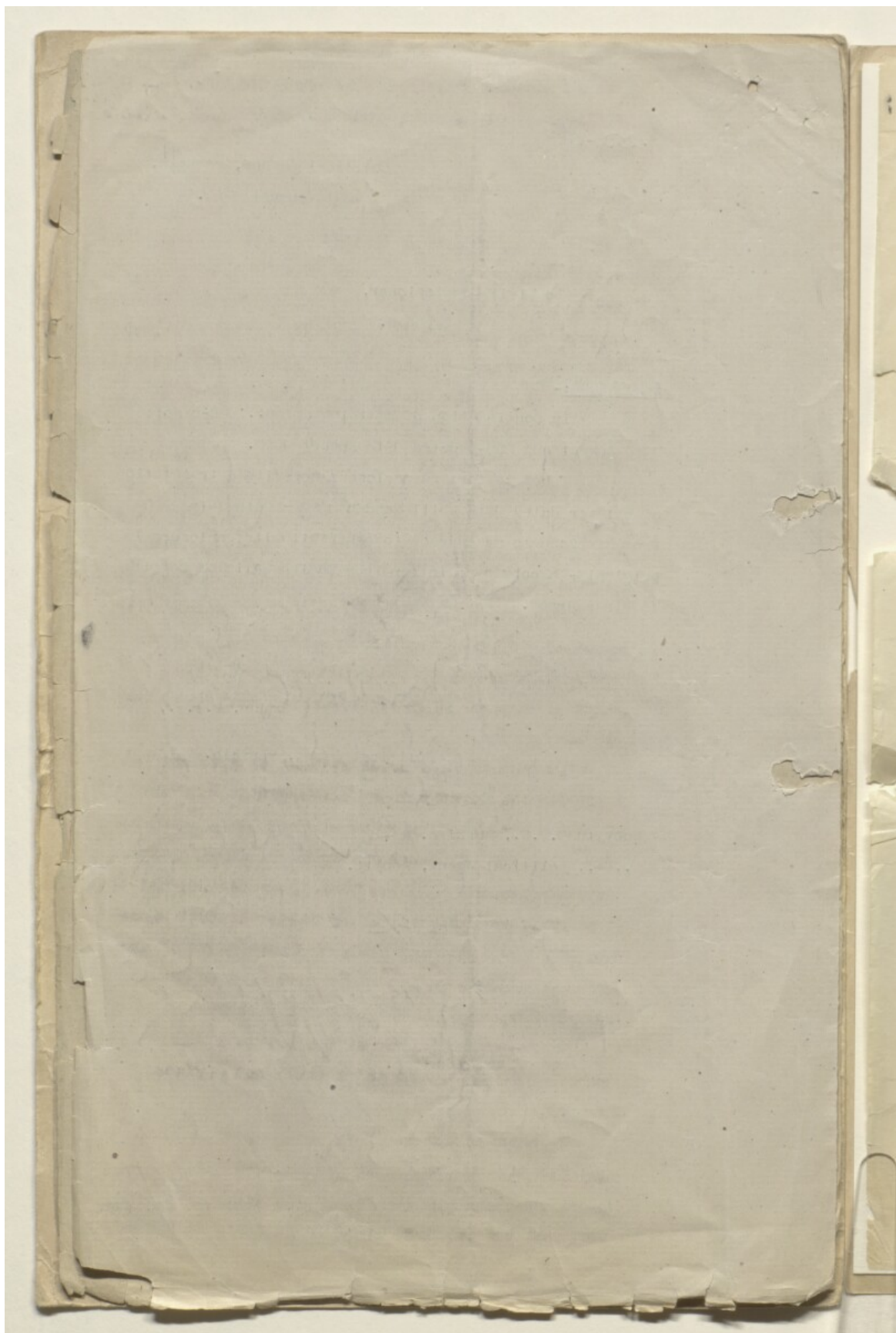
If Y. E. will favour me with the reply asked for I will at once communicate it to the Civil Commissioner.

Usual ending.

Jm
20/8/20









Translation of a letter from Bin Saud to 6
Political Agent, Bahrain, dated 12th Dhil Qaadah (28th
July 1920). (5)

A.C.

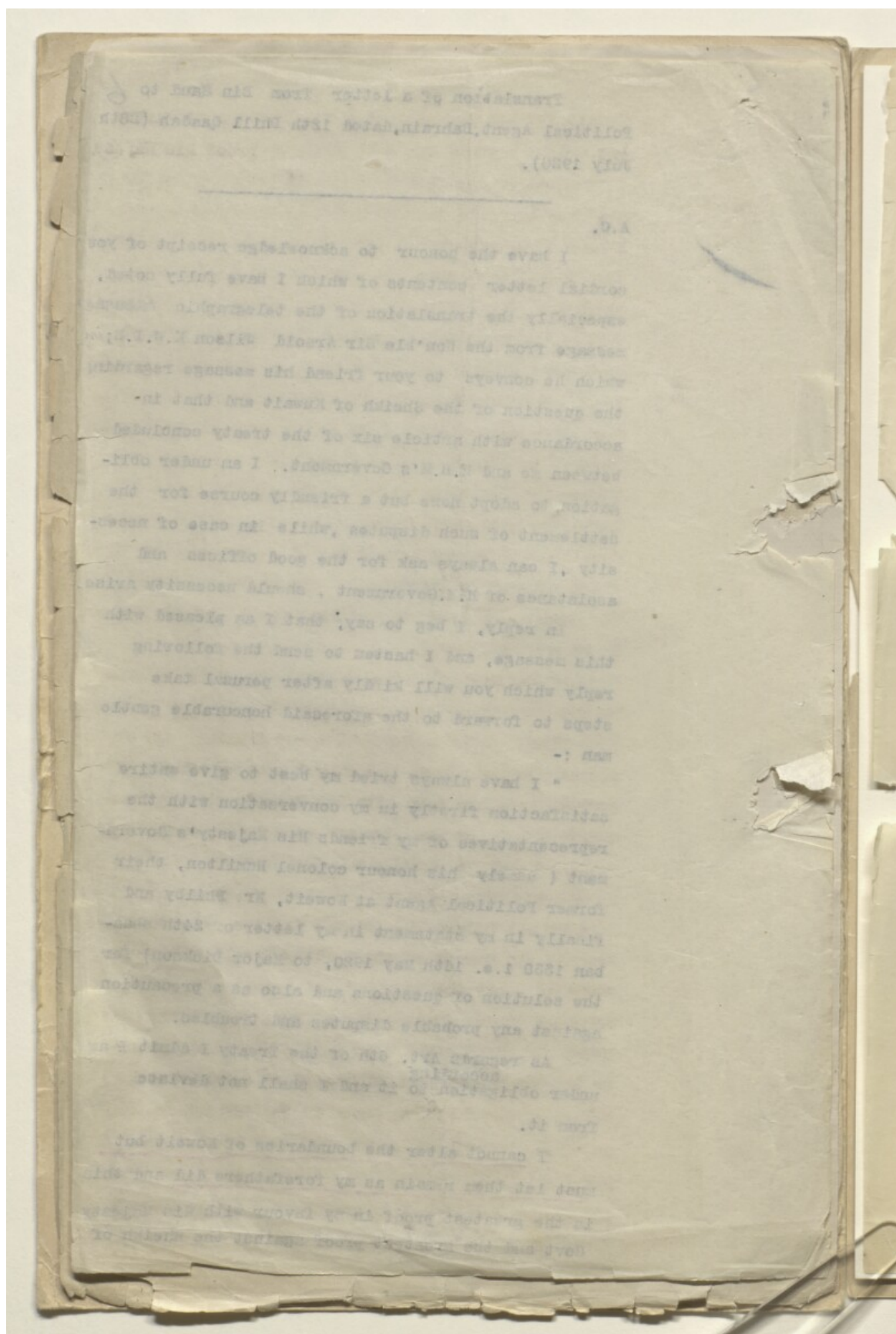
I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of your cordial letter contents of which I have fully noted, especially the translation of the telegraphic message from the Hon'ble Sir Arnold Wilson K.C.I.E; in which he conveys to your friend his message regarding the question of the Sheikh of Kuwait and that in accordance with article six of the treaty concluded between me and H.B.M.'s Government. I am under obligation to adopt none but a friendly course for the settlement of such disputes, while in case of necessity, I can always ask for the good offices and assistance of H.M. Government, should necessity arise.

In reply, I beg to say, that I am pleased with this message, and I hasten to send the following reply which you will kindly after perusal take steps to forward to the aforesaid honourable gentleman :-

" I have always tried my best to give entire satisfaction firstly in my conversation with the representatives of my friends His Majesty's Government (namely his honour colonel Hamilton, their former Political Agent at Koweit, Mr. Philby and finally in my statement in my letter of 24th Shaa-ban 1338 i.e. 14th May 1920, to Major Dickson) for the solution of questions and also as a precaution against any probable disputes and troubles.

As regards Art. 6th of the Treaty I admit I am according under obligation to it and I shall not deviate from it.

I cannot alter the boundaries of Koweit but must let them remain as my forefathers did and this is the greatest proof in my favour with His Majesty Govt and the greatest proof against the Sheikh of

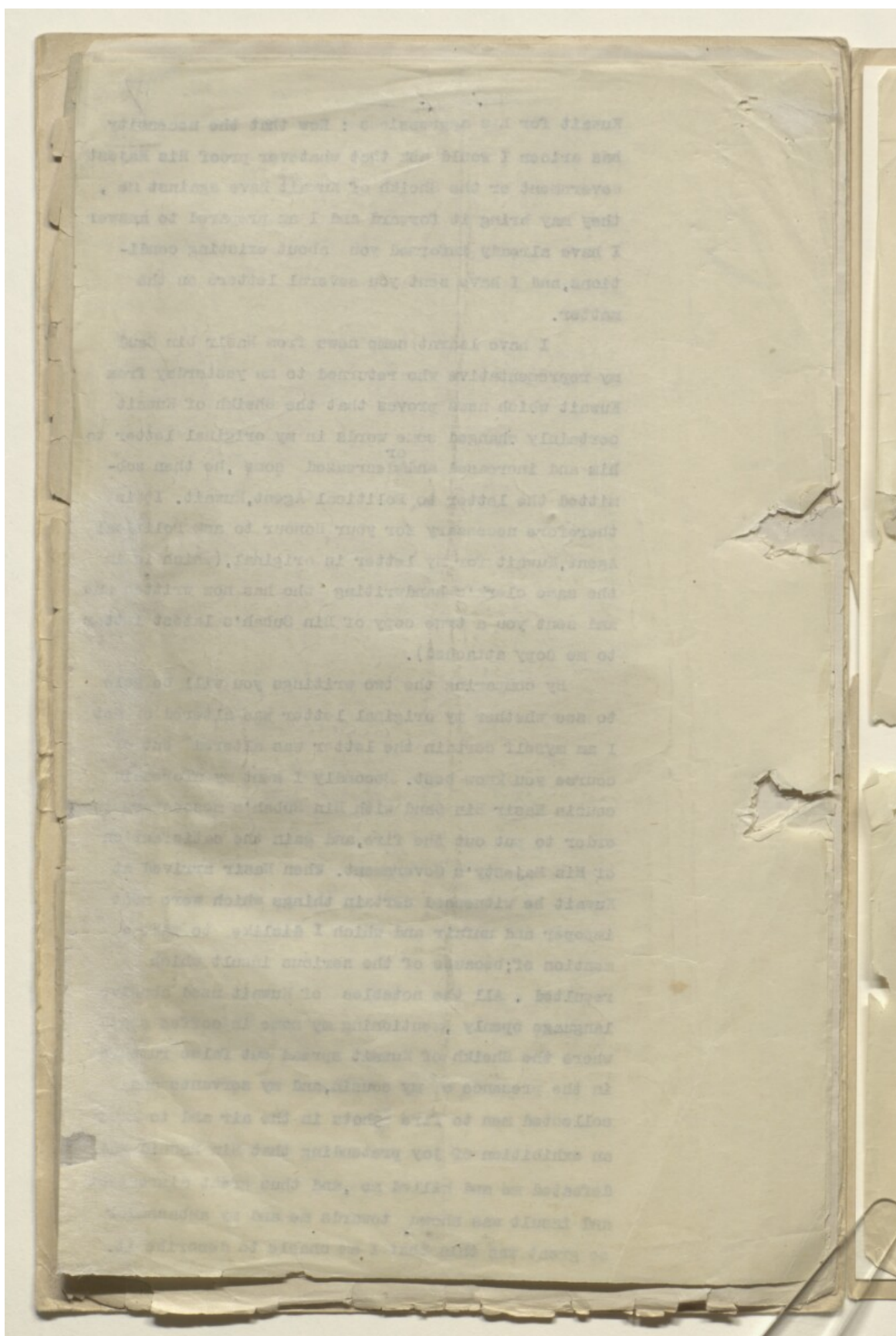




7 6
Kuwait for his aggressions : Now that the necessity has arisen I would ask that whatever proof His Majesty's Government or the Sheikh of Kuwait have against me , they may bring it forward and I am prepared to answer. I have already informed you about existing conditions, and I have sent you several letters on the matter.

I have learnt some news from Nasir bin Saud my representative who returned to me yesterday from Kuwait which news proves that the Sheikh of Kuwait certainly changed some words in my original letter to him and increased ^{or} ~~and decreased~~ some , he then submitted the letter to Political Agent, Kuwait. It is therefore necessary for your Honour to ask Political Agent, Kuwait for my letter in original, (which is in the same clerk's handwriting who has now written out and sent you a true copy of Bin Subah's latest letter to me copy attached).

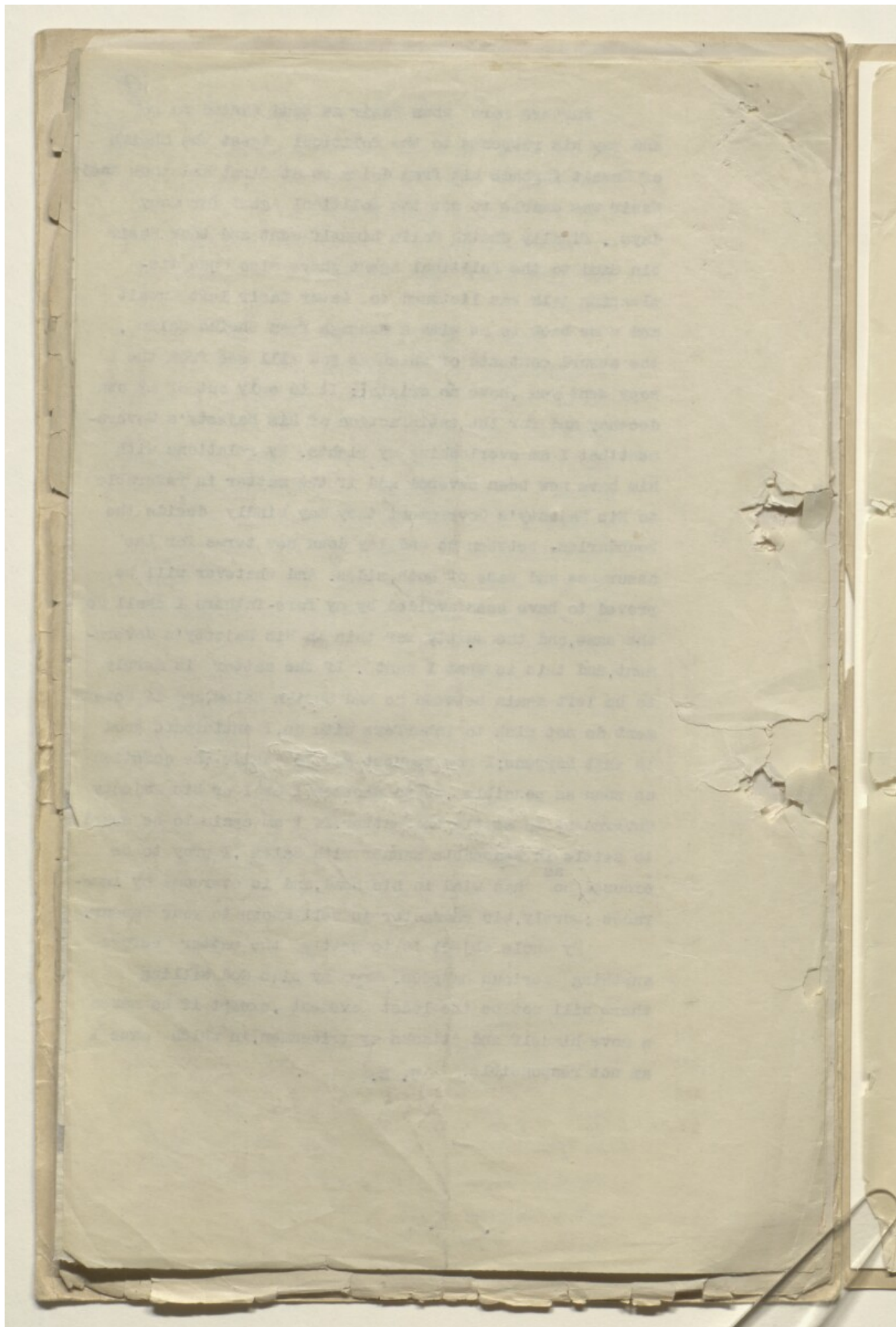
By comparing the two writings you will be able to see whether my original letter was altered or not . I am myself certain the letter was altered but of course you know best. Secondly I sent my aforesaid cousin Nasir Bin Saud with Bin Subah's messengers in order to put out the fire, and gain the satisfaction of His Majesty's Government. When Nasir arrived at Kuwait he witnessed certain things which were most improper and unfair and which I dislike to make a mention of; because of the serious insult which resulted . All the notables of Kuwait used abusive language openly , mentioning my name in coffee shops where the Sheikh of Kuwait spread out false rumours in the presence of my cousin, and my servants and collected men to fire shots in the air and to make an exhibition of joy pretending that Bin Rashid had defeated me and killed me , and thus great disrespect and insult was shown towards me and my ambassador so great was this that I am unable to describe it.

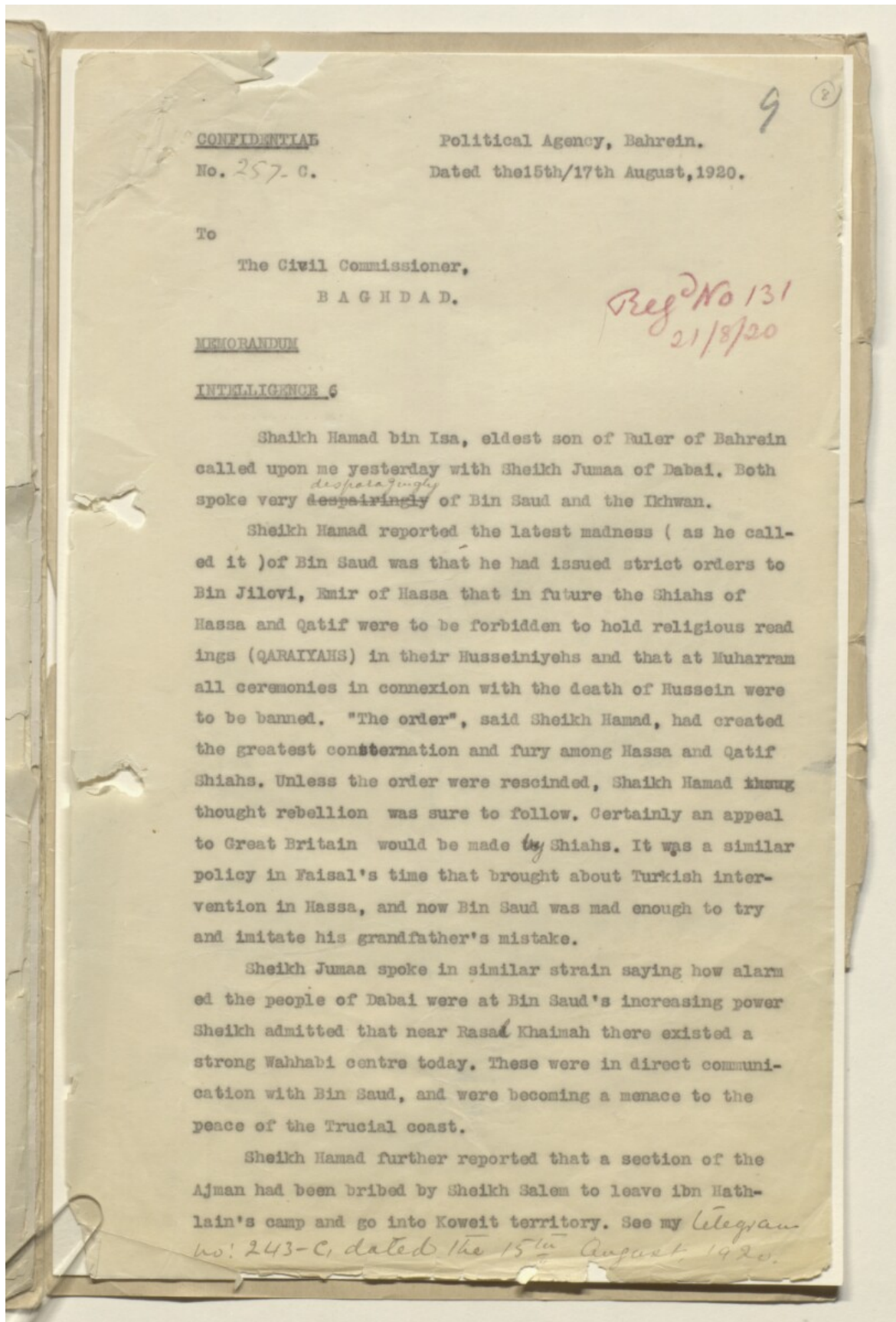


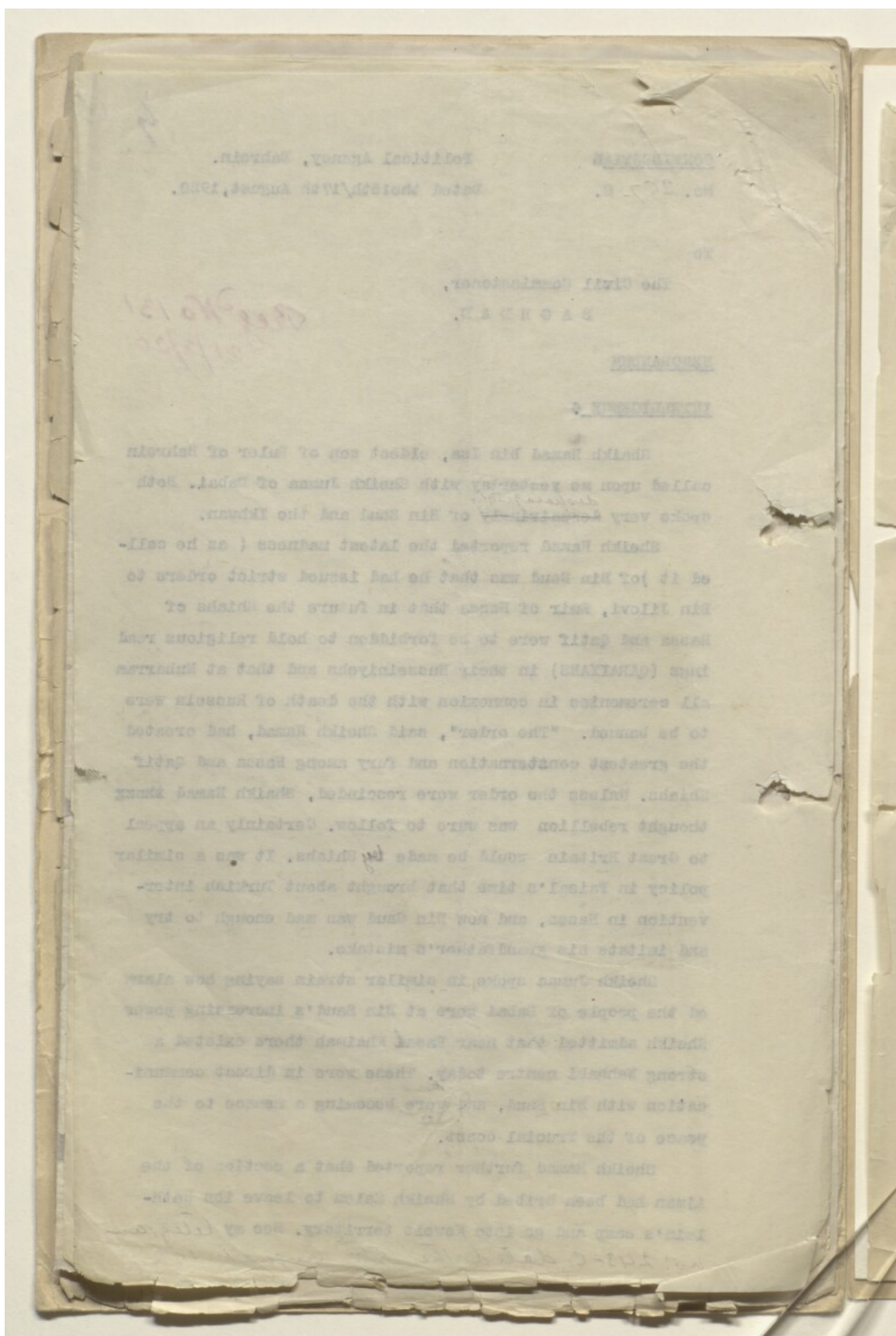


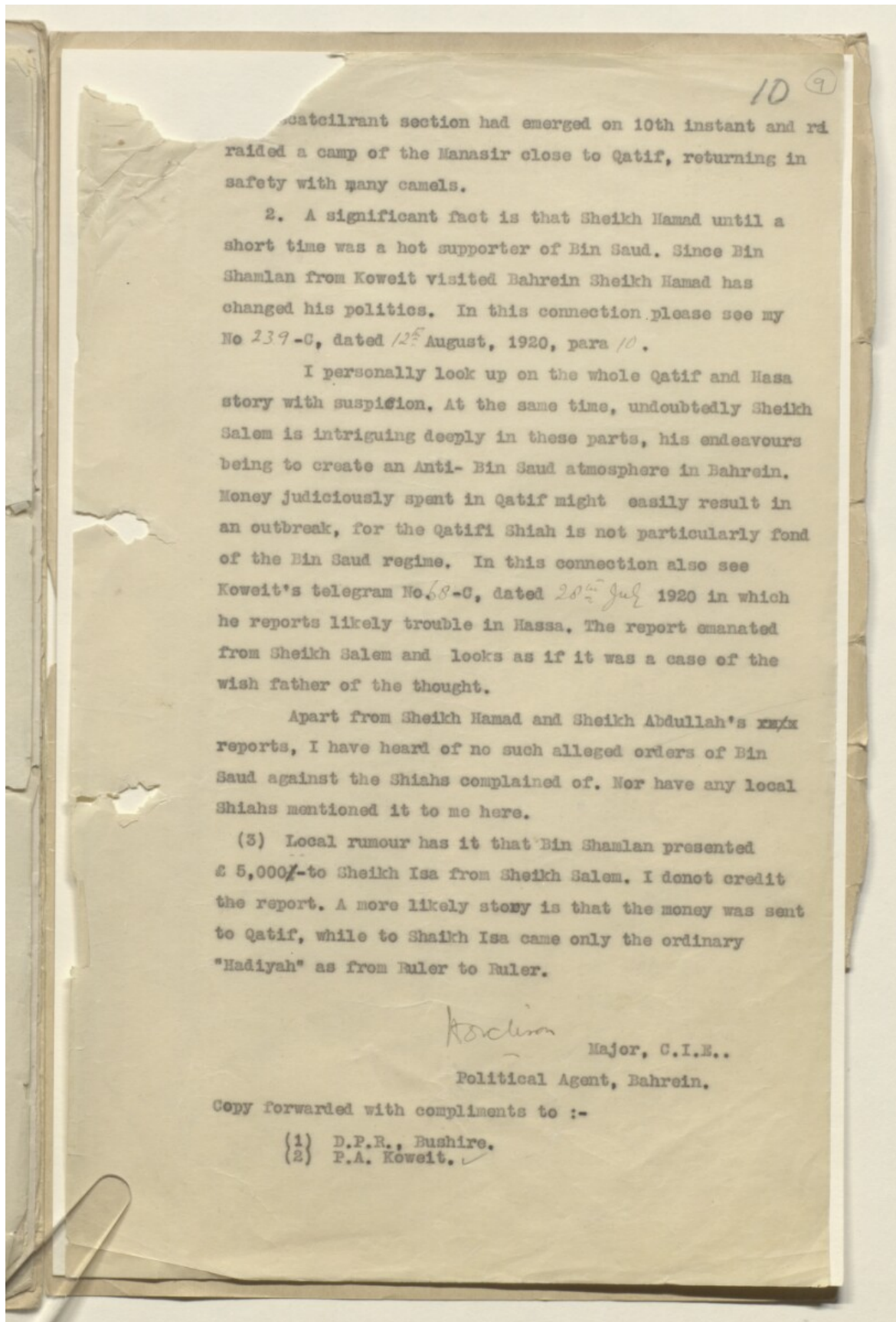
Further more when Nasir as Saud wanted to go ⁸ and pay his respects to the Political Agent the Sheikh of Kuwait forbade him from doing so at first and thus Nasir was unable to see the Political Agent for many days. Finally Sheikh Salim himself went and took Nasir bin Saud to the Political Agent where also much displeasing talk was listened to. Later Nasir left Kuwait and came back to me with a message from Sheikh Salim, the absurd contents of which as you will see from the copy sent you, have no origin: It is only out of my own decency and for the satisfaction of His Majesty's Government that I am overlooking my rights. My relations with him have now been severed and if the matter is referable to His Majesty's Government they may kindly decide the boundaries between us and lay down new terms for the assurance and ease of both sides. And whatever will be proved to have been avoided by my fore-fathers I shall do the same, and the surety for this in His Majesty's Government, and this is what I want. If the matter is merely to be left again between me and Sheikh Salim, and if Government do not wish to interfere with us, I anticipate good in what happens; I now request you to decide the question as soon as possible, as to whether I or I or His Majesty Government to settle the matter. If I am again to be asked to settle in peaceable manner with Salim, I pray to be excused ^{as} he has wind in his head, and is overcome by ignorance; surely, his character is well known to your Honour.

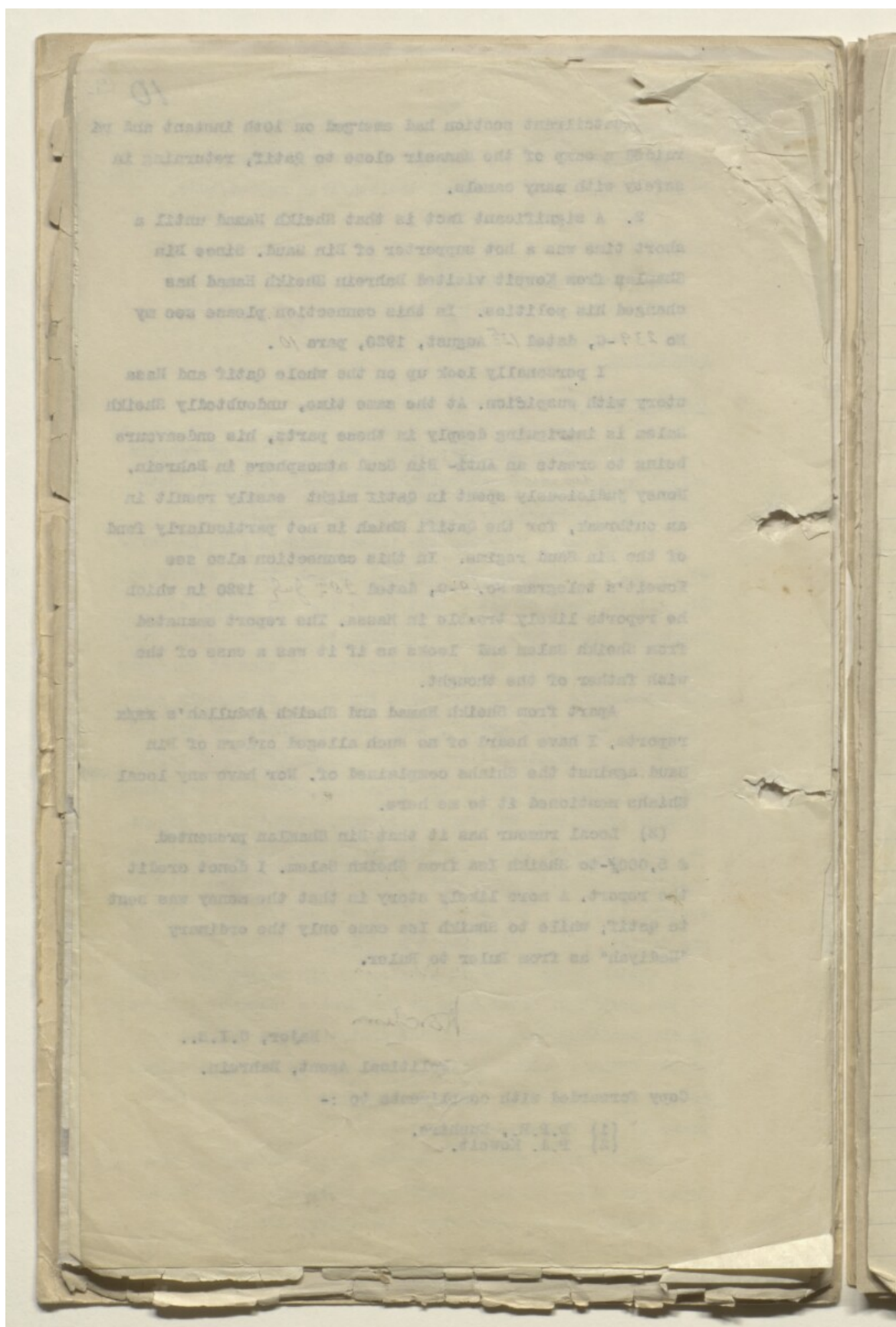
My whole object is to settle the matter before anything serious happens. From my side God willing there will not be the least movement, except if he makes a move himself and attacks my tribesmen, in which case I am not responsible. U. R.







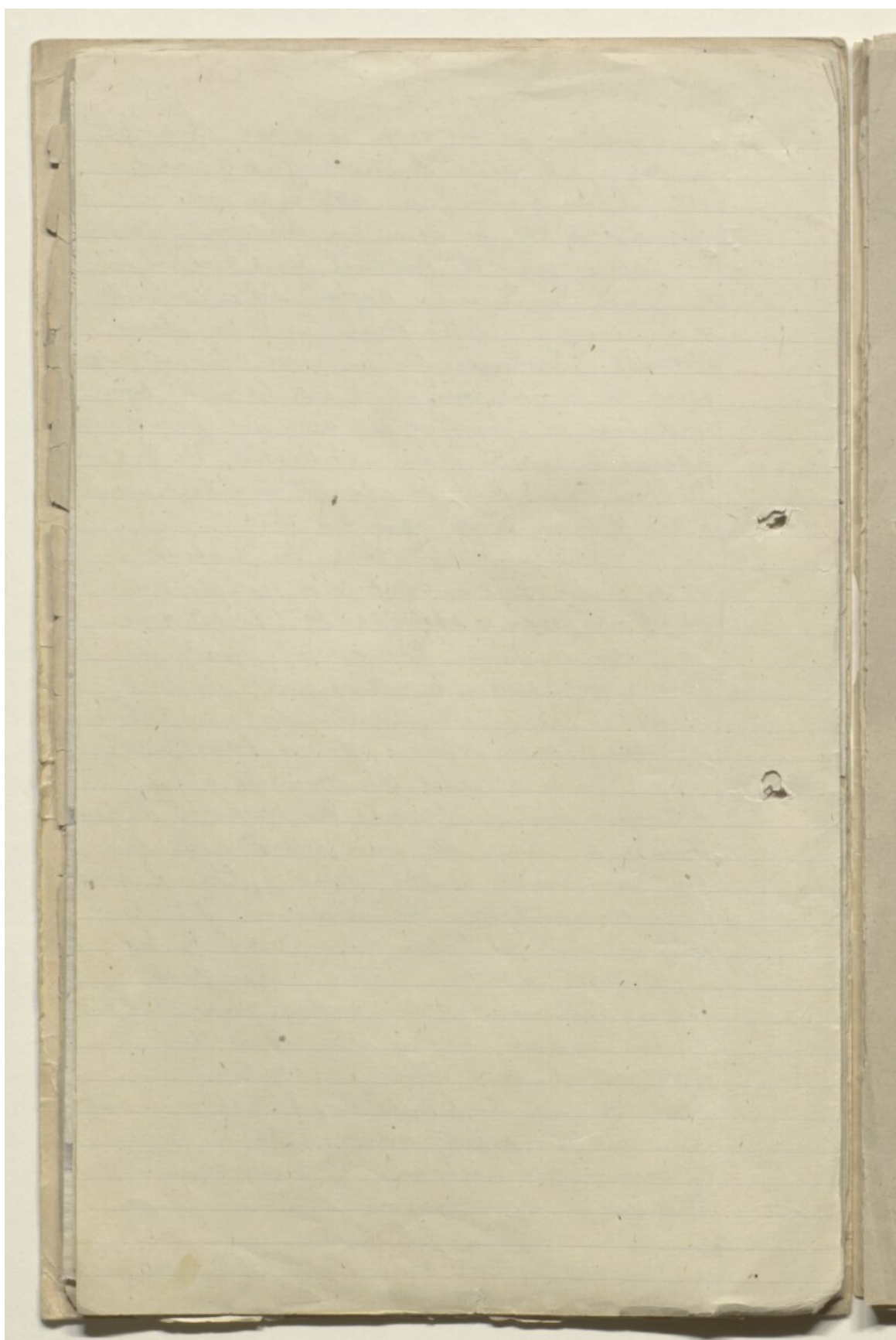






12 (10)
From Salim al hukbarah as Subah, ^{Kuwait.}
To, Major J.C. Moore, Political Agent Kuwait.
etc. I have received your letter no 81 dated 5th ^{Bahrain}
Shu-ul-Hija 1338, in which you mentioned regarding
the telegram you + the Political Agent, received from
the Civil Commissioner Baghdad, which content
is the same. It informs us + bin Saud
that H.E. has appointed a man who will judge
about the boundary and which will be in the beginning
of Autumn, on condition that every one of us will
accept by writing the arbitration, as long as
he lives, and that we should now keep peace
+ not to do anything against that.
I sincerely thank the kindness +
mercy of the Government + on every condition
the Govt's order is obeyed, as the (Govt.) sees.
Now the C.C. has ordered regarding the
boundary only + this is a thing which, no doubt,
is left to the Government's order (wish), but
we have many rights, + not the boundary only.
You know what the Suwaid + his
followers did and (about) the property they have
taken + the lives they have killed and also
the transgression of Ibn Saud by taking Zakat
from our subjects the itwajim + the trans-
gression that his tribes did to ours by robbing
the property + killing men. These great
transgressions are the means (result) of
of this dispute and if it is not settled
satisfactorily, how could peace be done. I
hope you will think into these (matters) + that
you will forward the matter to H.E. the Civil
Commissioner Baghdad with my sincere + hearty
thanks to H.E. Thanking you. etc.

Dated 7th Shu ul Hija 1338
= 22nd August 1920.





15 (11)
Telegram (P.)

From Political, Bushire.

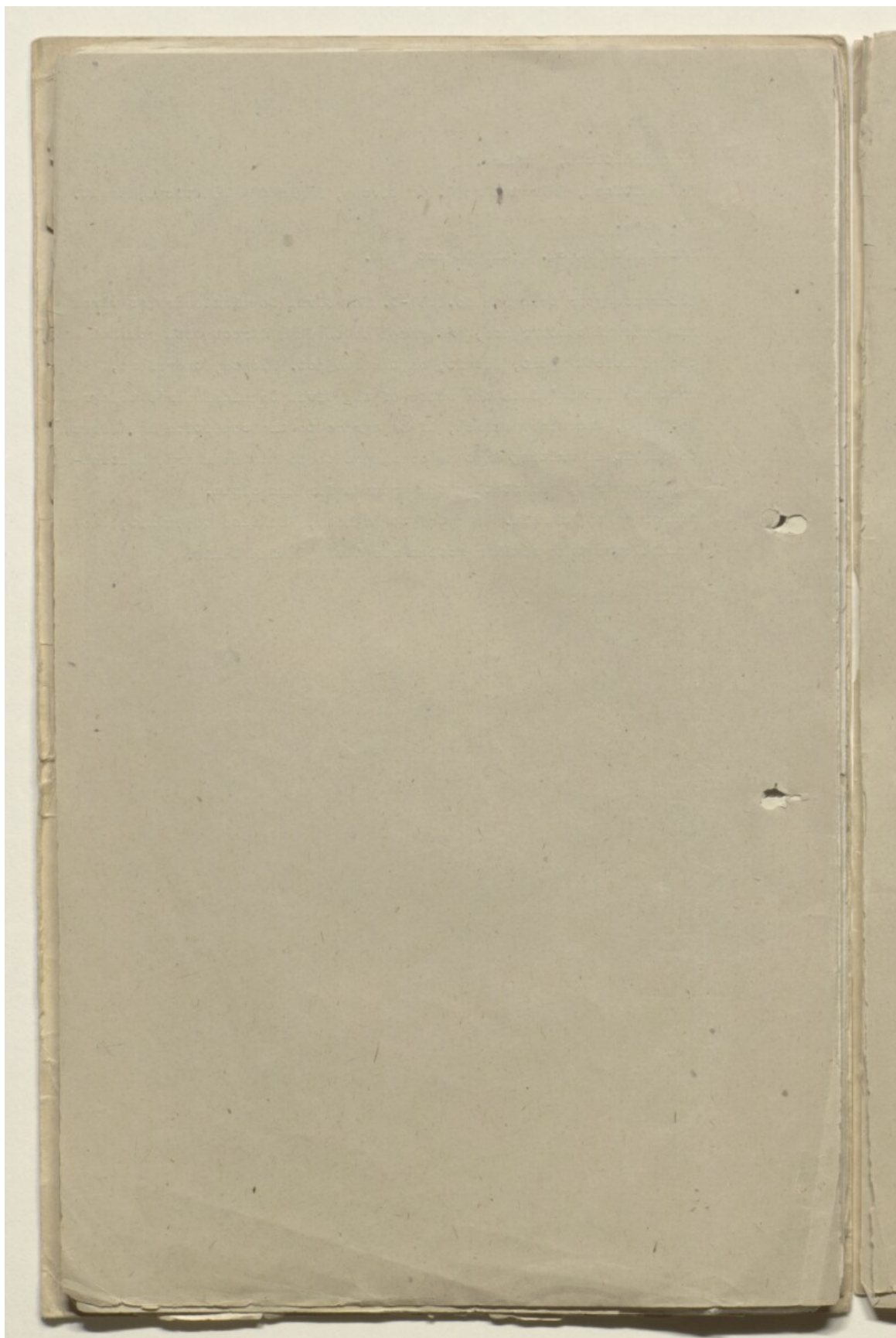
To Political, Bahrain; repd. to Civcom, Baghdad & Political, Kuwait.
No. 1542.

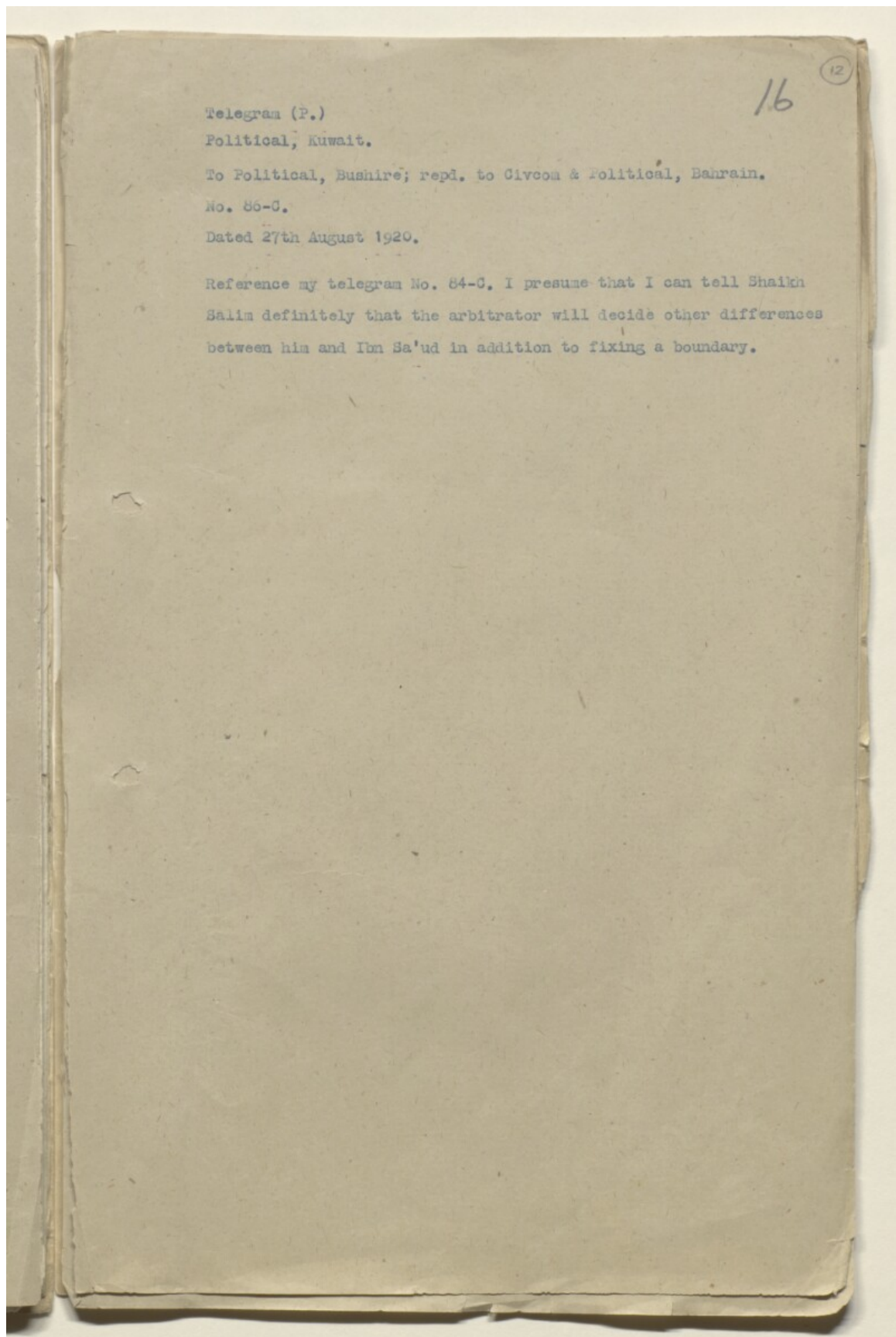
Dated 24th (Recd. 25th) August 1920.

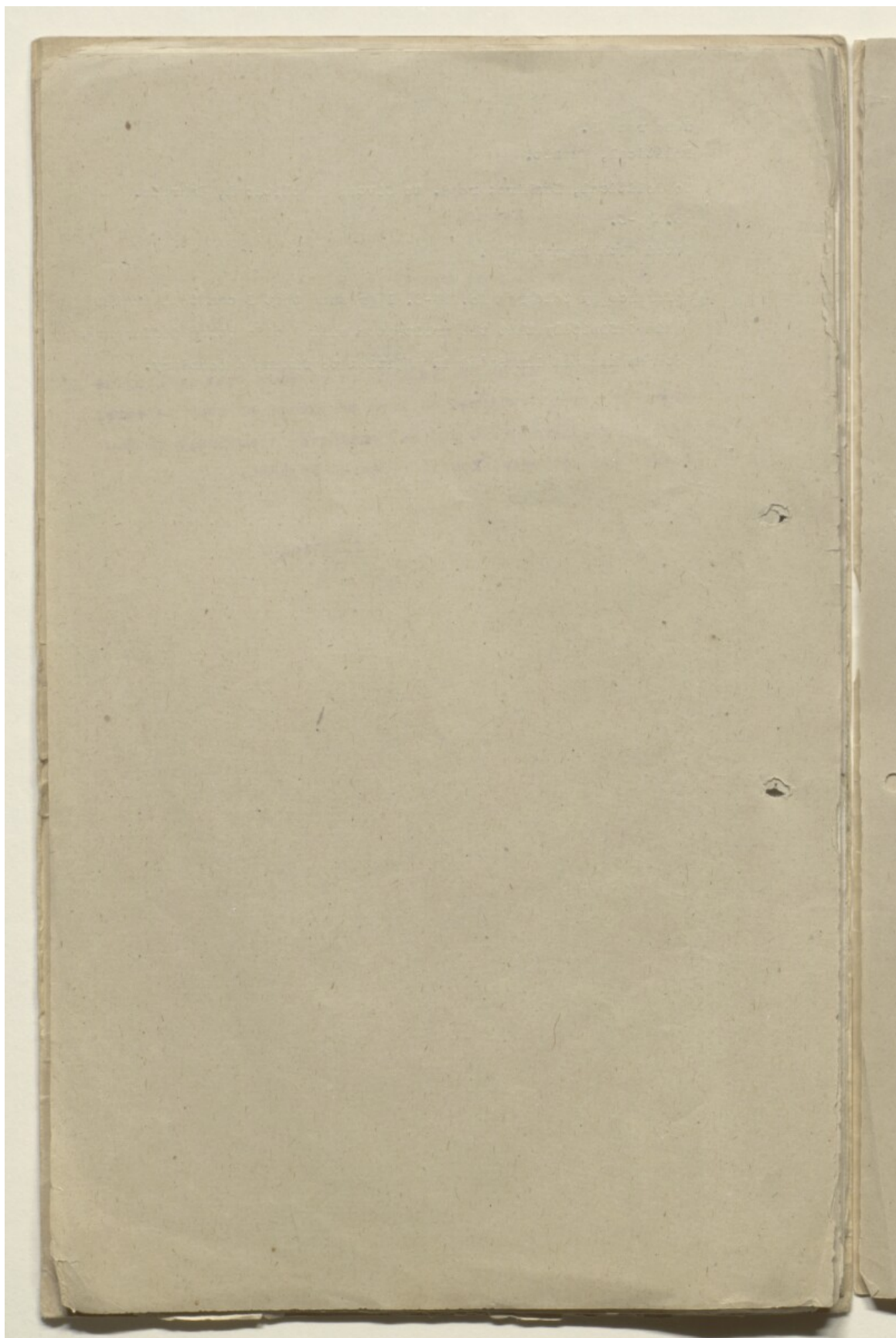
Reference your telegram No. 261-C. The Civil Commissioner has wired his general concurrence, and asked me to deal direct with you and the Political Agent, Kuwait, on the subject. Please, therefore, write to Ibn Sa'ud in the sense of the Civil Commissioner's telegram No. 9996, and also ask him, if he agrees to the condition laid down, to submit in writing what he considers to be his boundary, mentioning landmarks, and stating the grounds for his claim.

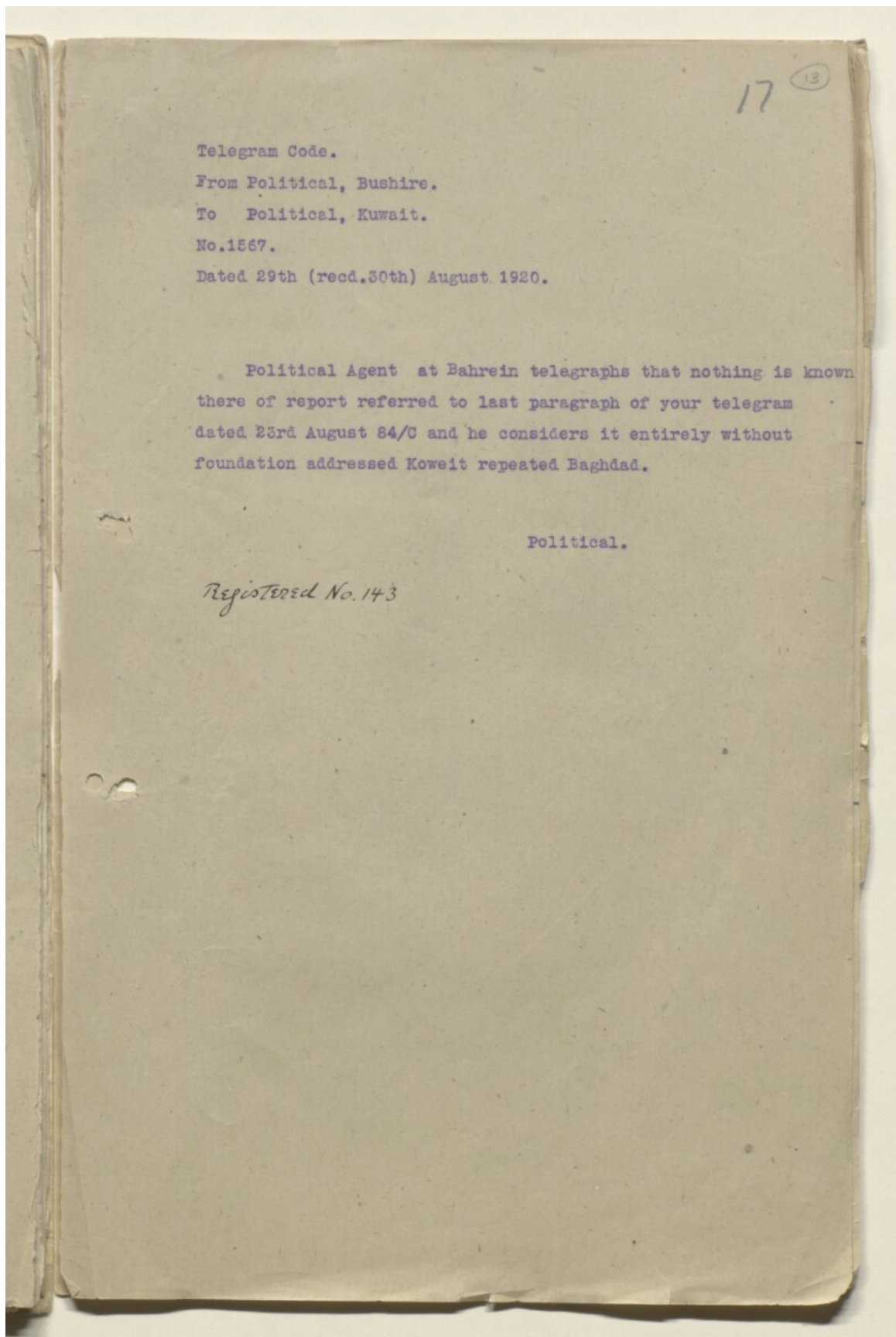
Addressed to Bahrain. Repeated to Baghdad, and also to Kuwait, who will please take similar action vis à vis Shaikh Salim.

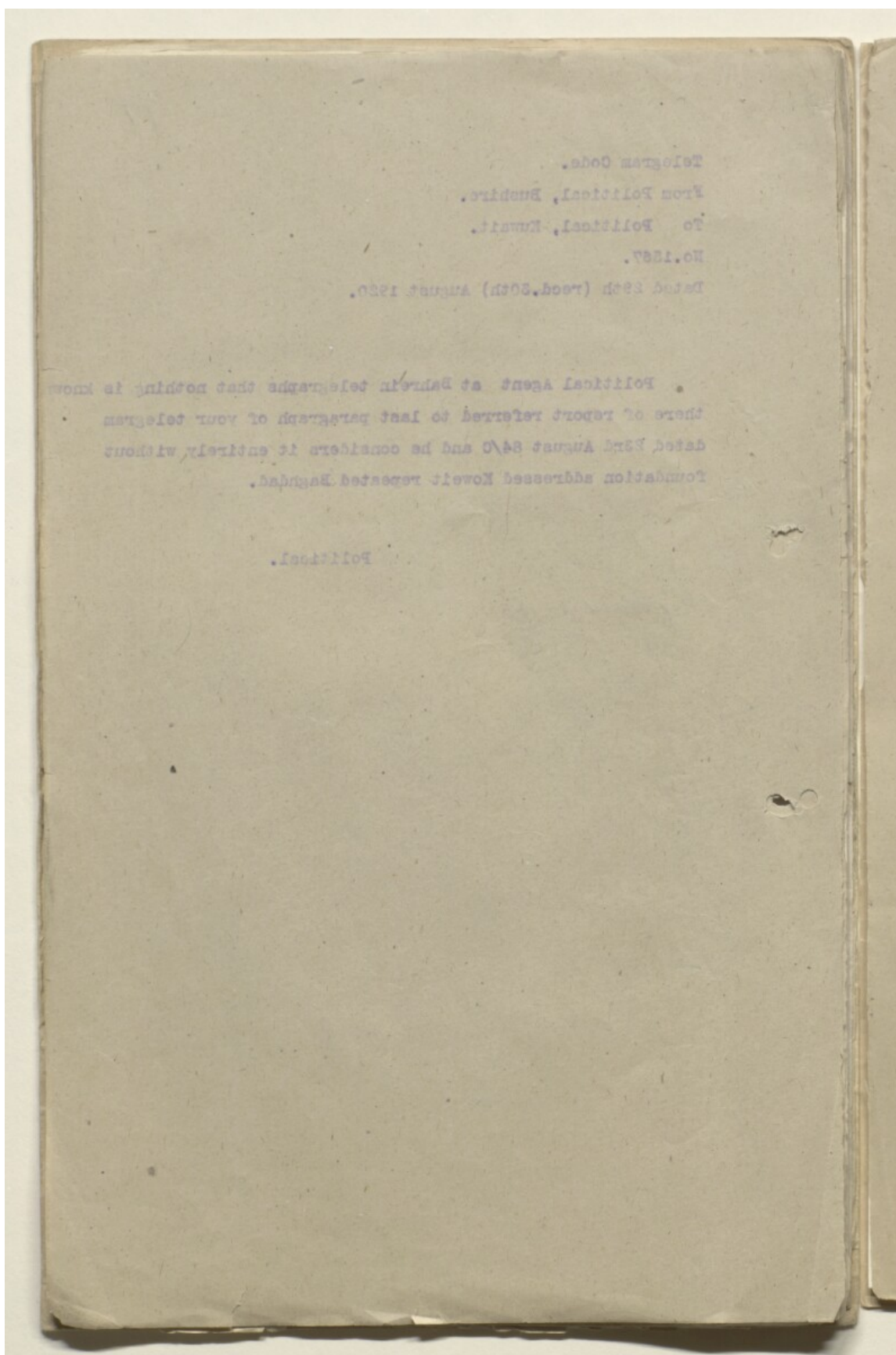
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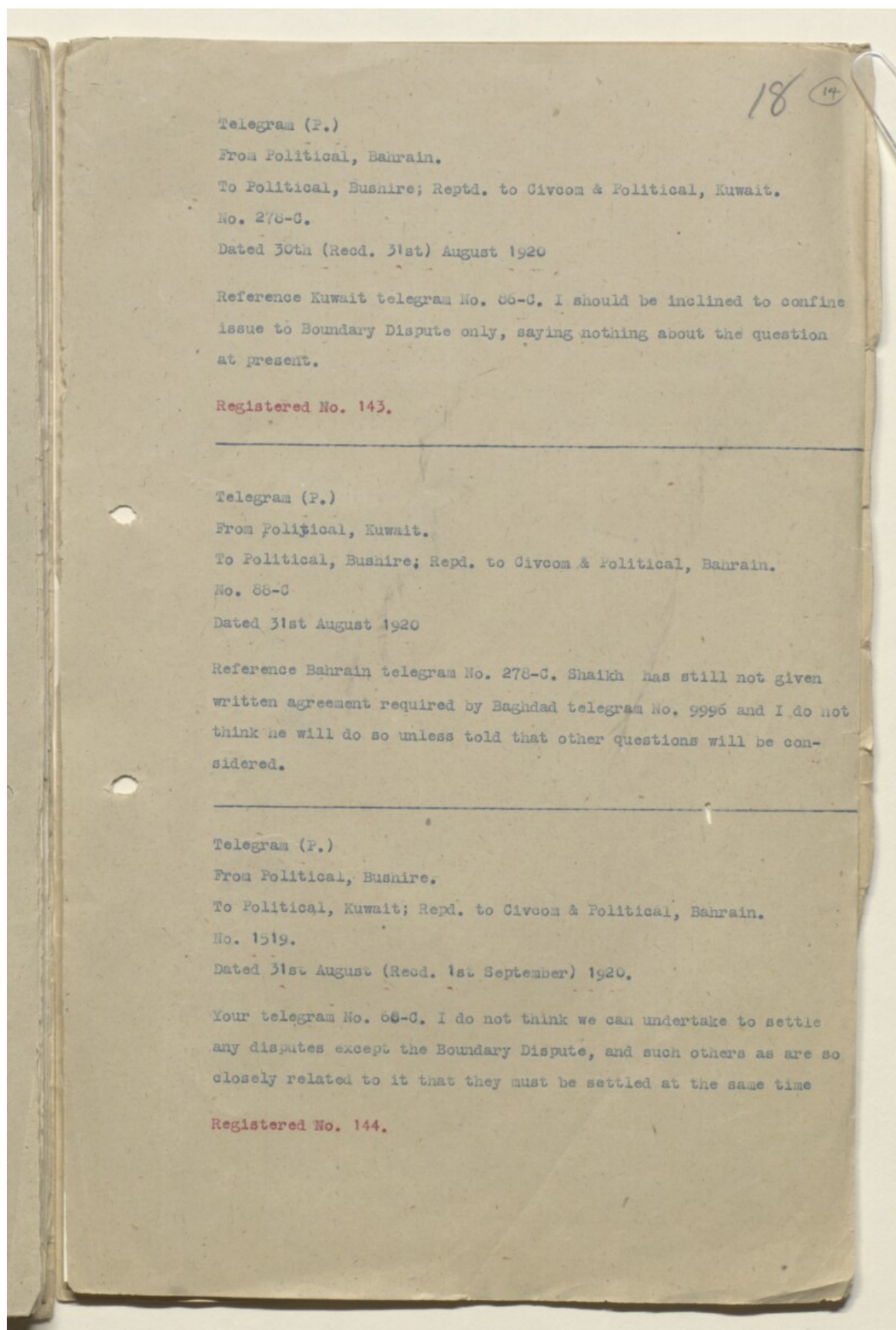


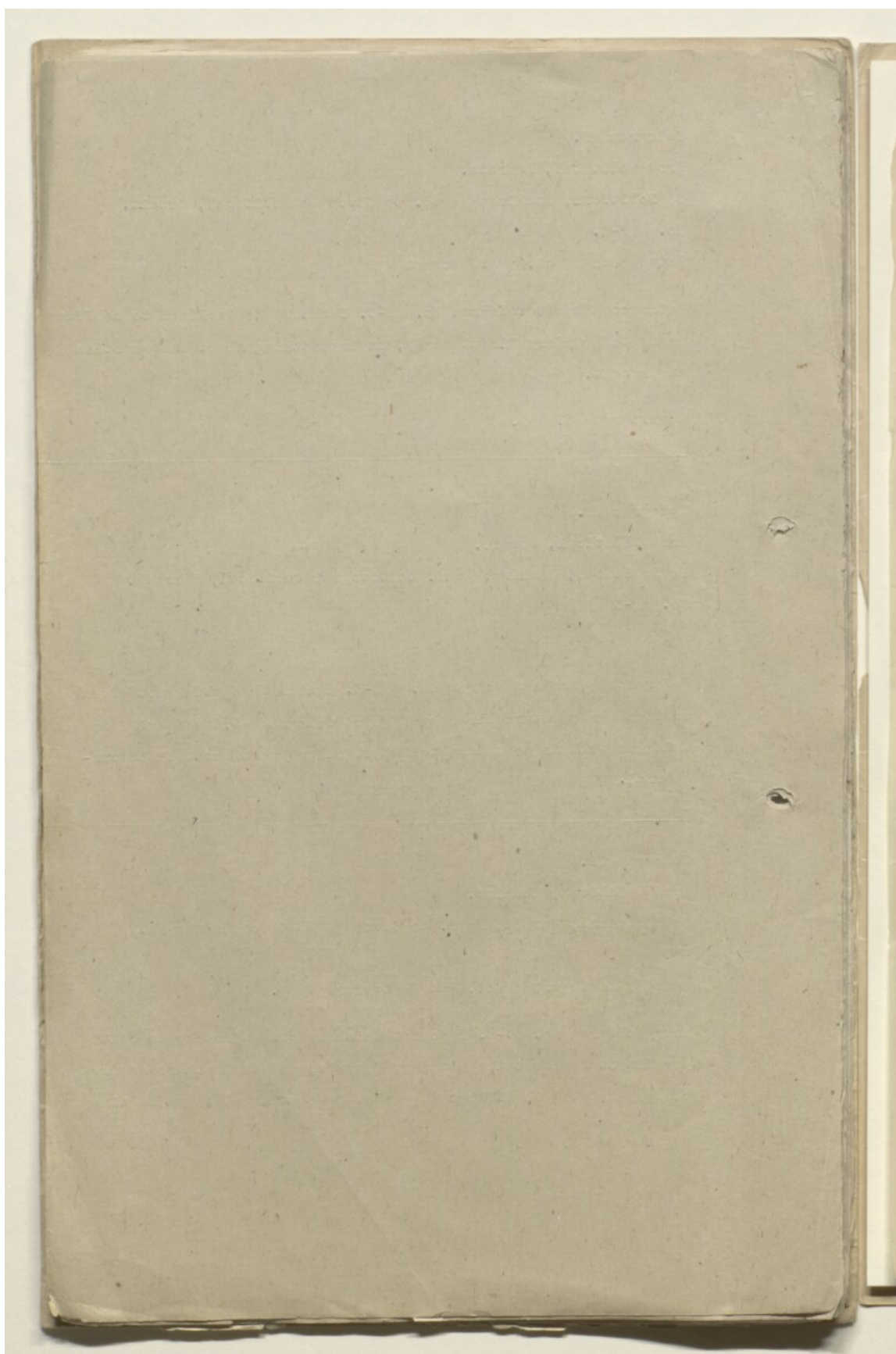


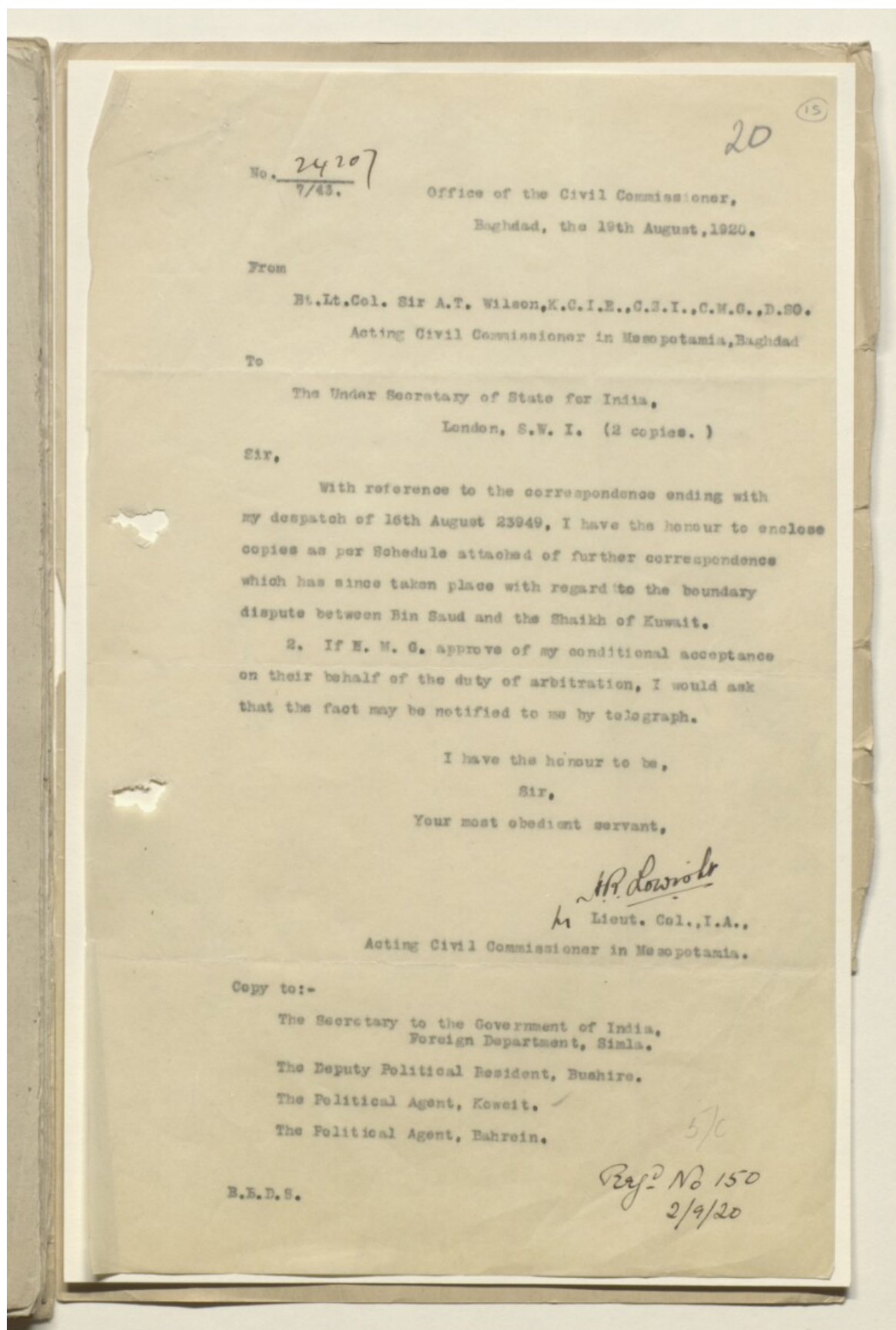






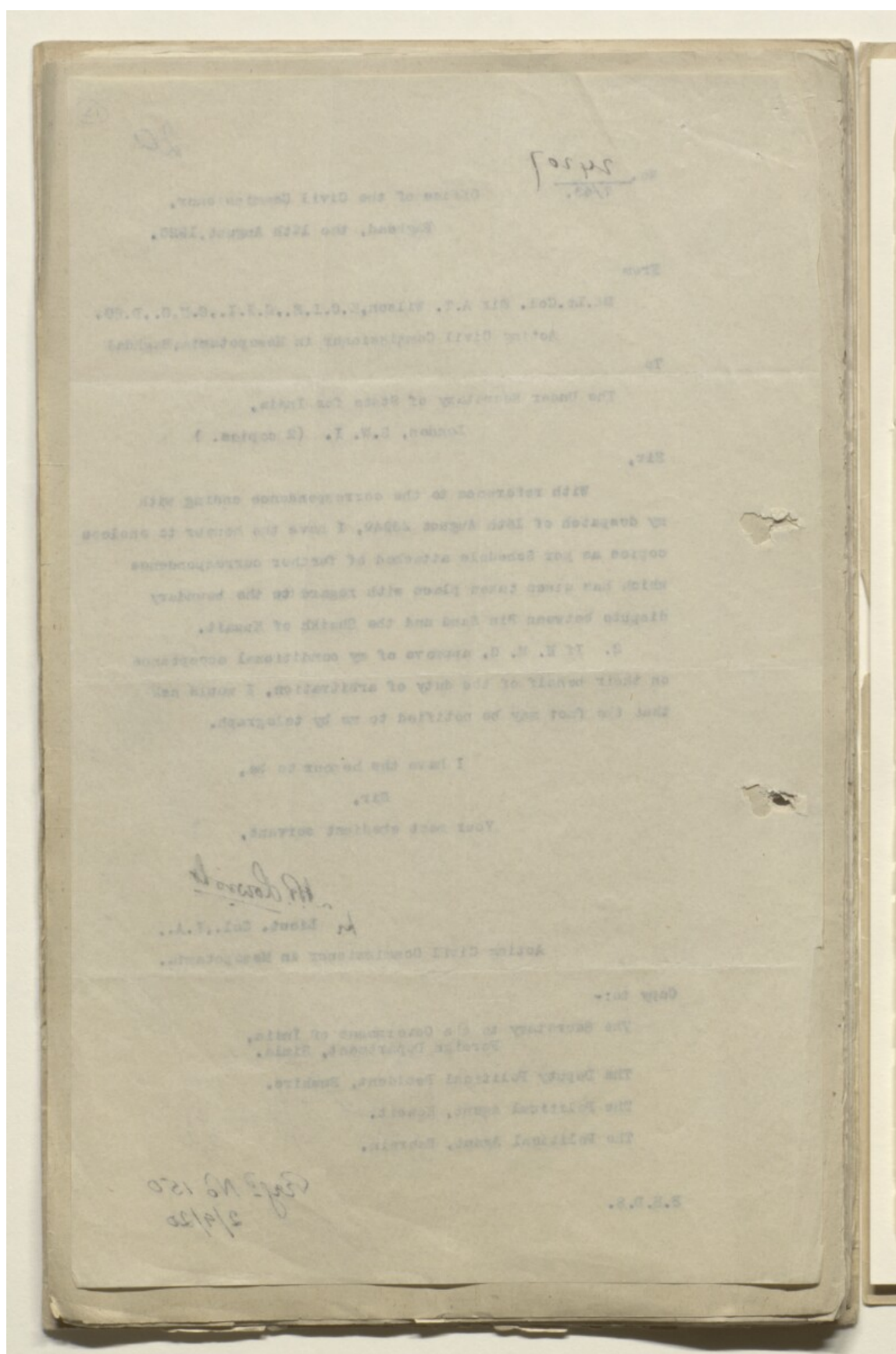


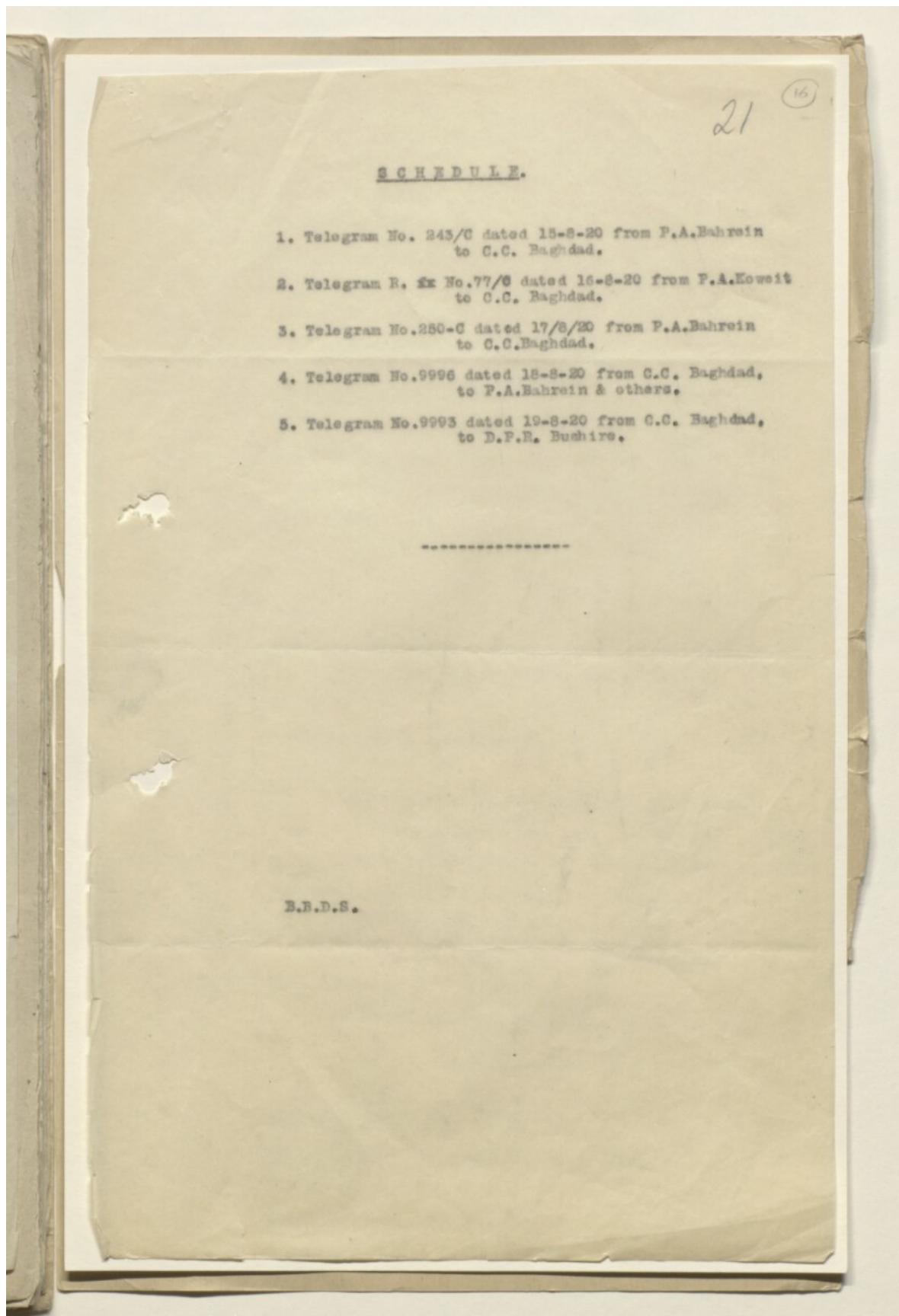






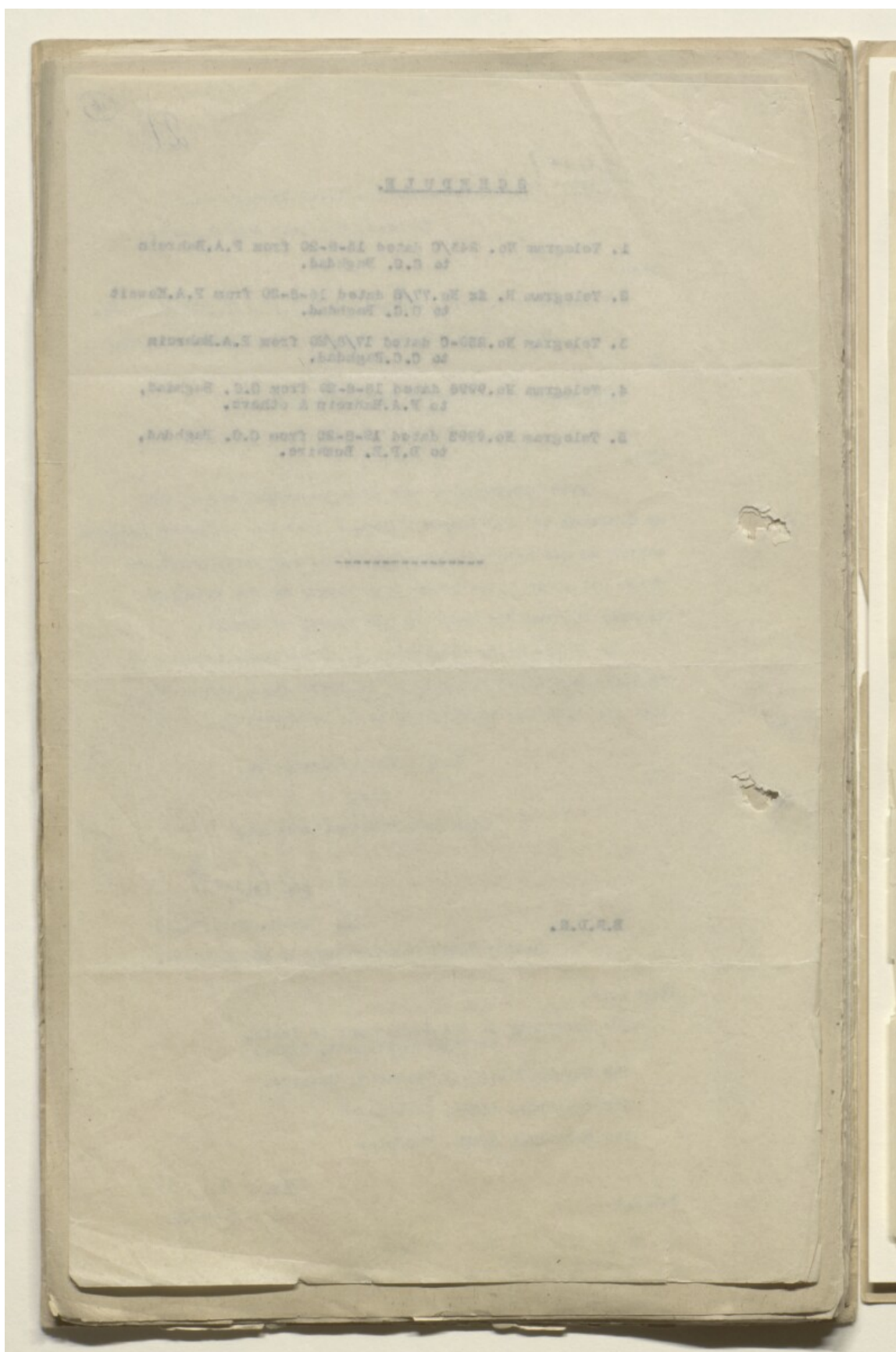
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan
[15v] (30/342)

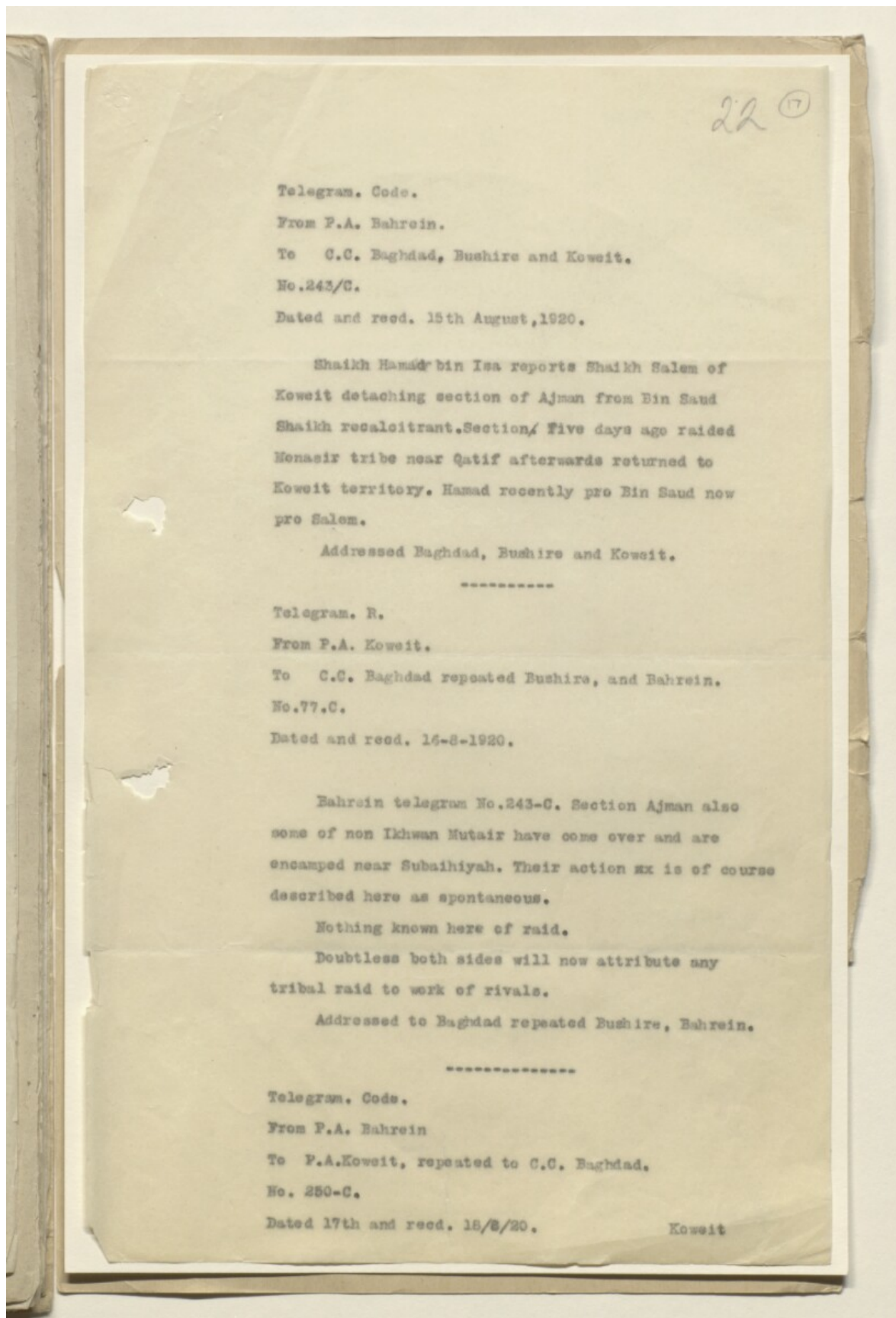






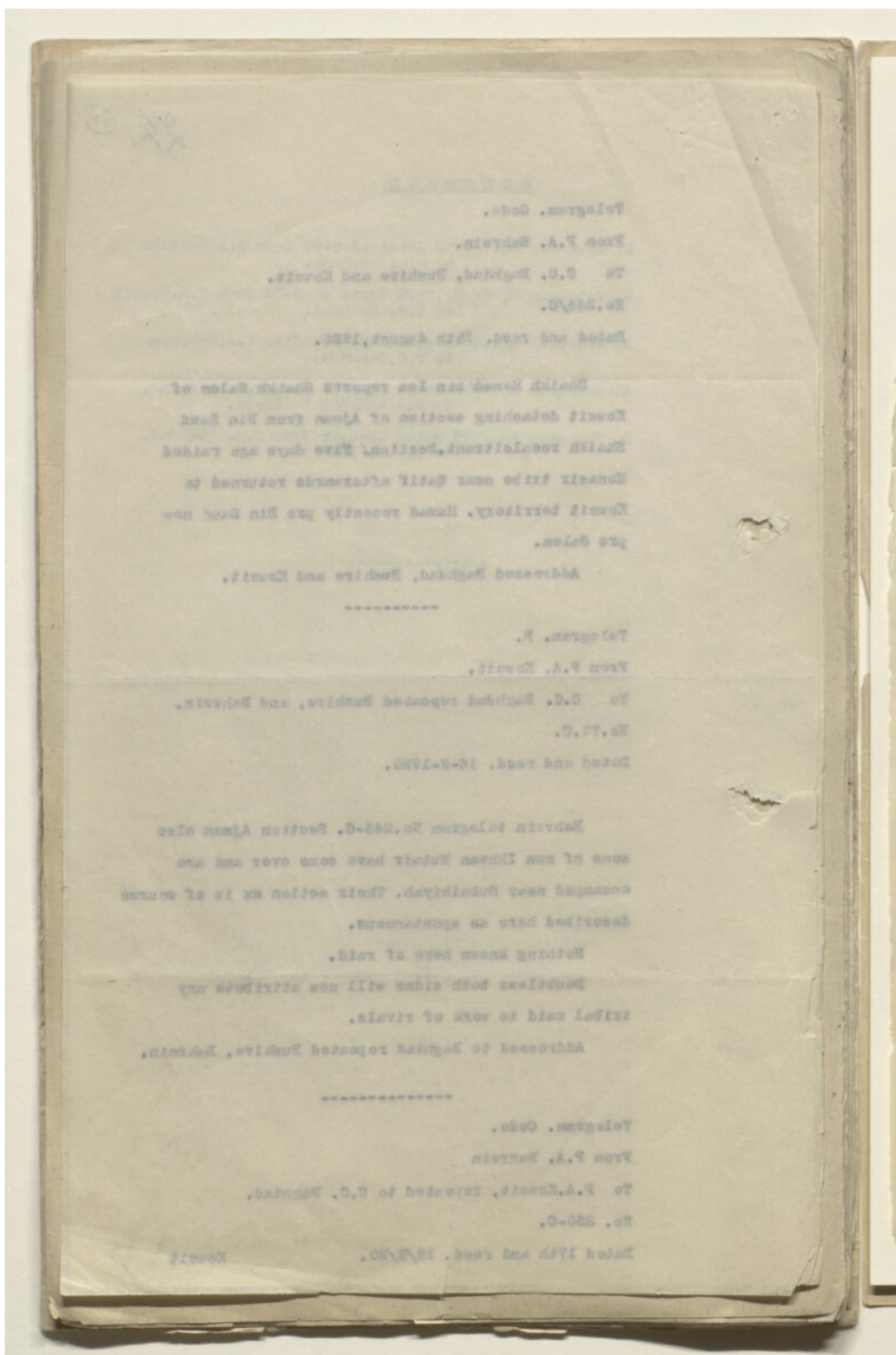
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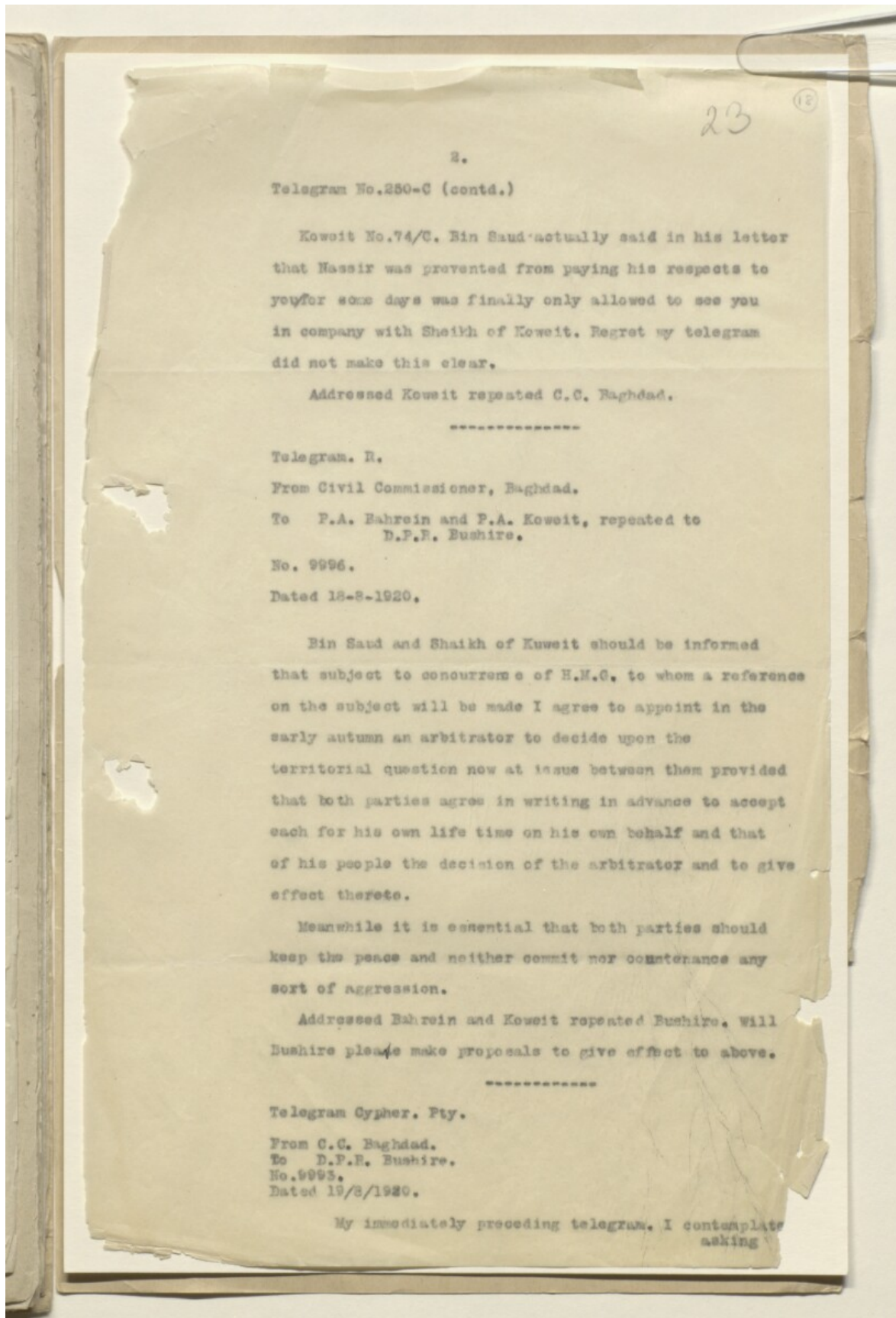






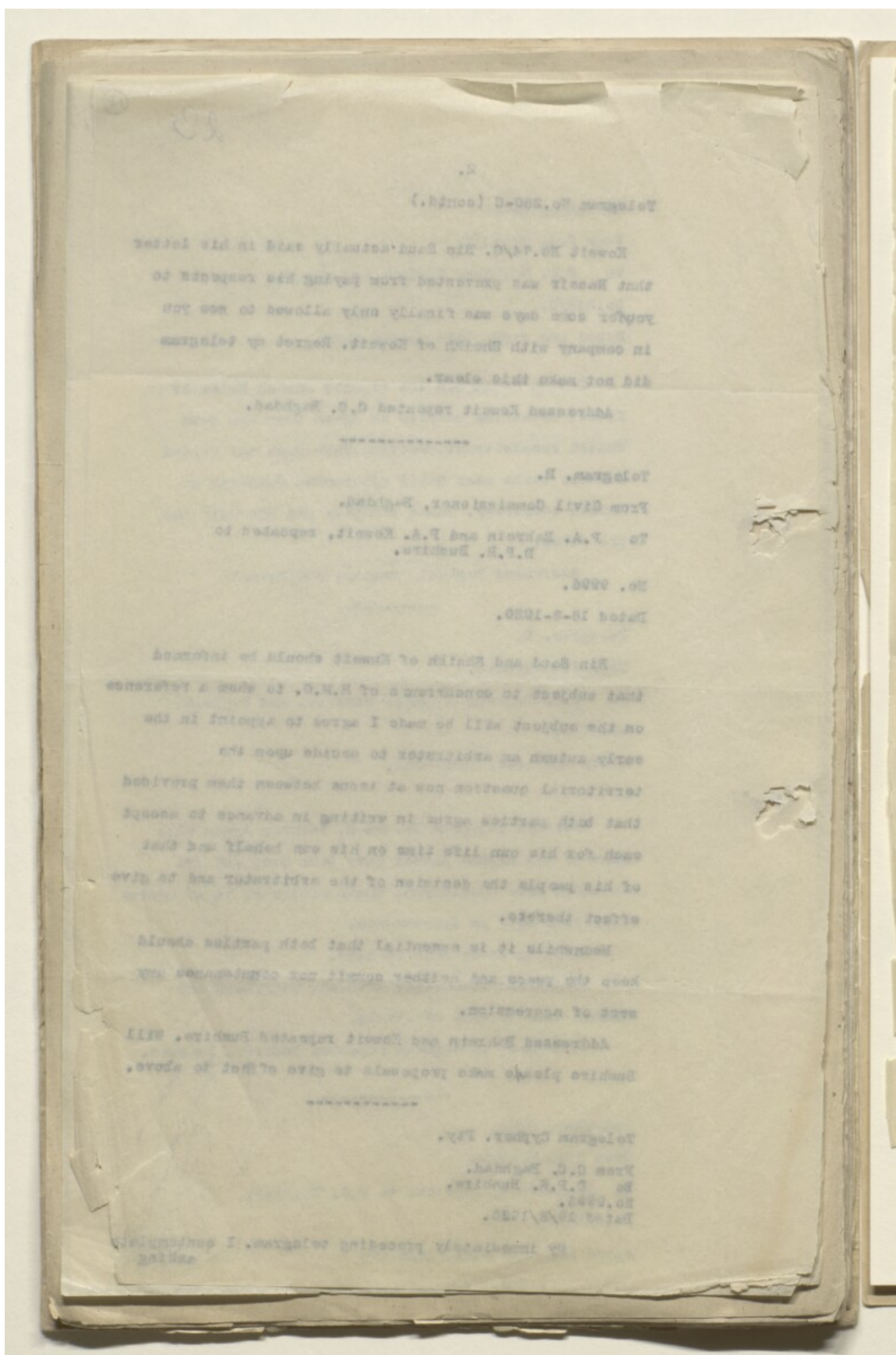
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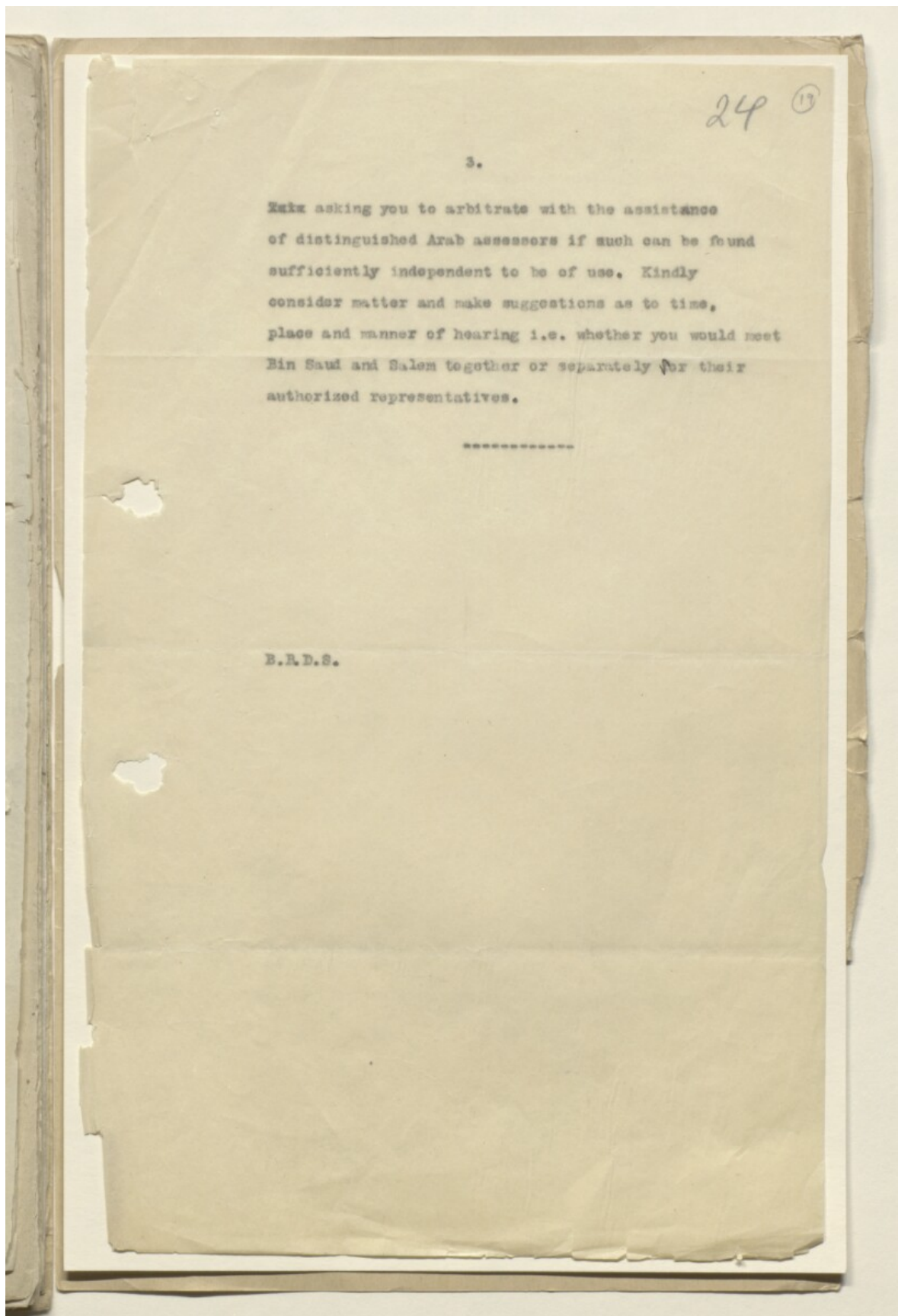






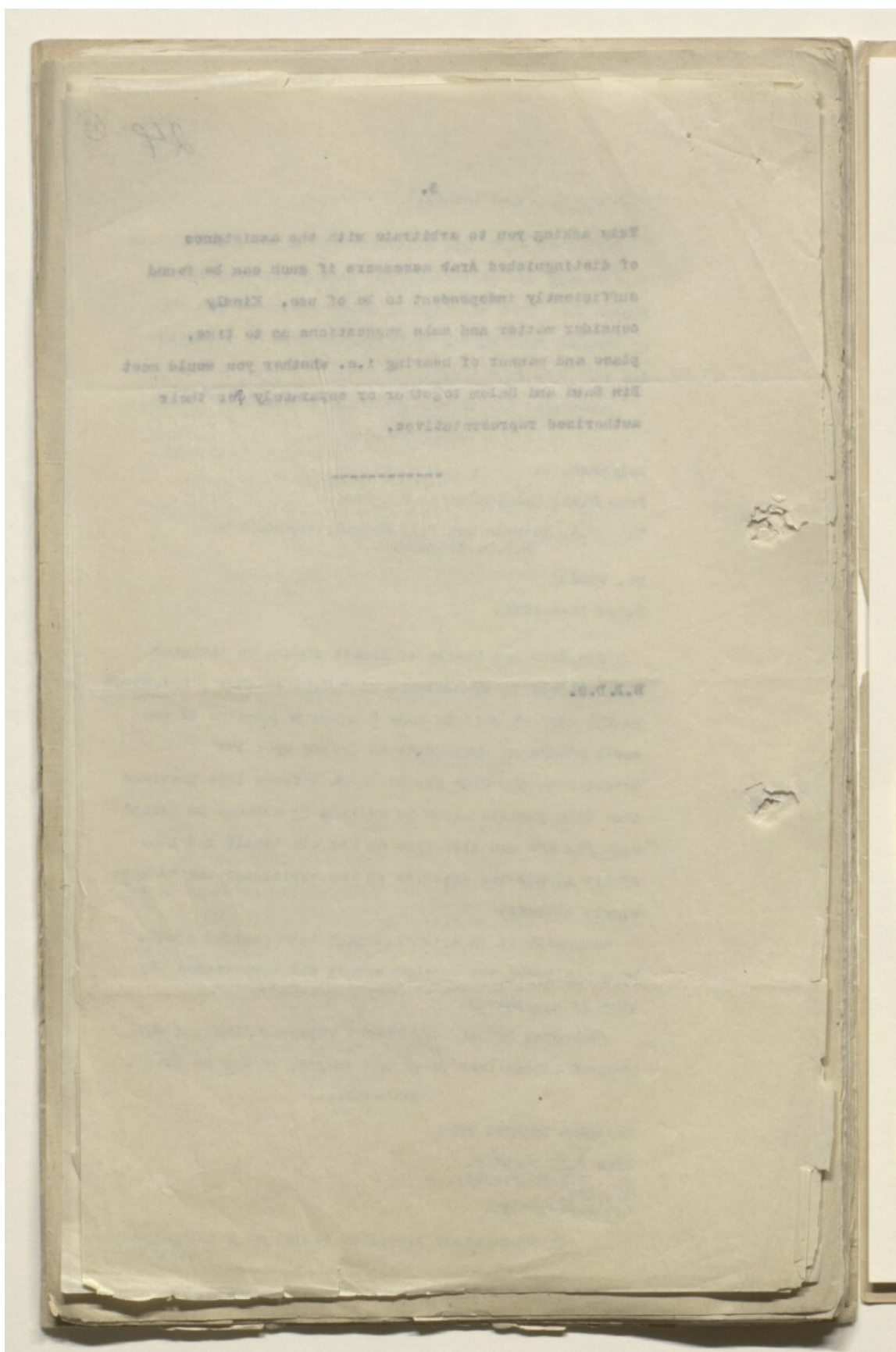
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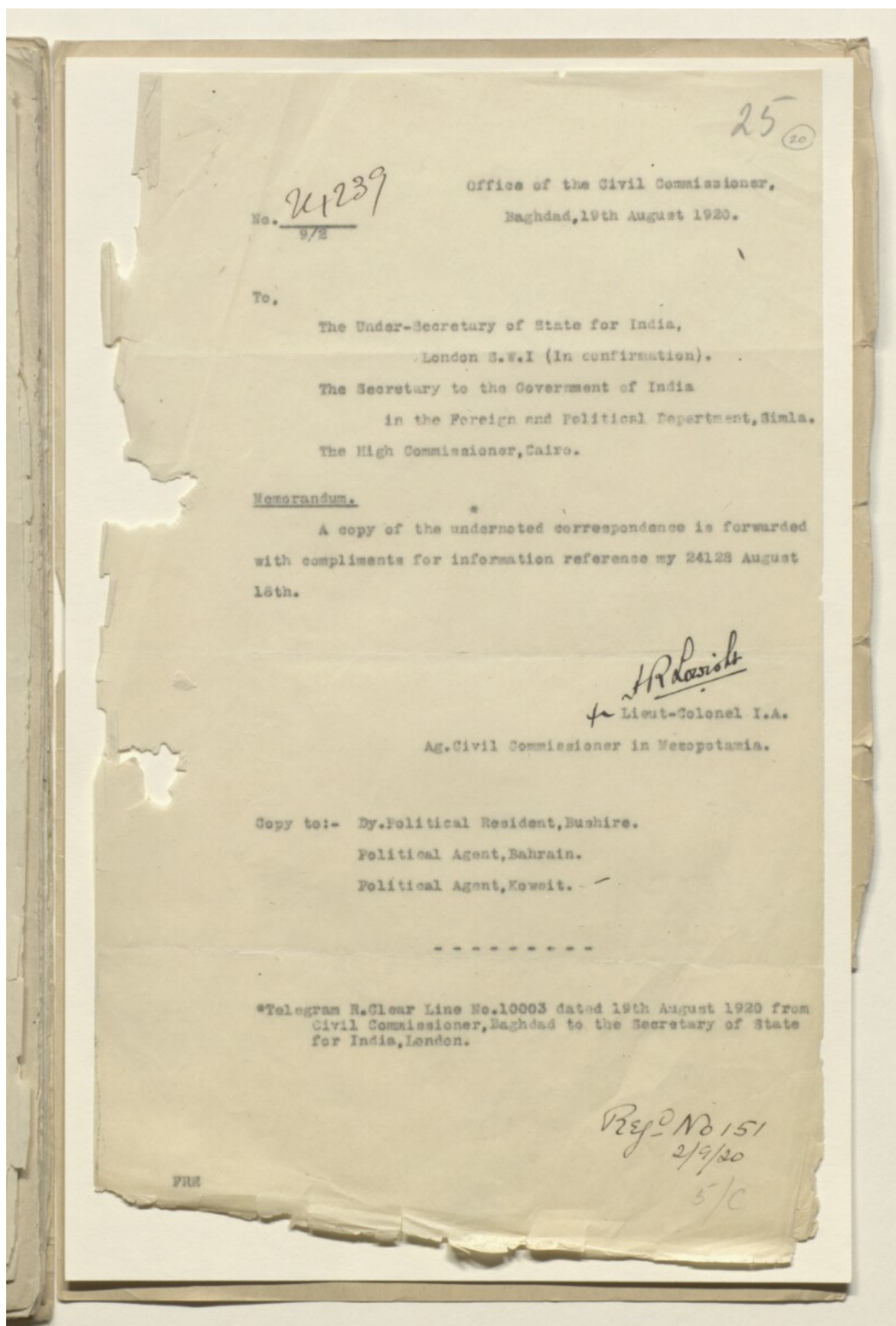


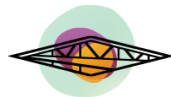




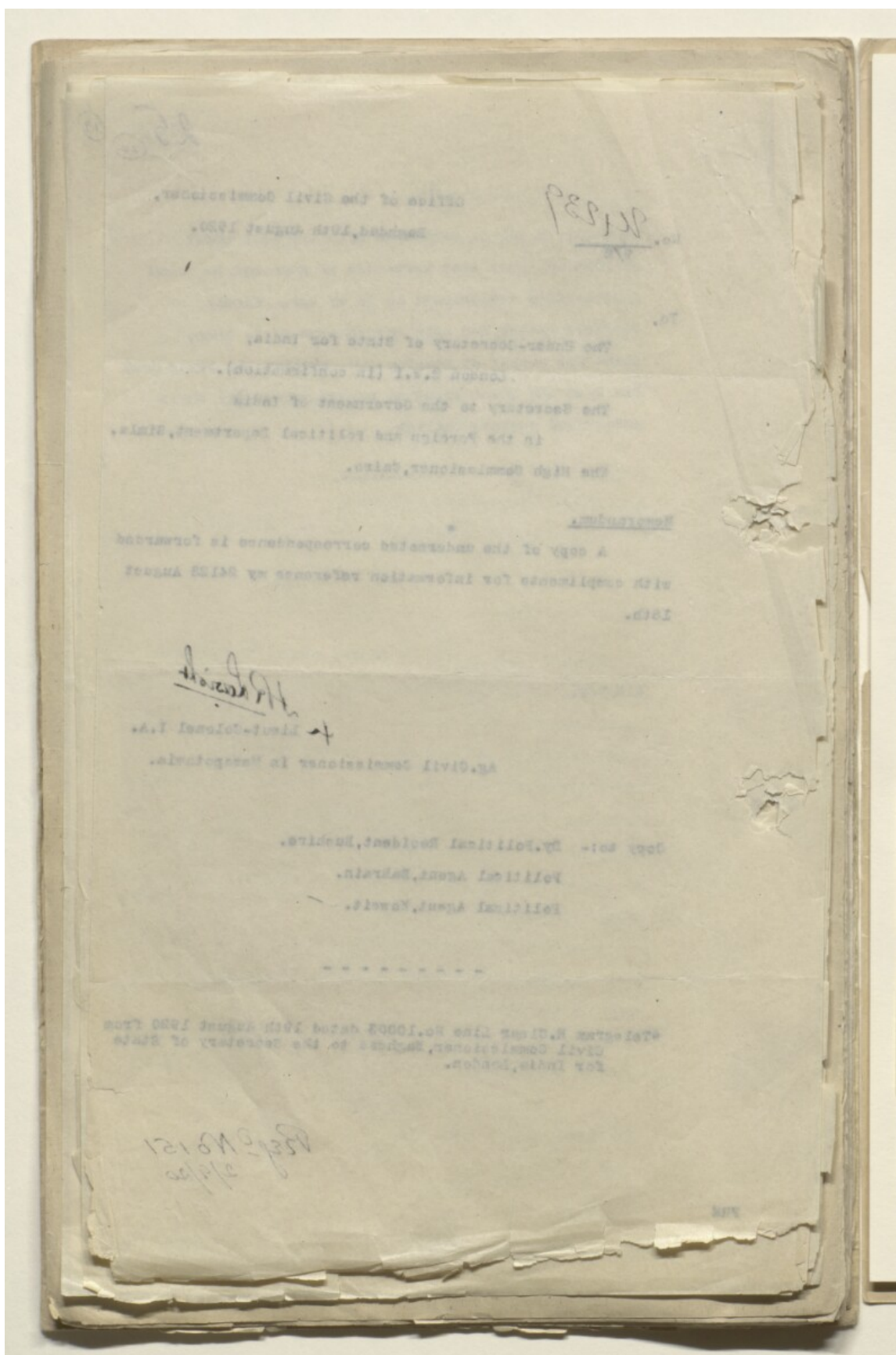
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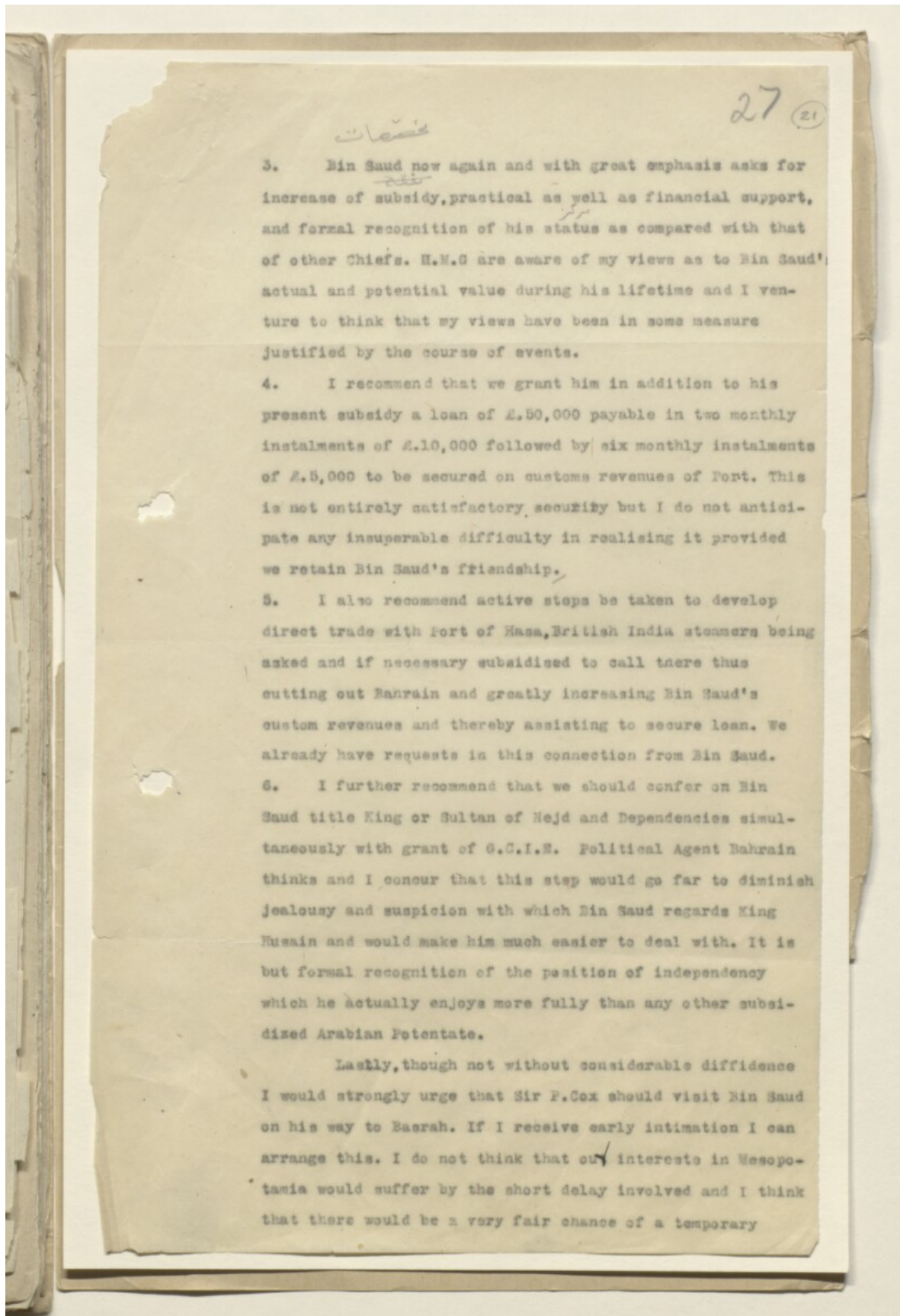
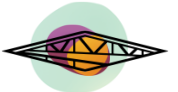






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[20v] (40/342)





27 (21)

3. Bin Saud now again and with great emphasis asks for increase of subsidy, practical as well as financial support, and formal recognition of his status as compared with that of other Chiefs. H.M.G are aware of my views as to Bin Saud's actual and potential value during his lifetime and I venture to think that my views have been in some measure justified by the course of events.

4. I recommend that we grant him in addition to his present subsidy a loan of £50,000 payable in two monthly instalments of £10,000 followed by six monthly instalments of £5,000 to be secured on customs revenues of Port. This is not entirely satisfactory security but I do not anticipate any insuperable difficulty in realising it provided we retain Bin Saud's friendship.

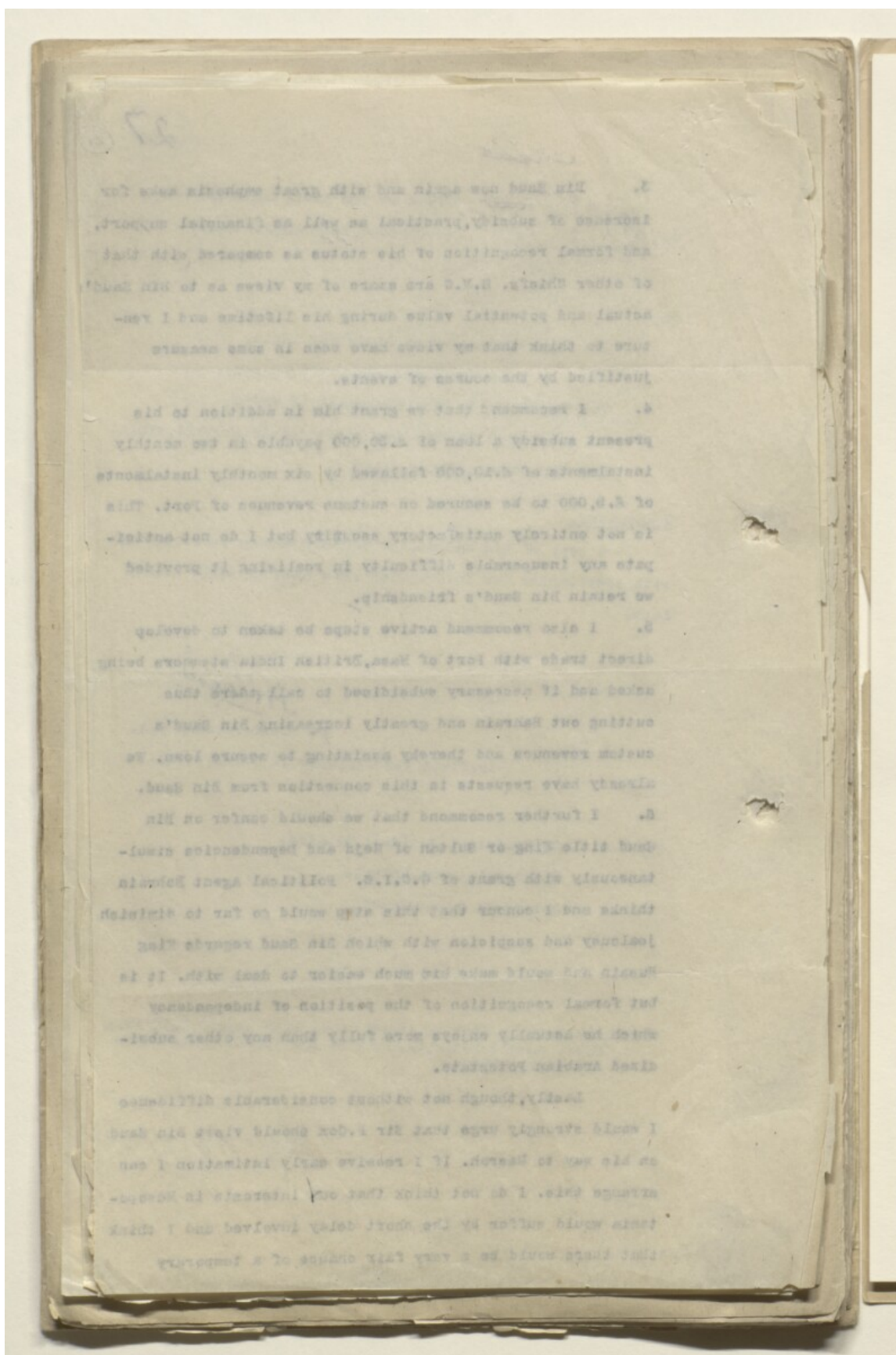
5. I also recommend active steps be taken to develop direct trade with Port of Haifa, British India steamers being asked and if necessary subsidised to call there thus cutting out Bahrain and greatly increasing Bin Saud's custom revenues and thereby assisting to secure loan. We already have requests in this connection from Bin Saud.

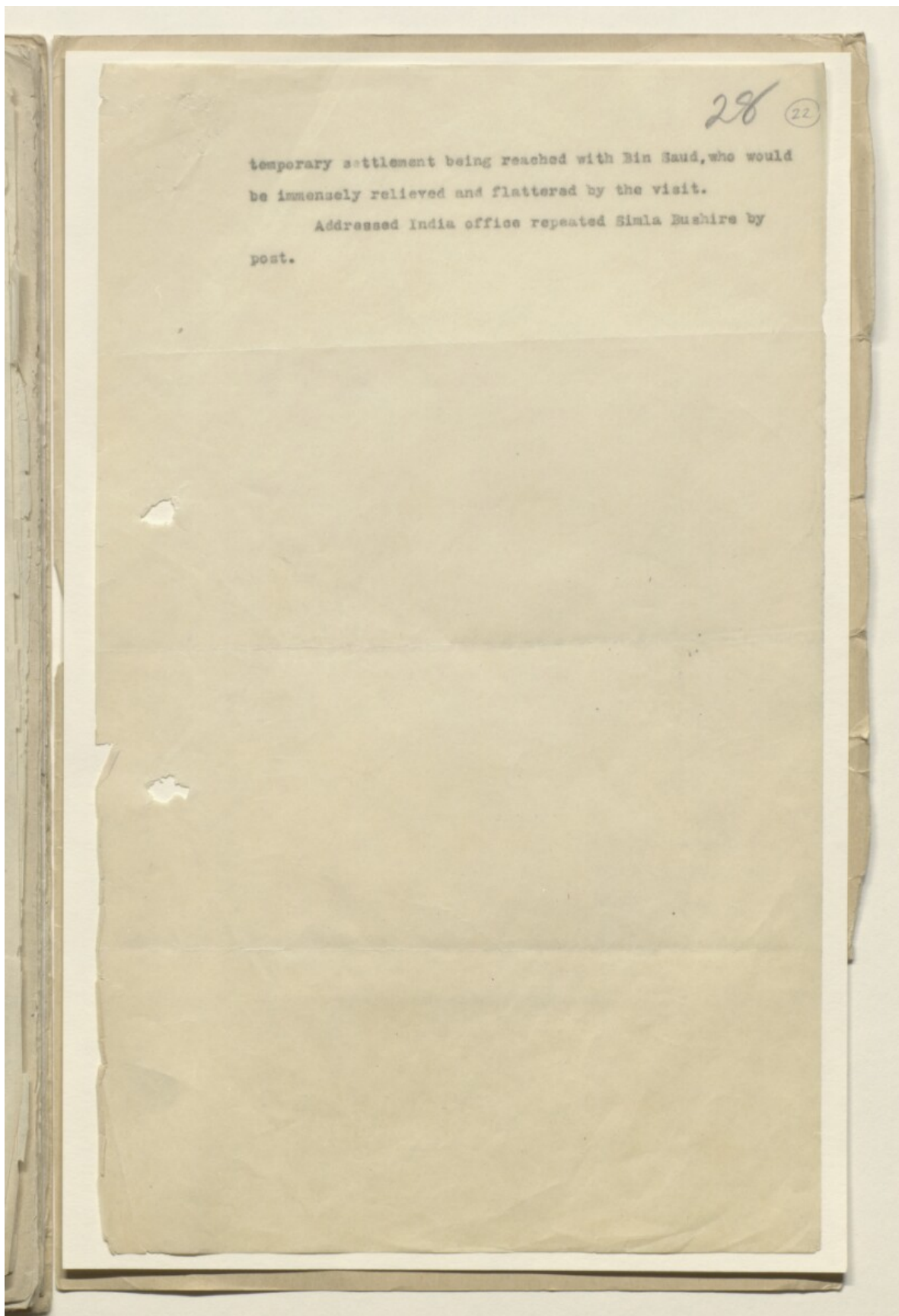
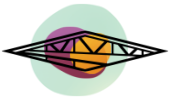
6. I further recommend that we should confer on Bin Saud title King or Sultan of Nejd and Dependencies simultaneously with grant of G.C.I.E. Political Agent Bahrain thinks and I concur that this step would go far to diminish jealousy and suspicion with which Bin Saud regards King Hussein and would make him much easier to deal with. It is but formal recognition of the position of independency which he actually enjoys more fully than any other subsidized Arabian Potentate.

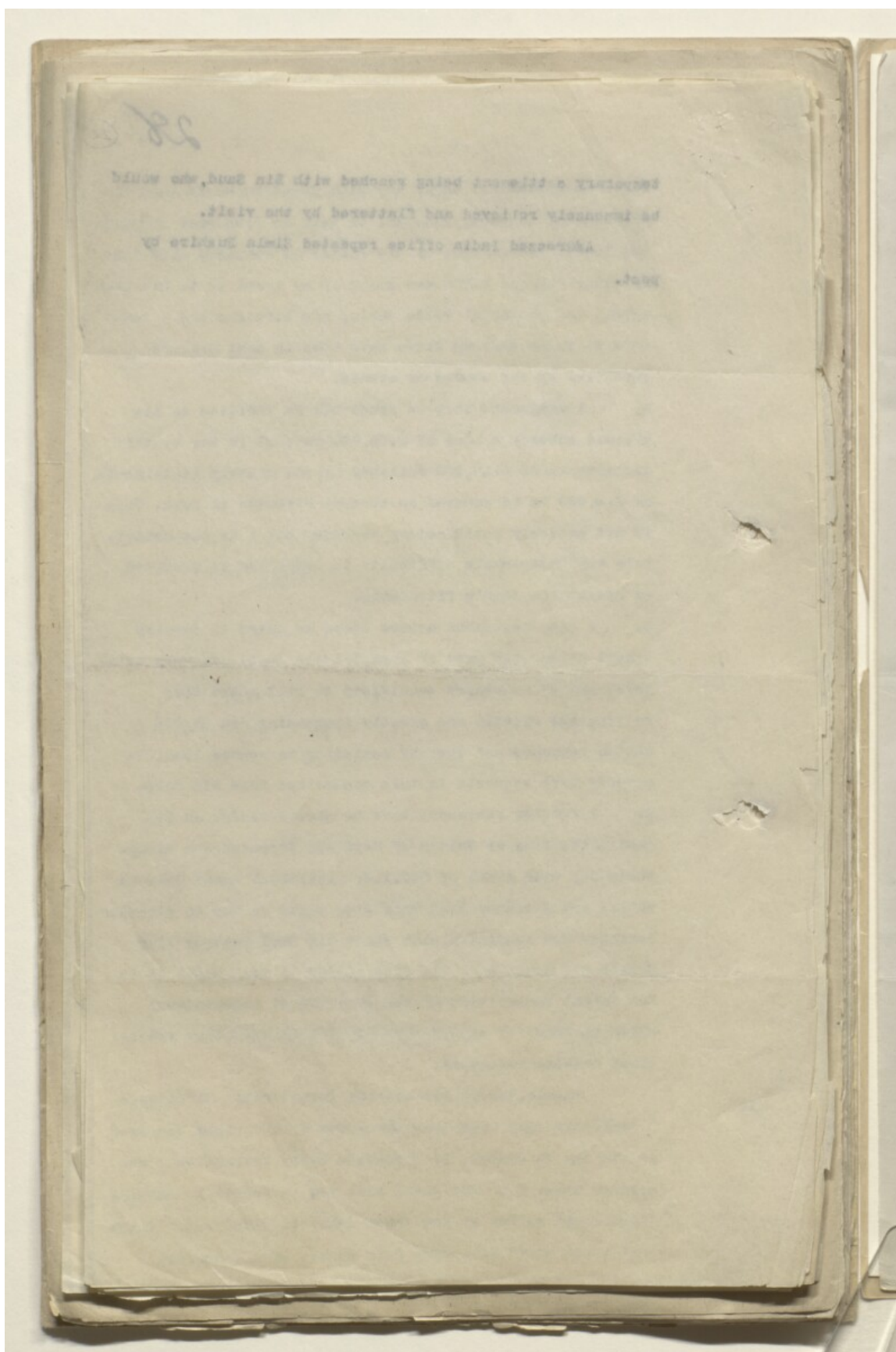
Lastly, though not without considerable diffidence I would strongly urge that Sir P. Cox should visit Bin Saud on his way to Basrah. If I receive early intimation I can arrange this. I do not think that our interests in Mesopotamia would suffer by the short delay involved and I think that there would be a very fair chance of a temporary

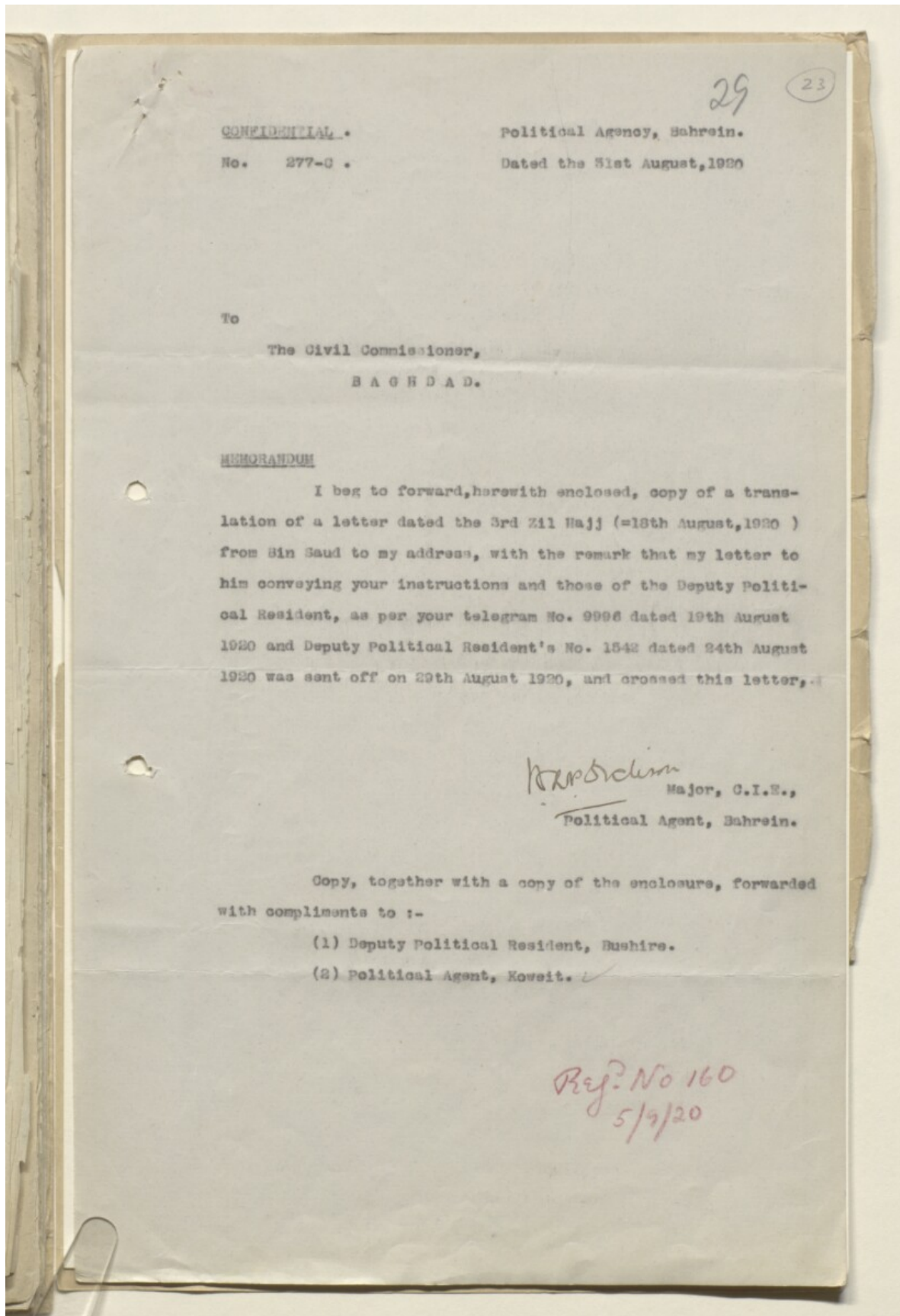
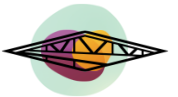


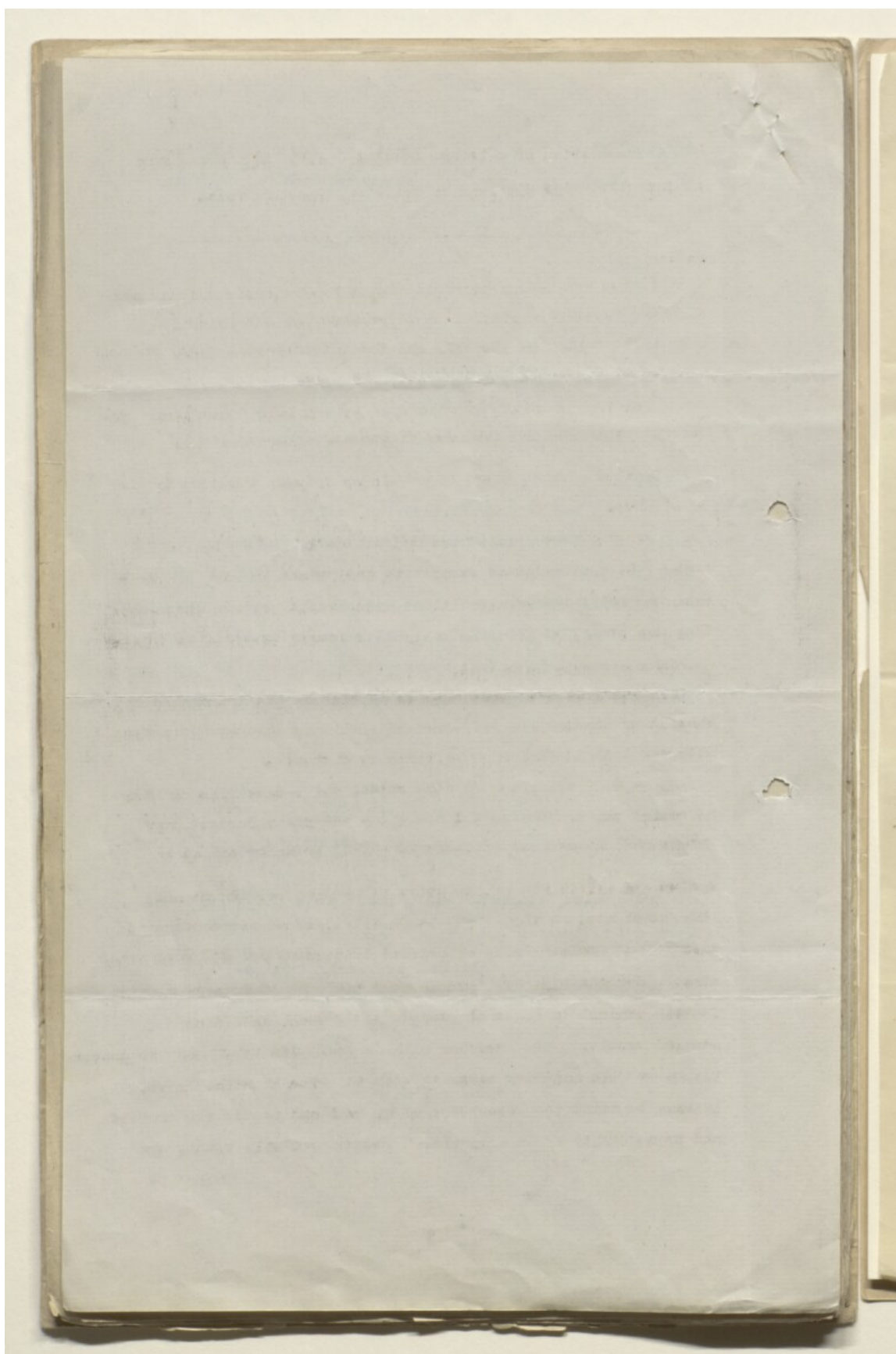
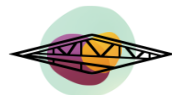
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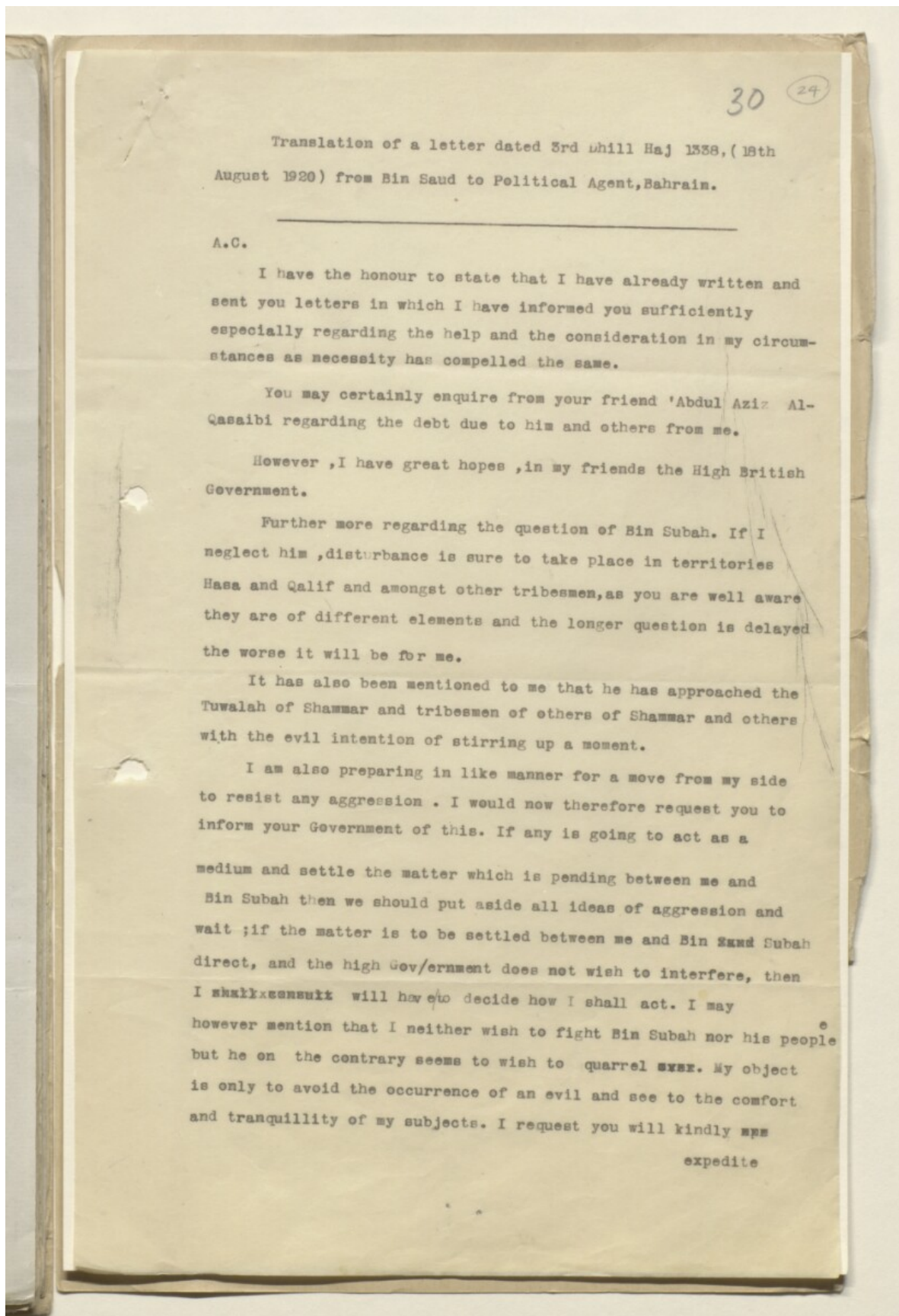












30 (29)
Translation of a letter dated 3rd Dhil Haj 1338, (18th August 1920) from Bin Saud to Political Agent, Bahrain.

A.C.

I have the honour to state that I have already written and sent you letters in which I have informed you sufficiently especially regarding the help and the consideration in my circumstances as necessity has compelled the same.

You may certainly enquire from your friend 'Abdul Aziz Al-Qasaibi regarding the debt due to him and others from me.

However, I have great hopes, in my friends the High British Government.

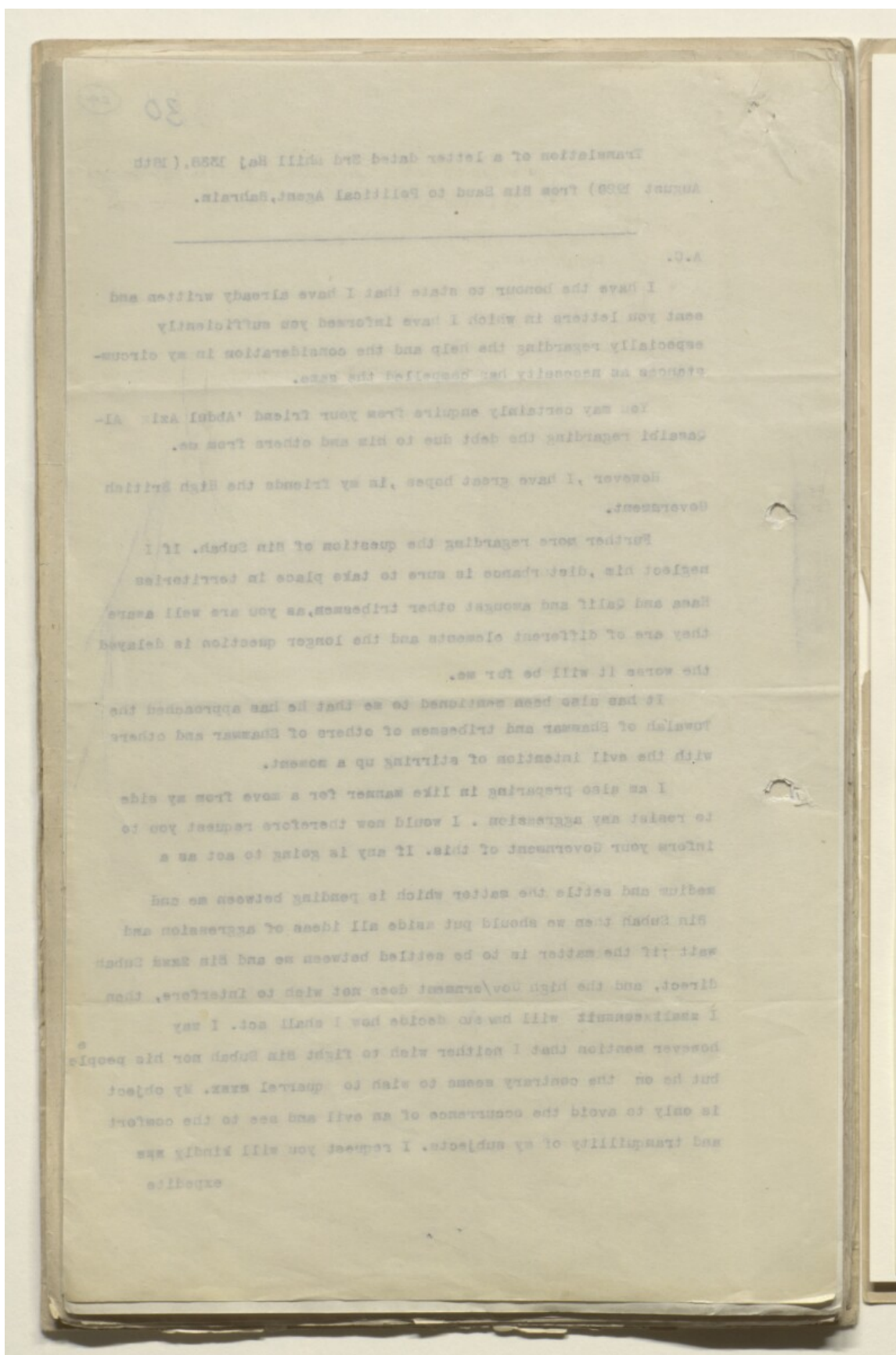
Further more regarding the question of Bin Subah. If I neglect him, disturbance is sure to take place in territories Hasa and Qatif and amongst other tribesmen, as you are well aware they are of different elements and the longer question is delayed the worse it will be for me.

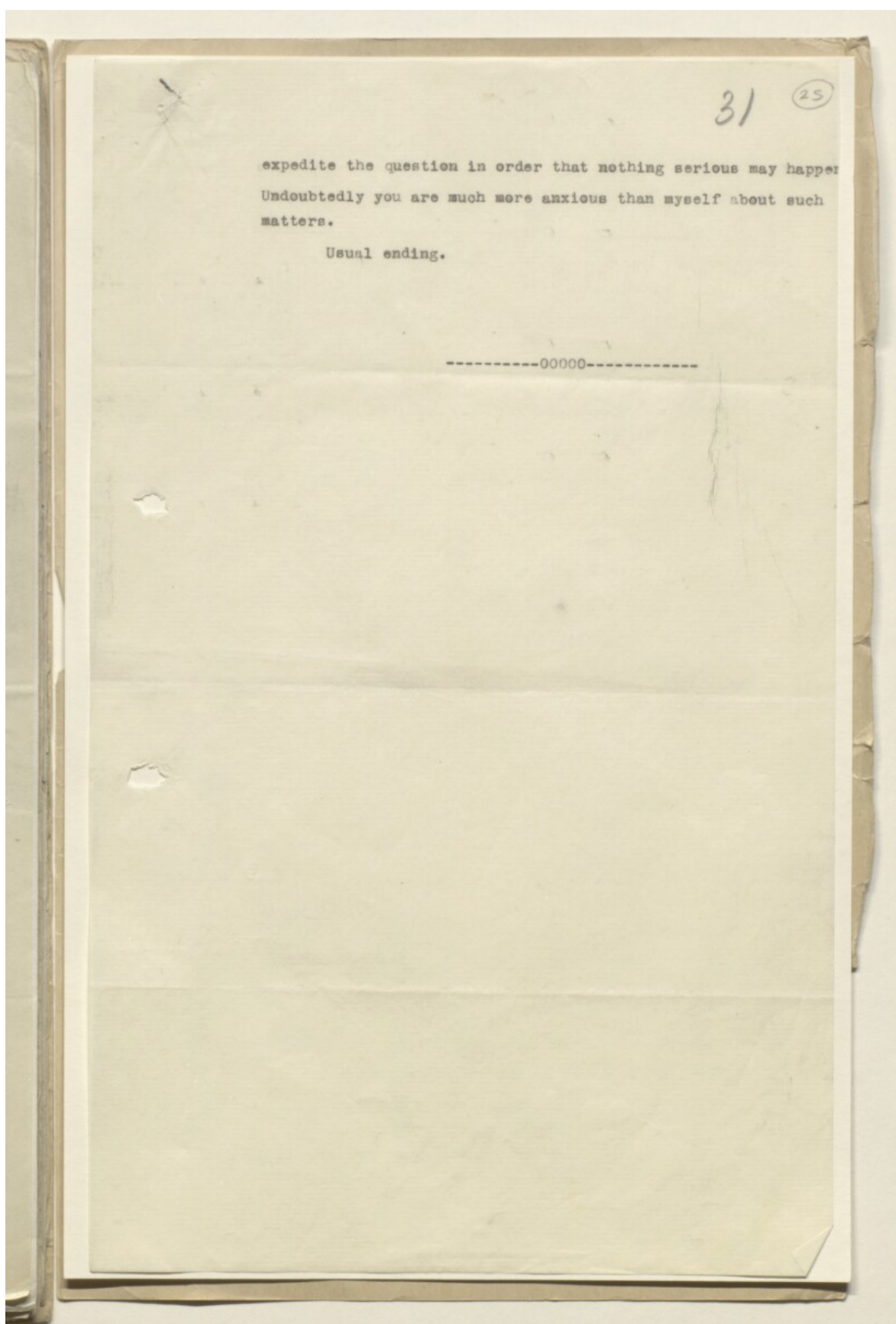
It has also been mentioned to me that he has approached the Tuwalah of Shammar and tribesmen of others of Shammar and others with the evil intention of stirring up a moment.

I am also preparing in like manner for a move from my side to resist any aggression. I would now therefore request you to inform your Government of this. If any is going to act as a medium and settle the matter which is pending between me and Bin Subah then we should put aside all ideas of aggression and wait; if the matter is to be settled between me and Bin Subah direct, and the high Government does not wish to interfere, then I shall decide how I shall act. I may however mention that I neither wish to fight Bin Subah nor his people but he on the contrary seems to wish to quarrel with me. My object is only to avoid the occurrence of an evil and see to the comfort and tranquillity of my subjects. I request you will kindly expedite



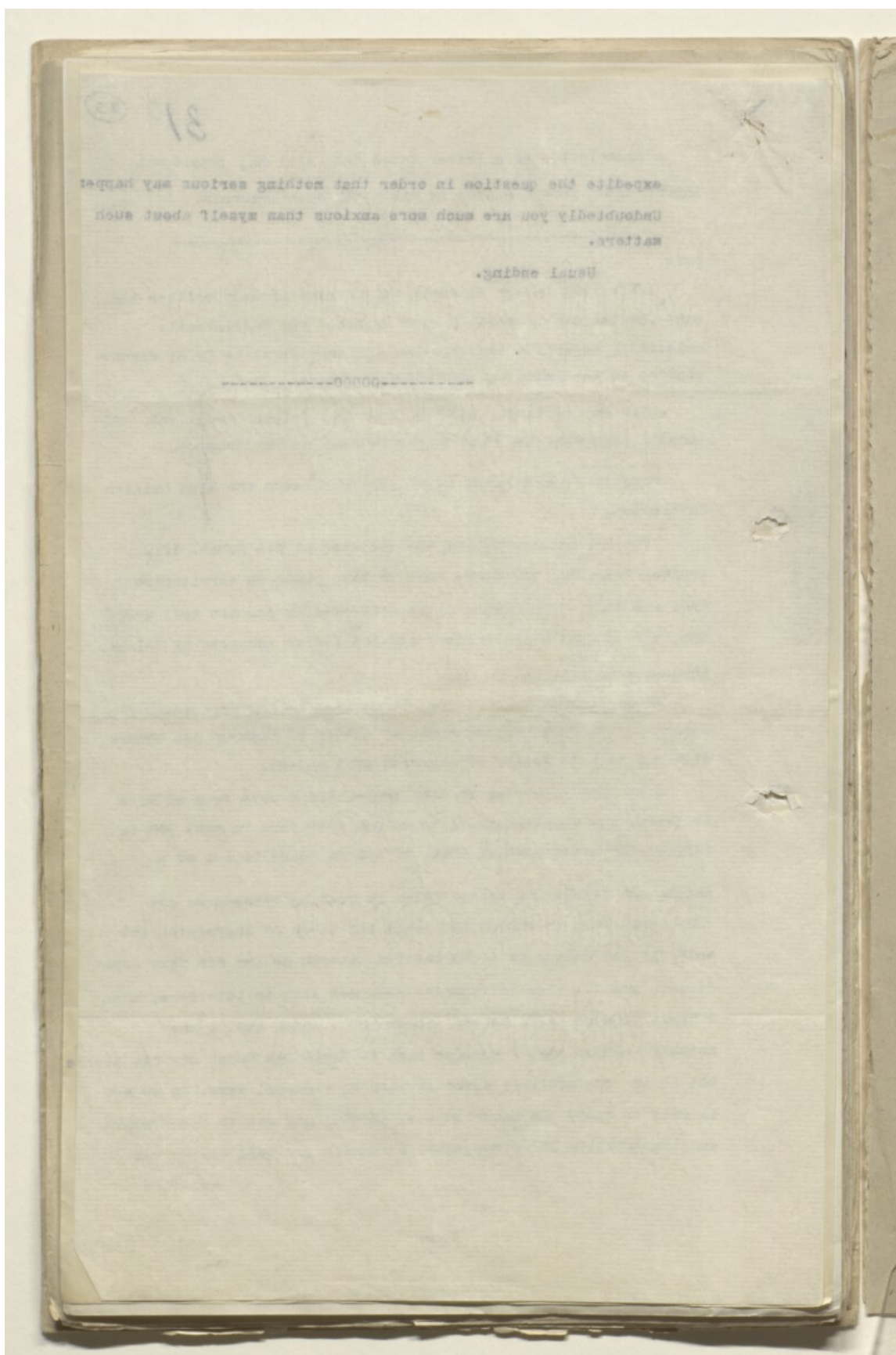
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [24v] (48/342)

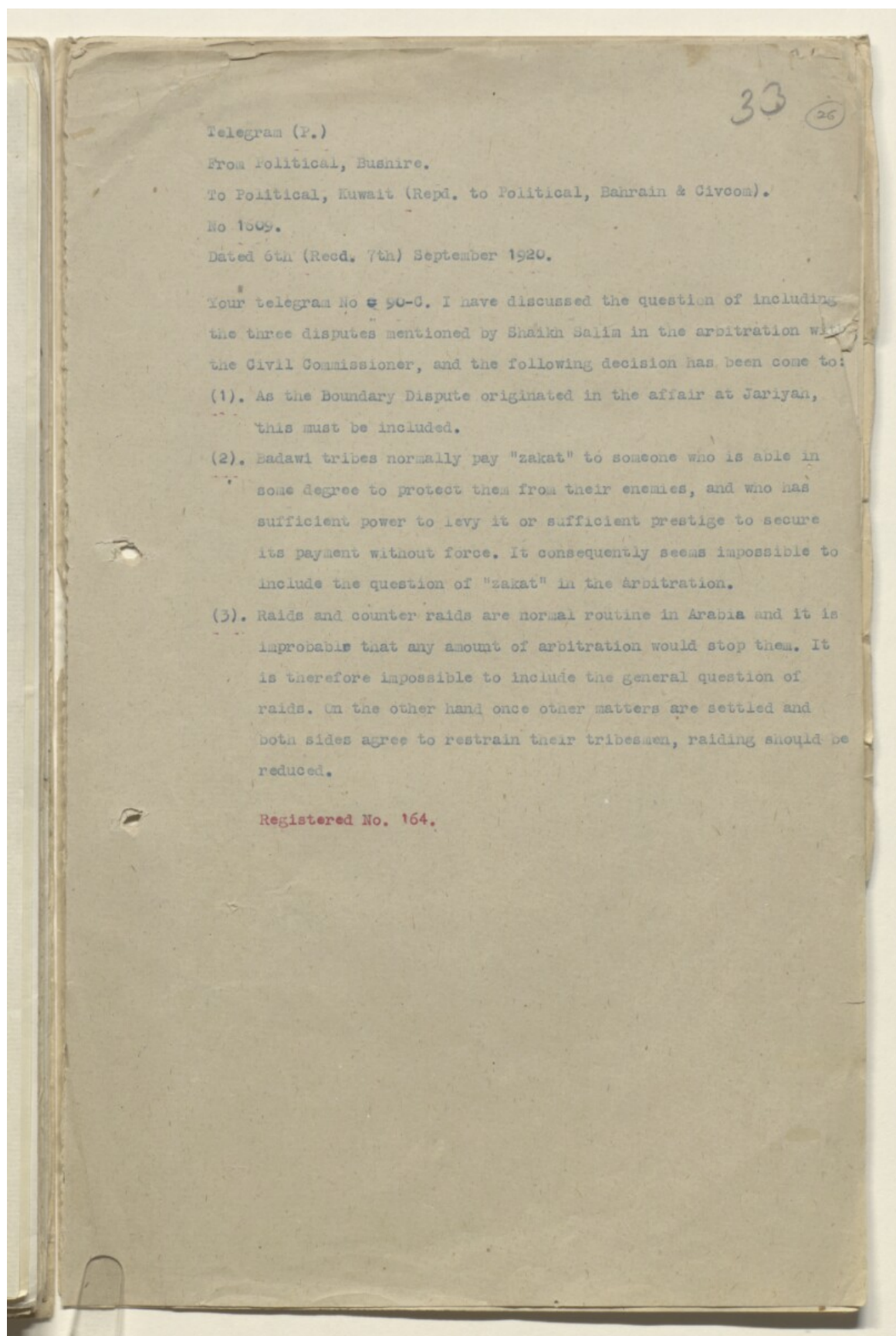






[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [25v] (50/342)





Telegram (P.)

From Political, Bushire.

To Political, Kuwait (Repl. to Political, Bahrain & Civcom).

No 1009.

Dated 6th (Recd. 7th) September 1920.

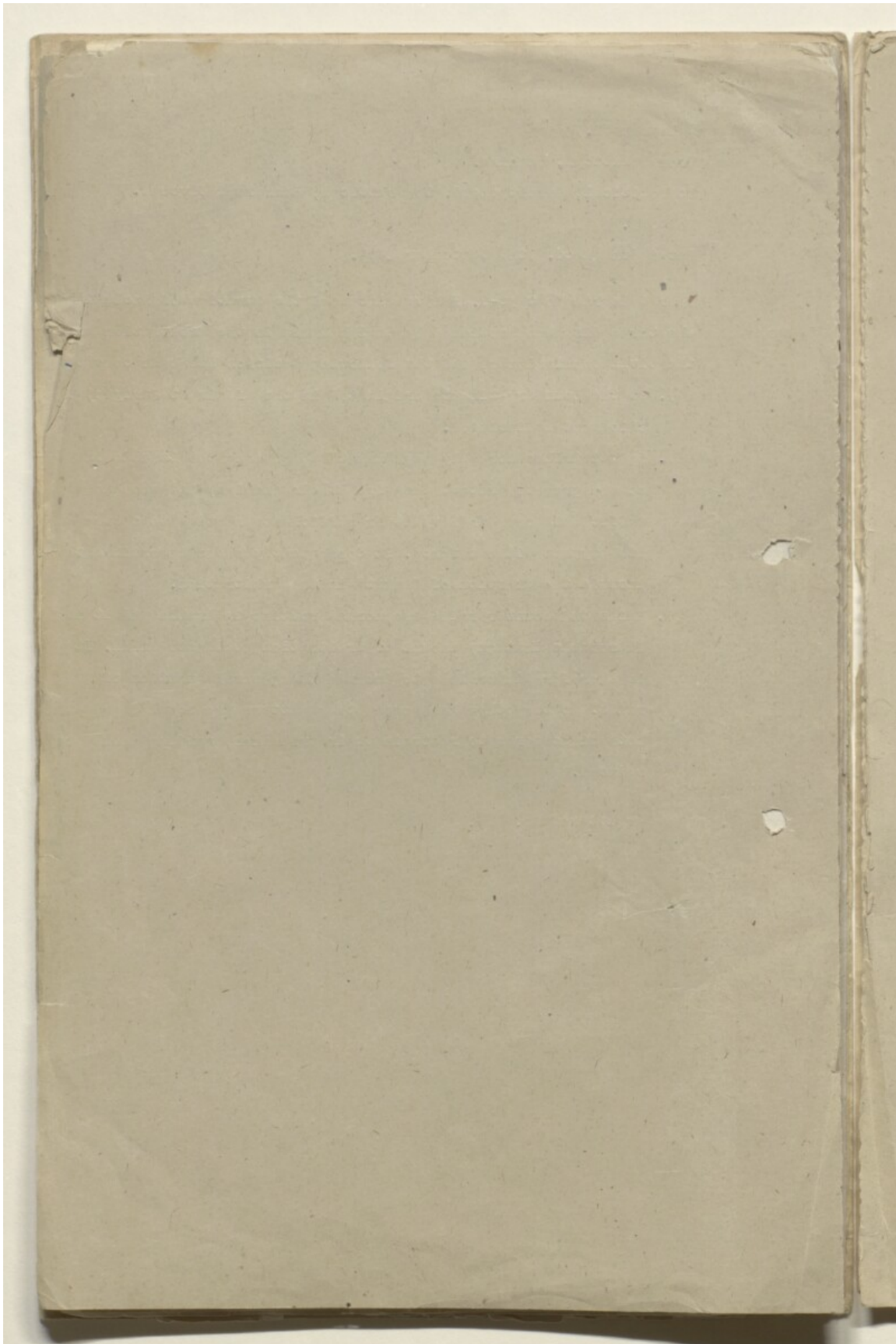
Your telegram No 90-C. I have discussed the question of including the three disputes mentioned by Shaikh Salim in the arbitration with the Civil Commissioner, and the following decision has been come to:

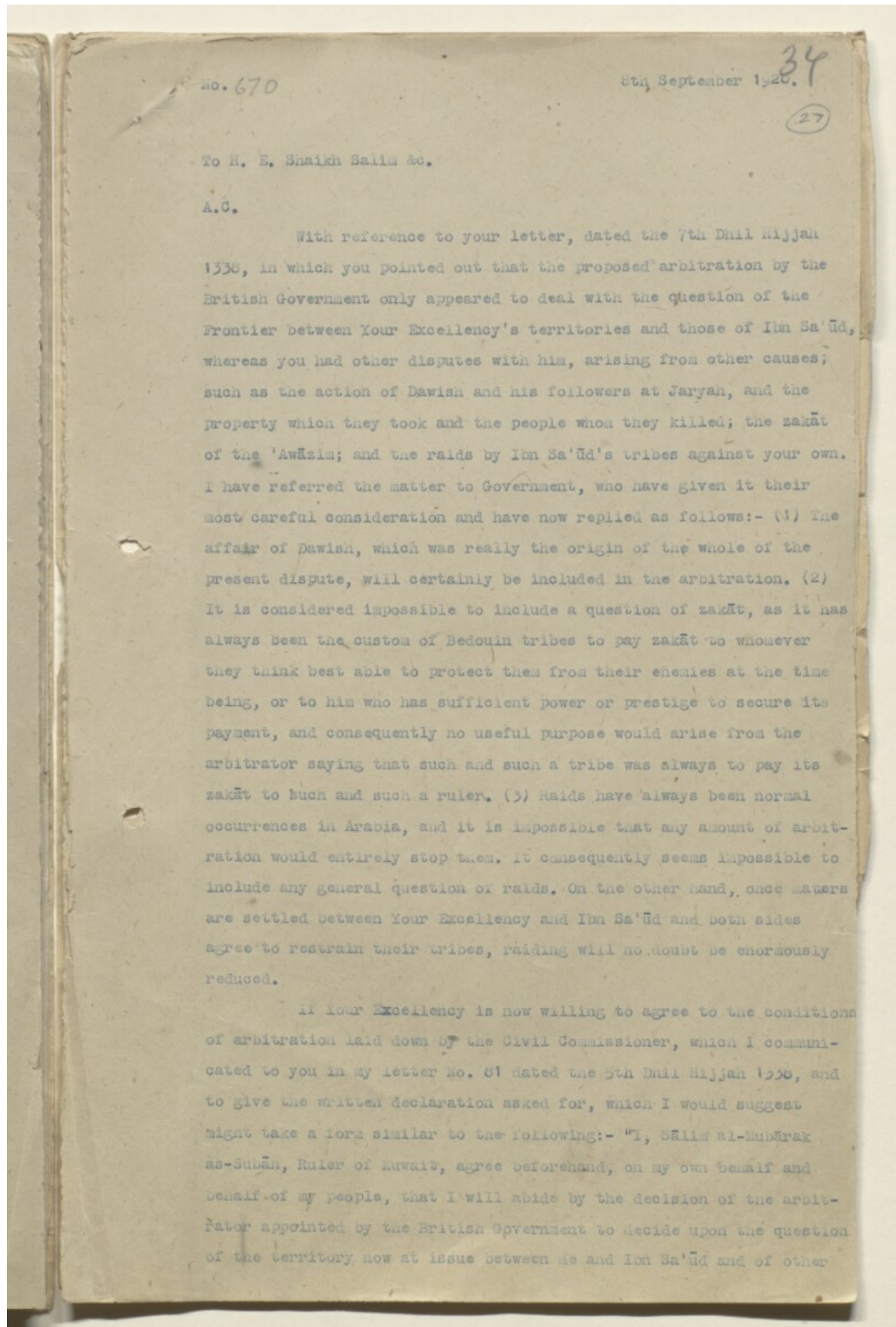
- (1). As the Boundary Dispute originated in the affair at Jariyan, this must be included.
- (2). Badawi tribes normally pay "zakat" to someone who is able in some degree to protect them from their enemies, and who has sufficient power to levy it or sufficient prestige to secure its payment without force. It consequently seems impossible to include the question of "zakat" in the Arbitration.
- (3). Raids and counter raids are normal routine in Arabia and it is improbable that any amount of arbitration would stop them. It is therefore impossible to include the general question of raids. On the other hand once other matters are settled and both sides agree to restrain their tribesmen, raiding should be reduced.

Registered No. 164.



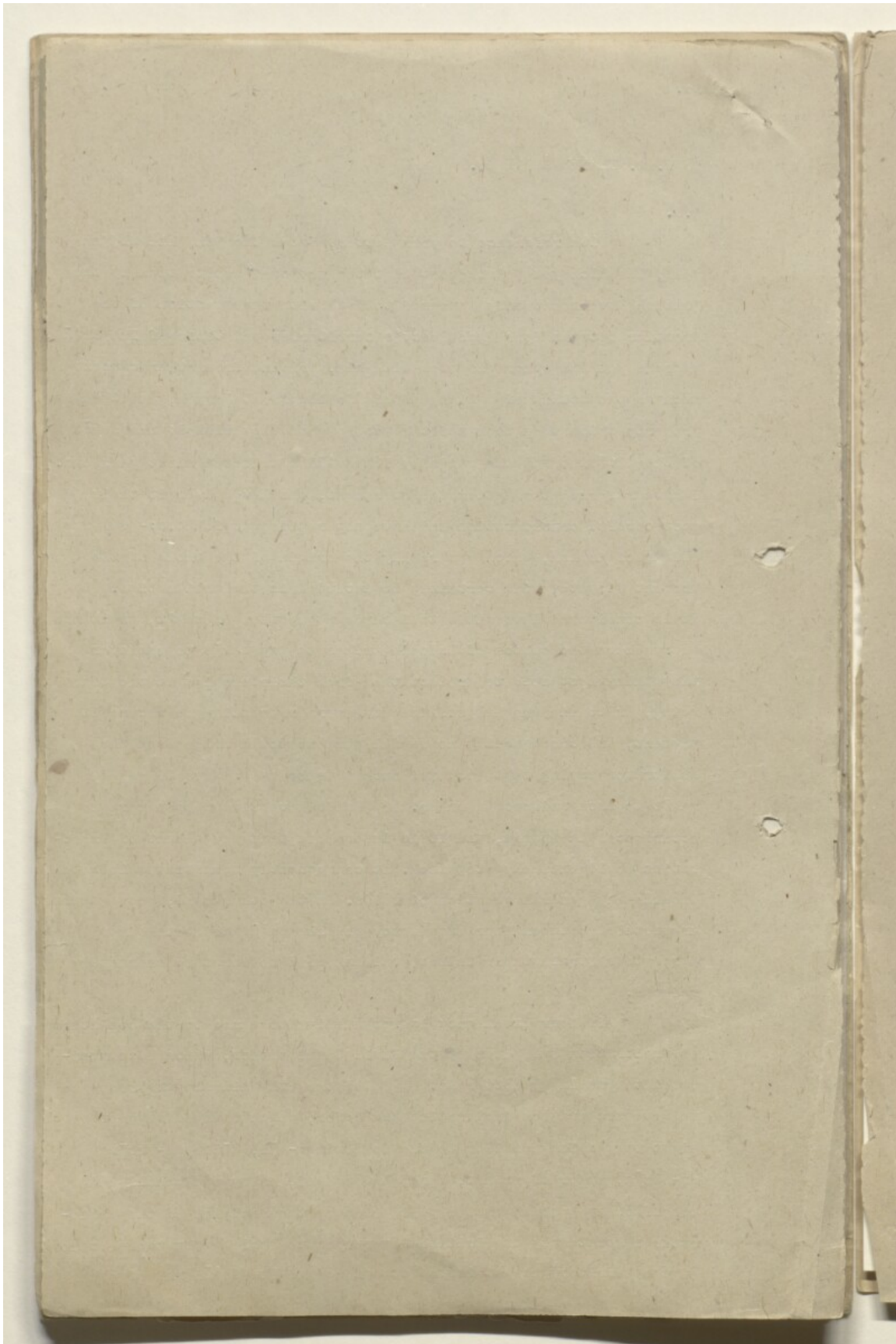
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa`ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [26v] (52/342)





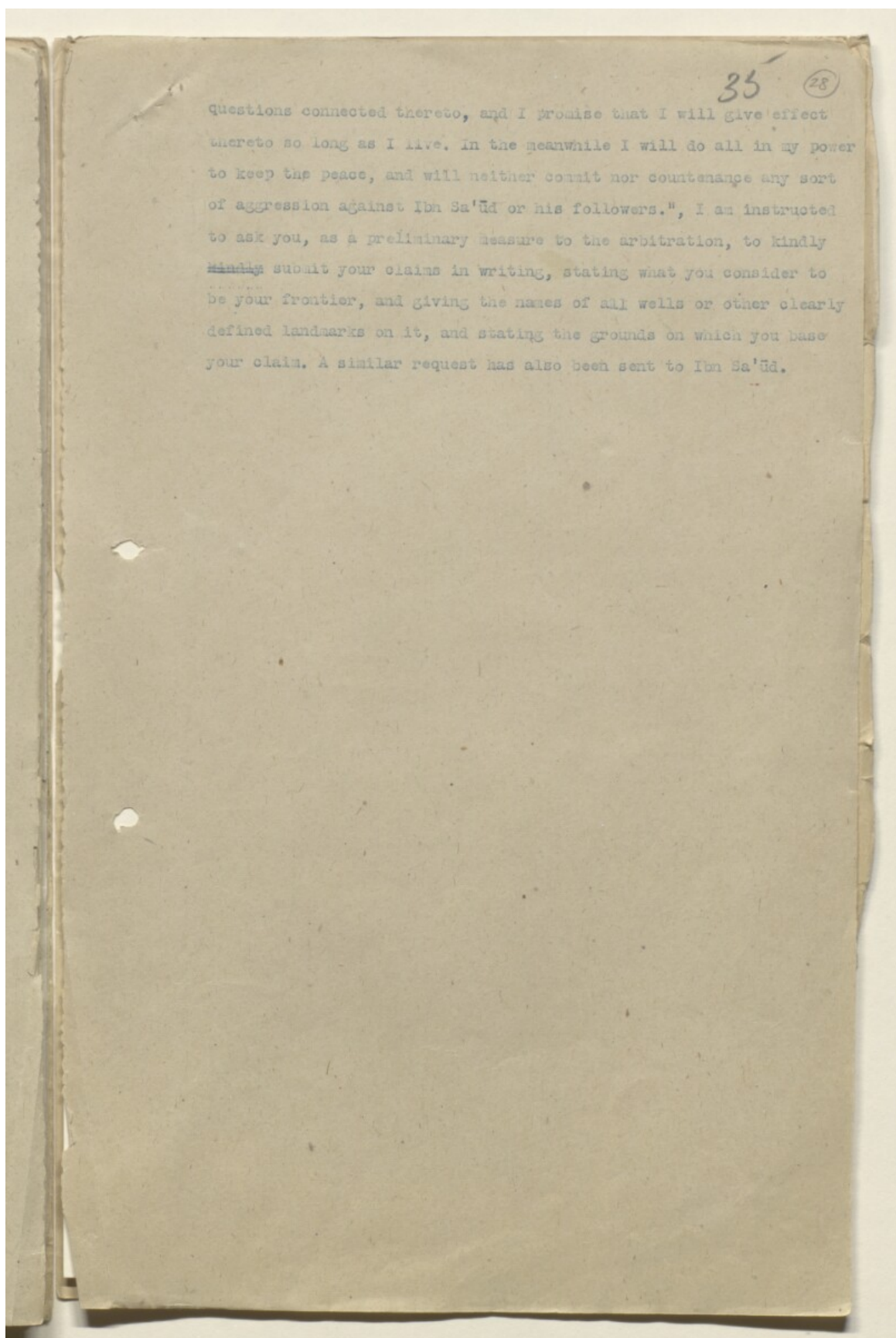


[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa`ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [27v] (54/342)



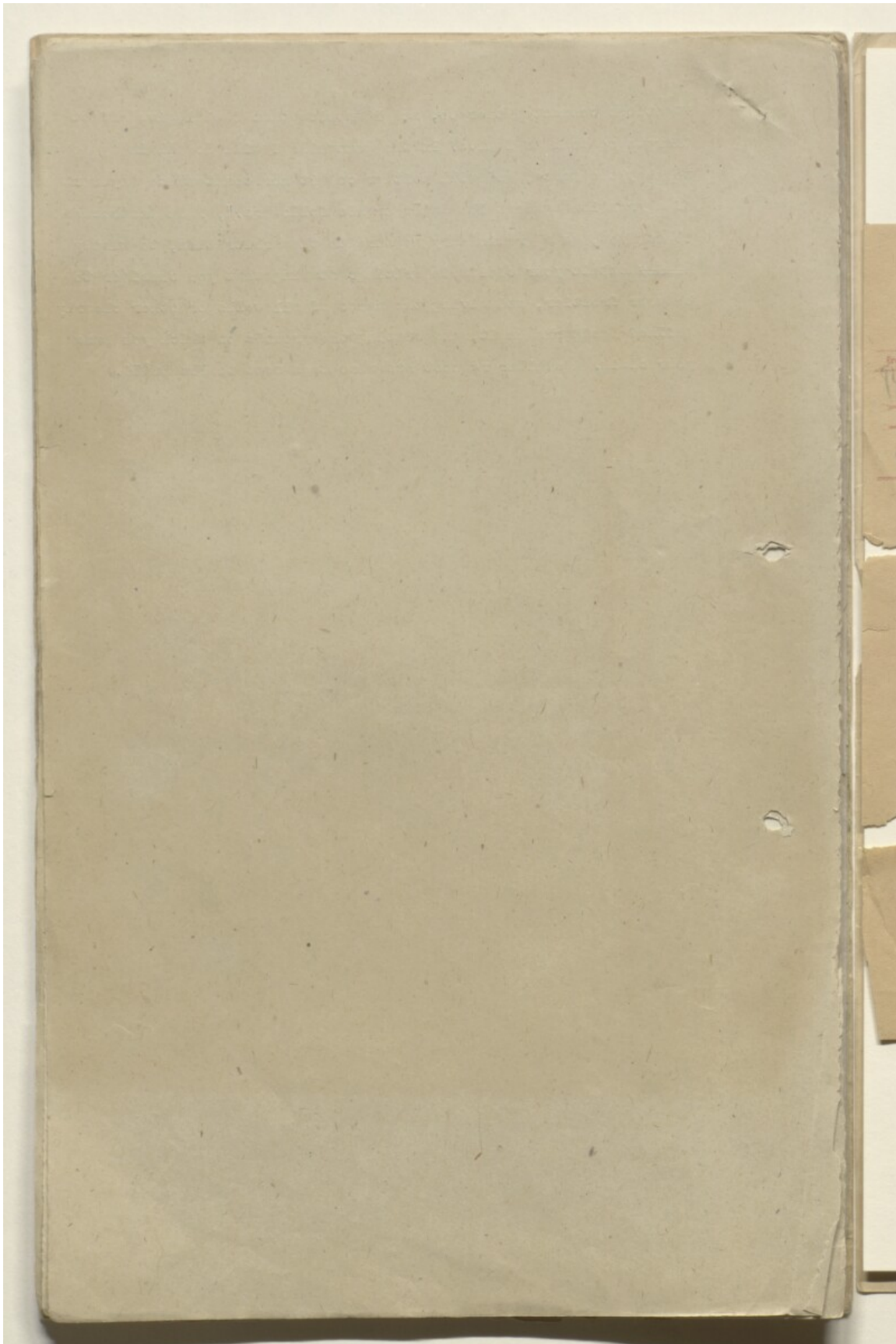


[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [28r] (55/342)





[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa`ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [28v] (56/342)





[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [29r] (57/342)

273

RECEIVED
INDO-CHINA PHOTOGRAPH DEPARTMENT
M.T.D.

18 1/2 12

From Bahrain

Check No. 82 K 184 29 10 9 L

To Political Kuwait

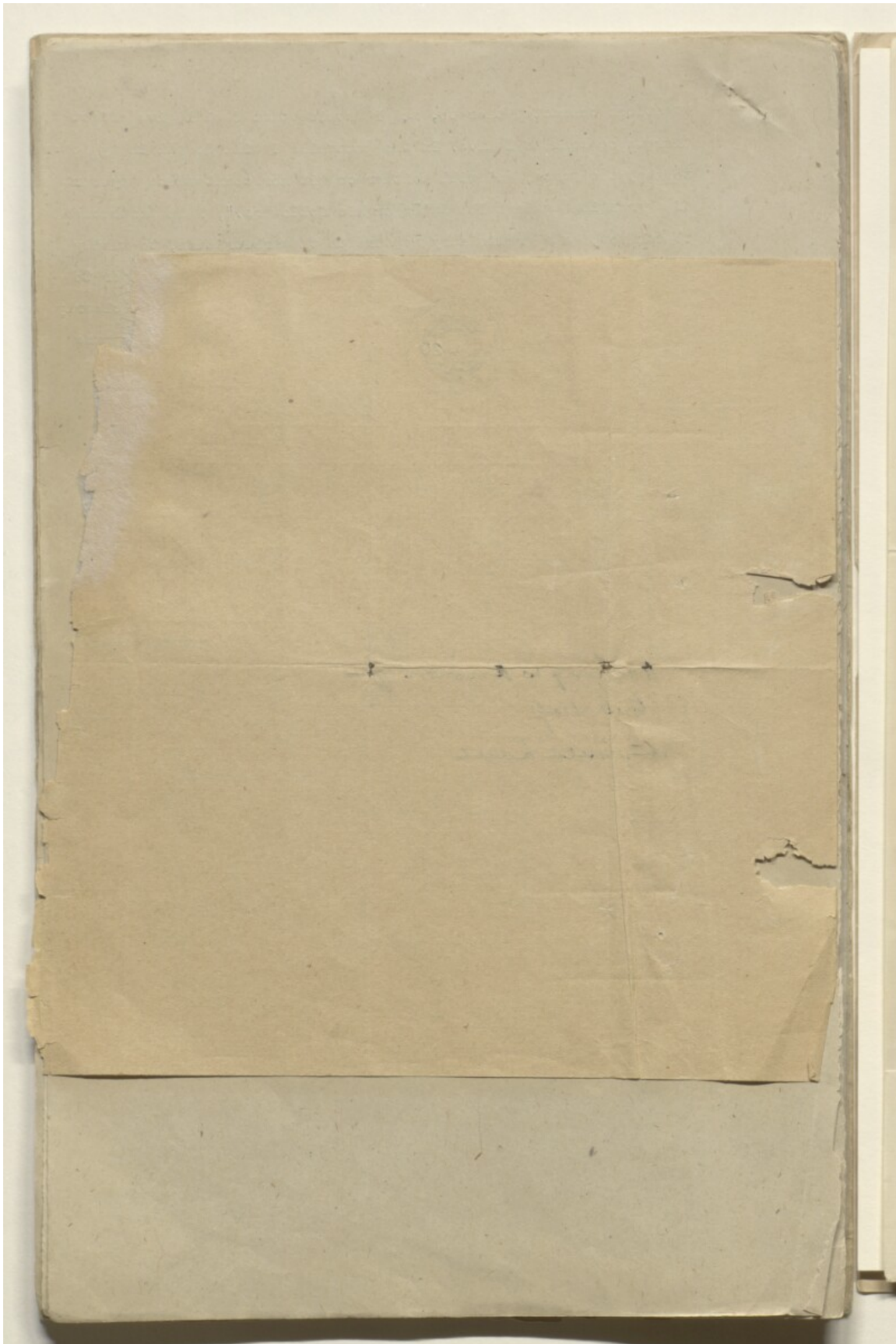
Kowait's 94-C is ~~is~~
Nothing is known of incident
Guadalupe
became if story to
it would have reached ba
which nowadays seizes
upon any story again
binds with avidity
added by shire bagdad
Kowait

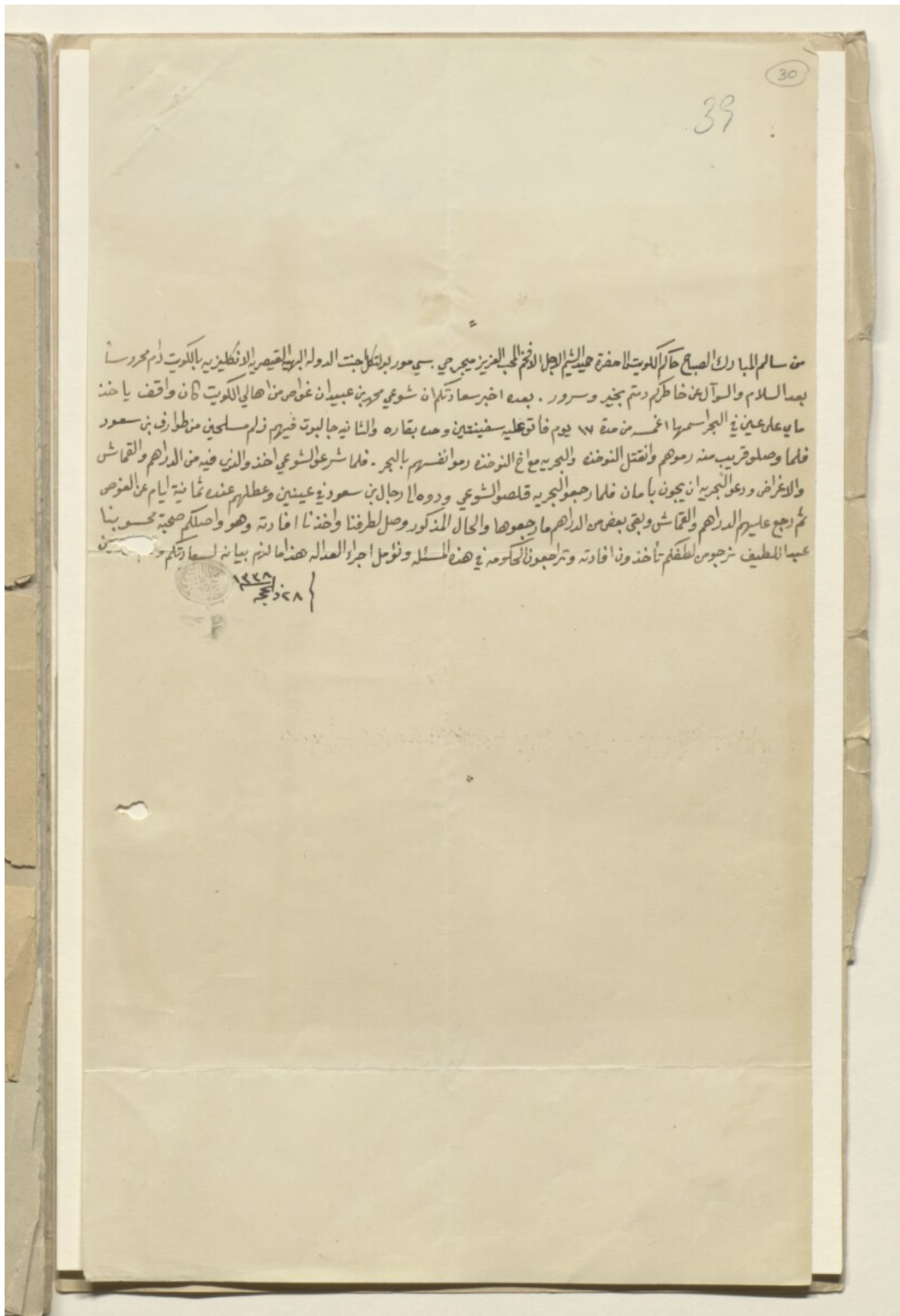
Political
293C

Ref No 167
11/9/20



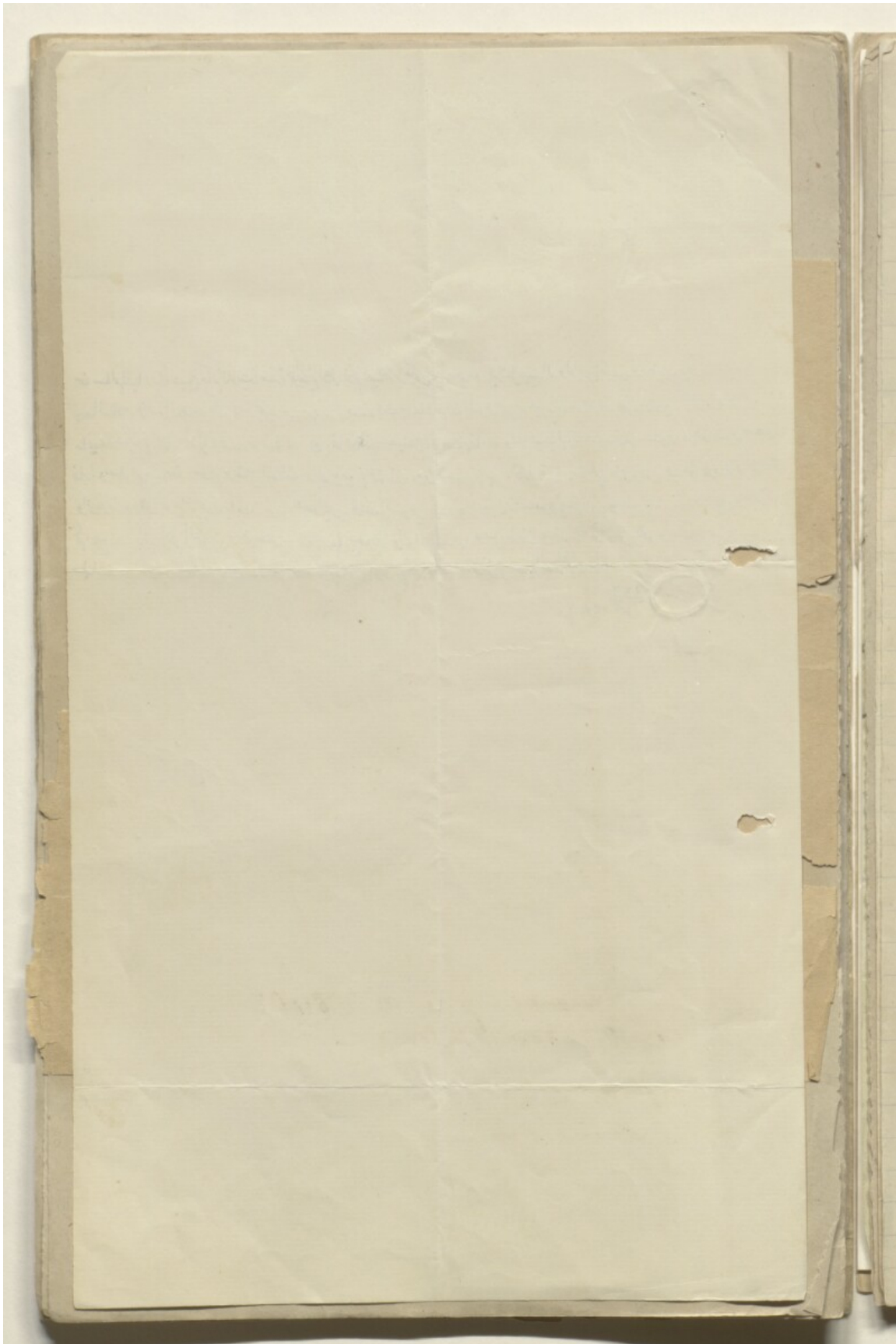
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa`ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [29v] (58/342)







[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa`ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [30v] (60/342)





40 (31)

From Salim al-Mubarak as Subah Ruler of Kuwait
To. Major J.C. Moore, Political Agent Kuwait.
A.C. I have to inform you that ~~the~~ while, the vessel
of Muhammad bin 'Abdullah a pearler & a resident of
Kuwait, was fetching water from a fountain in the sea
which is called Ighmusah, has been attacked 17 days ago
by two boats one jolly boat & the other Bazarah, with
armed men, subject of Ibn Sa'ud and when they
came near they fired ^{at} them & the Nakhda was killed.
The sailors with the brother of the Nakhda, threw
themselves into the sea. When (the enemies) reached
the vessel, they took what was in it from money, &
pearls & other articles and they called the sailors to
return with safety (giving a word of honour). On the
return of the sailors the vessel was tied & taken
to Ibn Sa'ud's man in 'Ainain, where he detained
them ^{from pearling} there for eight days.
Then ~~he~~ he returned the pearls & the money
but some of the money has not been returned. Now
the above mentioned has arrived here & we have
taken his statement & he has been sent with our
man 'Abdul Latif. I hope you will kindly take his
evidence & to refer this matter to his Govt. & we
hope that a just action will be taken. U.S.
Dated 28th Shih Hiffah 1338 =
12th September 1920.

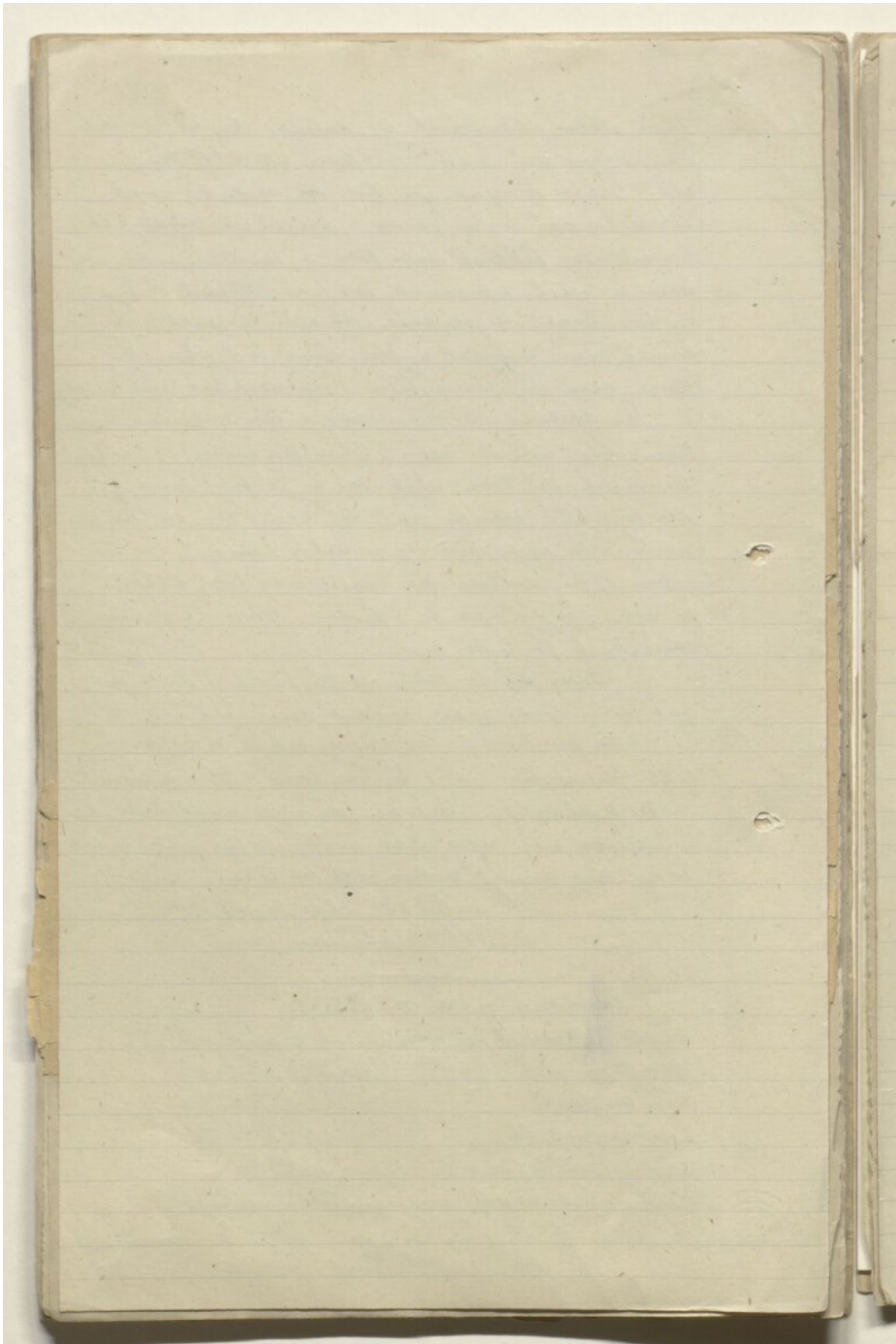
Examined by me on 14th Sept.

Fahad bin 'Abdullah al-Mubarak	Abdullah bin Ahmad
Ahmad bin Hasan	Abdullah bin Saib
Tata' bin 'Adairi	Darwish bin Khalifah
Sulaiman as Salim	Mahmud bin Matu'
Said al-Bilai of Zubair	Ahmad bin Sa'id
Muhsin bin Muhammad of Amarah	Khatib bin Khalifah

J.C.M.



[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa`ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [31v] (62/342)





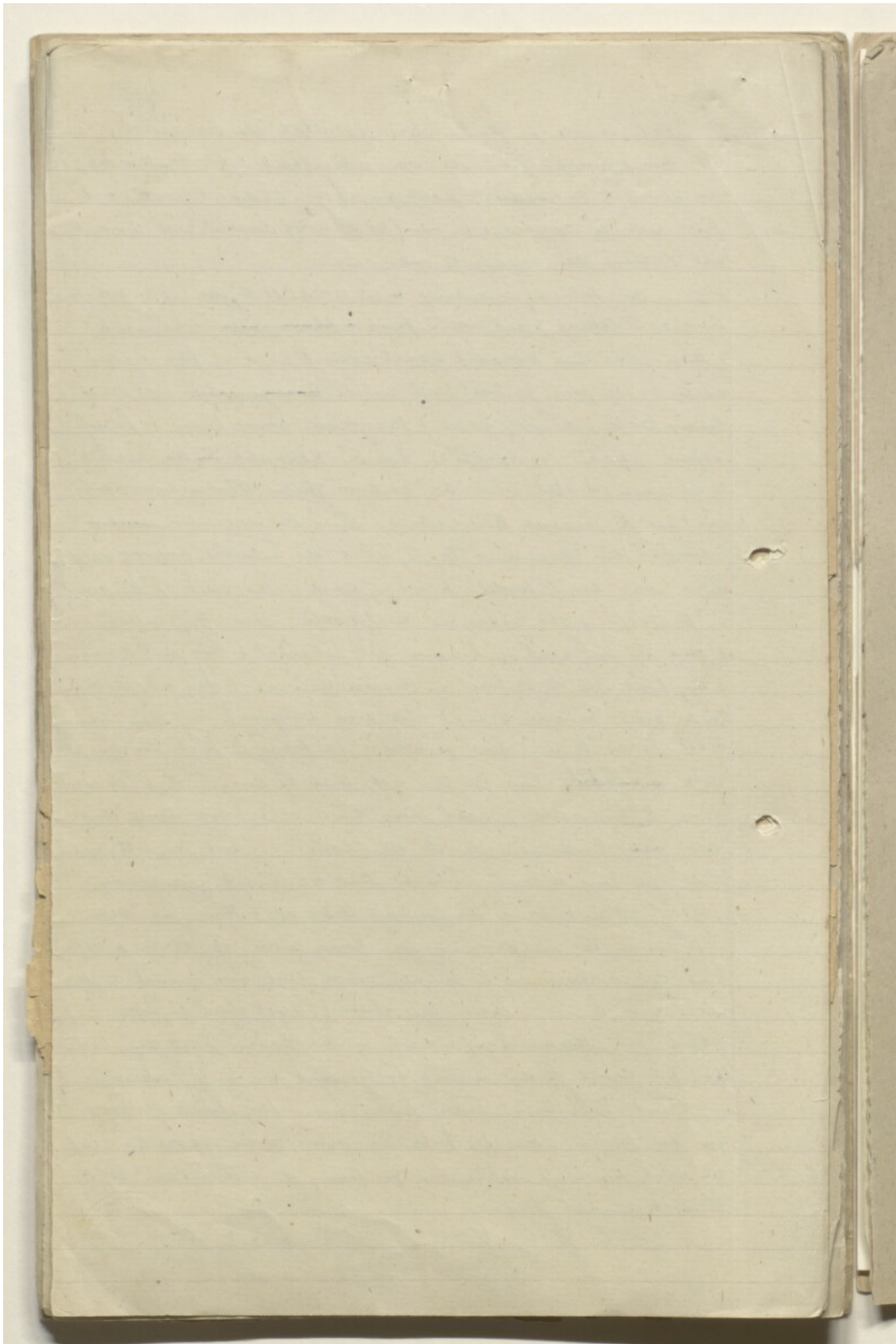
42 (32)

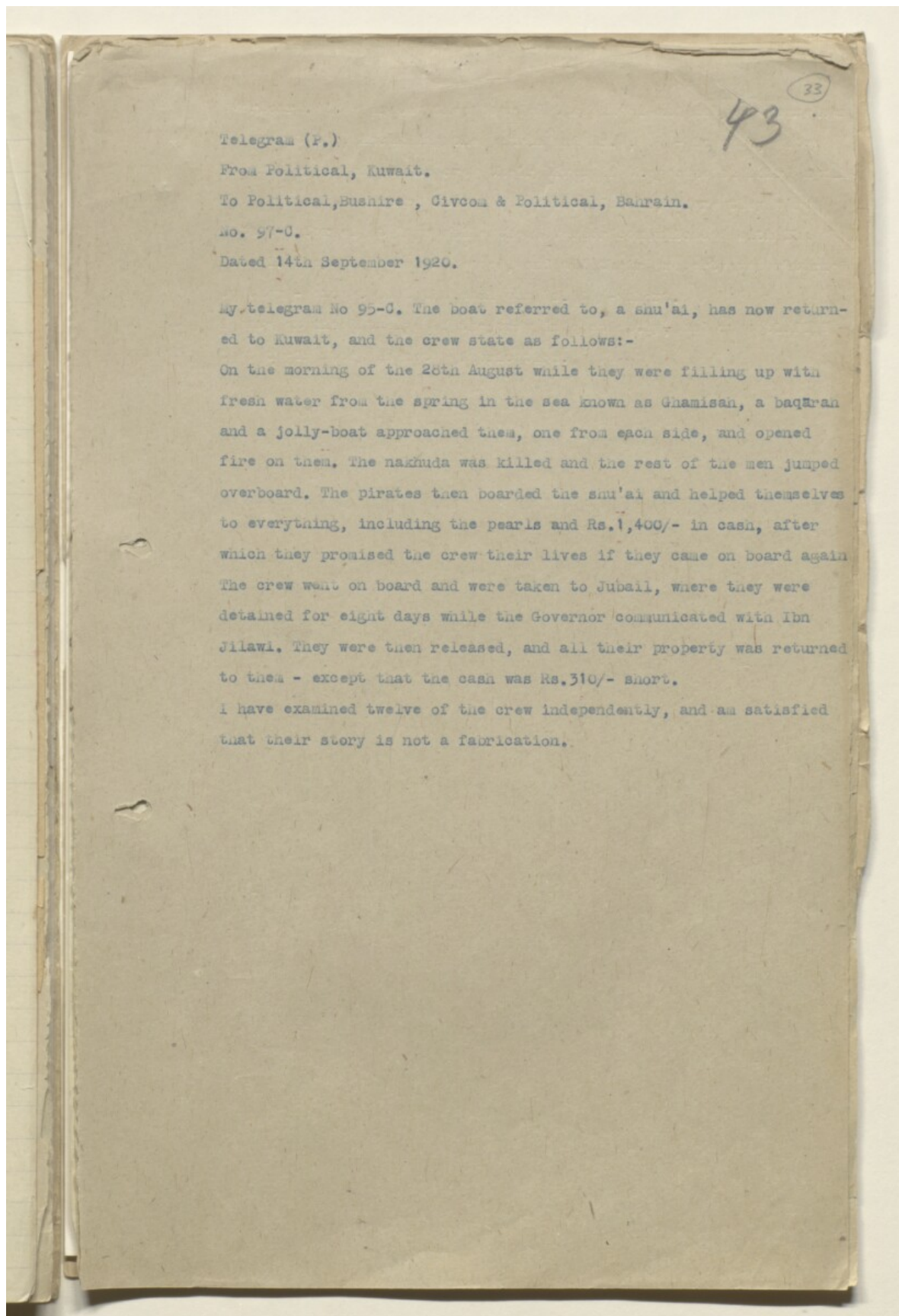
Statement of Fahid bin Abdullah 'Aubaidan
He has arrived here. He was assistant to his brother, ~~hus~~
bin Abdullah 'Aubaidan Nakhda of the Shu'ai (vessel) and
there were 10 oars + 12 men (for pulling oars) with him +
all of them are residents of Kuwait.

On Saturday morning on the 13th Shill Hijrah 1338, we were
anchored taking fresh water from a place called Ghamrah
+ there were two Kuwait boats round us, but far + also
some boats from Jubail and while taking water we were
taking water, a jolly boat + Bagarah came to us + fired
seven shots, one of which hit the Nakhda in the head +
died immediately and the sailors threw themselves into
the sea to rescue themselves. Then the enemies went on
boarded the vessel + took what they wanted, among which
there was some pearls + money cash. The cost of the pearls
is Rs 700/- + the money is Rs 1,400/- Then they called us
+ gave us the word of honour, we returned + boarded the vessel
+ they took us to Jubail. On our arrival to the shore, they
took our rudder + kept two men to guard us, then we
were taken to the Amir where we found that the people
were ~~saying~~ ^{blaming} him for this act, but he denied that it was
done by his order + said that these who have done this
act, ~~are~~ have done it with their Cons, but they all replied
that you have ordered us to do that + without your (order)
we could not have the courage to do so + this your arms
with us is the evidence + you have given it to us + before
that you ordered us to attack on a Bahrain vessel + you
were with us. Then the Amir sent word to Ibn
Jalwi in Hassa + informed in the case. Eight days later
the reply came to the Amir to permit us + to return to
us what has been taken from us. They have returned
us the pearls correctly but the money was short Rs 310/-
we don't know of any reasons for taking it + then we left
them + arrived here.



[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa`ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [32v] (64/342)





Telegram (P.)

From Political, Kuwait.

To Political, Bushire, Civcon & Political, Bahrain.

No. 97-C.

Dated 14th September 1920.

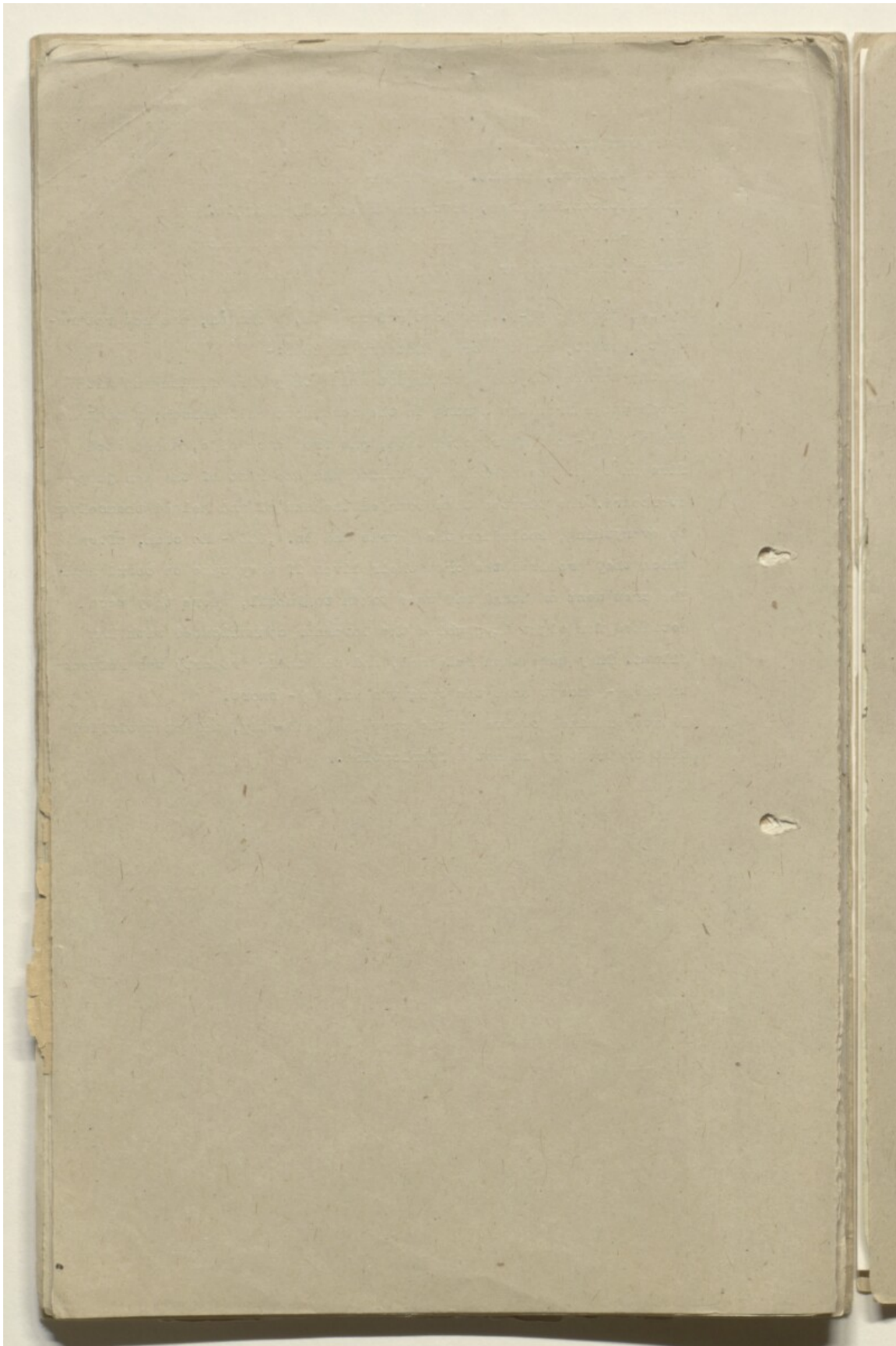
My telegram No 95-C. The boat referred to, a shu'ai, has now returned to Kuwait, and the crew state as follows:-

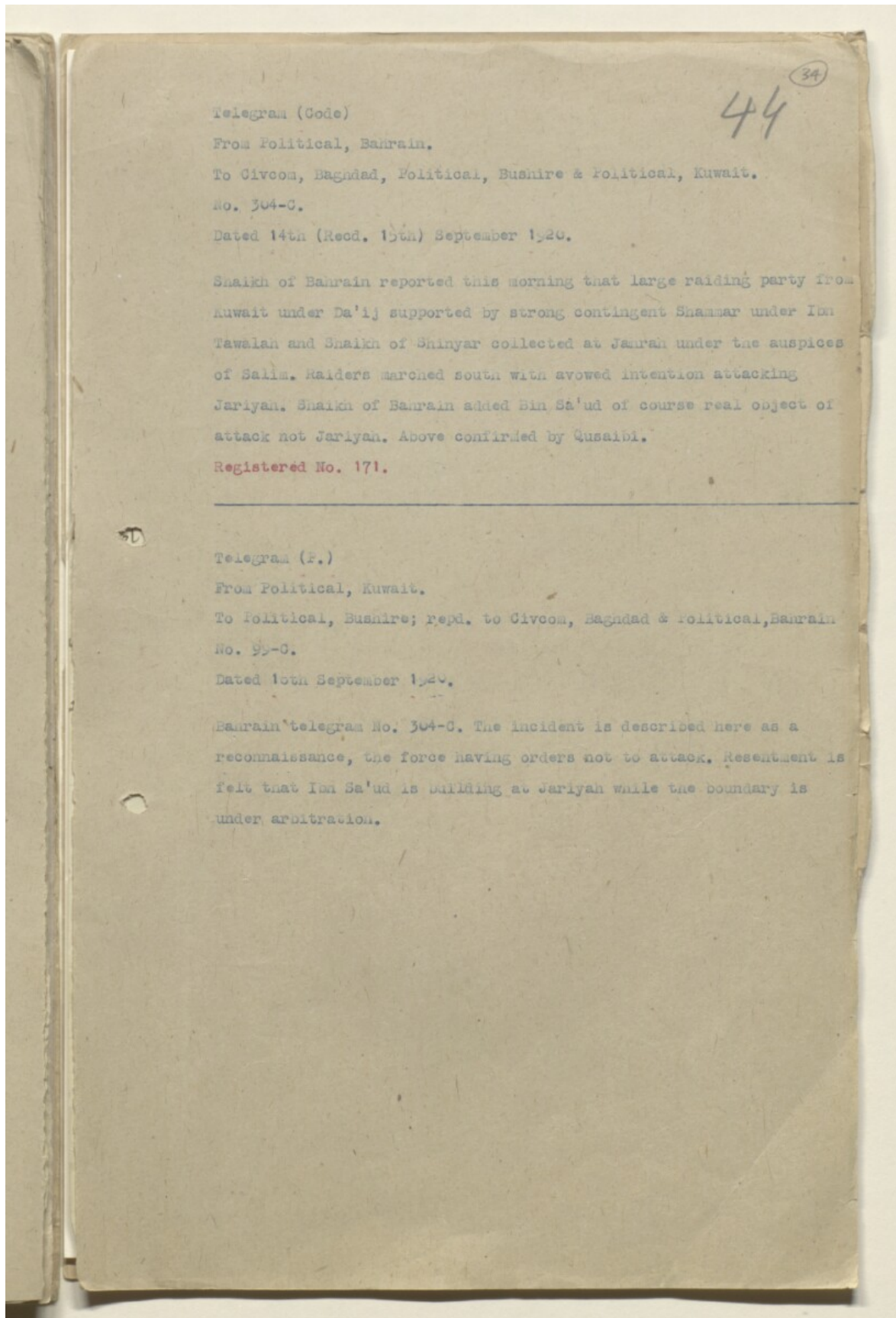
On the morning of the 28th August while they were filling up with fresh water from the spring in the sea known as Ghamisan, a baqran and a jolly-boat approached them, one from each side, and opened fire on them. The nakhuda was killed and the rest of the men jumped overboard. The pirates then boarded the shu'ai and helped themselves to everything, including the pearls and Rs.1,400/- in cash, after which they promised the crew their lives if they came on board again. The crew went on board and were taken to Jubail, where they were detained for eight days while the Governor communicated with Ibn Jilawi. They were then released, and all their property was returned to them - except that the cash was Rs.310/- short.

I have examined twelve of the crew independently, and am satisfied that their story is not a fabrication.



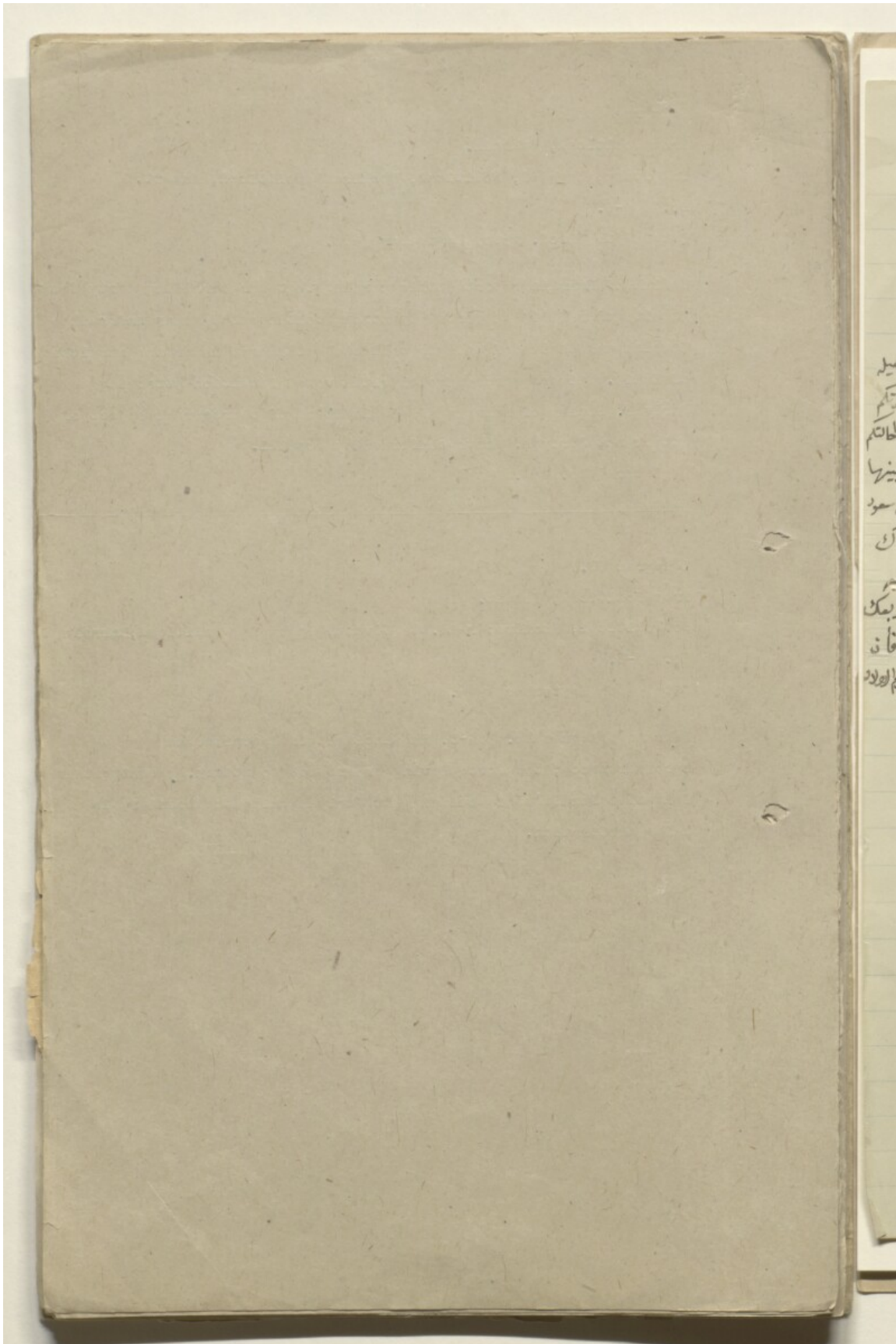
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa`ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [33v] (66/342)

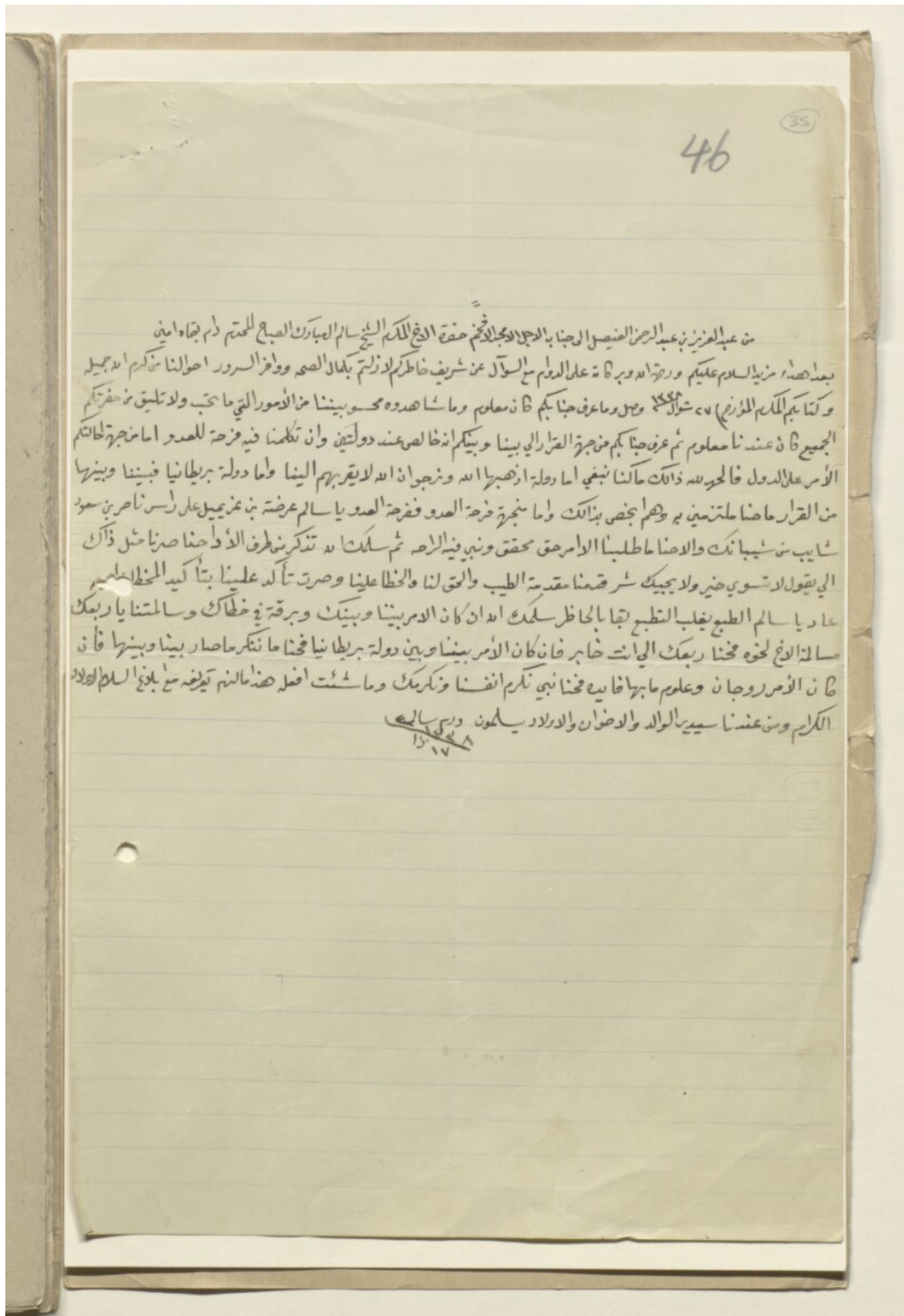






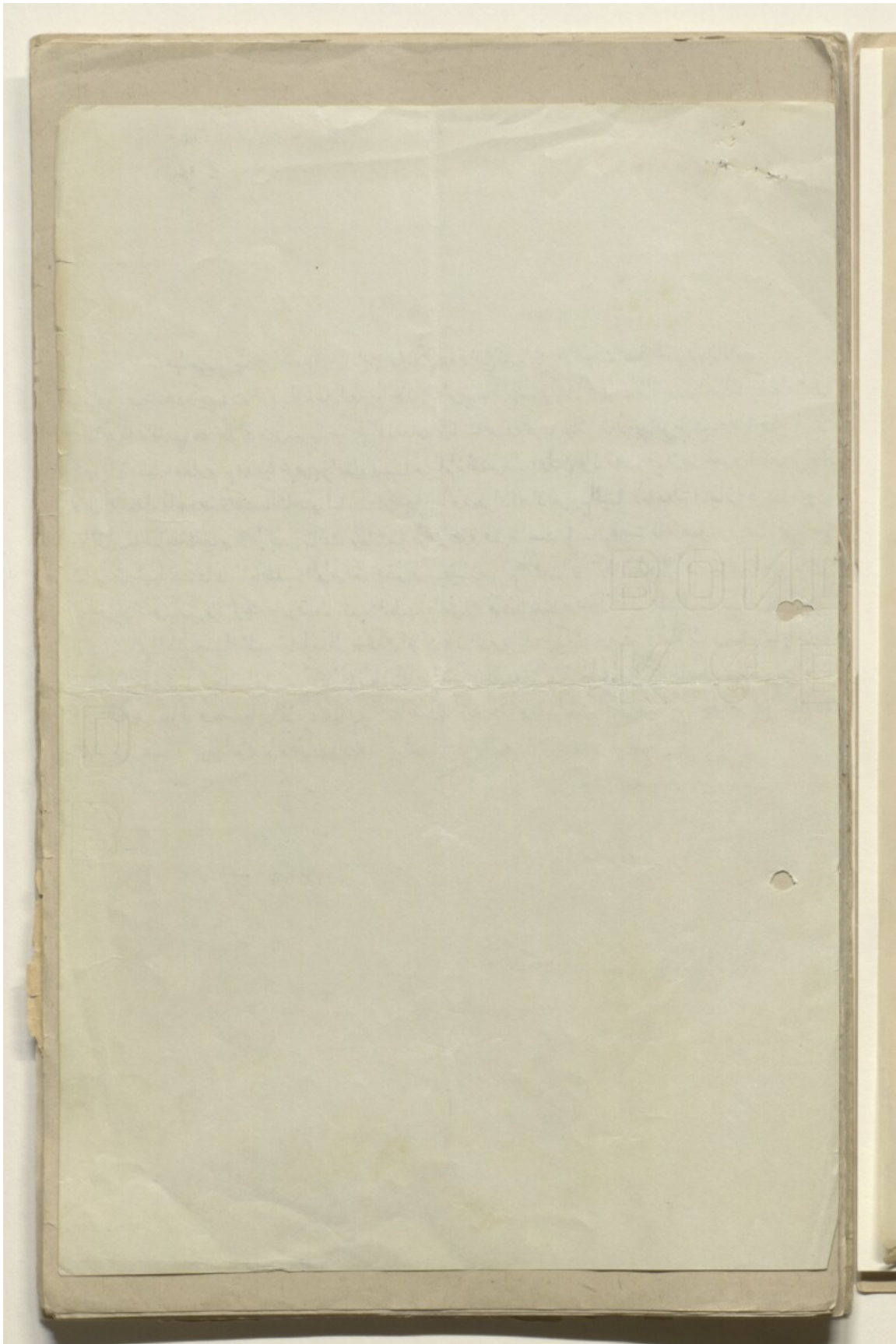
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa`ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [34v] (68/342)

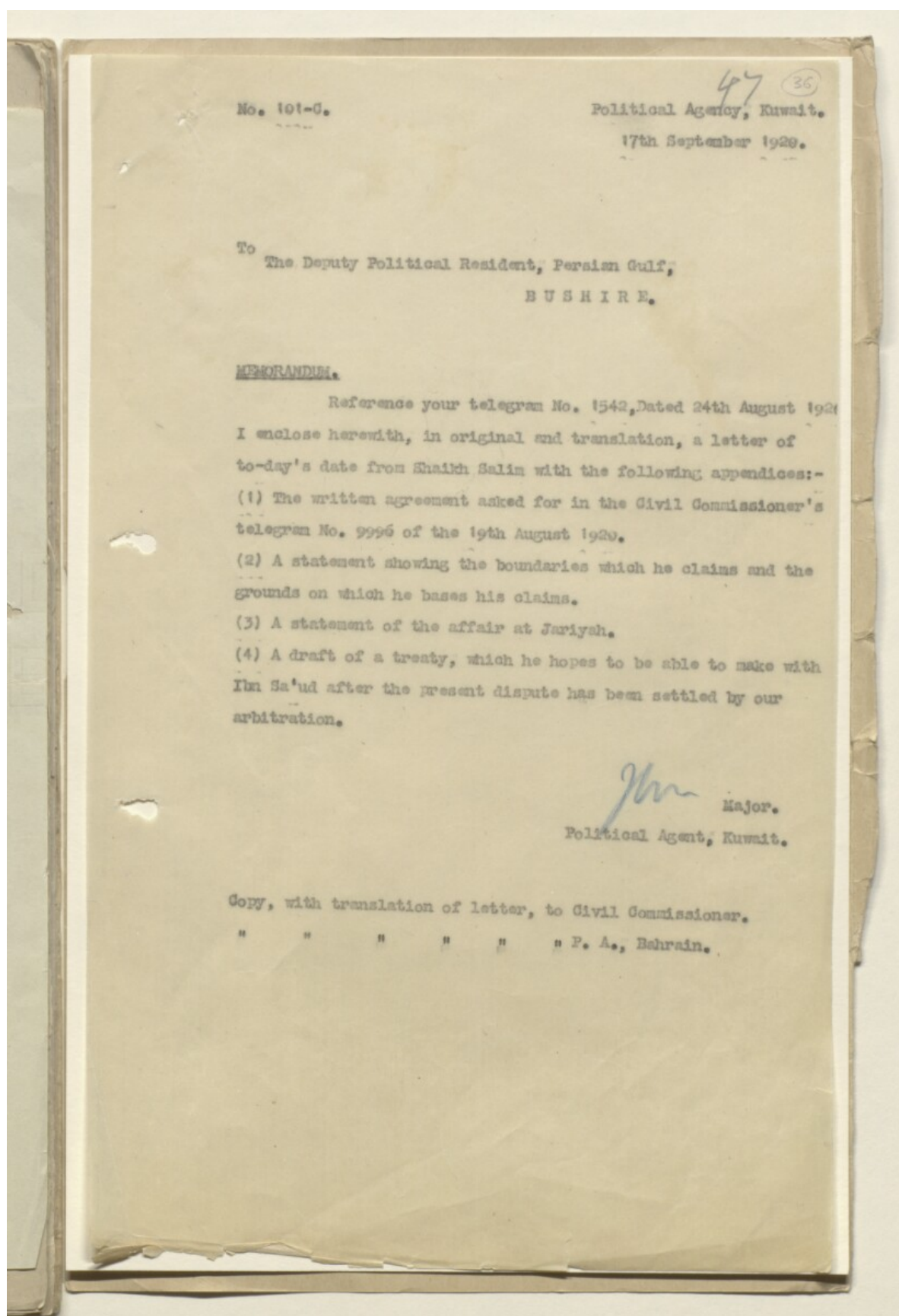






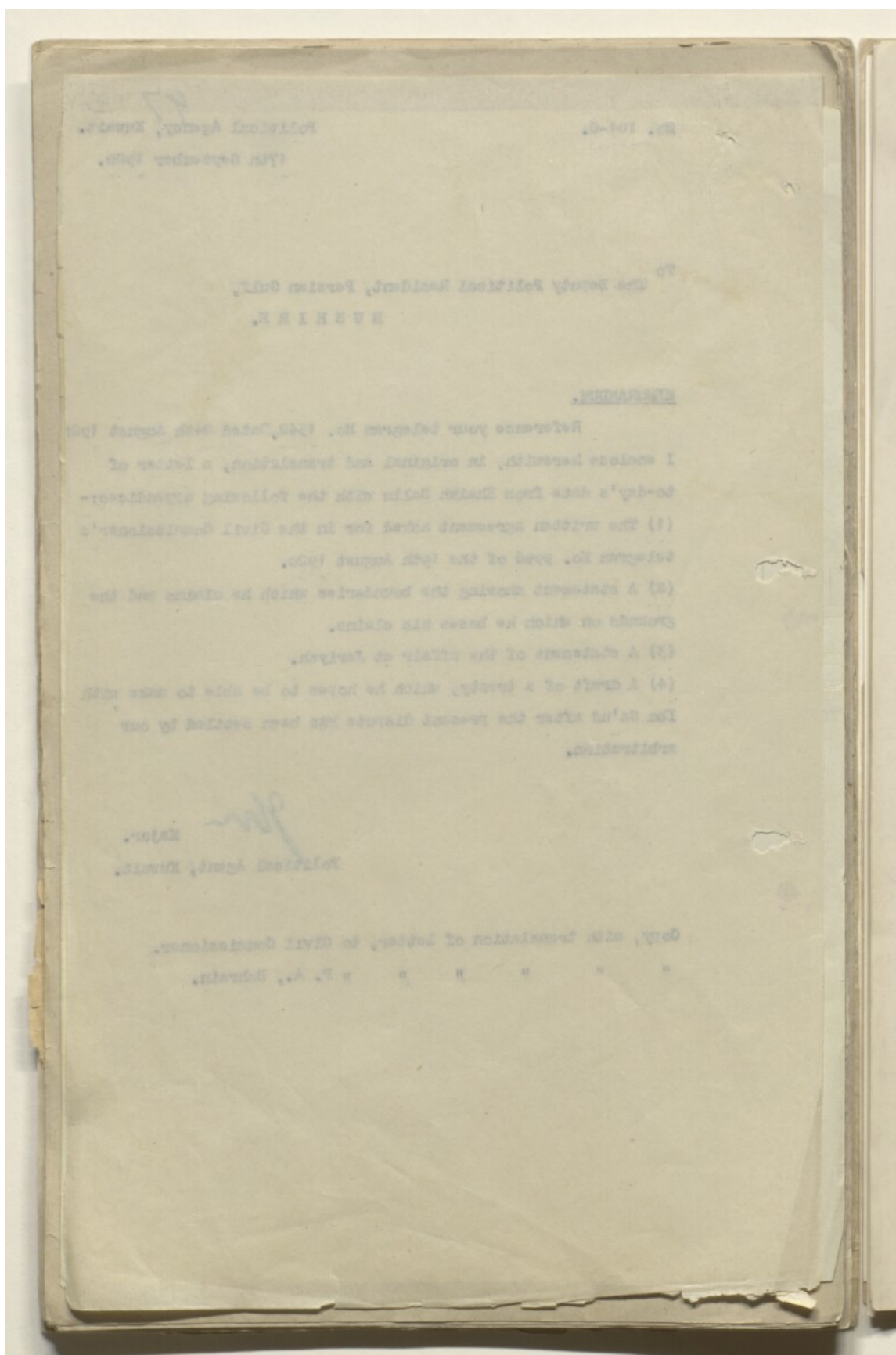
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa`ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [35v] (70/342)





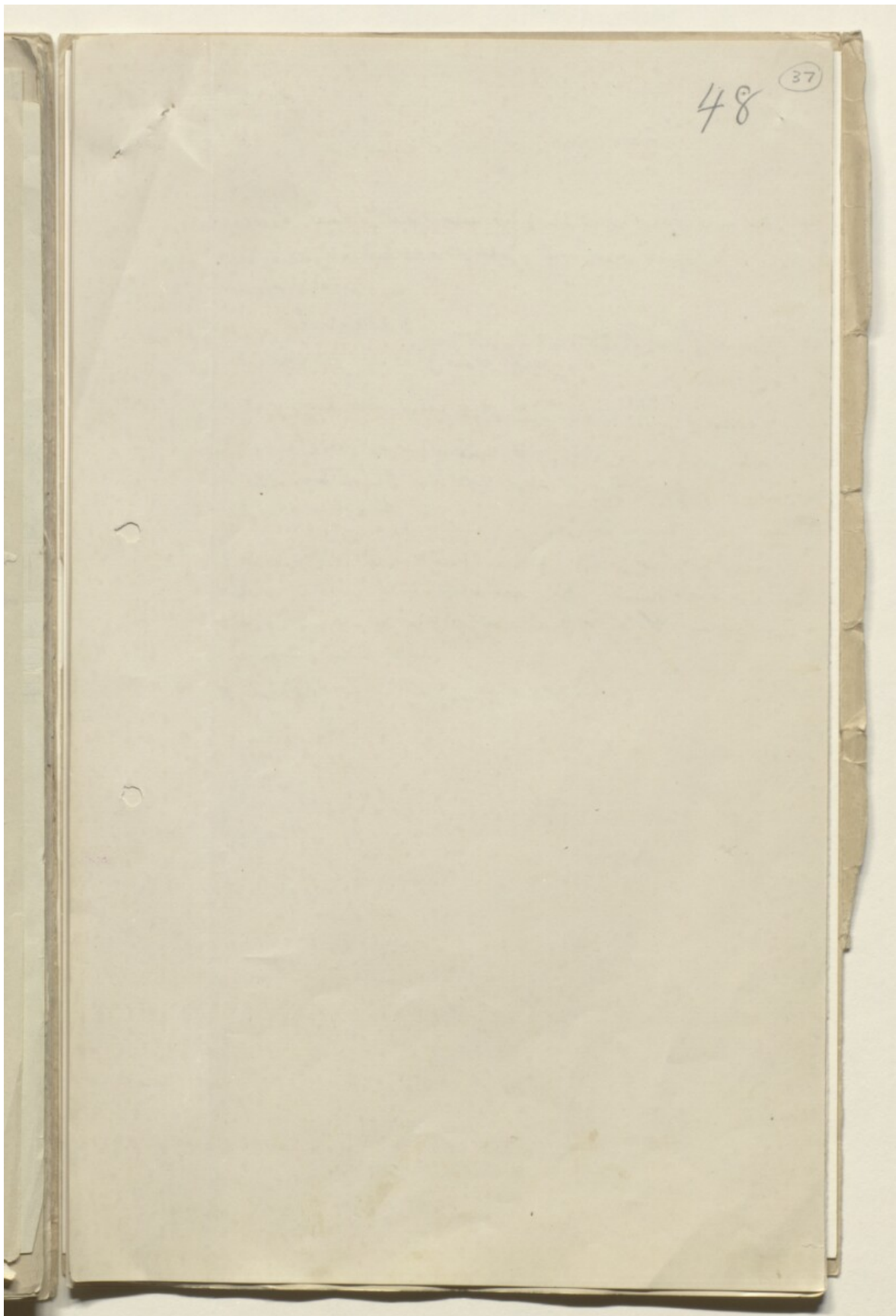


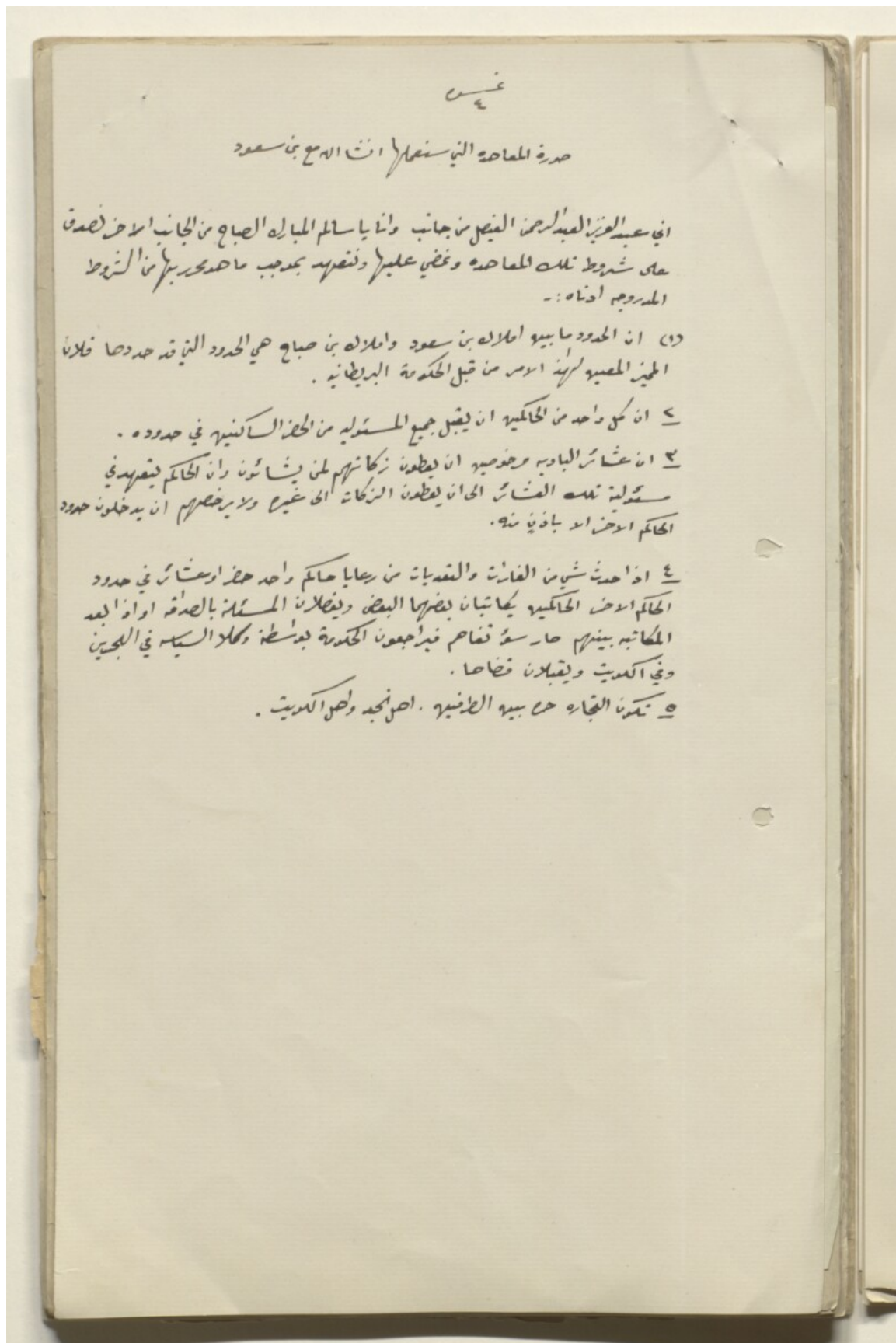
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan
[36v] (72/342)





[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa`ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [37r] (73/342)





عيسى

صدر المعاهدة التي ستمل انت الهم بن سعود

اني عبيد العبد الرحمن الفضل من جانب وانا يا سلم المباله الصباغ من الجانب الاخر لصدق
على شروط تلك المعاهدة ونفسي عليه ونفسي عليه ما يجب ما يجب من الشروط
المدرجه ادناه :-

١) ان الحدود ما بينو املاك بن سعود واملاك بن صباغ هي الحدود التي قد حددها فلان
الميز المعينو لرنة الامر من قبل الحكومة البريطانية .

٢) ان كل واحد من الحاكمين ان يقبل جميع المسؤلية من الحكم الكتيه في حدوده .

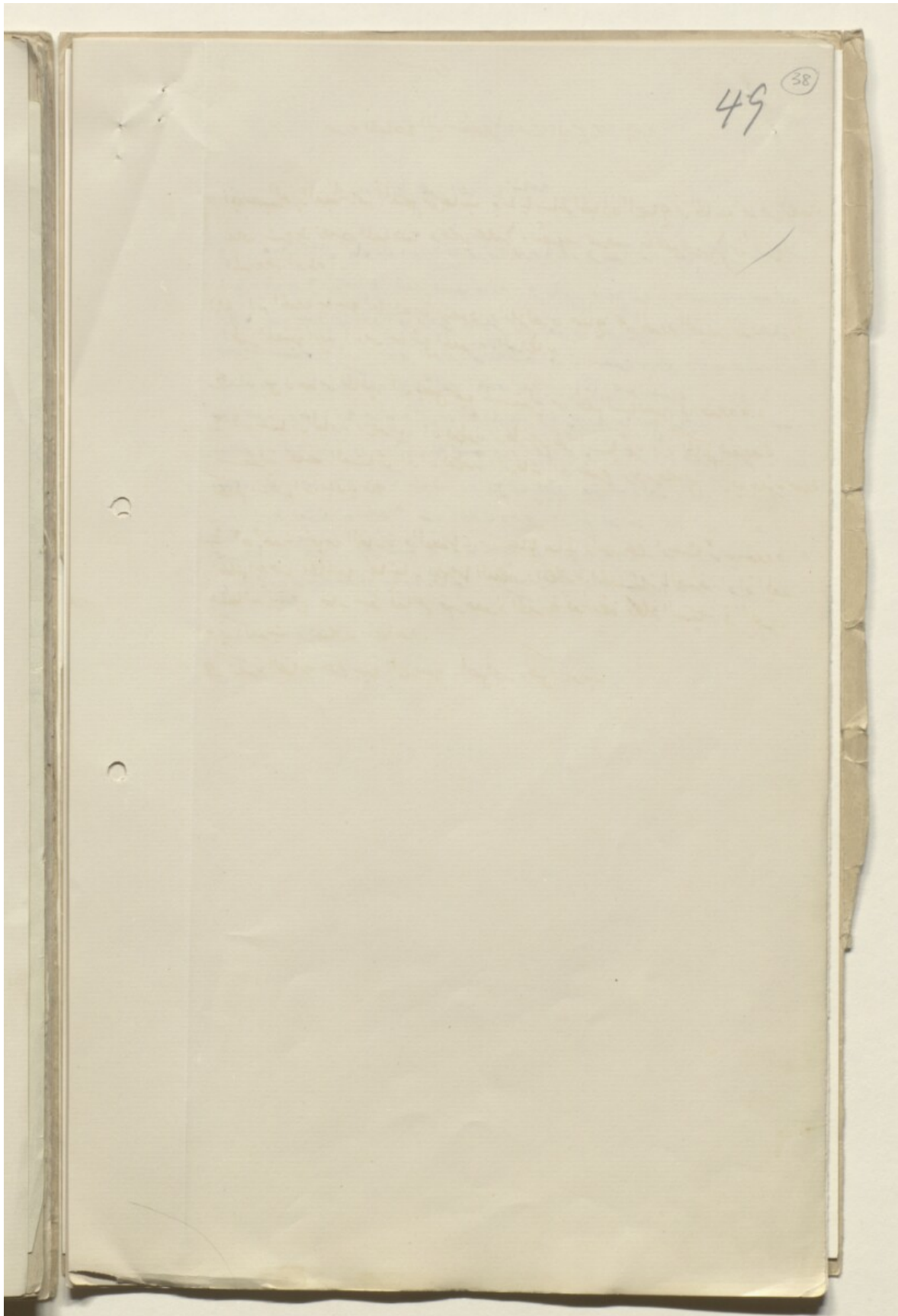
٣) ان عسكر البادية وخدمه ان يظهروا زكائهم لمن يشاءون ان الحاكم يقهره في
مسؤلية نفسه العسكر الى ان يظهروا الزكاه الى غير ولا يصرهم ان يدخلون حدود
الحاكم الاخر او يادون .

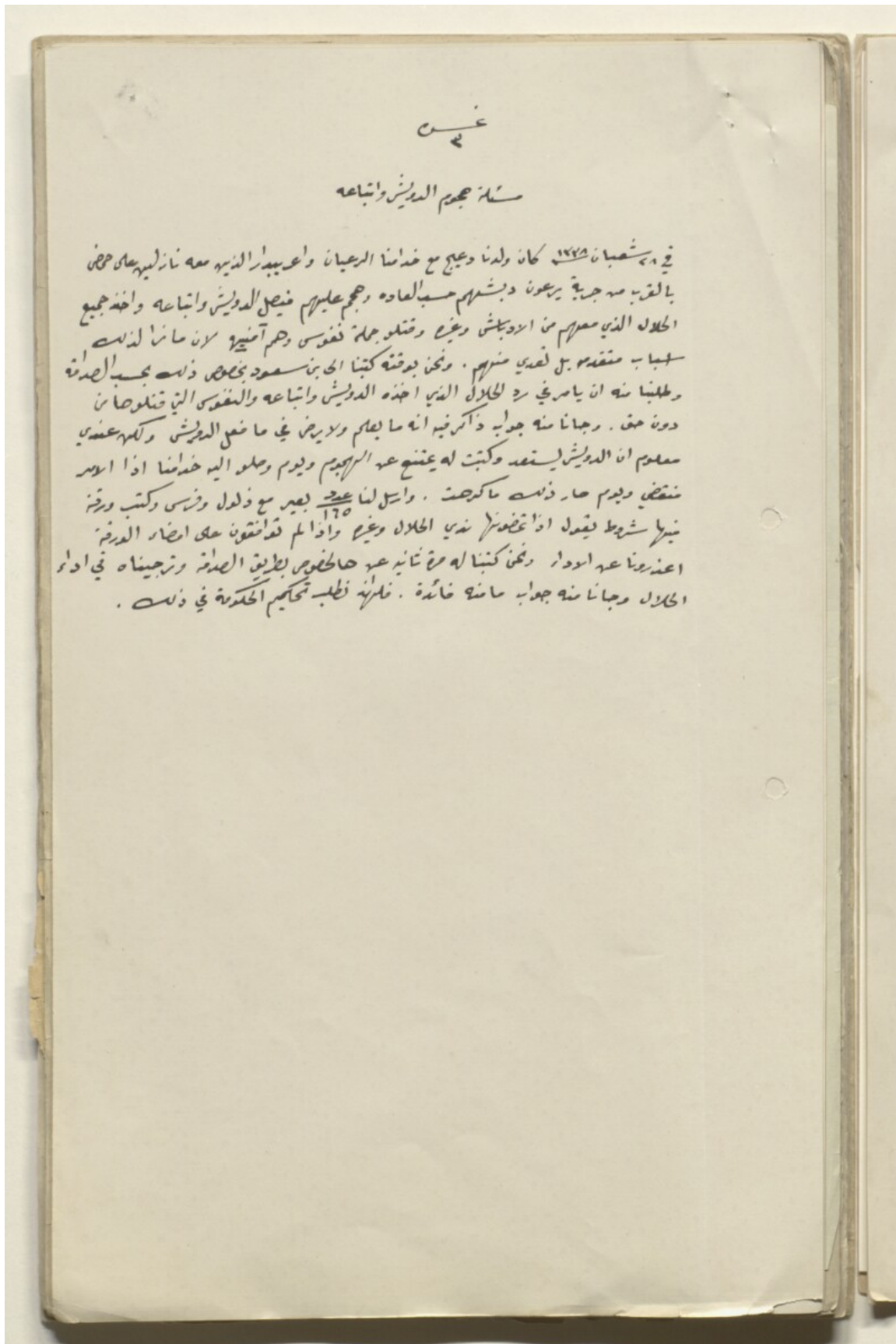
٤) اذا حدث شئ من الفاسد والقبيات من عابا حاكم واحد حظا او عسكر في حدود
الحاكم الاخر الحاكمين يجانبان بعضهما البعض ويقتلان المسئله بالصدقه او اذ البعد
المخاتبه بينهم حارسه فقام فبجعت الحكومة بدسطة وكلا السيف في البحرين
وفي الكويت ويقتلان قضاها .

٥) ستمد القهار من سيرة الطرفين . اصل نجد واصل الكويت .



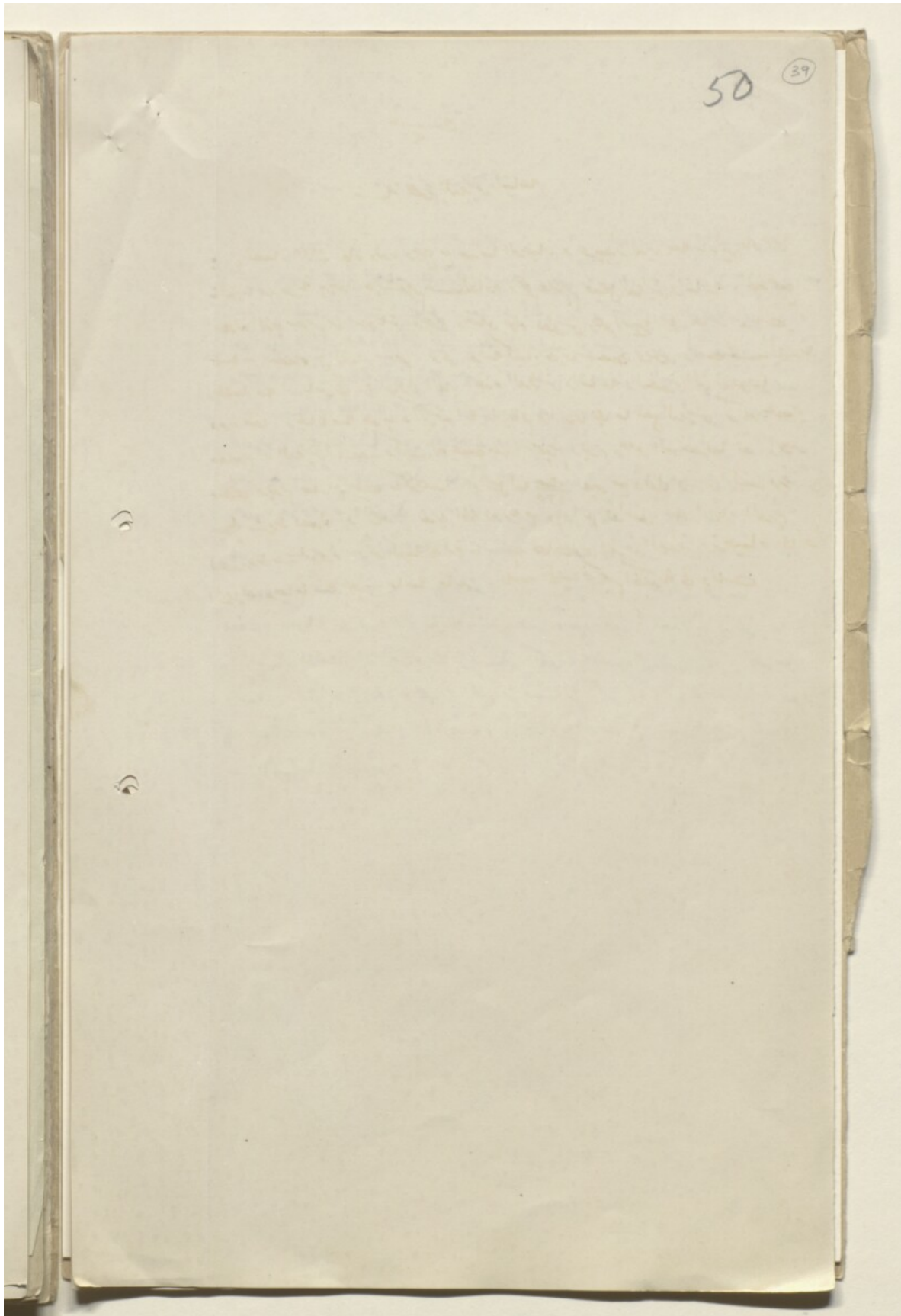
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa`ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [38r] (75/342)

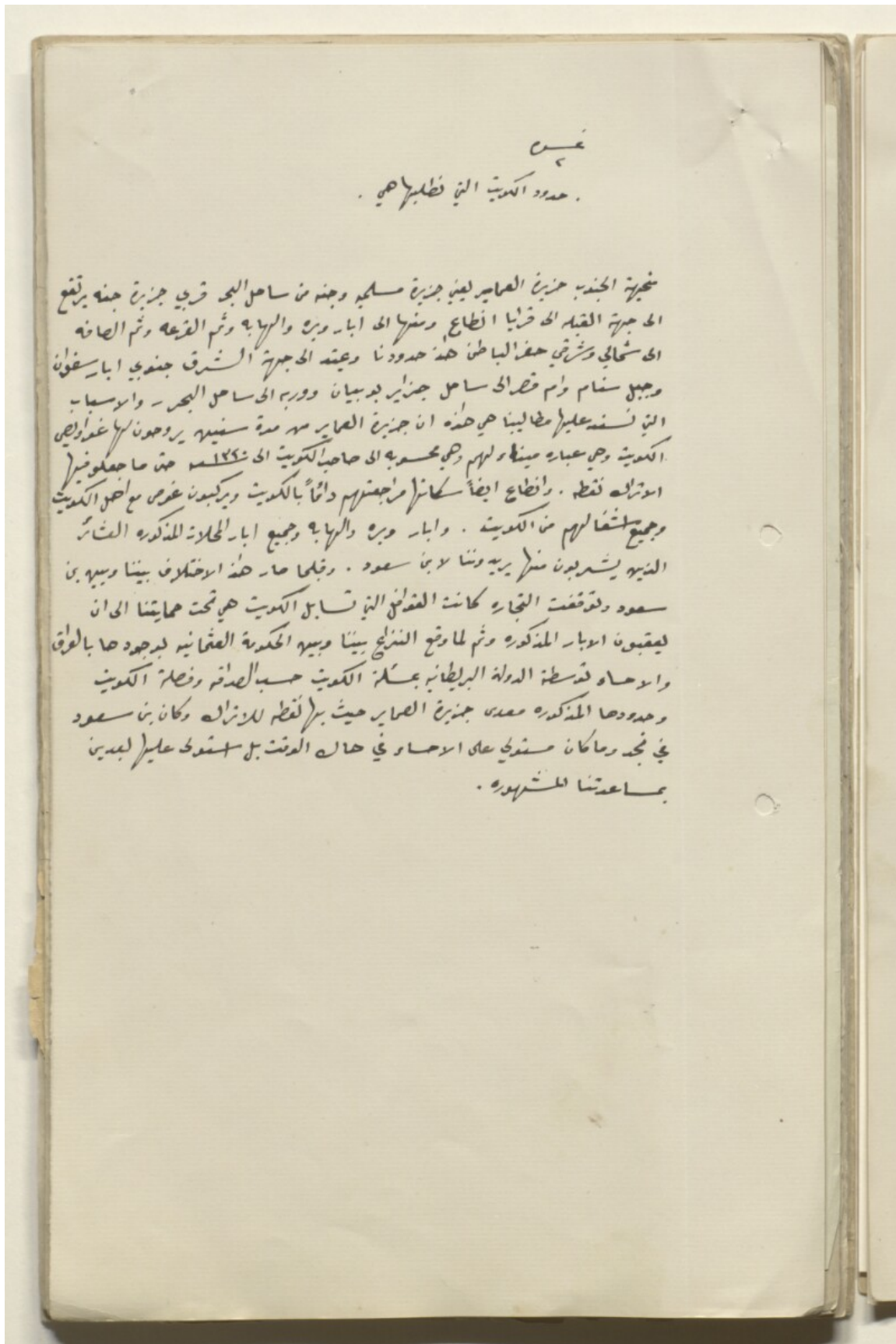






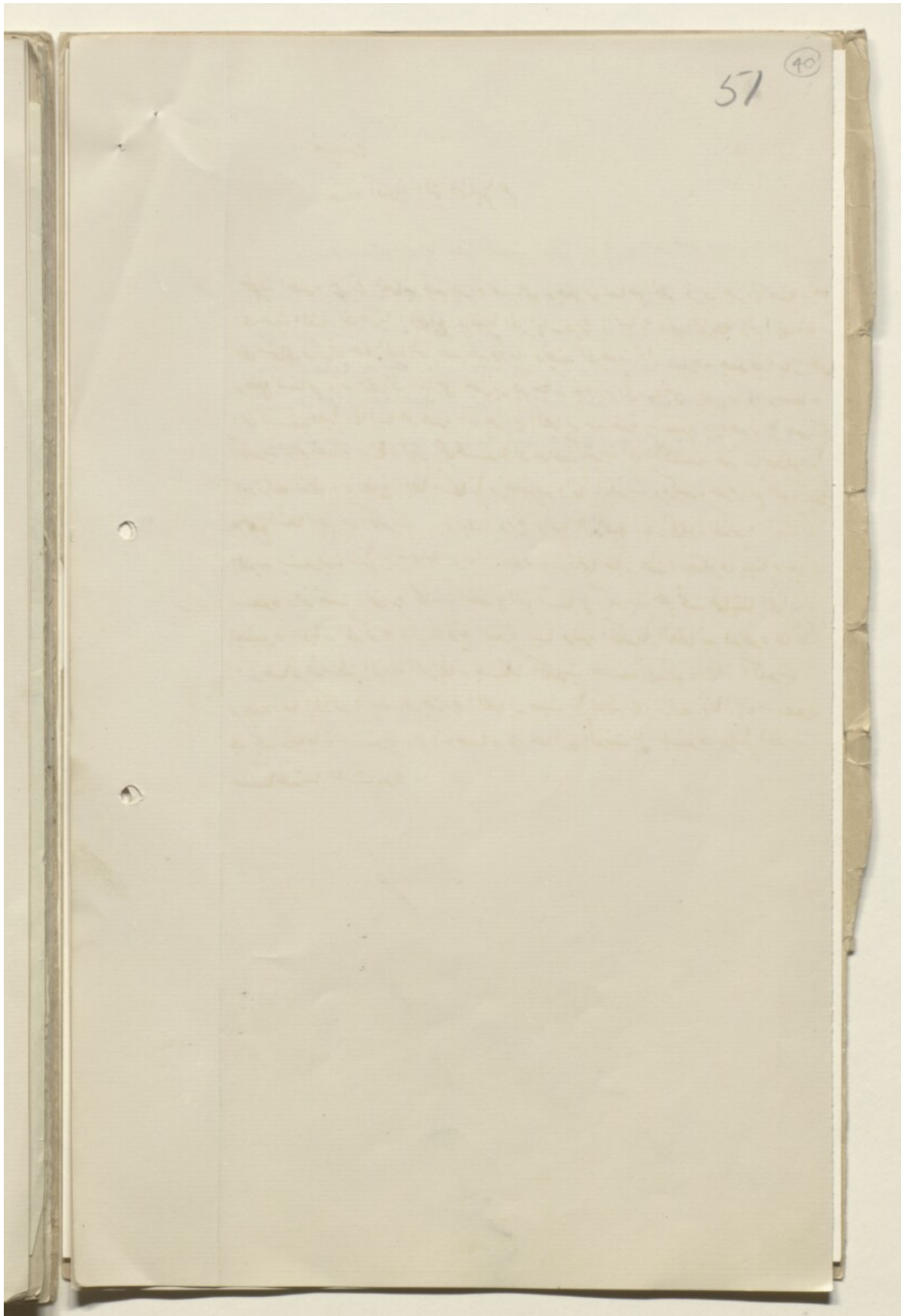
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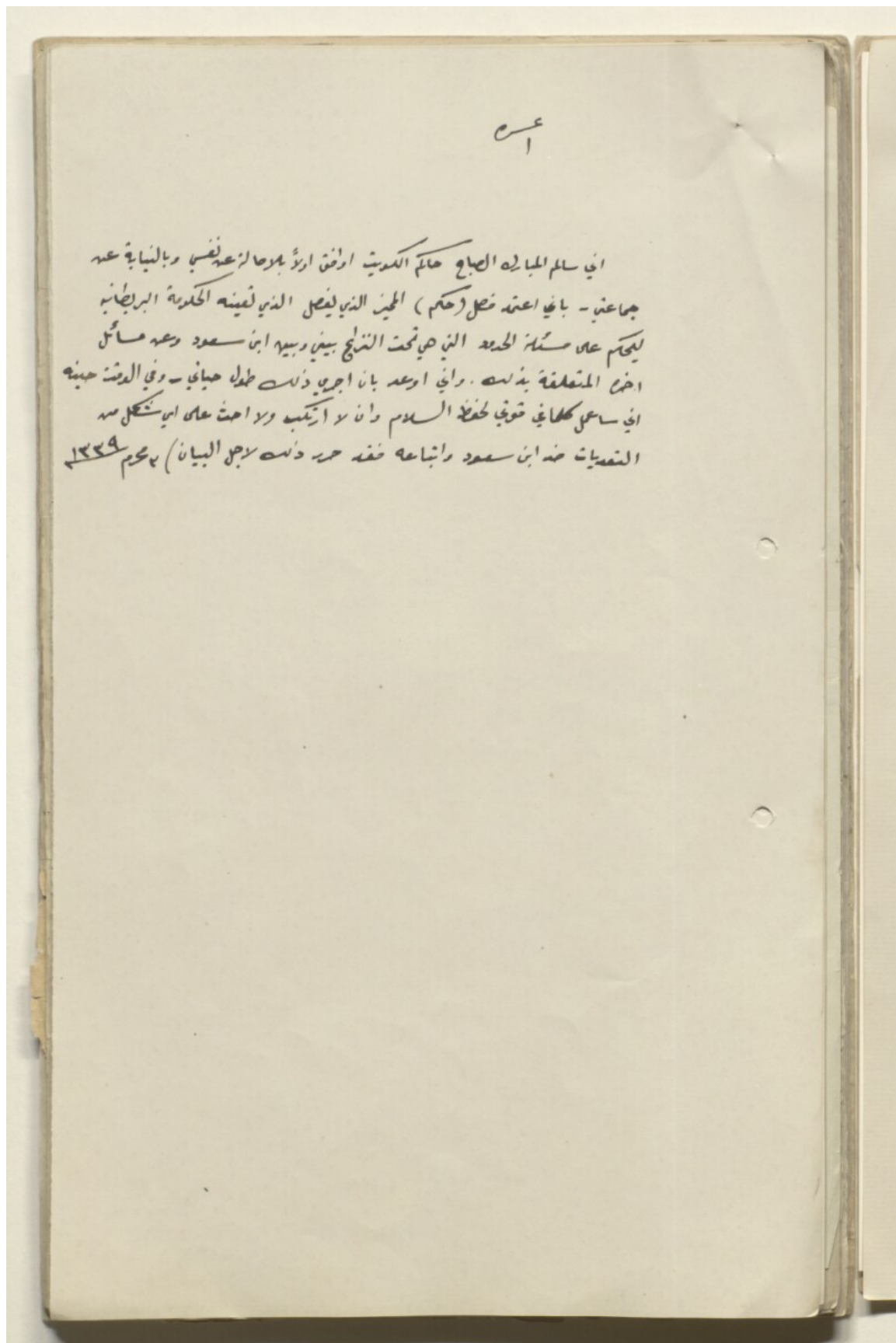






[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa`ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [40r] (79/342)

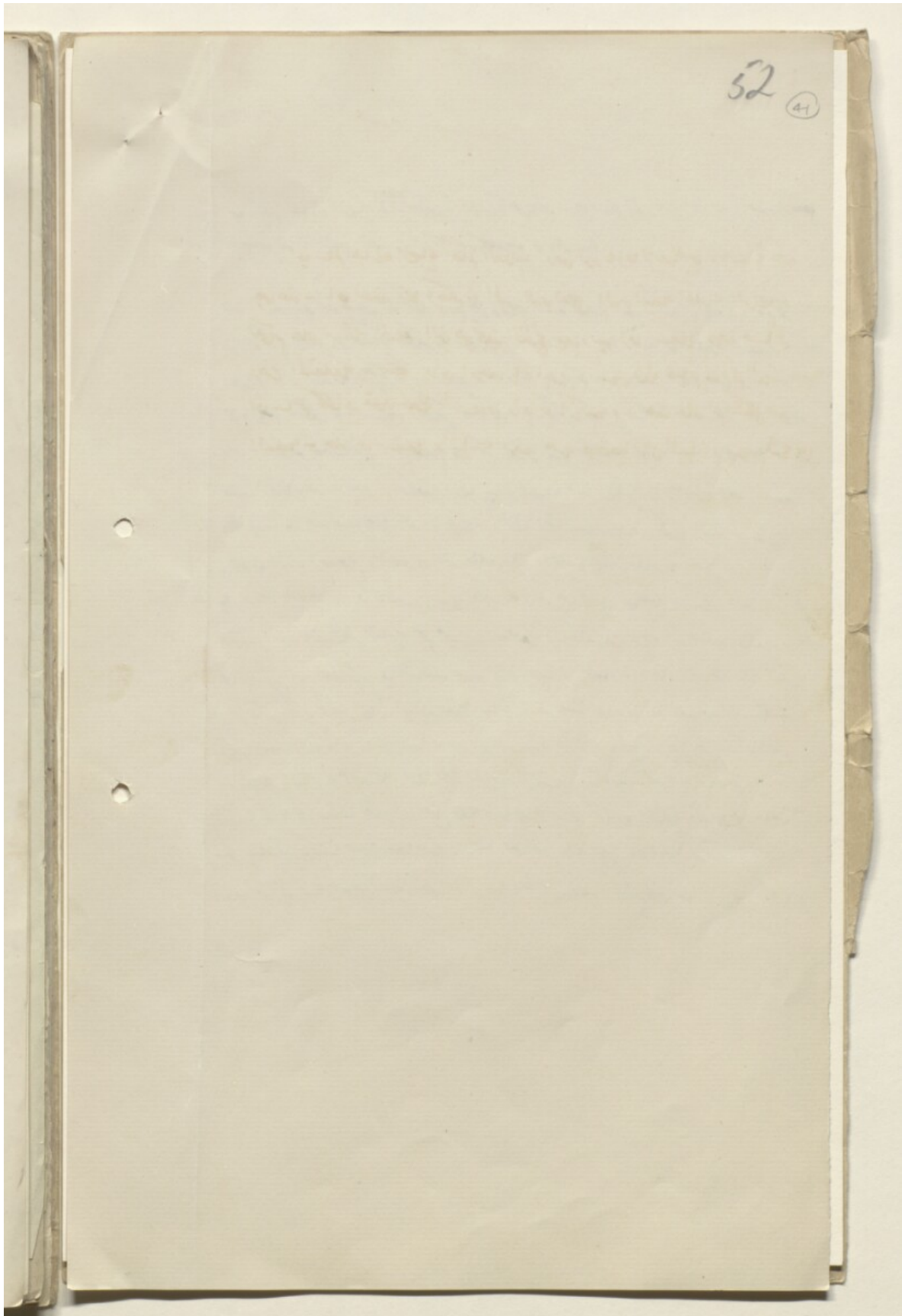




اي سلم المباركة الصباح حاكم الكويت ارفع ارضه وحواله عني وبالنسبة عنه
جماعتنا - باغي اعنه فصل (حكم) المميز الذي يفصل الذي يقينه الحكمة البريانية
ليحكم على سلة الحدة التي هي تحت التلج بيني وبينه ابن سعود وعنه ما
اخر المتعلقه به. راني اوسع بان اجري ذلك طول حياتي - وفي الوقت حينه
اي ساعلي كل ما في قوتي لحفظ السلام وان لا اتركه ولا احث على اي شكل منه
التفديت منه ابن سعود واتباعه فقد حرره ذلك لاجل البيان) بمحرم ١٢٤٩



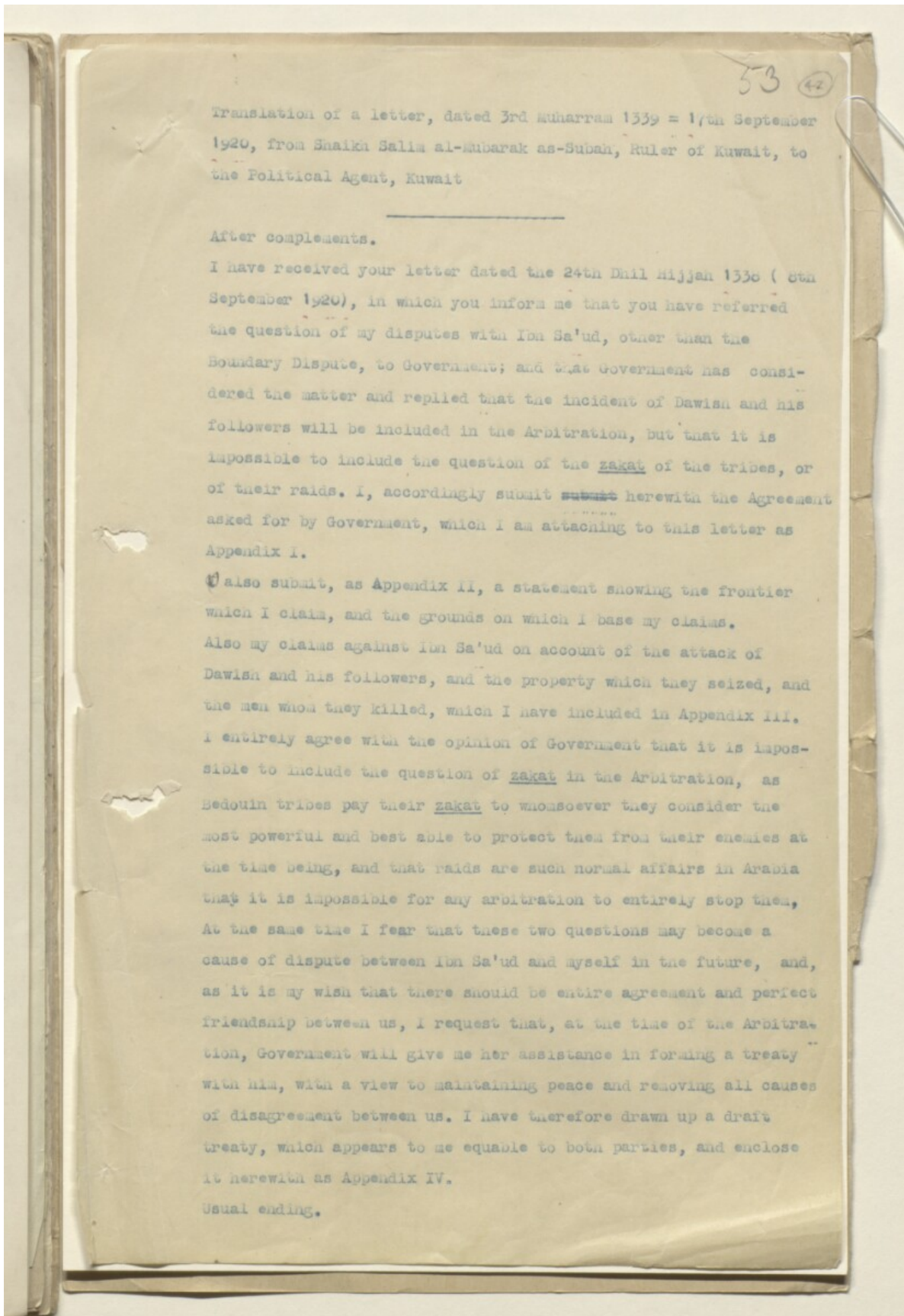
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa`ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [41r] (81/342)





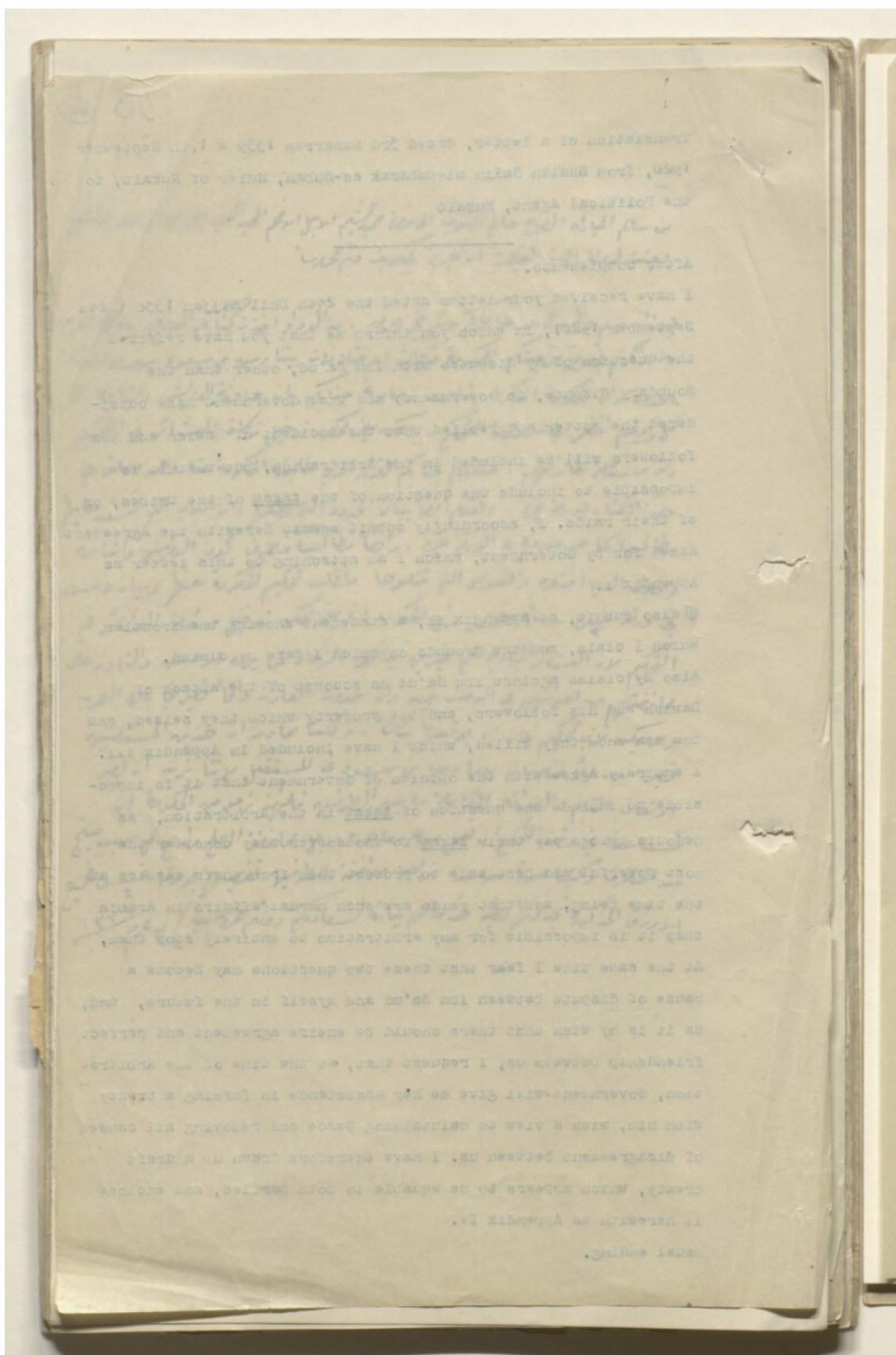
من سلم المباداة الصالح حاكم الكويت الى حلفاء حبيبتهم الرجل الوهم الحب العزيز بجي جي كى معور بدلفيل
اجبت لدولة البرية العنصرية الاخلاصية بكموت دلم حورس

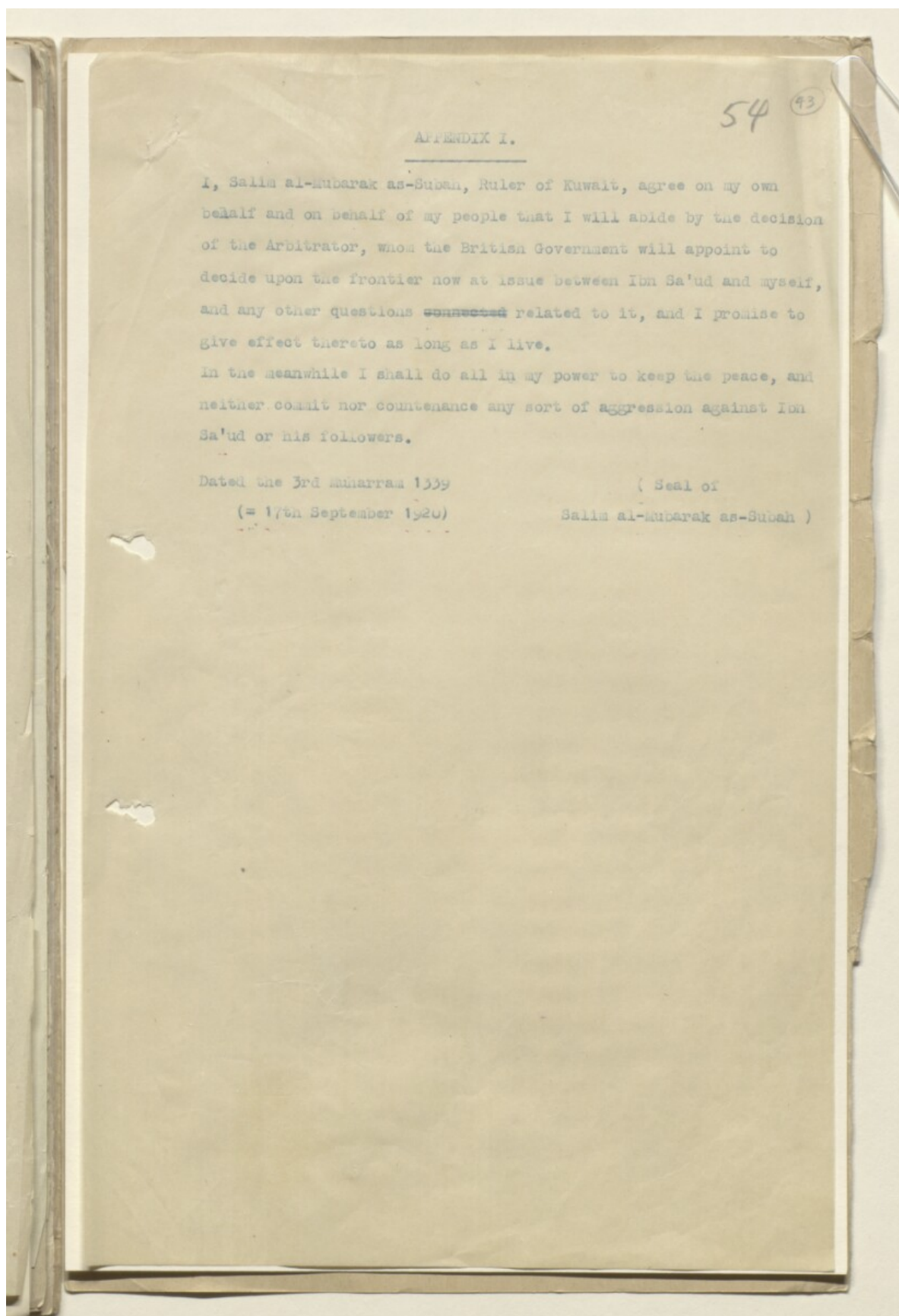
بعد السلام والى الله خاتمة دنتم بجزر ورور . به الدواد اخذت كتابهم المدفع ، ذوالحج ١٢٢٨
بهم ذكركم بخص من اجبتكم الحكومة فظنوا الاختلافات بينا وبينه بن سعد معدى مسئلة
الحرد وان الحكومة اقتدرت بدلت وجارية جنابكم بان حادثة الدريش وانباعه من
كل وريتم تضمن في مسئلة الحكم . وكله بجزر حكمة تدخيل زكاة الفشار في الحكم
رو مسئلة غارنهم . فنقدم جنابكم القدر الذي طلبته الحكومة منا وهدم معلق في
هذه الكتاب بدرة غير . ونقدم ايضا بيان الحدود التي اطلبها والاسباب التي نطلبها
مطالينا كما حد مدبر في العرف غير . وايضا مطالينا فظنوا كعد الدريش وانباعه
والجلال الذي اخذوه والنفوس التي قتلوها وطلب تحكيم الحكومة عن بيان ذلك
في ورقة غير . ونسحق راي الحكومة انه بجزر حكمة تدخيل مسئلة الفشار في
الحكيم لان الفشار الباديه هم مخيريه يدعون الزكاة لمن يروه او حصد والفادر على
مخاضهم من اعدائهم في الوقت حينه وان حردش الفشار دائما قصر في بلاد العرب
وساكنه لارب تحكيم كان ان يدعوا بنانا . وكنتا نخادر ان هذيه المستنديه
تجربيه للاختلافات بينا وبينه بن سعد في المستقبل لوتنا نزيه ان ابر
الارتفاع القام والعداة العامة ما بينه الطرفين فلهذه زجدهم الحكومة ان
تساعدنا في وقت الحكم ان نصل معه معاهدة مدعي محافظة العلم والدفع كل سبب ينجي
منه اختلاف وكنتا حرد معاهدة نزاحا موقفه للطرفين تفصيله بدرة غير غير نجيع
او ورق المذكور بجزر اطلبه هذا نلم بيانه لصادقهم ودتم بخيريه (به يوم ١٢٢٩)





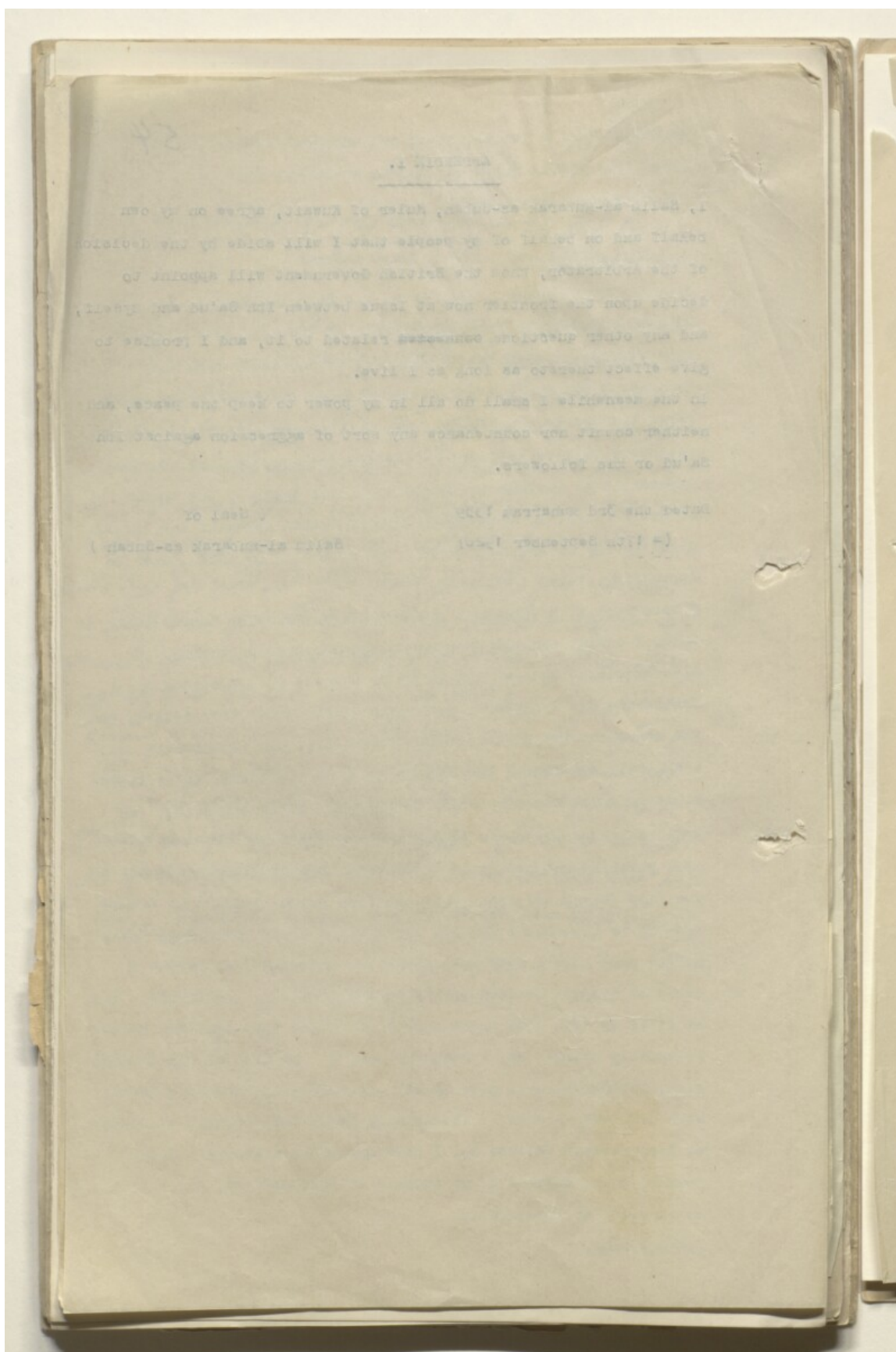
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [42v] (84/342)

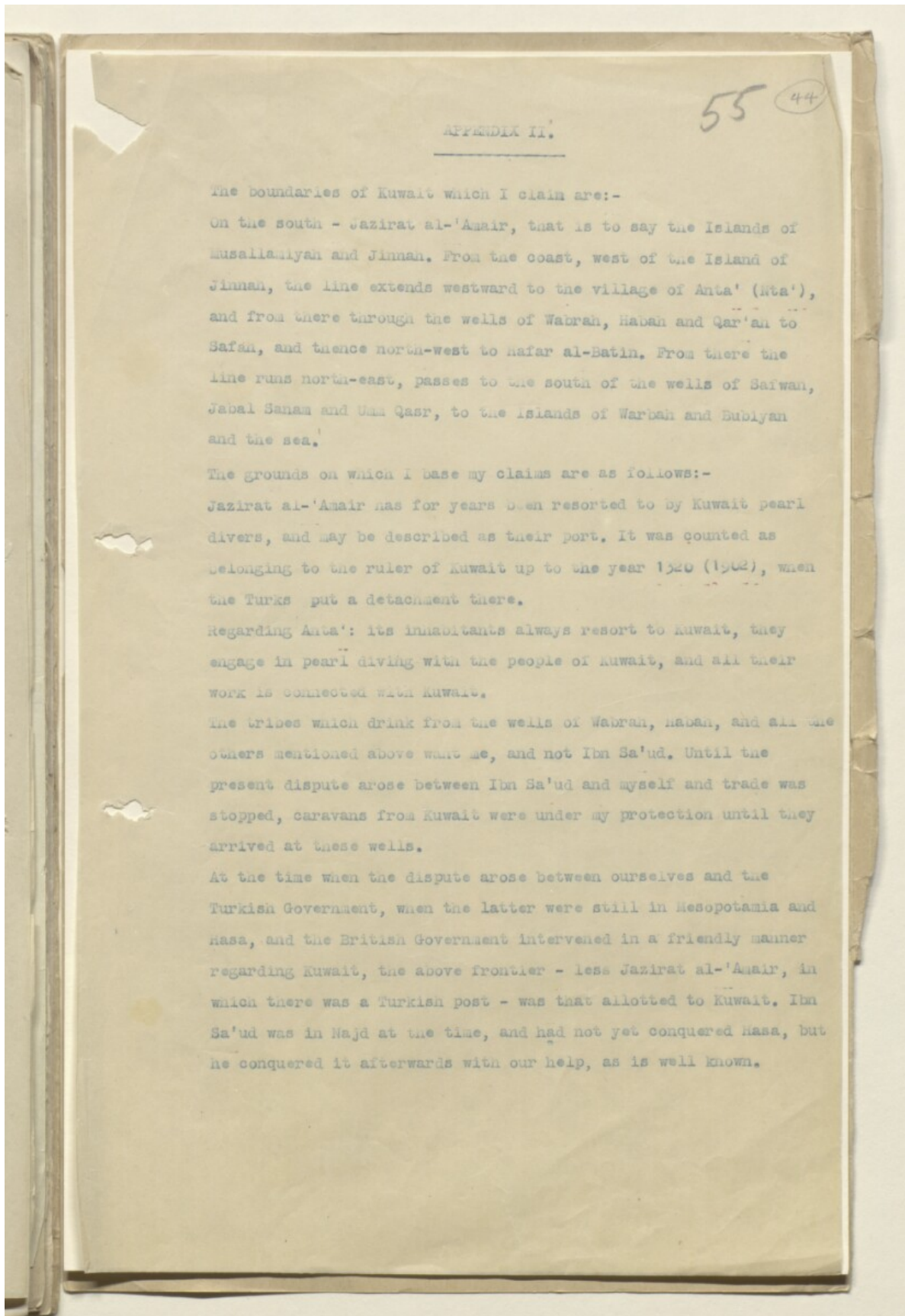






[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [43v] (86/342)





APPENDIX II.

The boundaries of Kuwait which I claim are:-

On the south - Jazirat al-'Amair, that is to say the Islands of Musallamiyah and Jinnah. From the coast, west of the Island of Jinnah, the line extends westward to the village of Anta' (Rta'), and from there through the wells of Wabrah, Haban and Qar'an to Safan, and thence north-west to Hafar al-Batin. From there the line runs north-east, passes to the south of the wells of Baiwan, Jabal Saman and Umm Qasr, to the islands of Warbah and Bubiyan and the sea.

The grounds on which I base my claims are as follows:-

Jazirat al-'Amair has for years been resorted to by Kuwait pearl divers, and may be described as their port. It was counted as belonging to the ruler of Kuwait up to the year 1320 (1902), when the Turks put a detachment there.

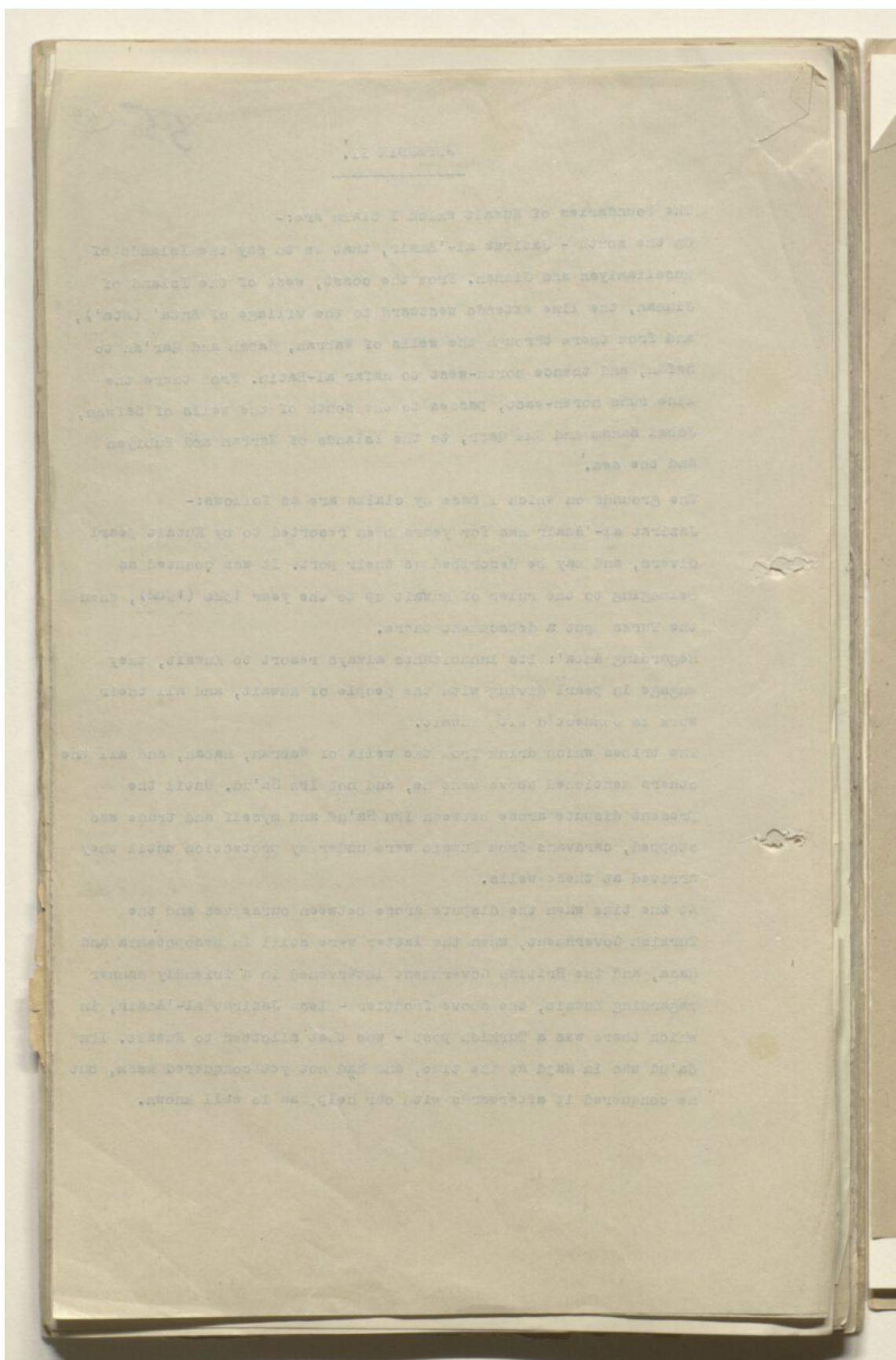
Regarding Anta': its inhabitants always resort to Kuwait, they engage in pearl diving with the people of Kuwait, and all their work is connected with Kuwait.

The tribes which drink from the wells of Wabrah, Haban, and all the others mentioned above want me, and not Ibn Sa'ud. Until the present dispute arose between Ibn Sa'ud and myself and trade was stopped, caravans from Kuwait were under my protection until they arrived at these wells.

At the time when the dispute arose between ourselves and the Turkish Government, when the latter were still in Mesopotamia and Hasa, and the British Government intervened in a friendly manner regarding Kuwait, the above frontier - less Jazirat al-'Amair, in which there was a Turkish post - was that allotted to Kuwait. Ibn Sa'ud was in Najd at the time, and had not yet conquered Hasa, but he conquered it afterwards with our help, as is well known.



[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [44v] (88/342)



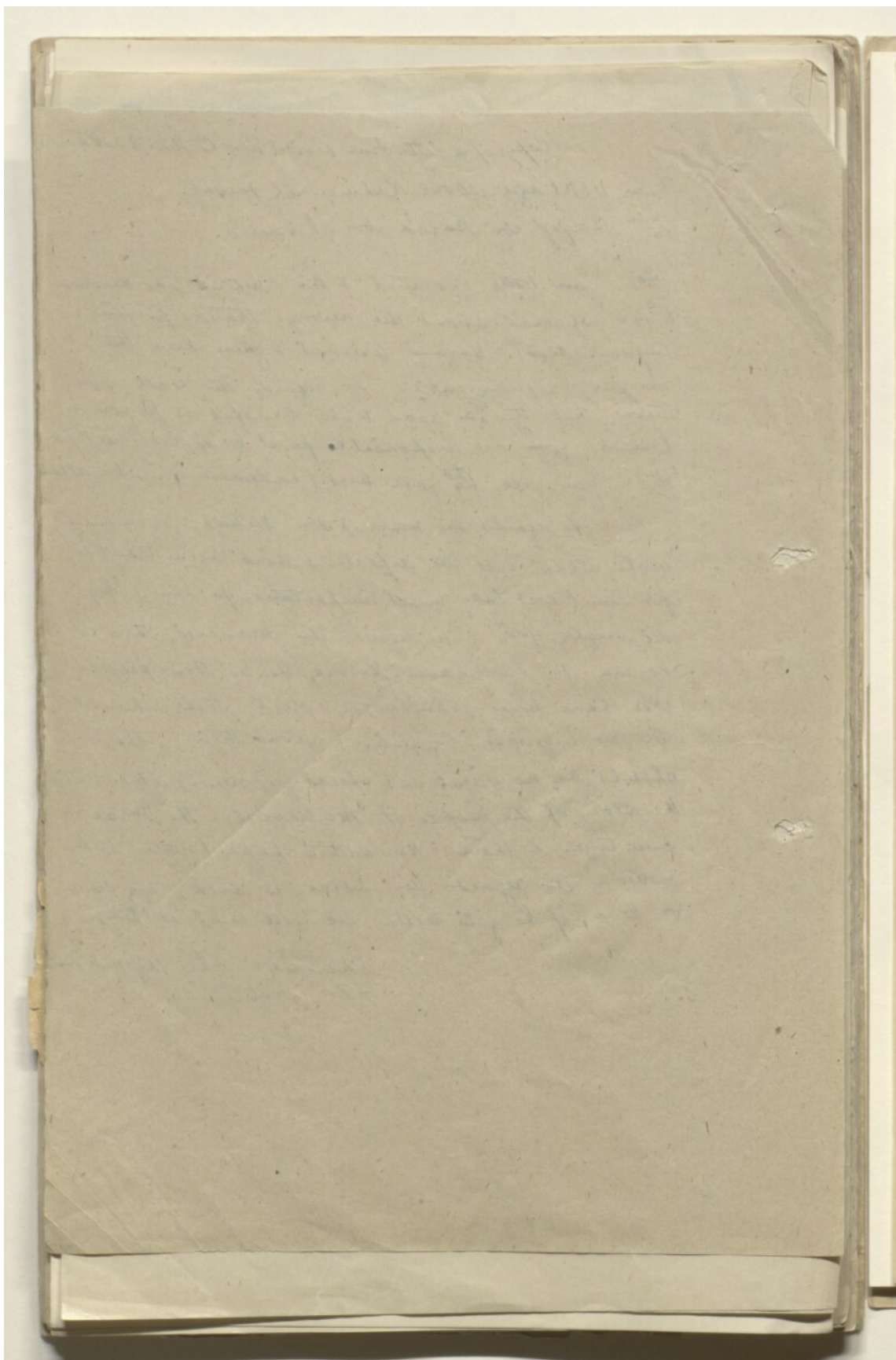


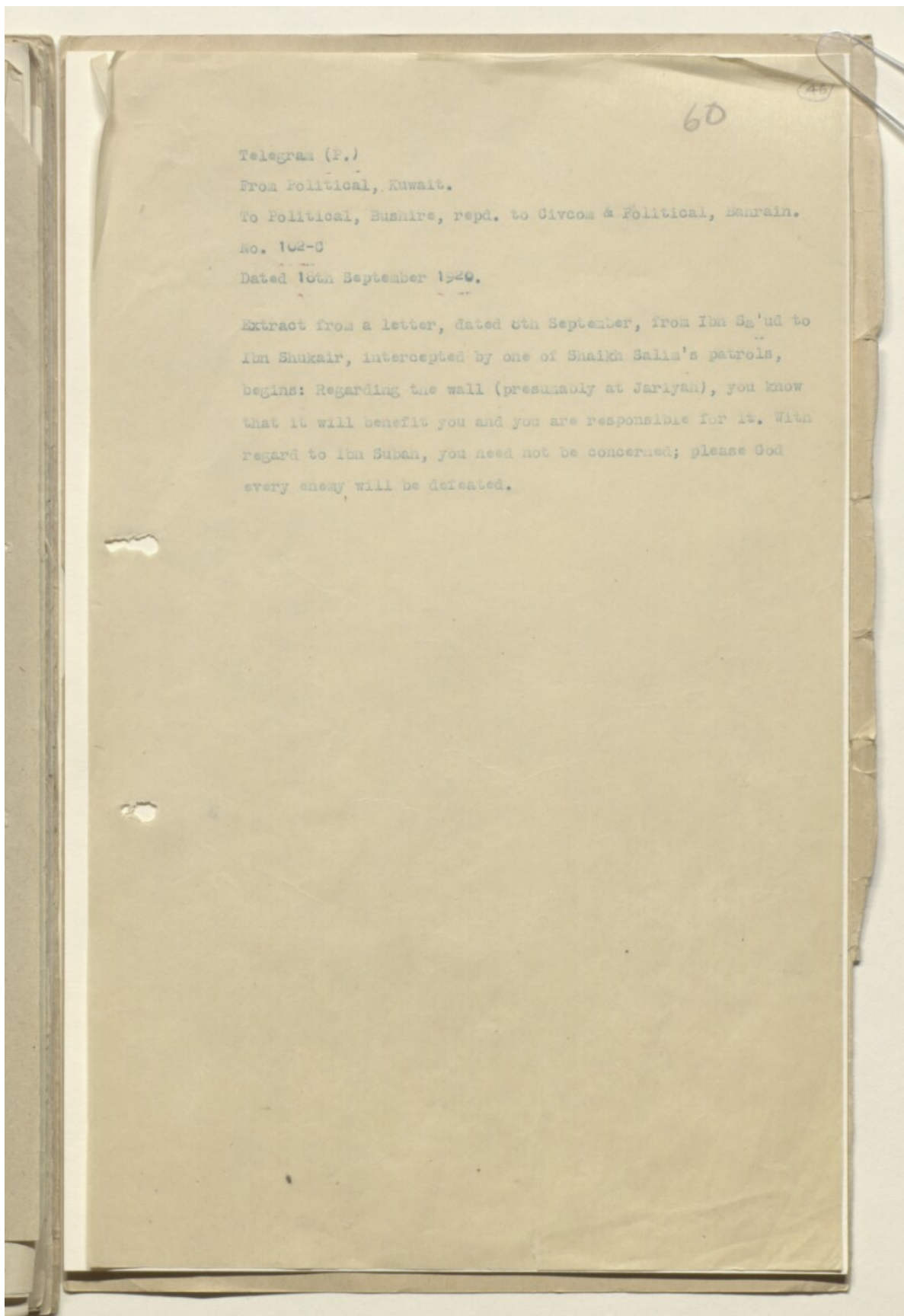
Copy of a letter from Abdul'aziz to Ibn Shkair.
From Abdul'aziz Abdul Rahman al Faisal
To Majid ibn Maza'a ibn Shkair.
45

etc. your letter received & the content was known to me specially about the news. Thanks for the information. Maza'a arrived & gave him the necessary (requirement). As regards the wall, you know that this is a road & its benefit is for you & however, you are responsible for it, (or of great need for it). You will do your best (endeavour); insha allah.

As regards the news of Ibn Subah, every enemy "insha allah" will be defeated & don't be in trouble for him (don't take much importance for him) "by the mighty God." As regards ibn Mas'ud, there is no way for his claim. He may be as these people who have been slaughtered & died, there should be no inquiries (question) about this. There should be no question (spreading of news) about the story of the people of Mahayidd. The horse has been taken by them. Herewith a paper (note) to the owner. As regards the horse, is sick, may die or live, if he gets better, we will send it to you.

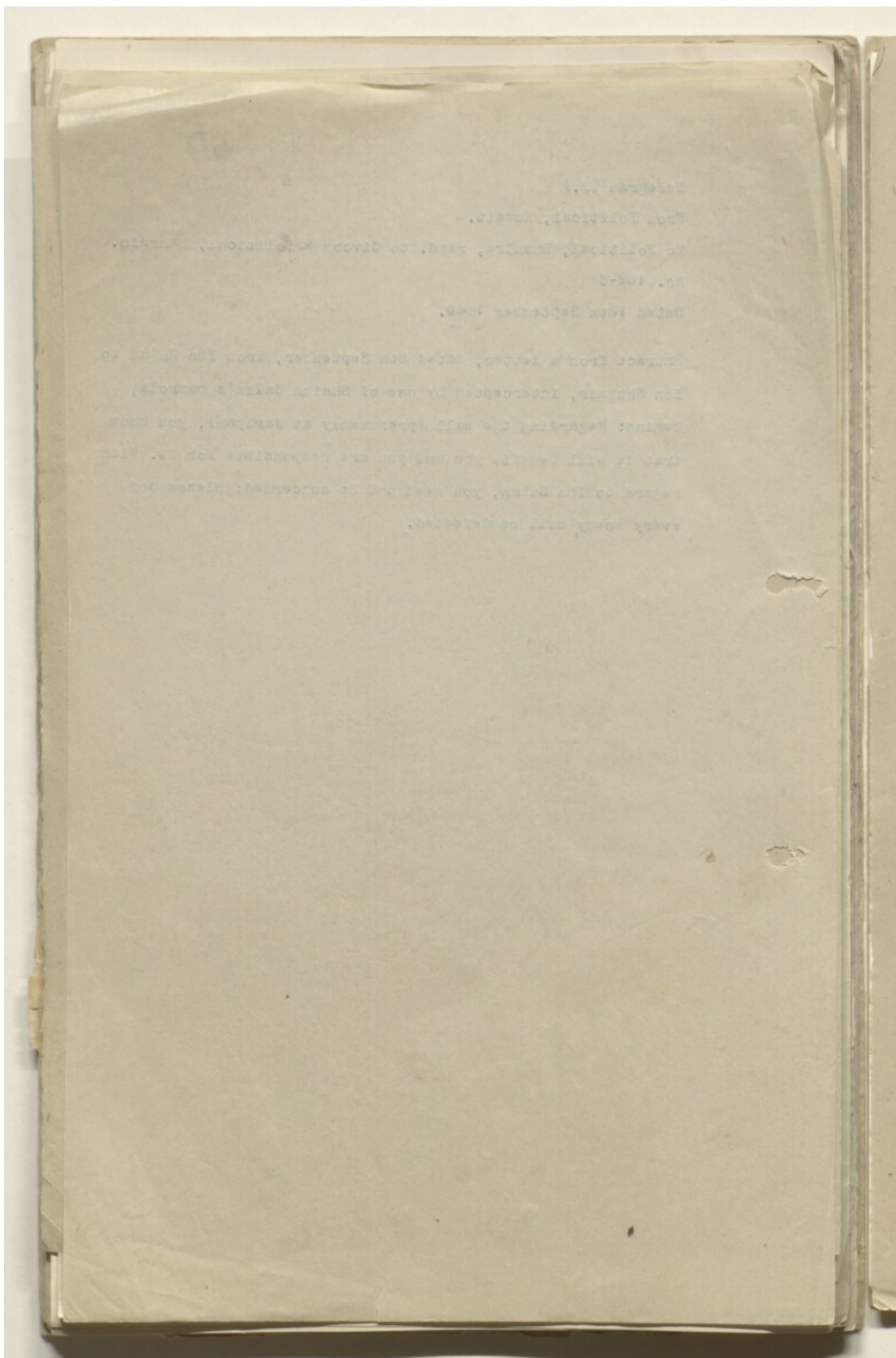
Salat 24th Shal Hijjah 1320
= 8th September 1920.

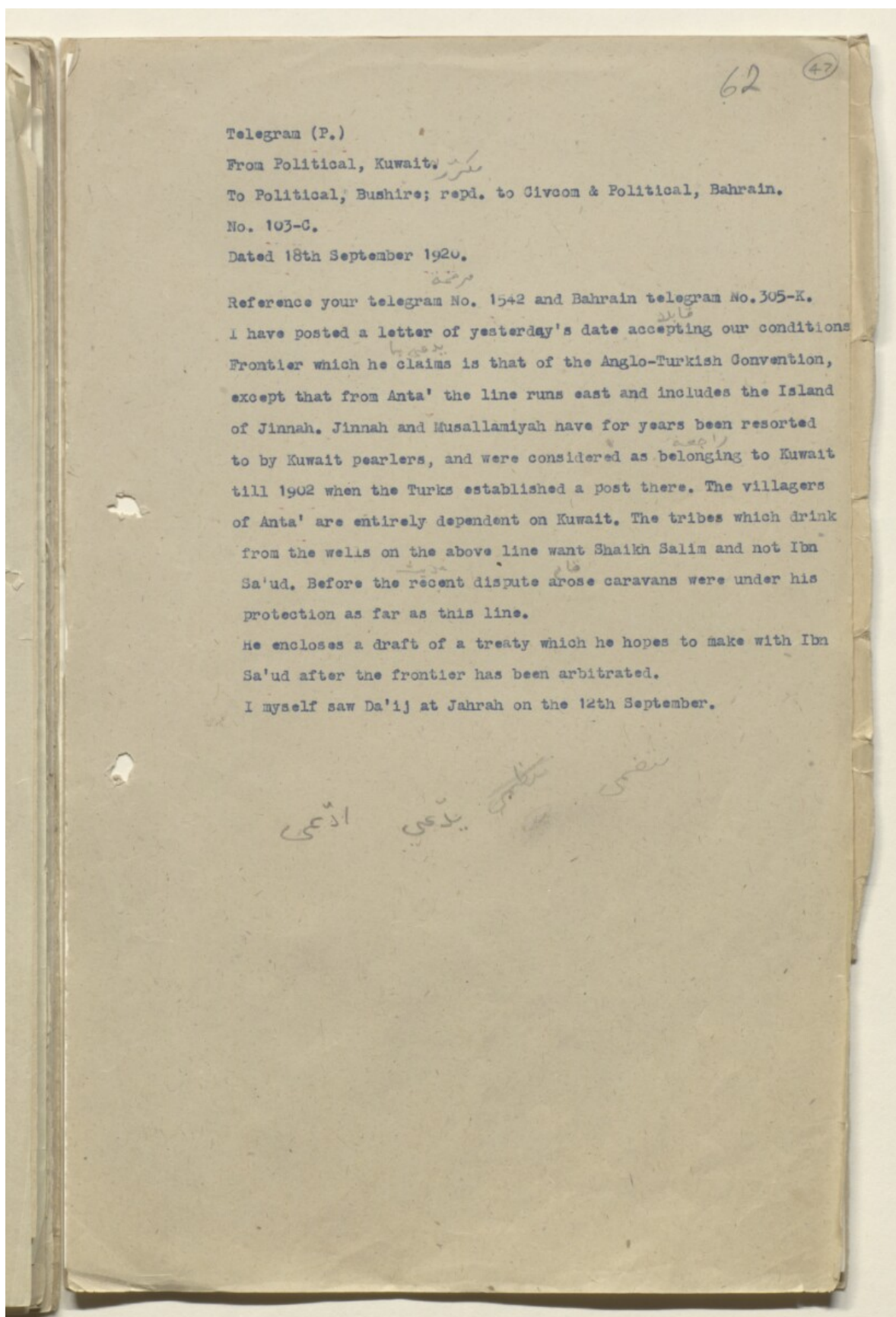


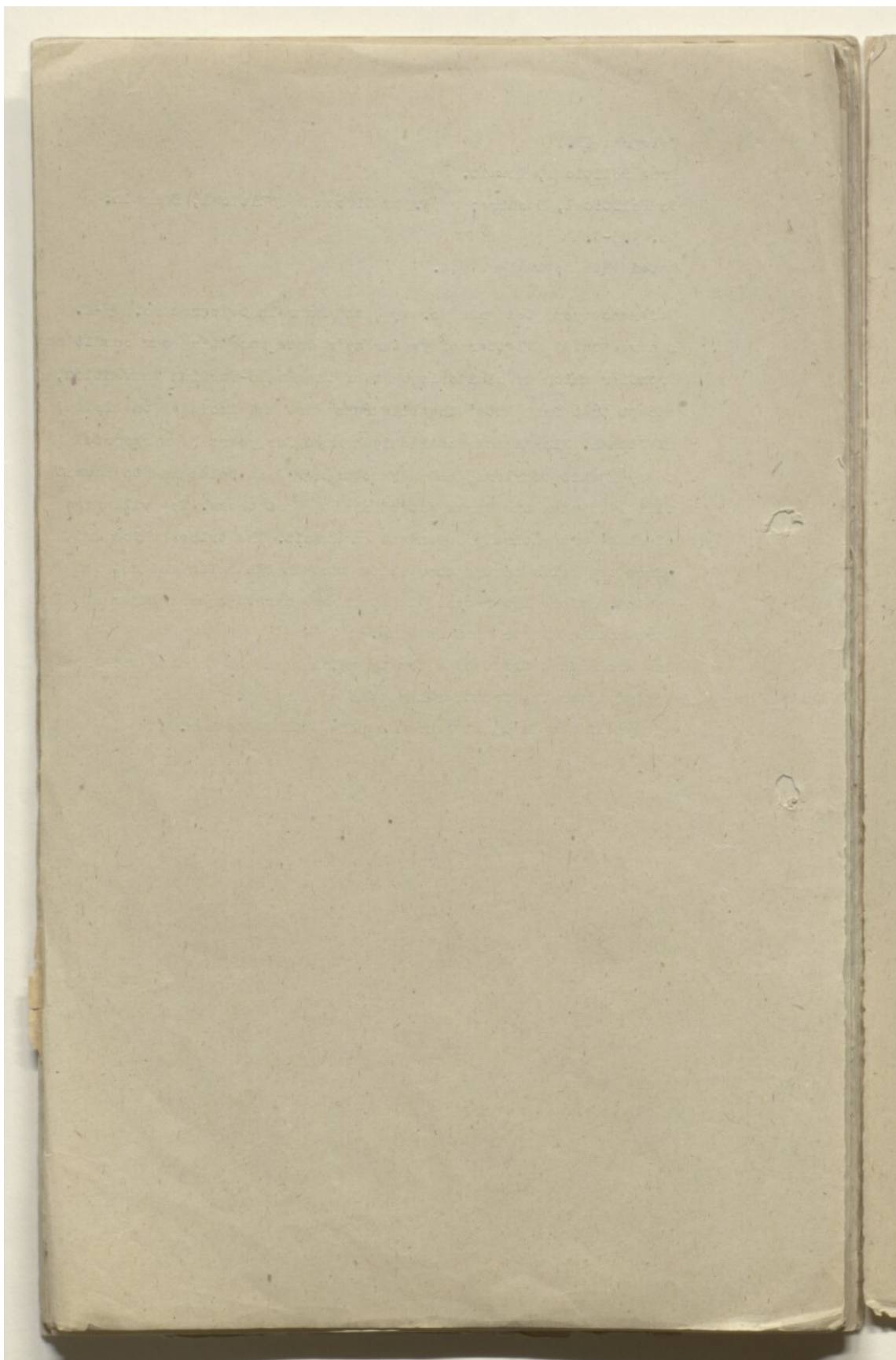


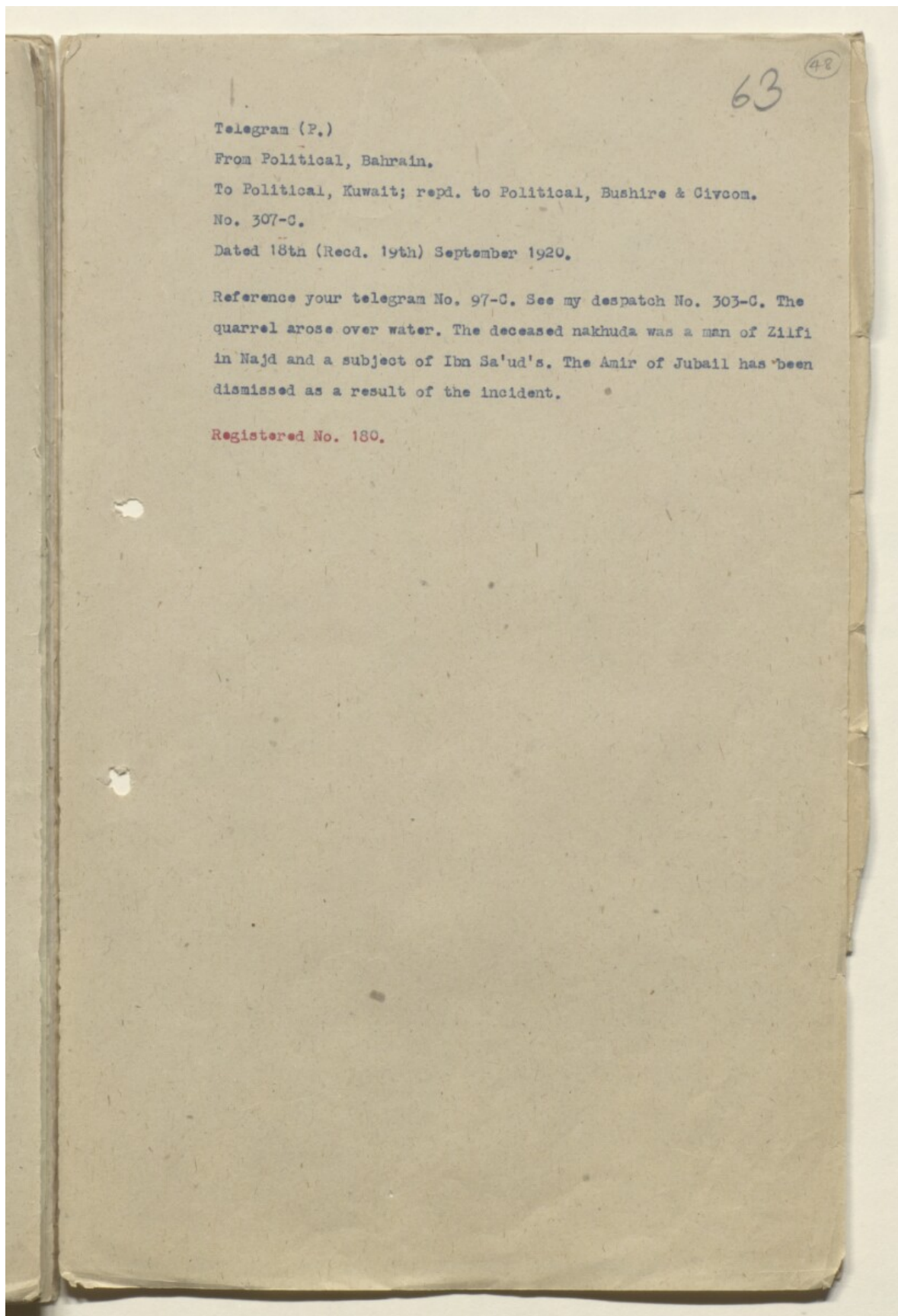


[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [46v] (92/342)



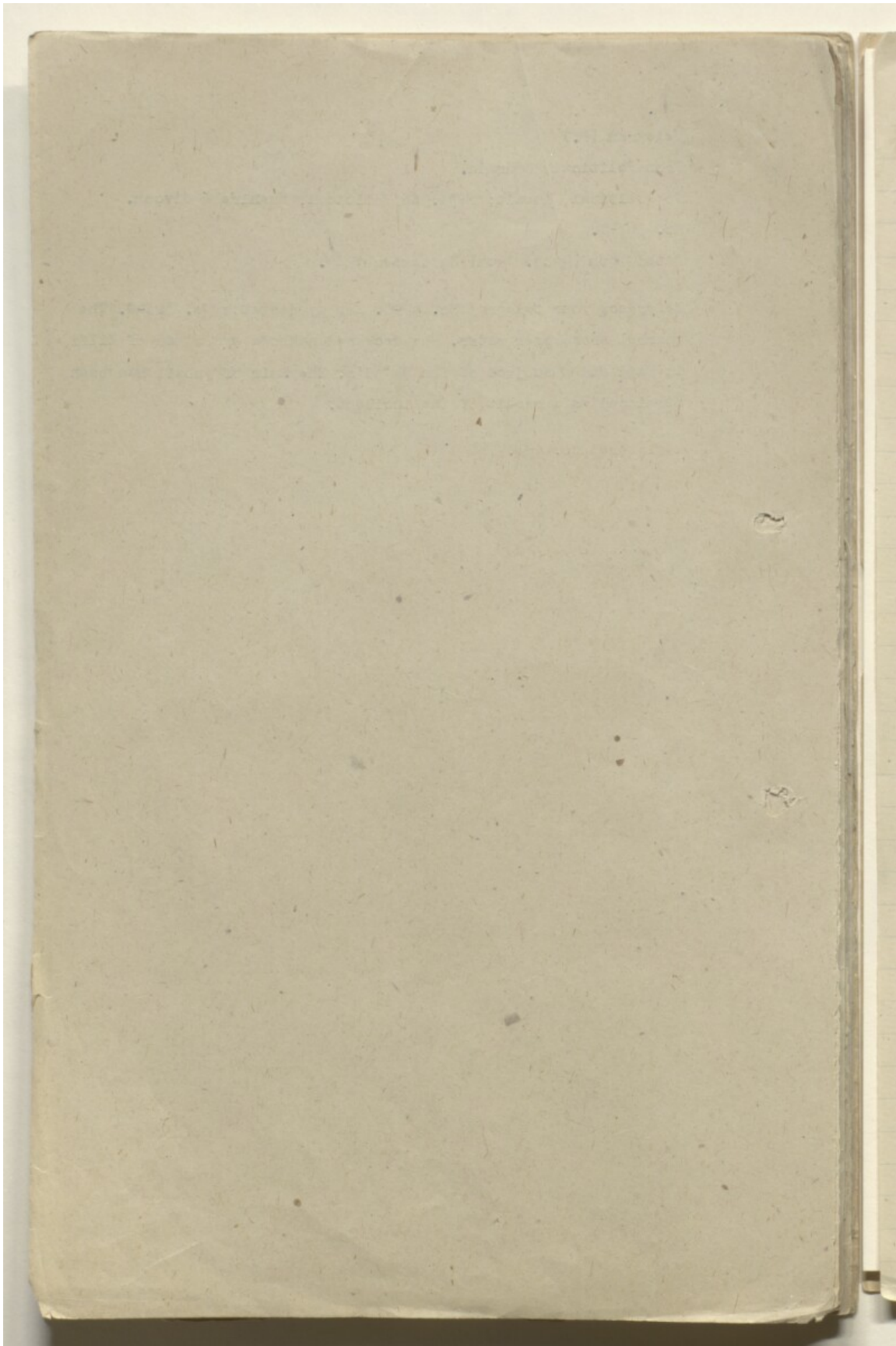








[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa`ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [48v] (96/342)

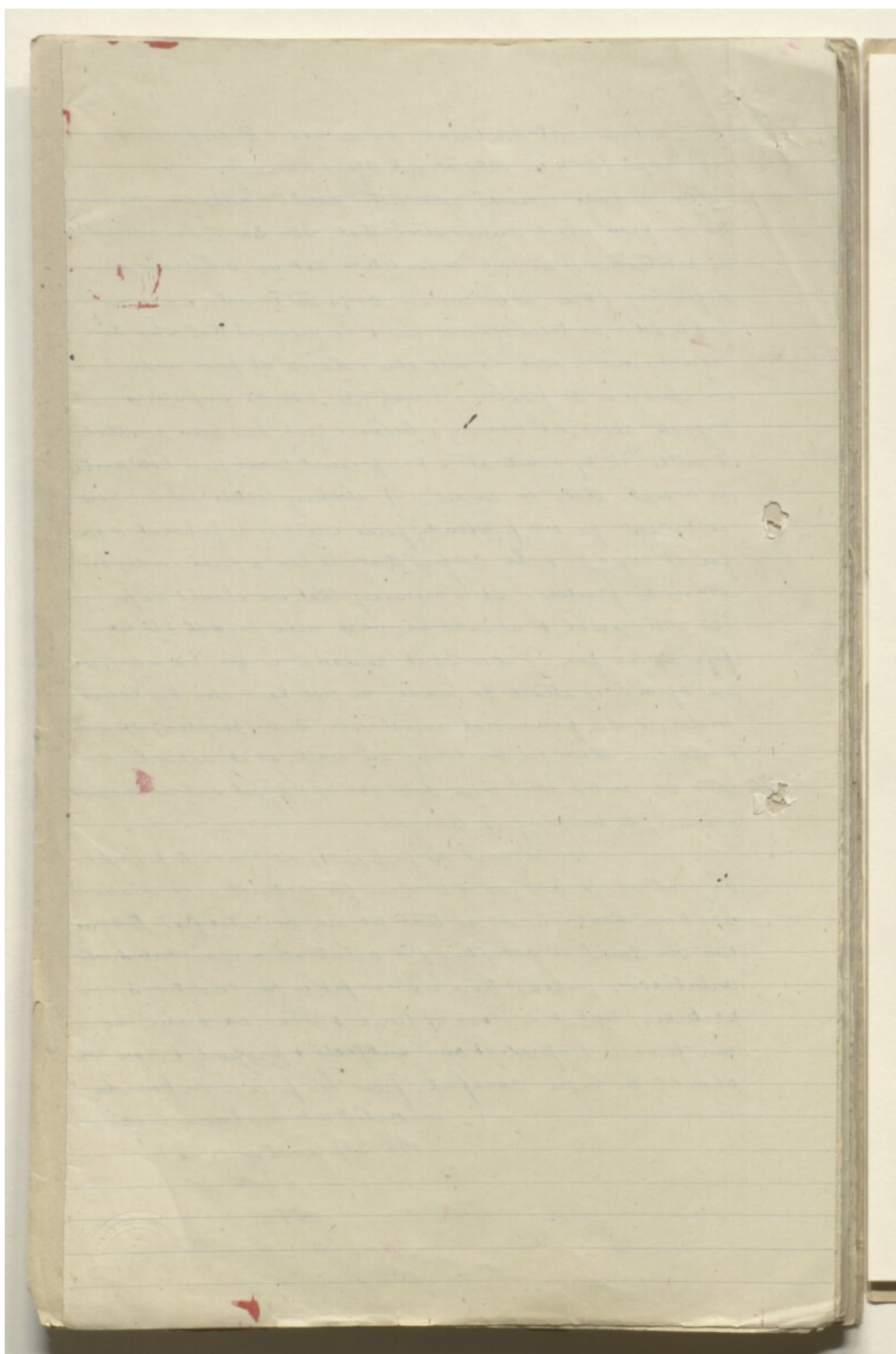


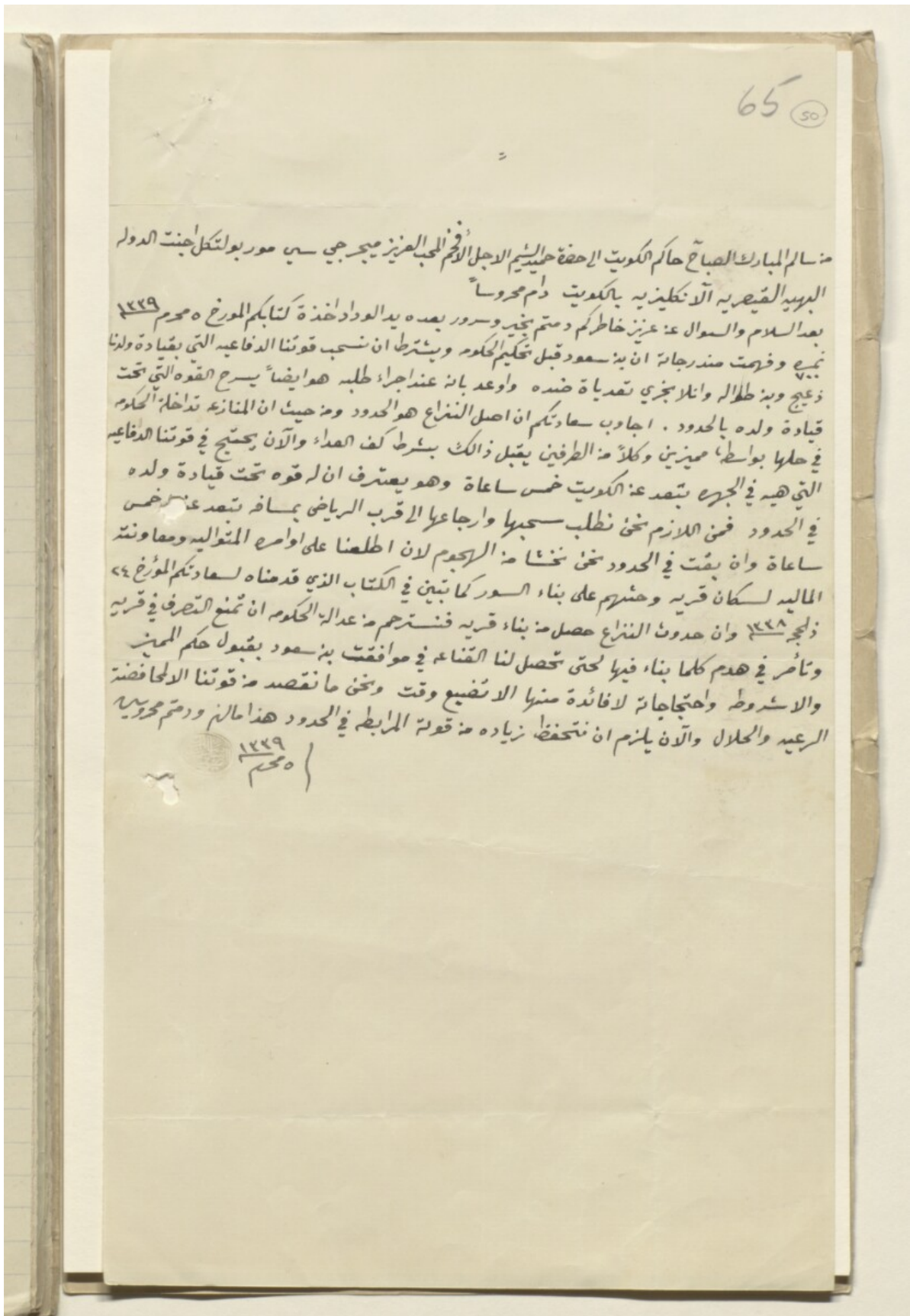


64 (49)
From Salim al Mubarak as Subah Ruler of Kuwait
To Major J.C. Moore, Political Agent Kuwait.
A.C. I have received your letter dated 5th Muharram 1338
no 700, from which I understood that Ibn Saud has accepted
the arbitration of the Govt. on condition that we withdraw our
defending force under our son Saif & Ibn Tuwala & that no
hostile action be taken against him & he promised that when his
requirement is done, he will also withdraw the force under his
son which is in the frontier. I reply, &c. that the dispute is
originally about the boundary & because Govt. has been penetrating
to settle it, by arbitration & representation from both parties,
he accepts that, on condition of stopping hostile action. Now
he pretends for our & defending force which is at Jahra & 5 hours
far of Kuwait & he confesses that he has a force under his
son in the frontier. It is necessary that we should as for
its withdrawal & should be back near Riyadh & to be
five hours far of it. If it remains in the boundary, we
are afraid of attack be made, as we have seen his latest
orders & his financial assistance to the people of Qaryah
& inciting them for building the wall, as it appeared from
the letter we submitted to you, dated 24th Shalhiyyah and the dispute
occurred, by building of Qaryah.

We request the justice of the Govt. to prevent
the control of Qaryah & to order for destruction of whatever
has been built in it, so that we may be satisfied to agree
with Ibn Saud in accepting the arbitration of his arbitration
arbitration, unless there is ^{no} benefit in his condition & his
pretences, but it is loss of time & what we mean, by
our force is to protect our subjects & property & now we
should be more careful, from his force in the boundary.

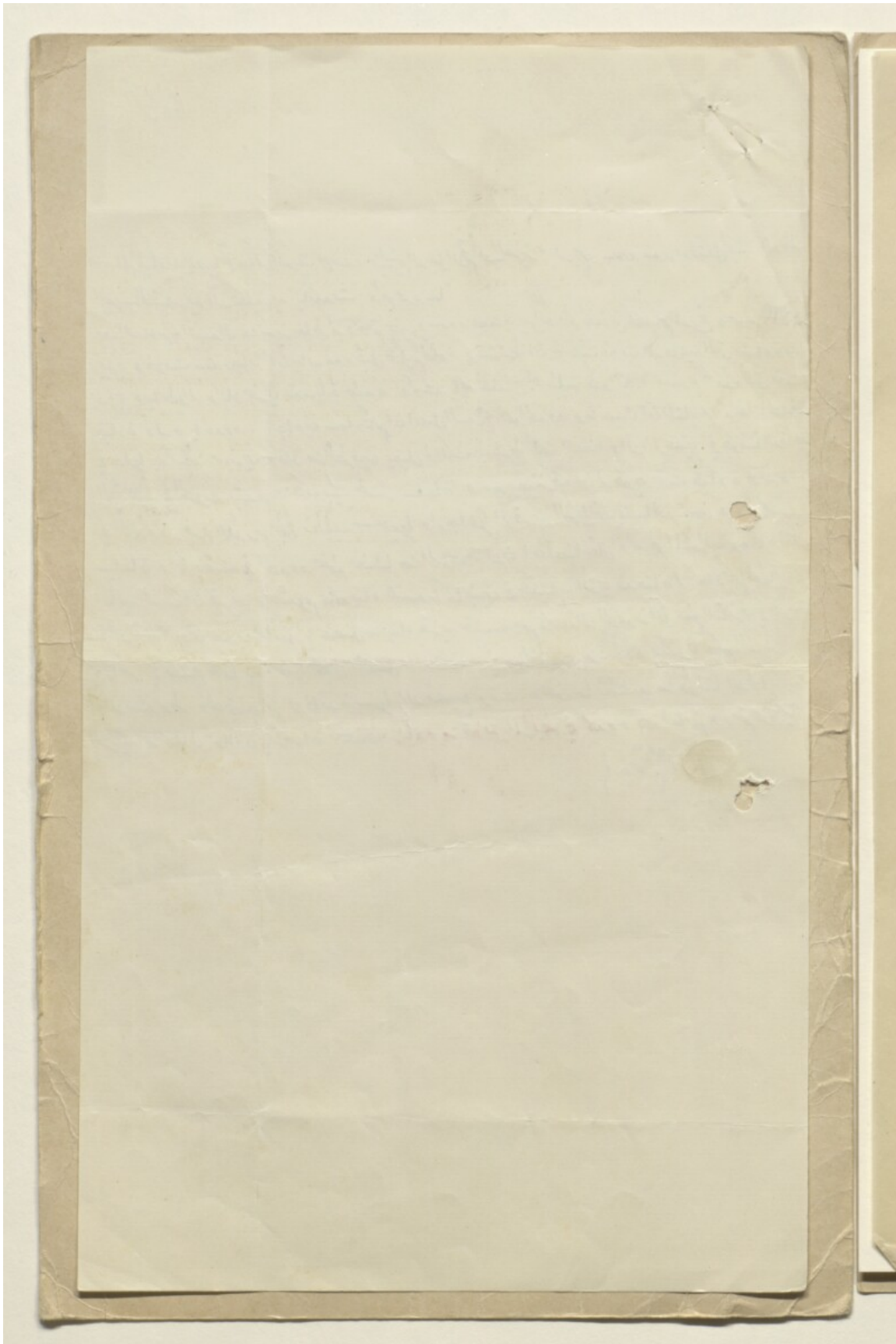
Dated 5th Muharram 1338
19th September 1920.

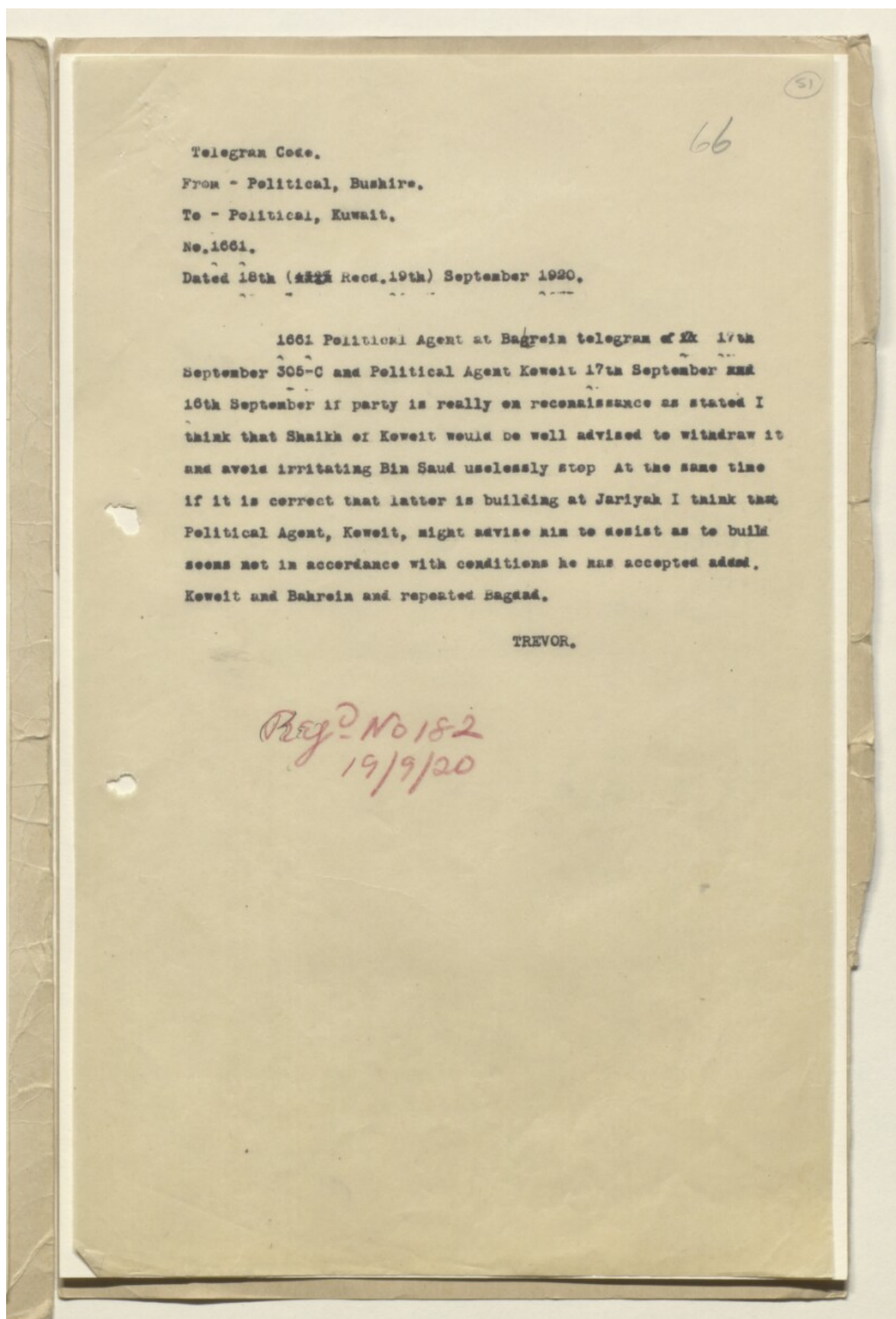






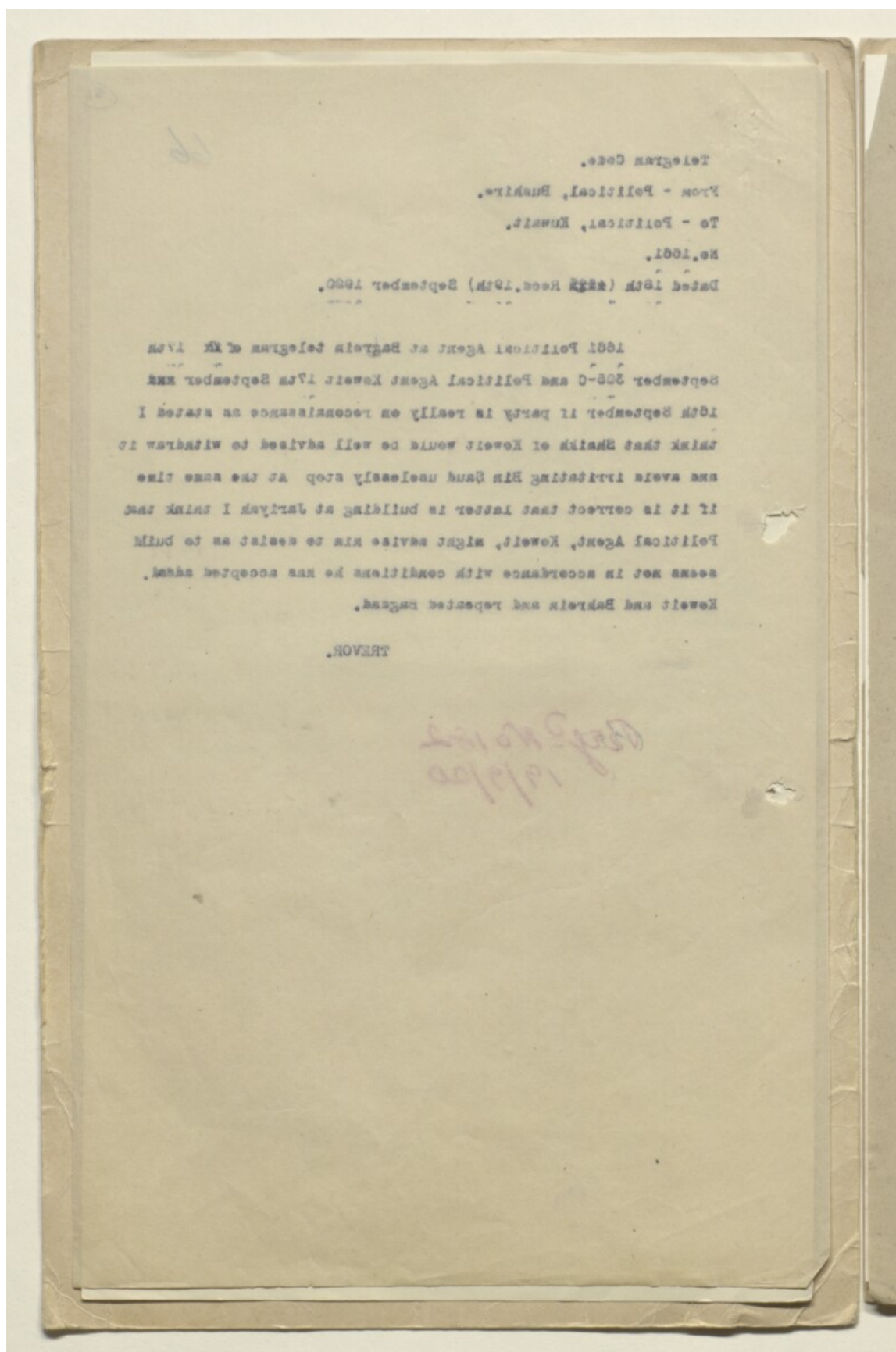
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa`ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [50v] (100/342)

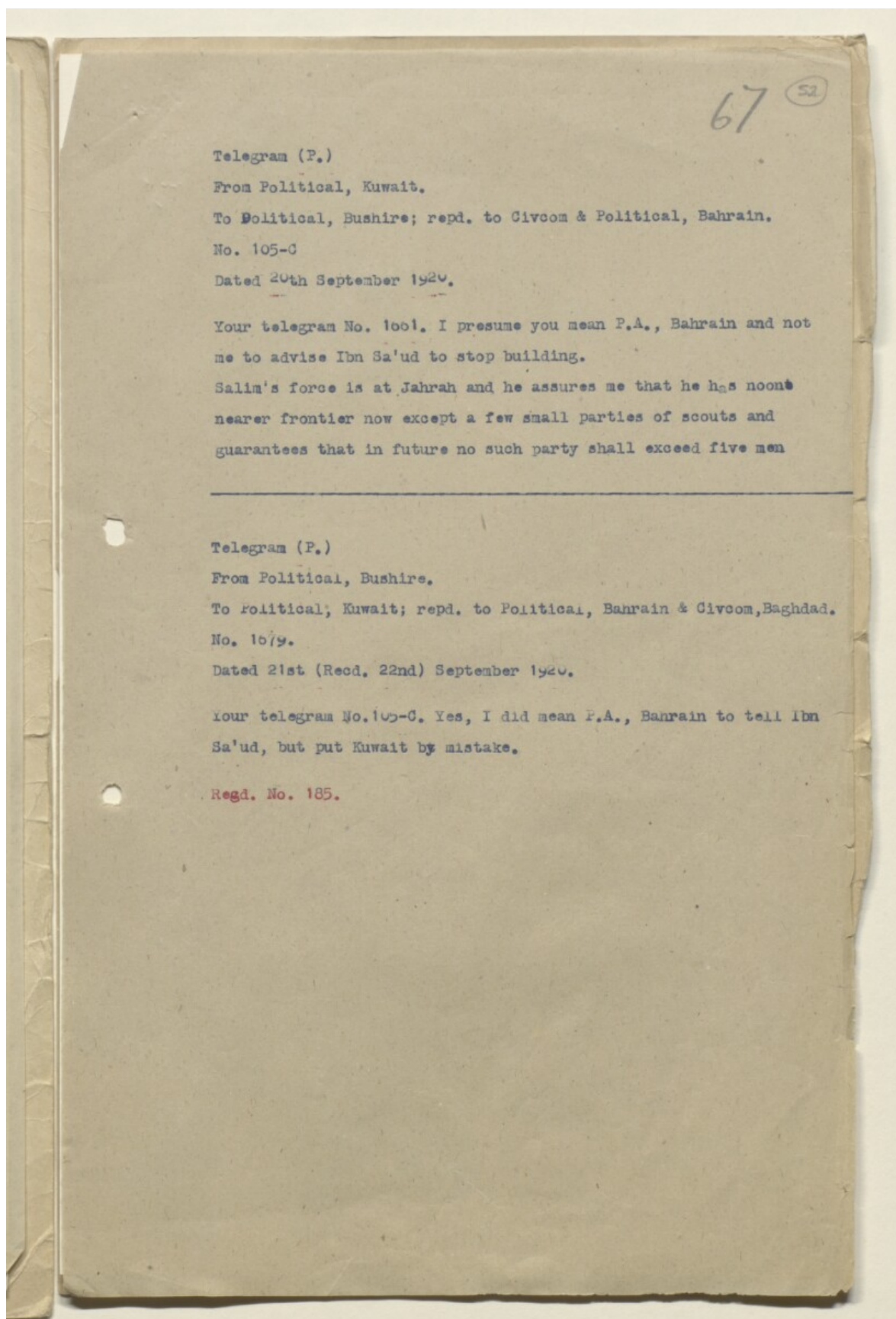






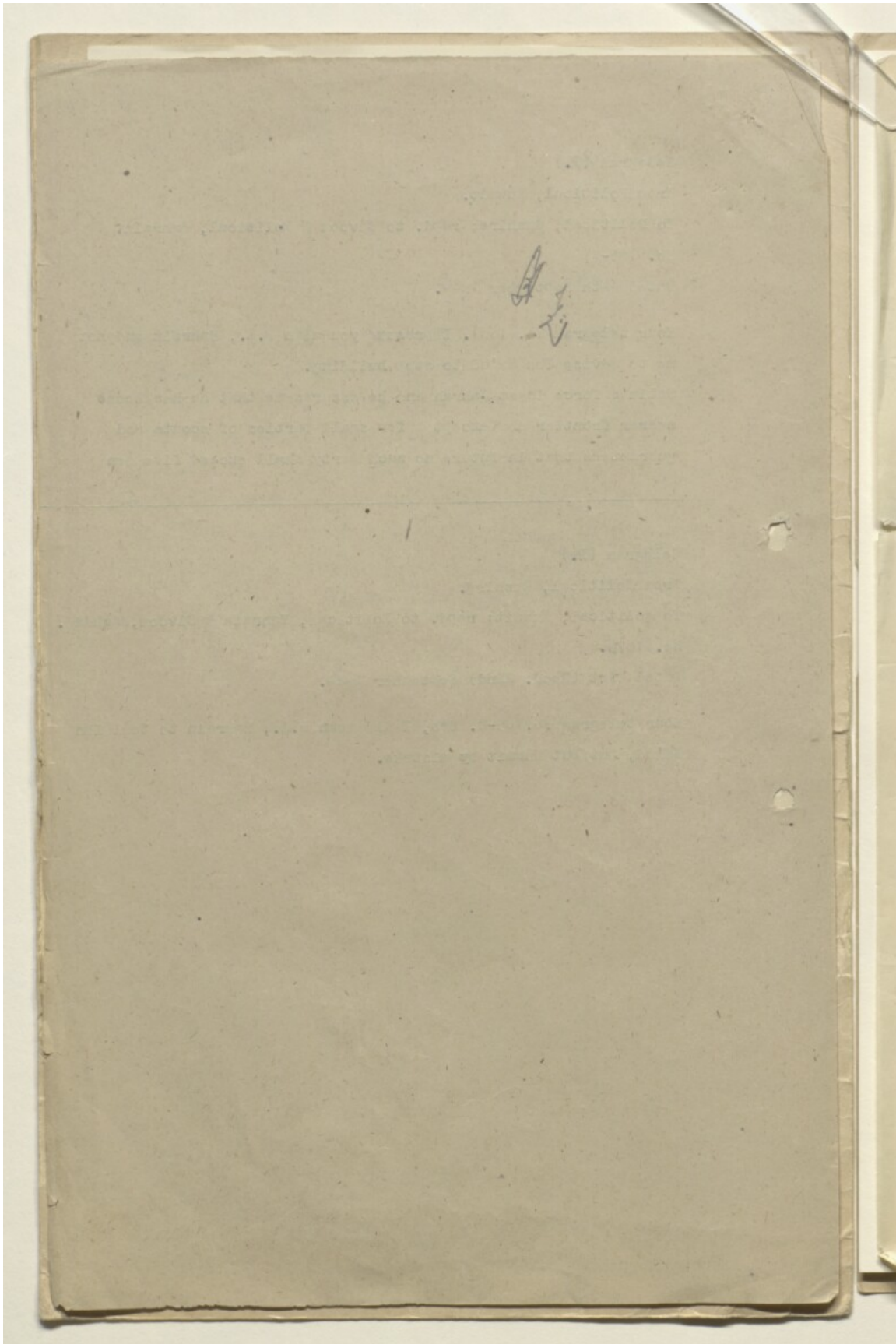
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [51v] (102/342)

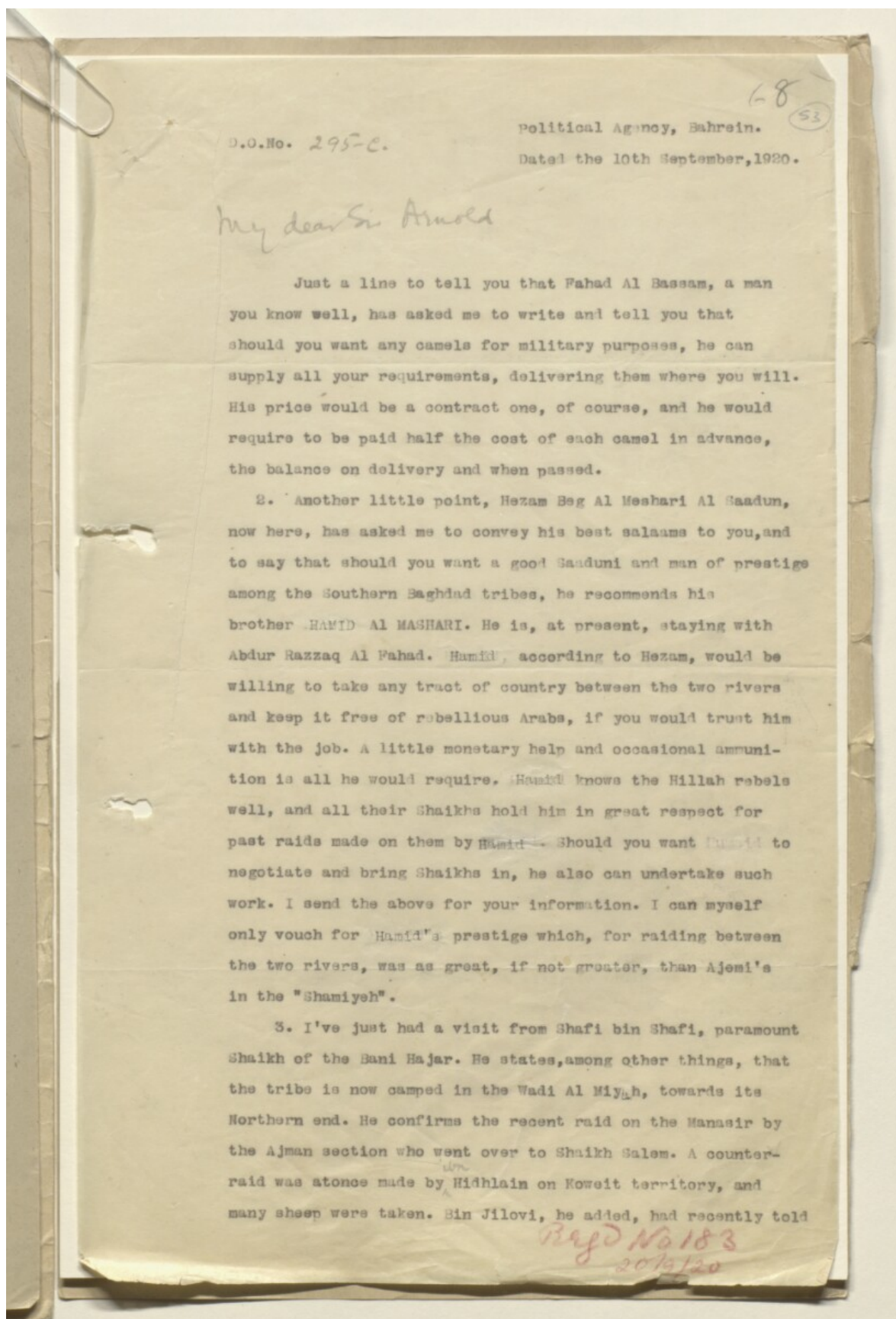






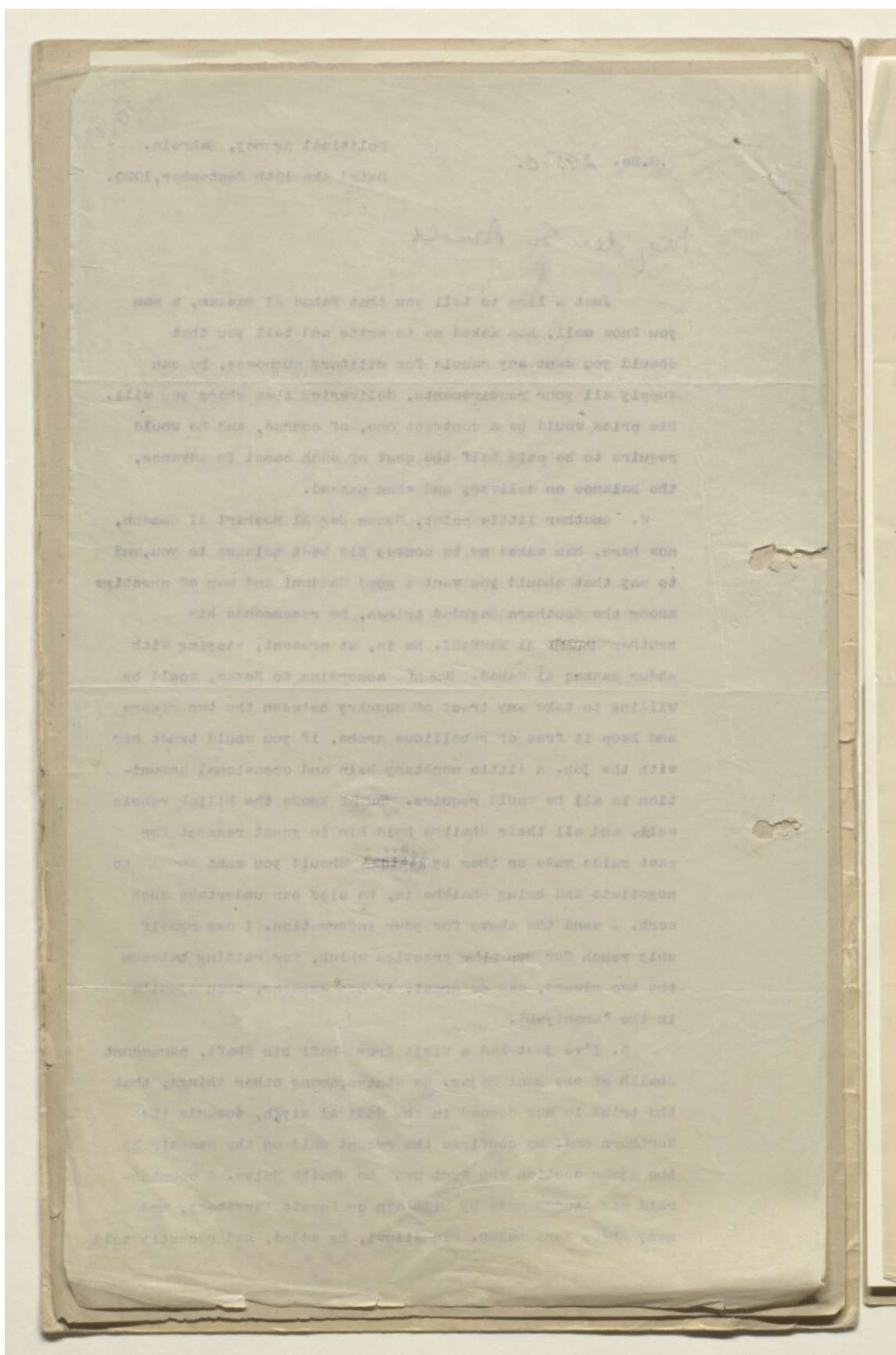
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa`ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [52v] (104/342)

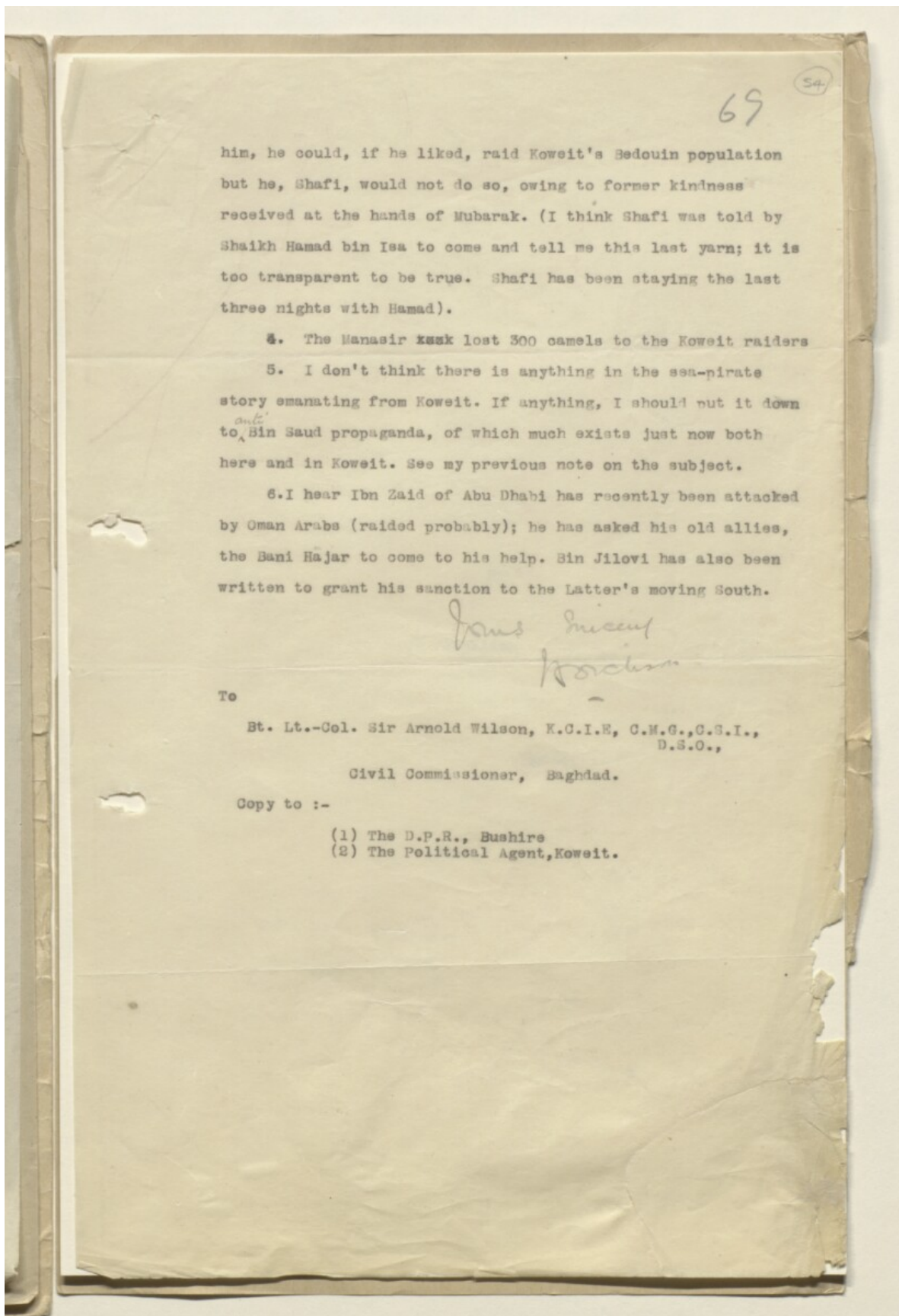






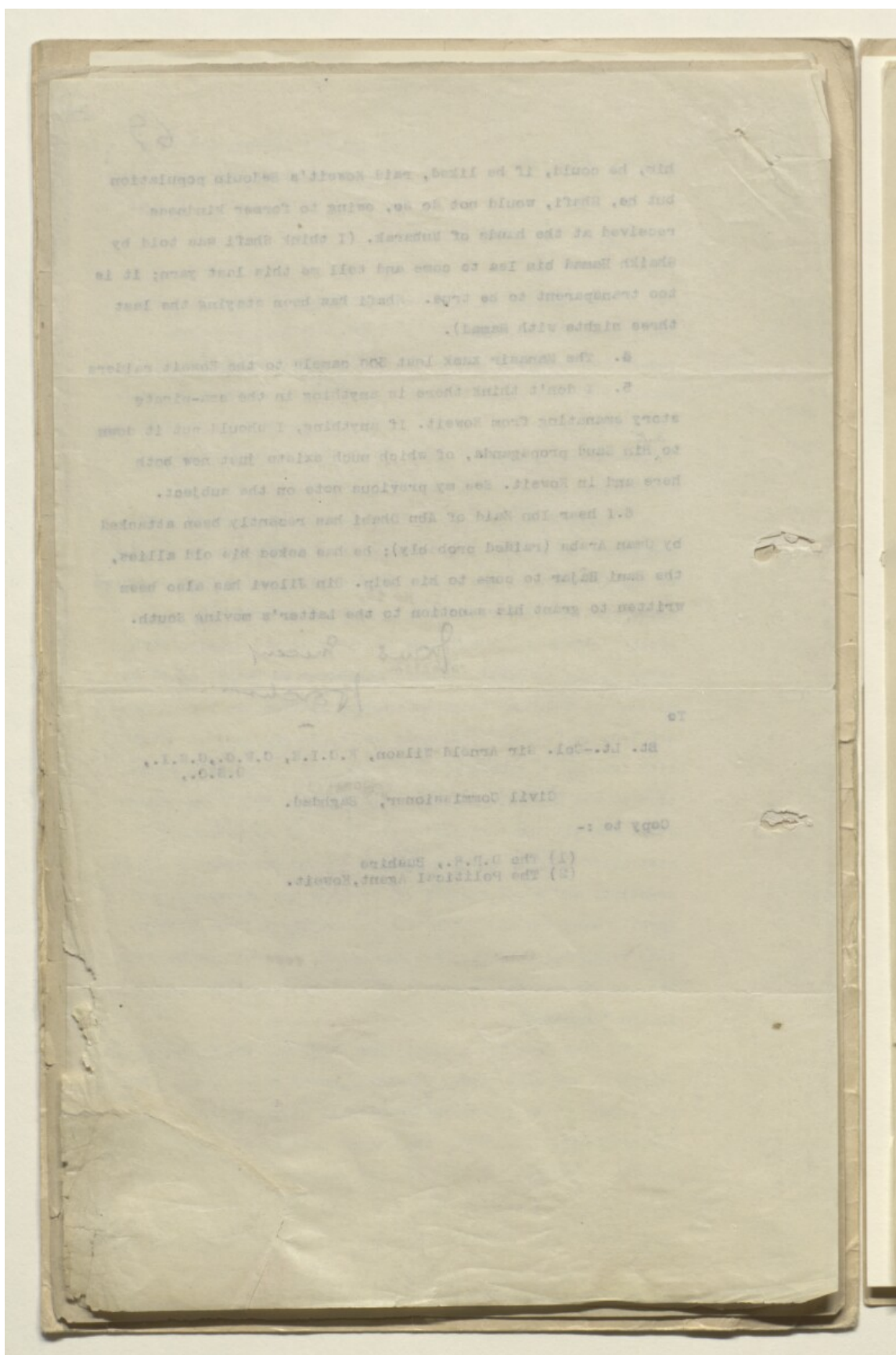
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [53v] (106/342)







[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [54v] (108/342)





Telegram Code.

From - Political, Bahrain.

To - Political, Kuwait.

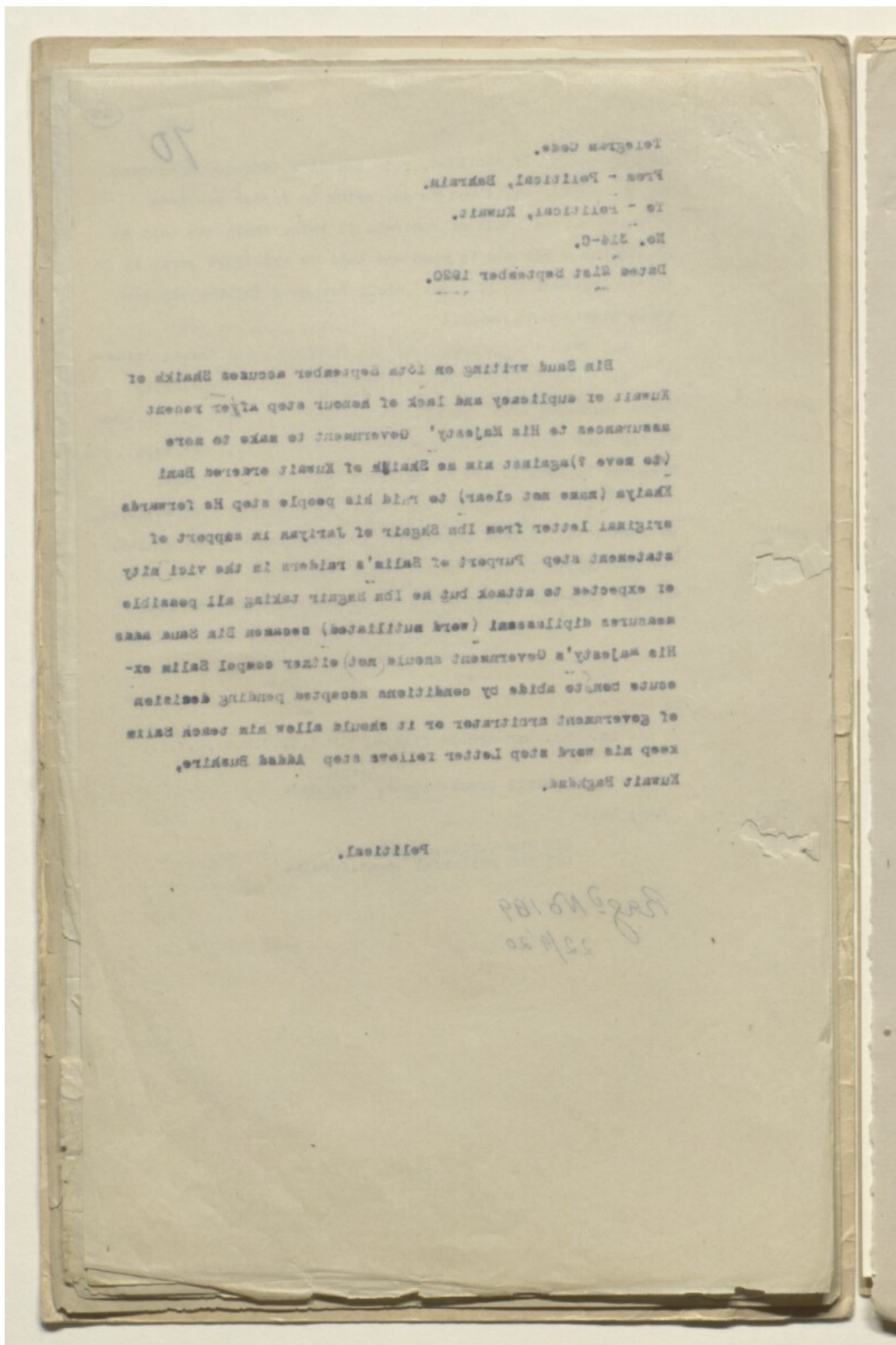
No. 314-C.

Dated 21st September 1920.

Bin Saud writing on 13th September accuses Shaikh of Kuwait of duplicacy and lack of honour step after recent assurances to His Majesty's Government to make to more (the move ?) against him as Shaikh of Kuwait ordered Bani Khaiya (name not clear) to raid his people step He forwards original letter from Ibn Hagair of Jariyan in support of statement step Purport of Salim's raiders in the vicinity of expected to attack but as Ibn Hagair taking all possible measures dipilassani (word mutilated) so as Bin Saud adds His Majesty's Government should (not) either compel Salim execute bonds abide by conditions accepted pending decision of government arbitrator or it should allow him teach Salim keep his word step Letter relieves step Addad Bushire, Kuwait Baghdad.

Political.

Regd No 189
22/9/20





Telegram Code.

From- Political, Bushire.

To - Political, Kuwait, Bahrain and Civcom, Baghdad.

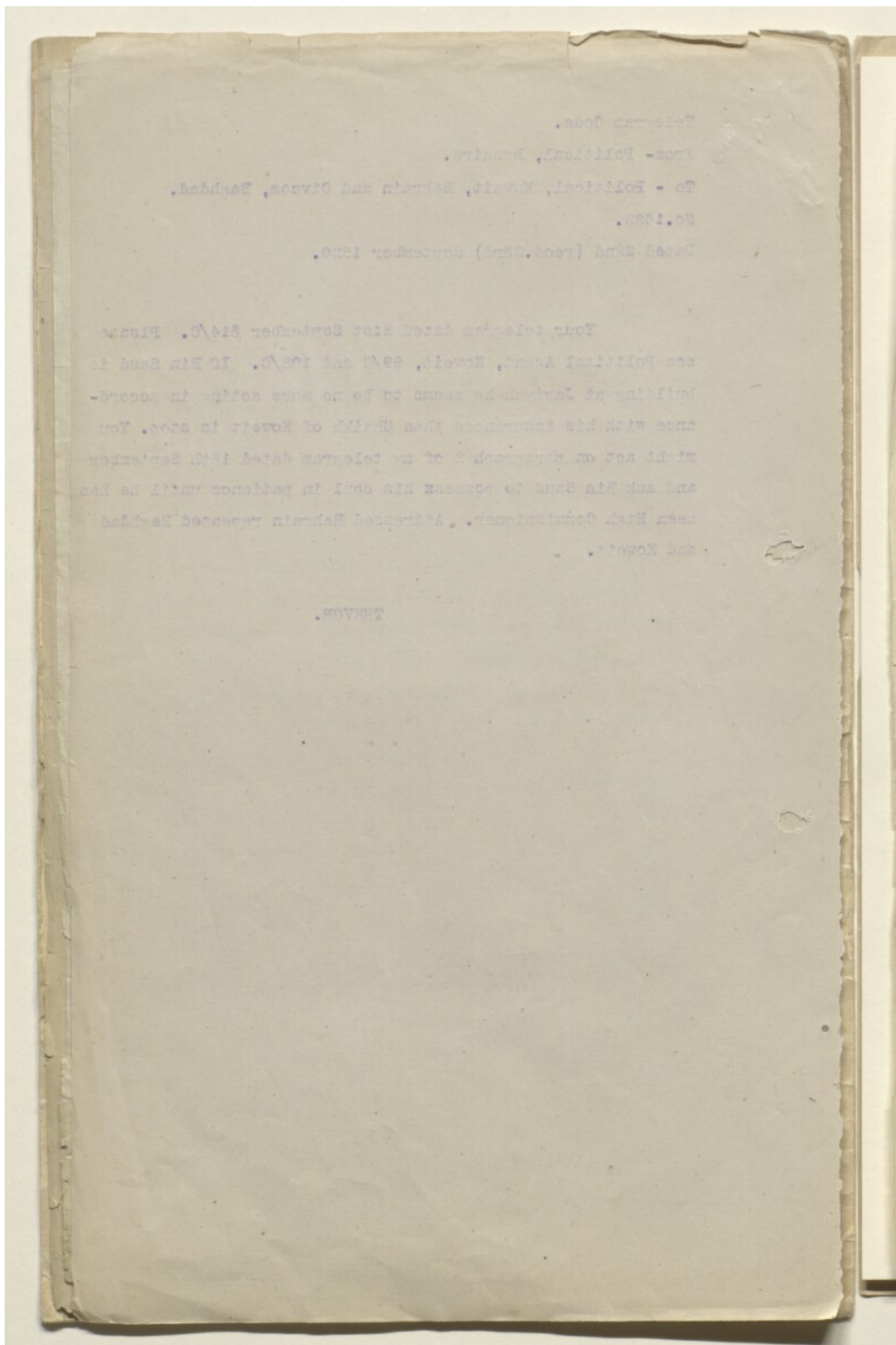
No.1682.

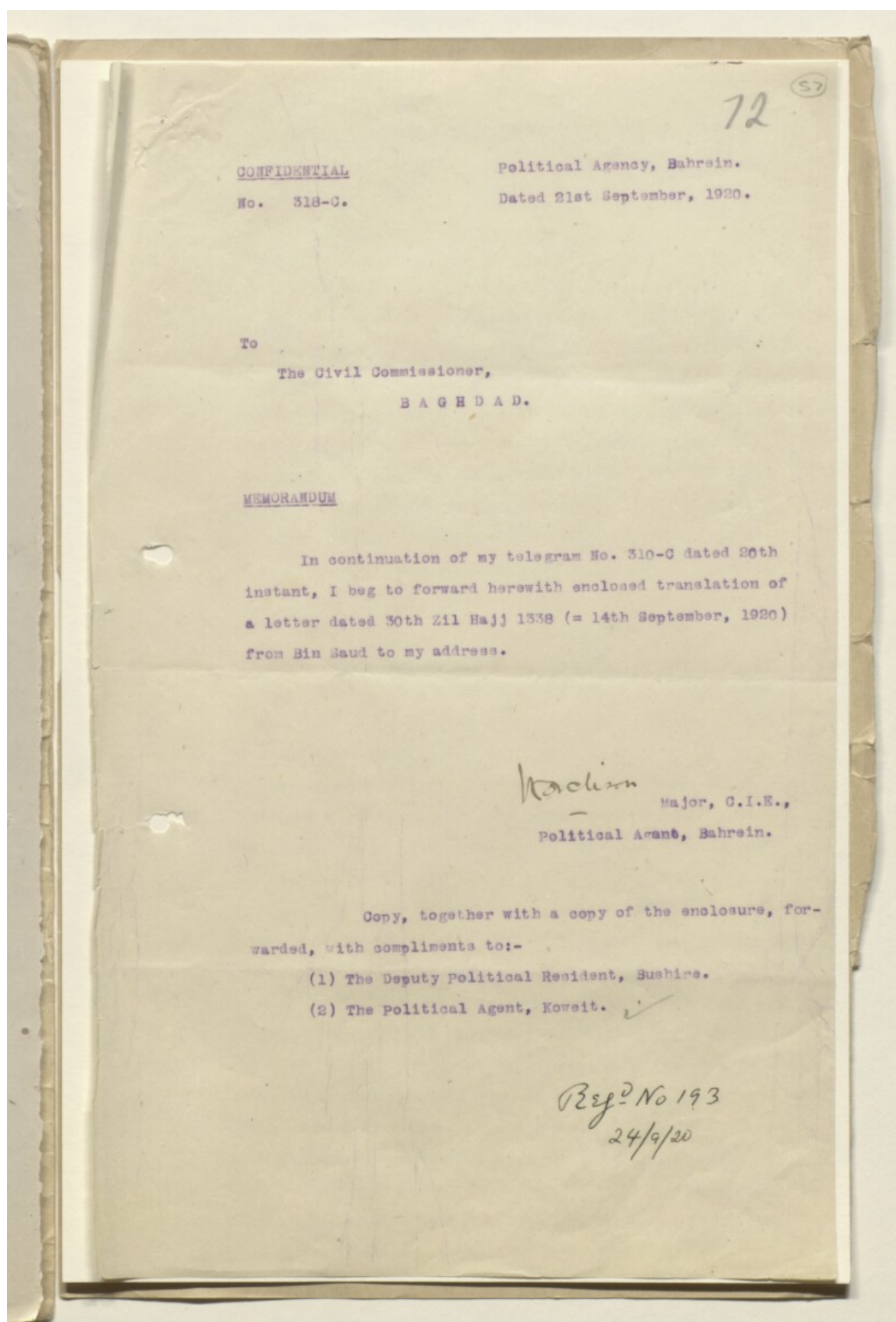
Dated 22nd (recd.23rd) September 1920.

Your telegram dated 21st September 314/C. Please see Political Agent, Kuwait, 99/C and 102/C. If Bin Saud is building at Jariyah he seems to be no more acting in accordance with his assurances than Shaikh of Kuwait is stop. You might act on paragraph 2 of my telegram dated 18th September and ask Bin Saud to possess his soul in patience until he has seen High Commissioner. Addressed Bahrain repeated Baghdad and Kuwait.

TREVOR.

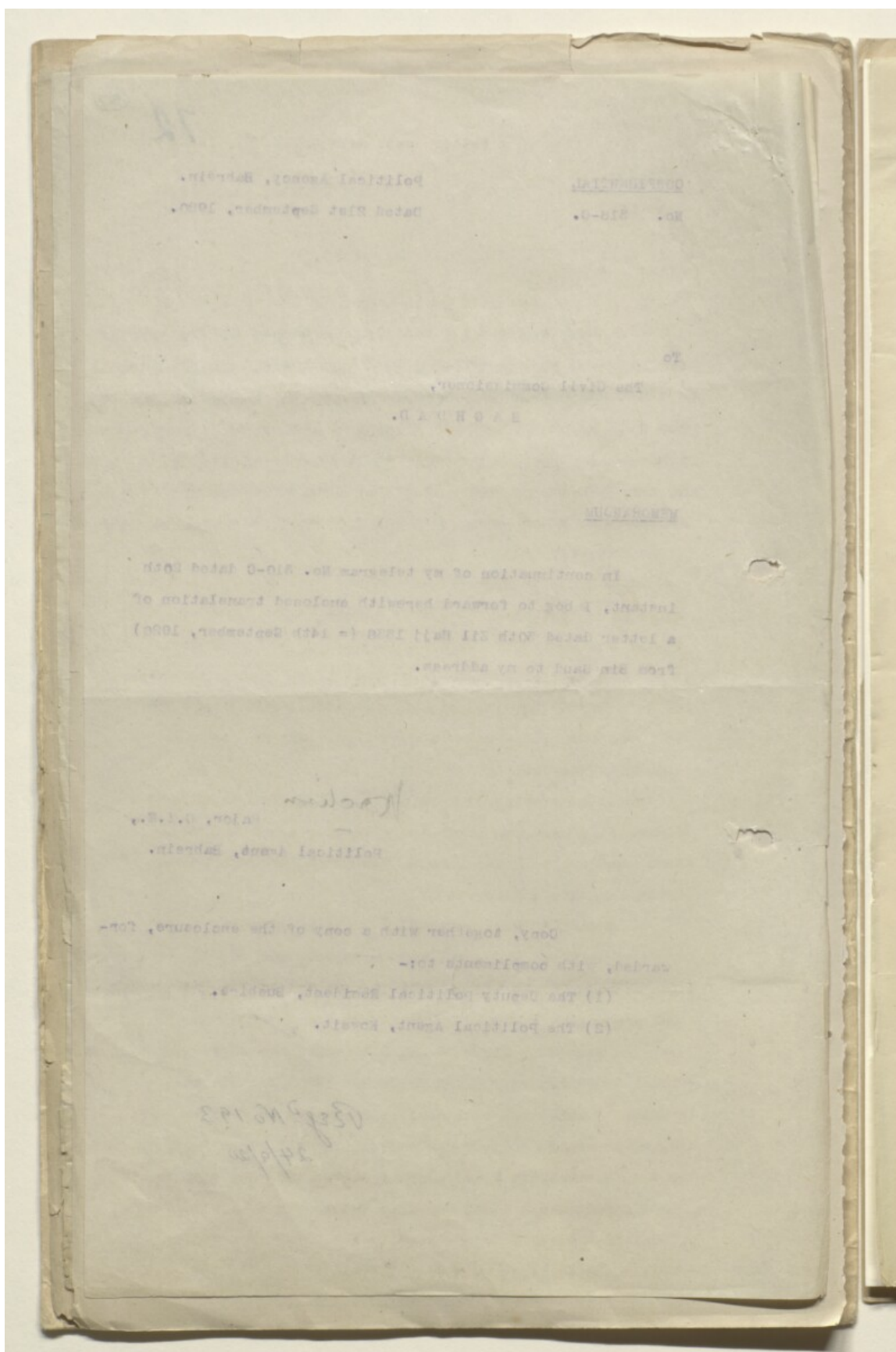
*Ref. No 188
23/9/20*

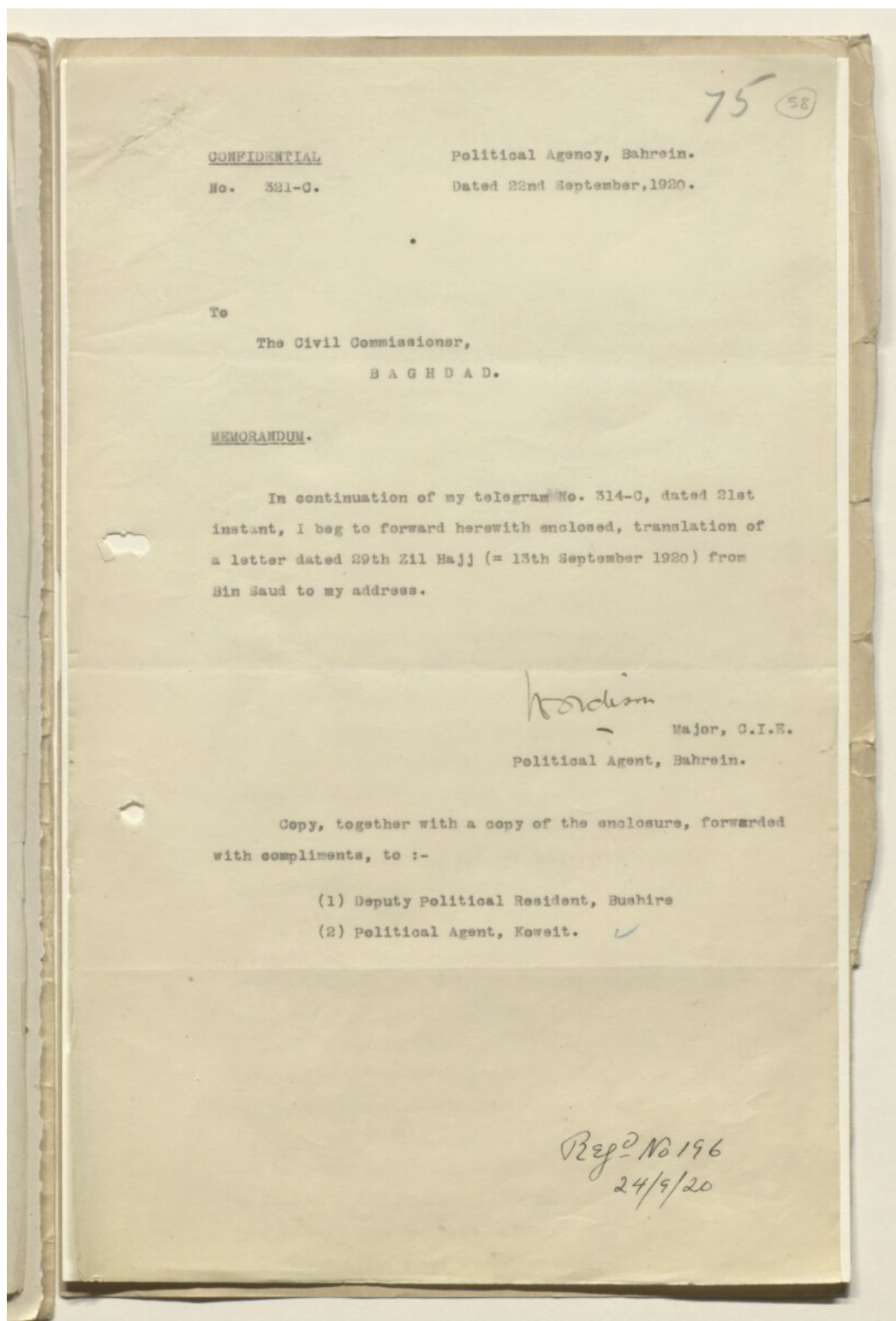






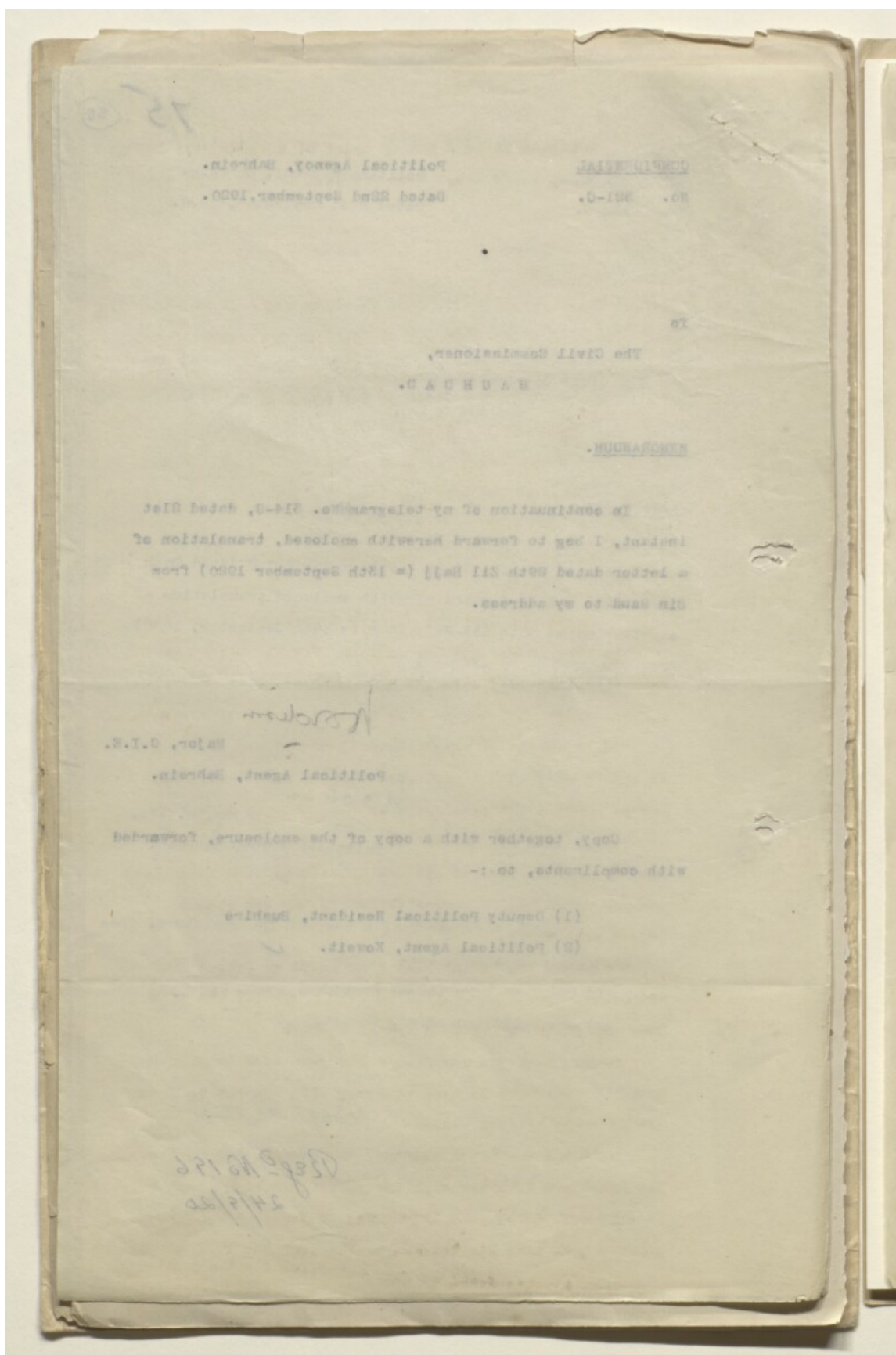
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [57v] (114/342)

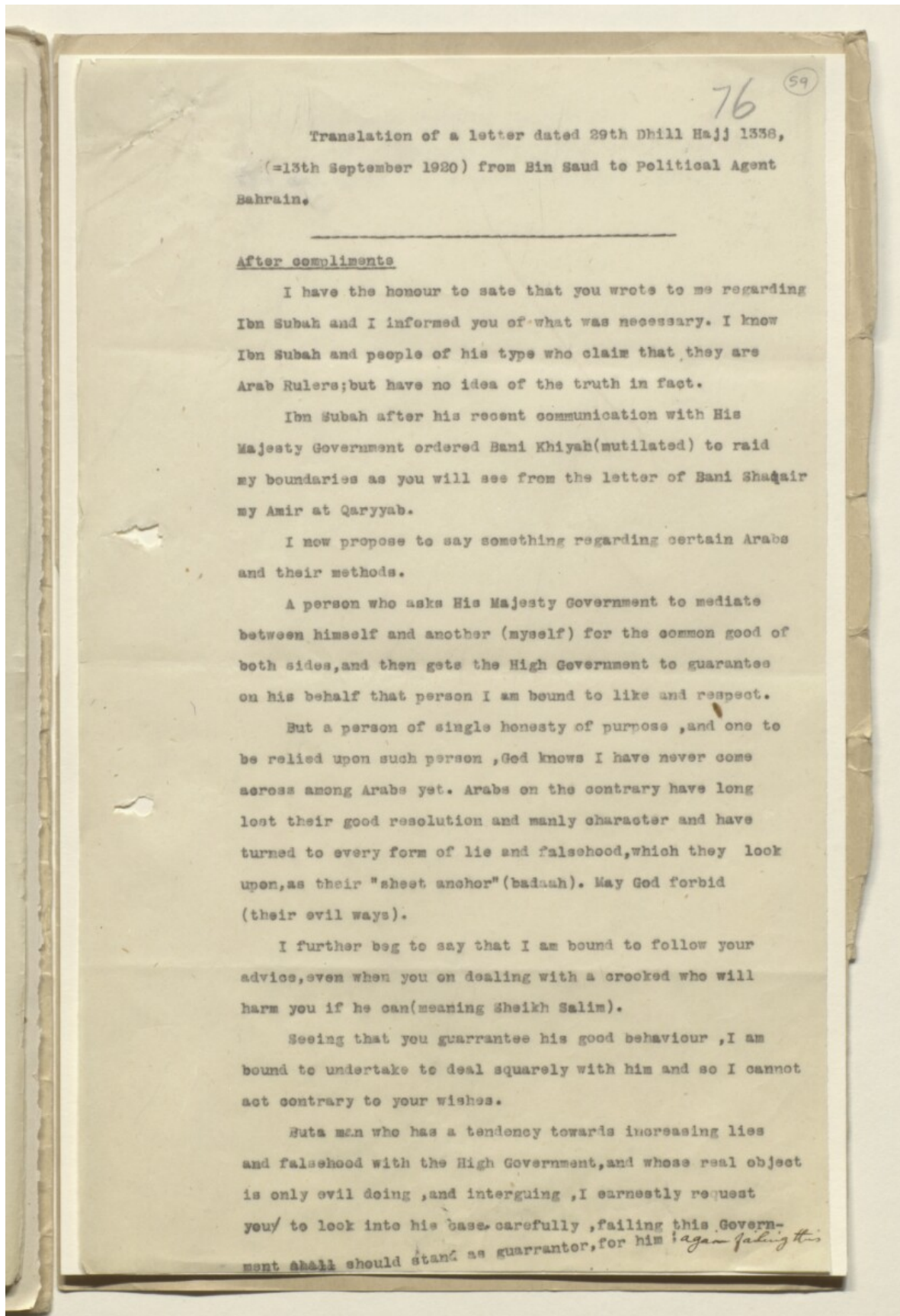






[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [58v] (116/342)





76 59
Translation of a letter dated 29th Dhil Hajj 1338,
(=13th September 1920) from Bin Saud to Political Agent
Bahrain.

After compliments

I have the honour to state that you wrote to me regarding
Ibn Subah and I informed you of what was necessary. I know
Ibn Subah and people of his type who claim that they are
Arab Rulers; but have no idea of the truth in fact.

Ibn Subah after his recent communication with His
Majesty Government ordered Bani Khayah (mutilated) to raid
my boundaries as you will see from the letter of Bani Shaqair
my Amir at Qaryyab.

I now propose to say something regarding certain Arabs
and their methods.

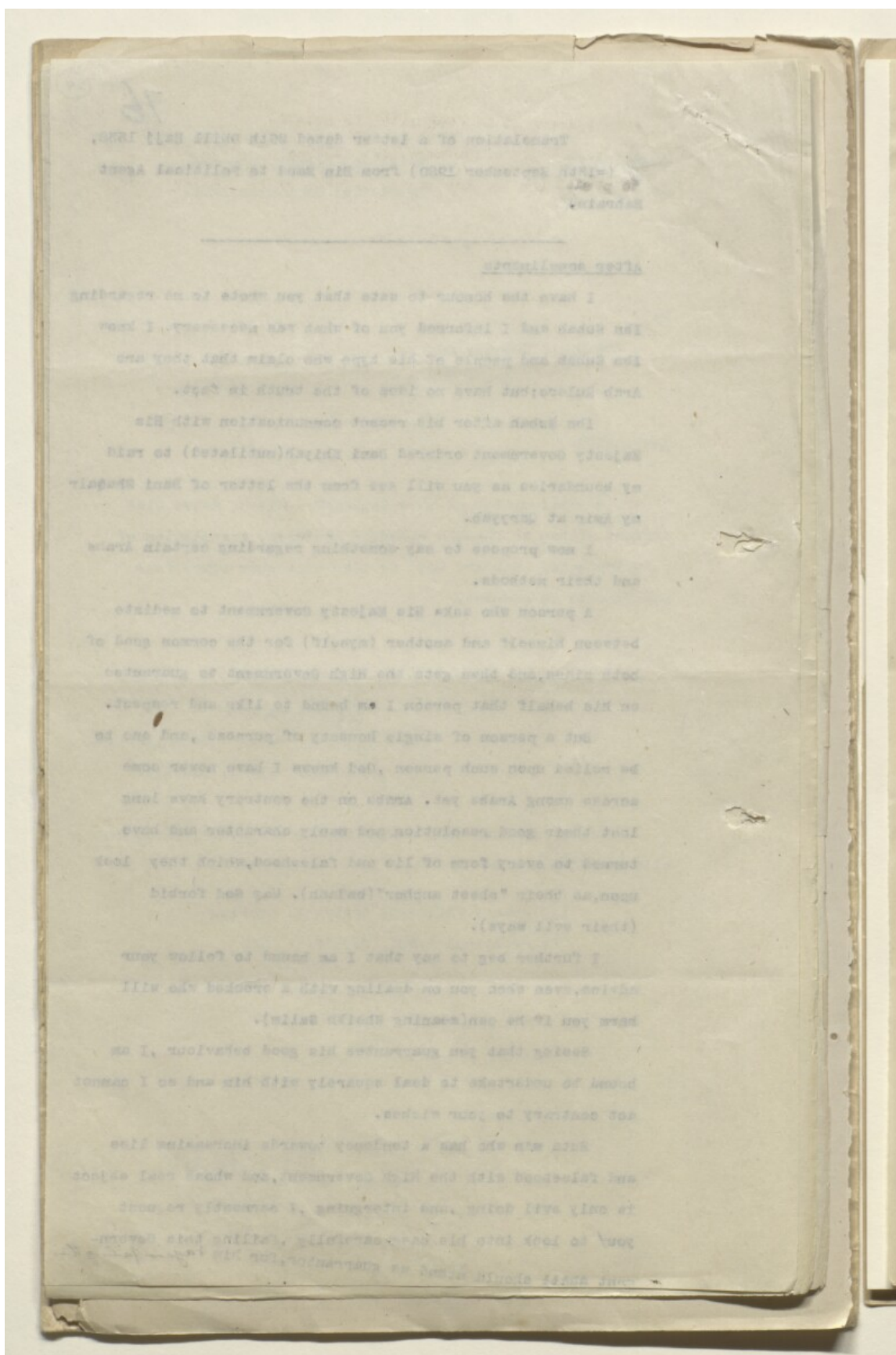
A person who asks His Majesty Government to mediate
between himself and another (myself) for the common good of
both sides, and then gets the High Government to guarantee
on his behalf that person I am bound to like and respect.

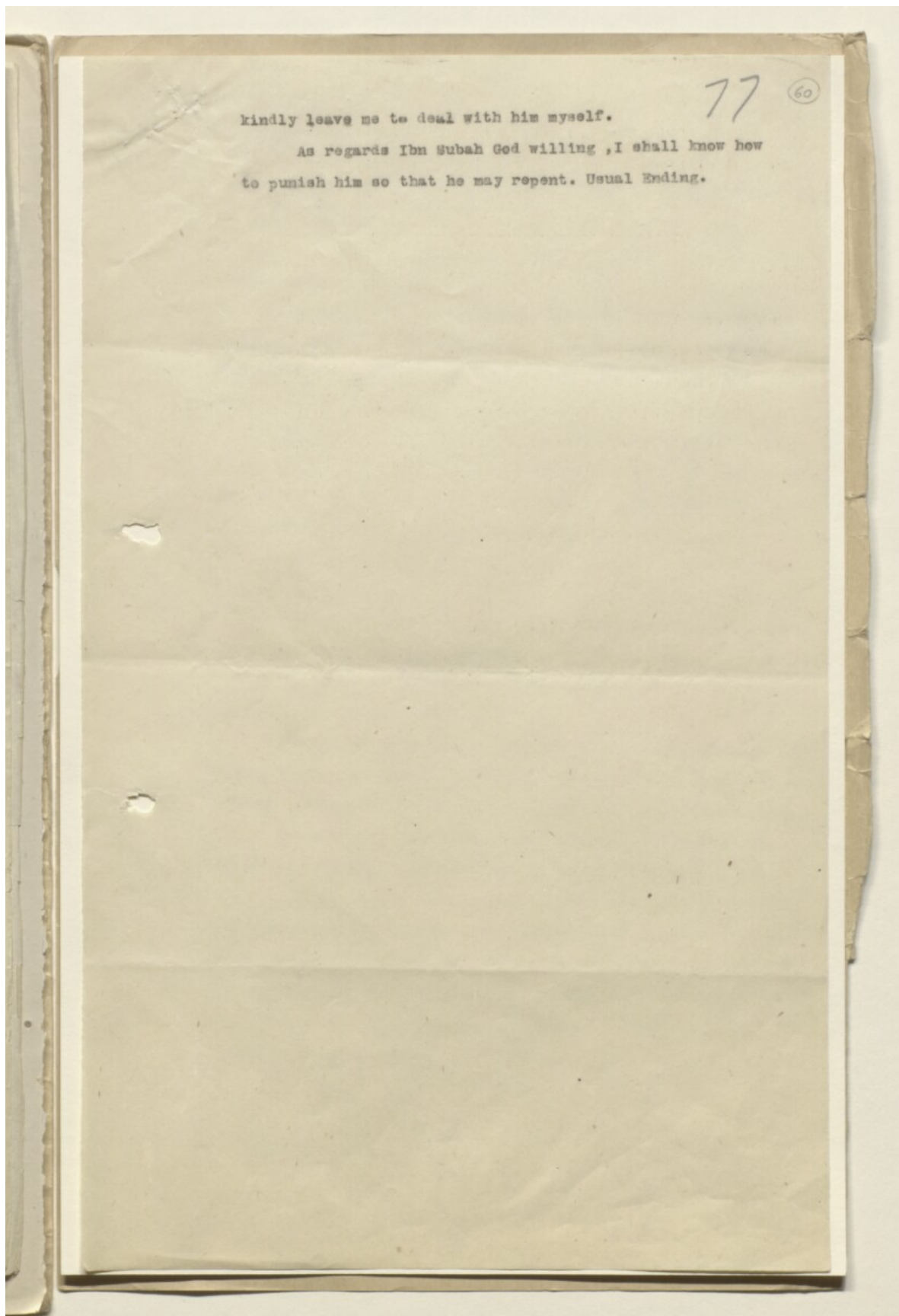
But a person of single honesty of purpose, and one to
be relied upon such person, God knows I have never come
across among Arabs yet. Arabs on the contrary have long
lost their good resolution and manly character and have
turned to every form of lie and falsehood, which they look
upon, as their "sheet anchor" (badaah). May God forbid
(their evil ways).

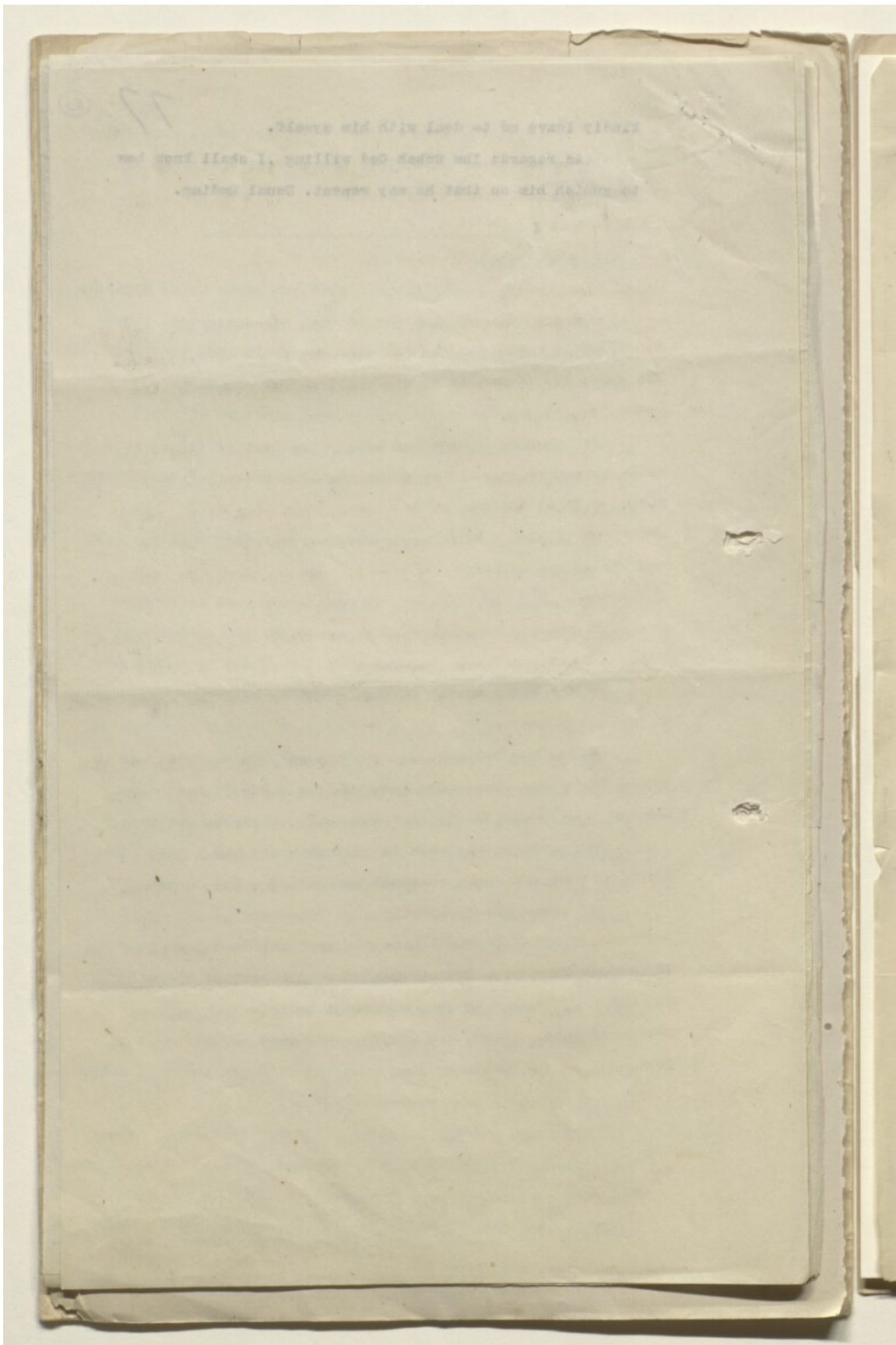
I further beg to say that I am bound to follow your
advice, even when you are dealing with a crooked who will
harm you if he can (meaning Sheikh Salim).

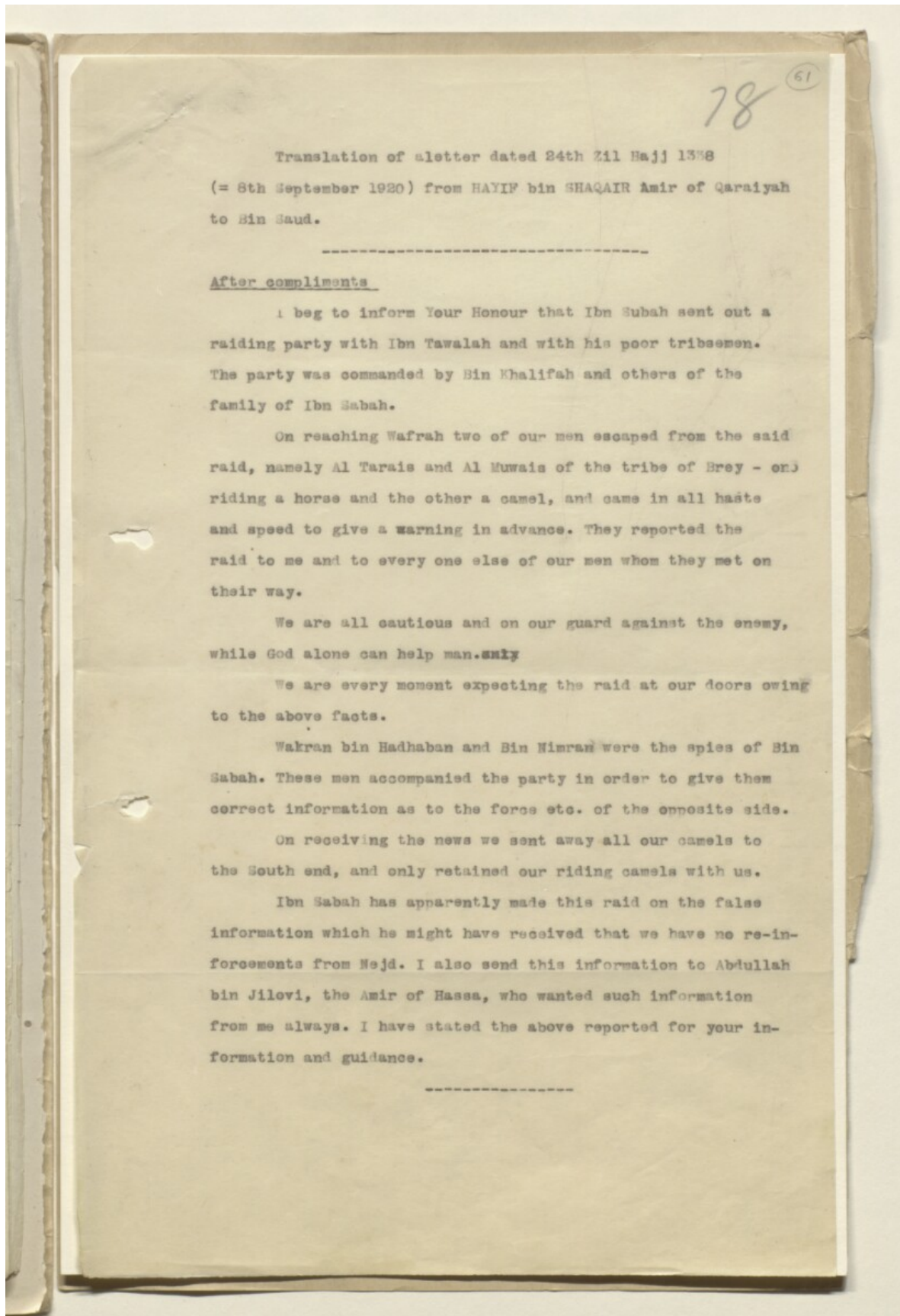
Seeing that you guarantee his good behaviour, I am
bound to undertake to deal squarely with him and so I cannot
act contrary to your wishes.

But a man who has a tendency towards increasing lies
and falsehood with the High Government, and whose real object
is only evil doing, and interguing, I earnestly request
you to look into his case carefully, failing this Govern-
ment shall stand as guarantor, for him *again failing this*









78 61
Translation of a letter dated 24th Zil Hajj 1338

(= 8th September 1920) from HAYIF bin SHAQAIR Amir of Qaraiyah to Bin Saud.

After compliments

I beg to inform Your Honour that Ibn Sabah sent out a raiding party with Ibn Tawalah and with his poor tribesmen. The party was commanded by Bin Khalifah and others of the family of Ibn Sabah.

On reaching Wafrah two of our men escaped from the said raid, namely Al Tarais and Al Muwais of the tribe of Brey - one riding a horse and the other a camel, and came in all haste and speed to give a warning in advance. They reported the raid to me and to every one else of our men whom they met on their way.

We are all cautious and on our guard against the enemy, while God alone can help man.~~only~~

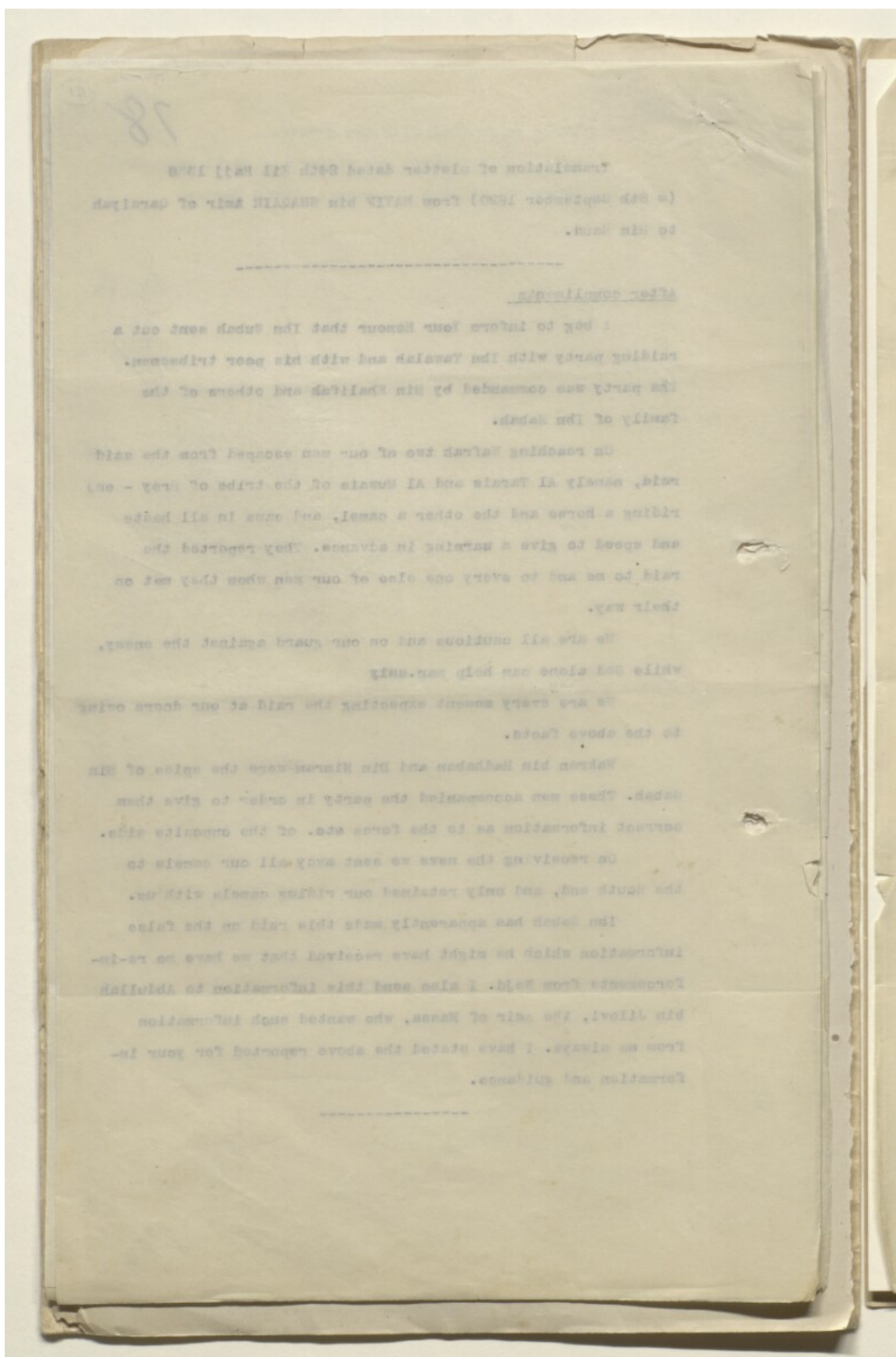
We are every moment expecting the raid at our doors owing to the above facts.

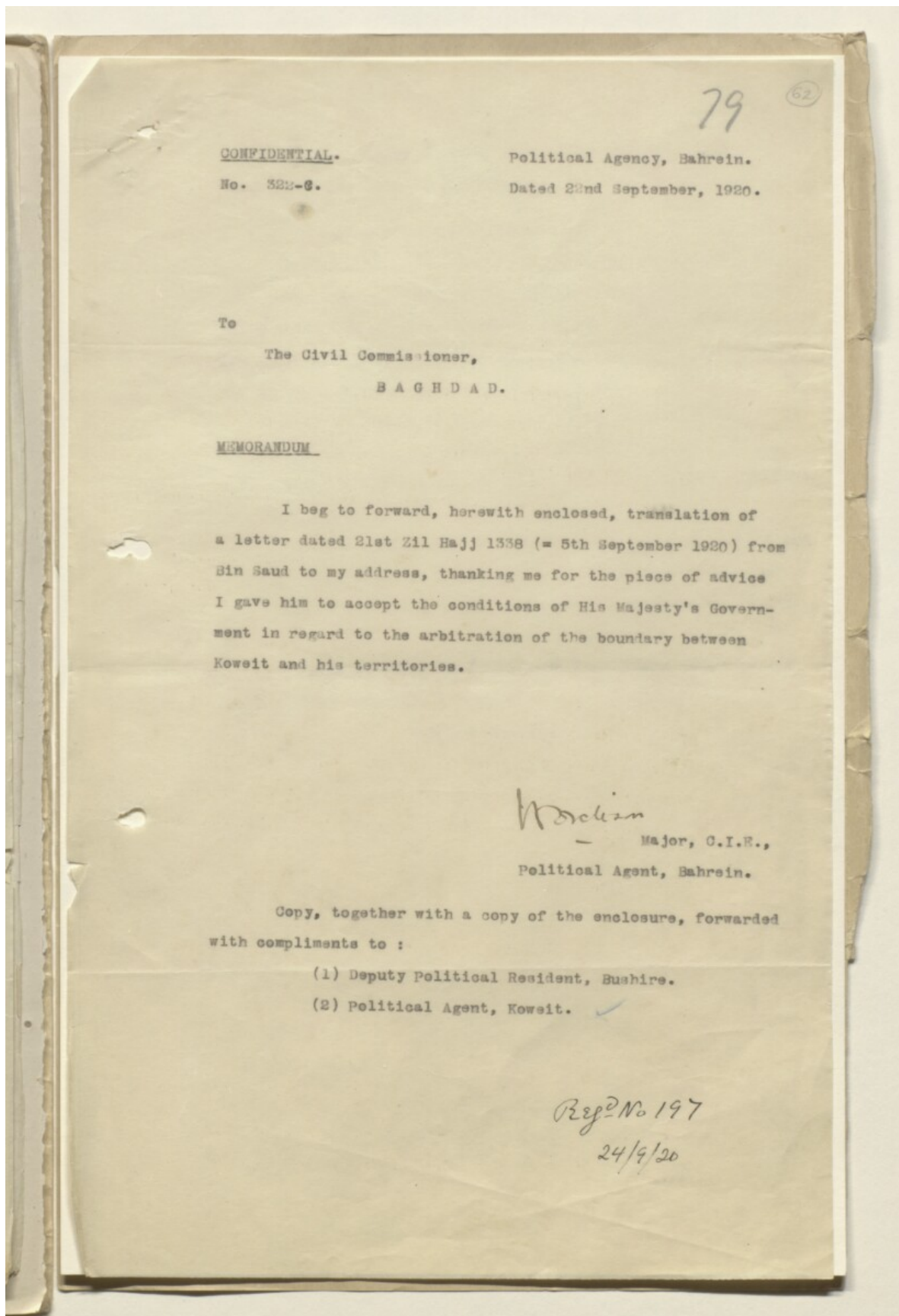
Wakran bin Hadhaban and Bin Nimran were the spies of Bin Sabah. These men accompanied the party in order to give them correct information as to the force etc. of the opposite side.

On receiving the news we sent away all our camels to the South end, and only retained our riding camels with us.

Ibn Sabah has apparently made this raid on the false information which he might have received that we have no re-inforcements from Nejd. I also send this information to Abdullah bin Jilevi, the Amir of Hassa, who wanted such information from me always. I have stated the above reported for your information and guidance.

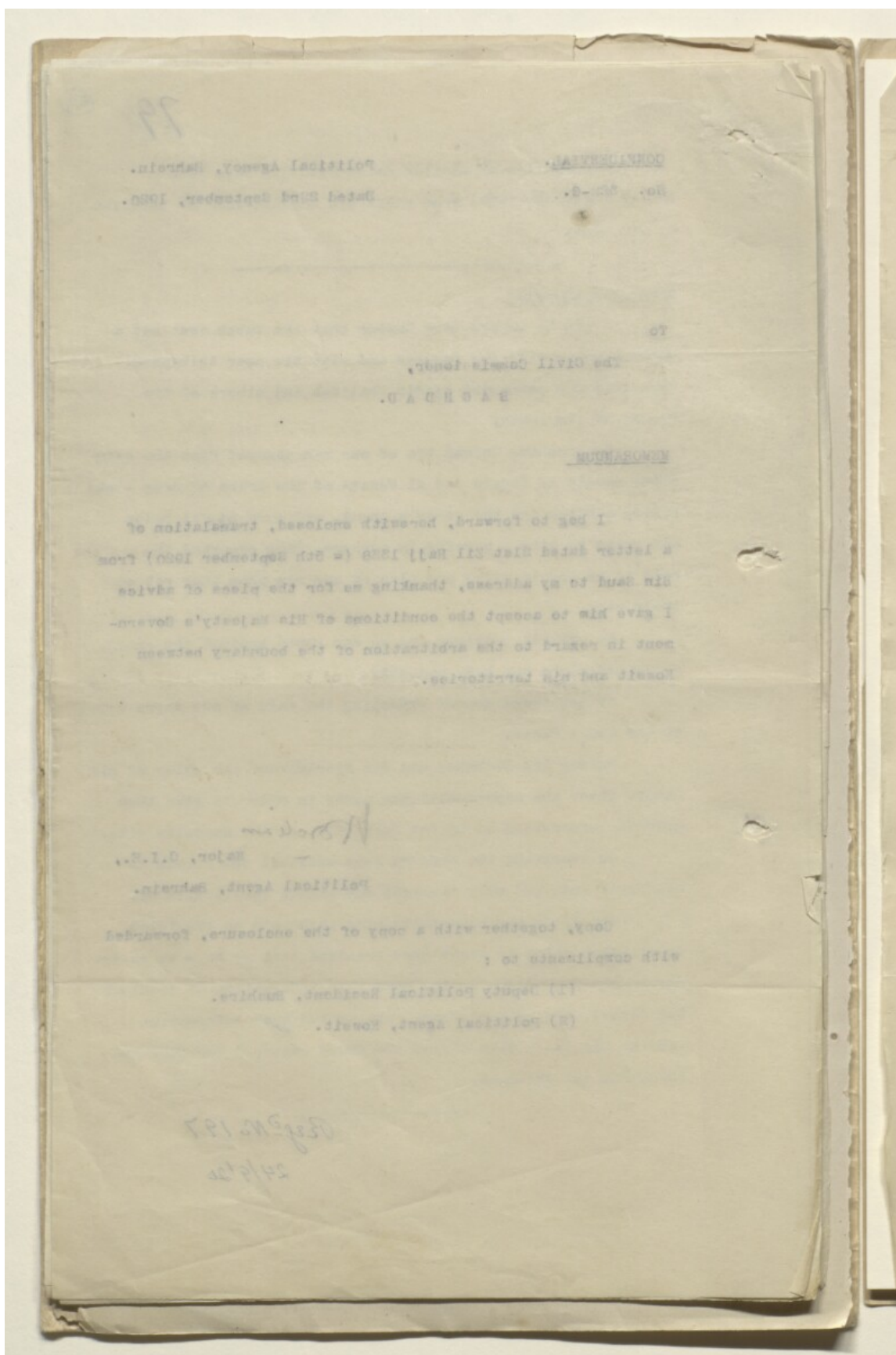
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [61v] (122/342)

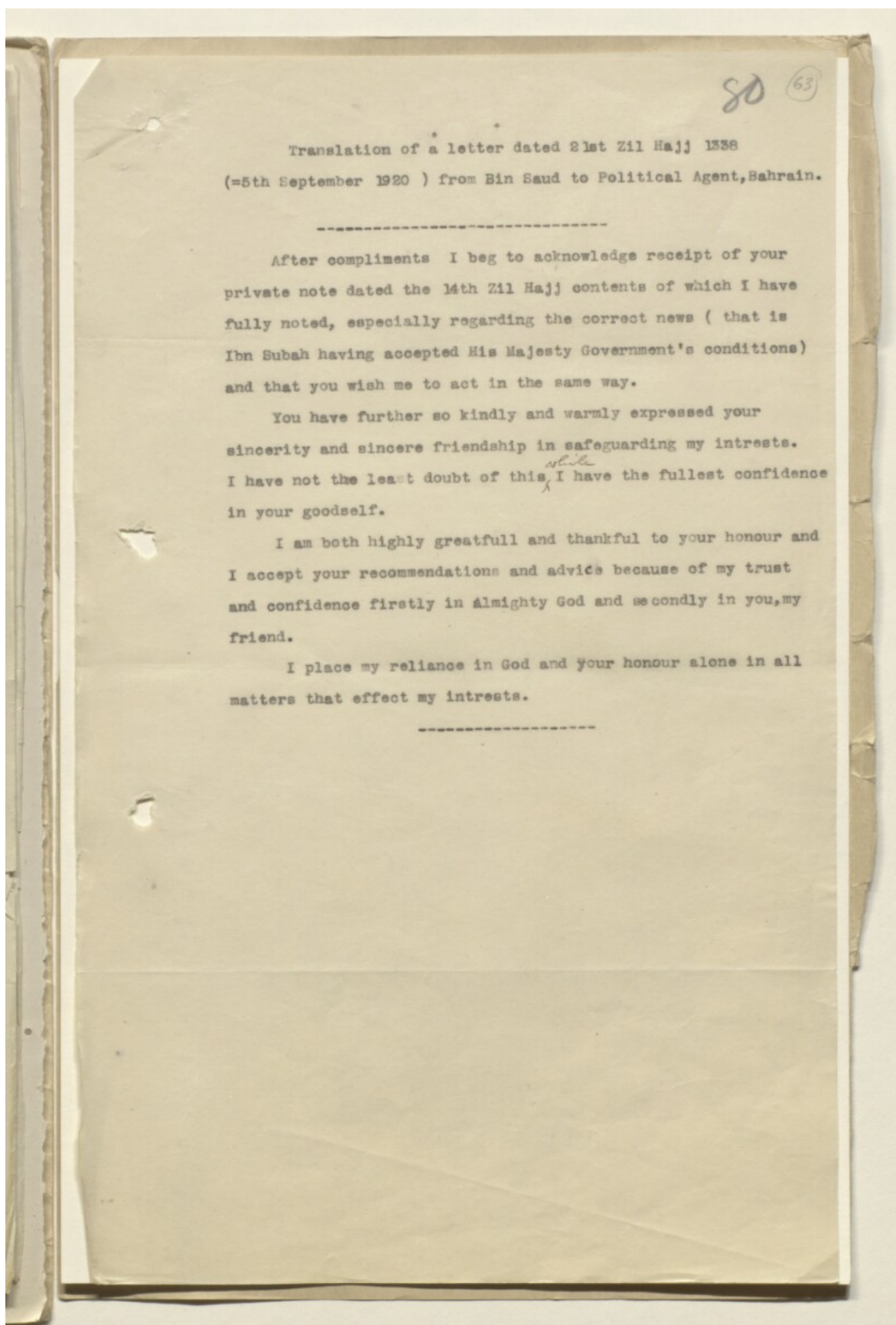






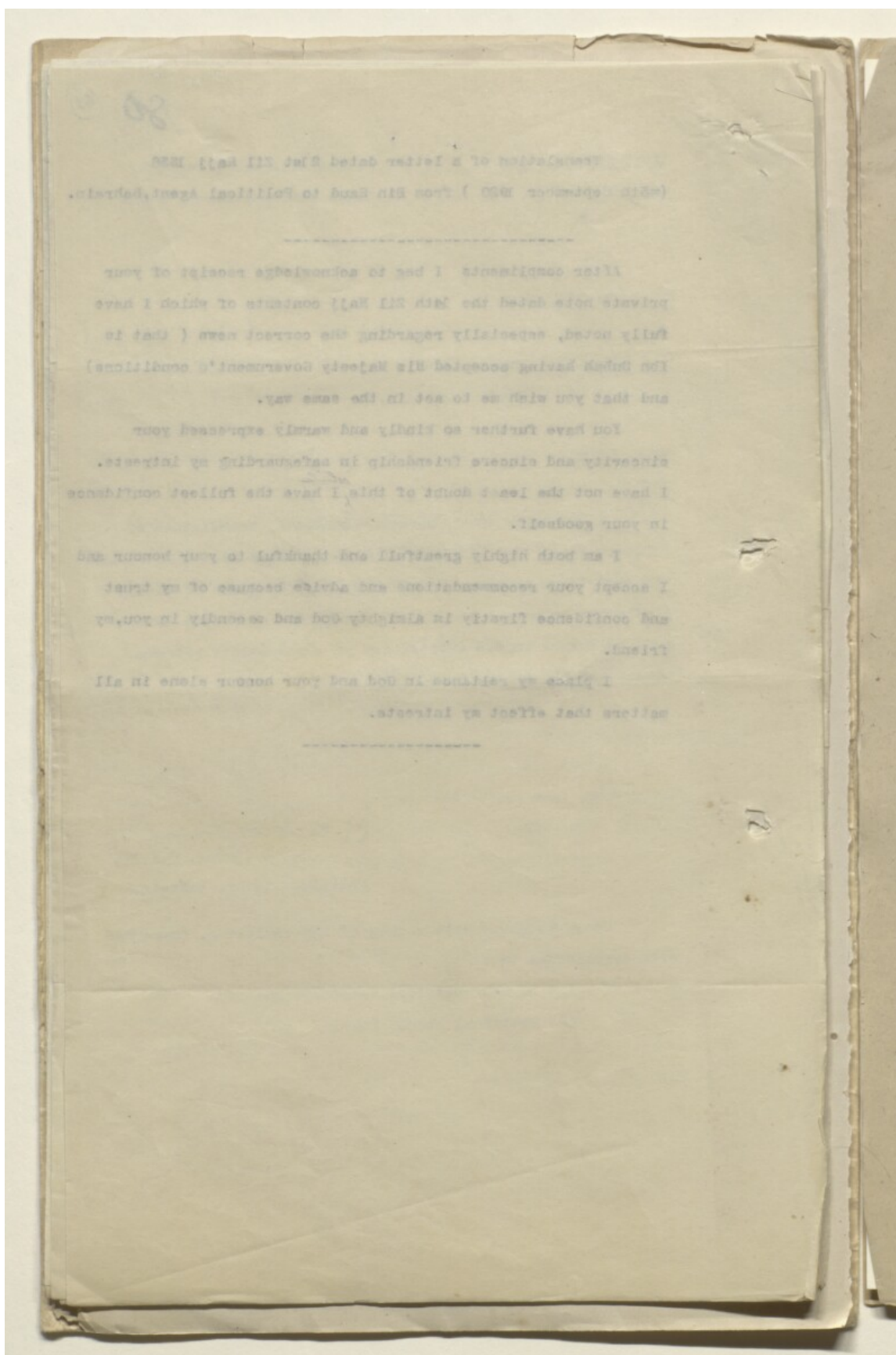
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [62v] (124/342)

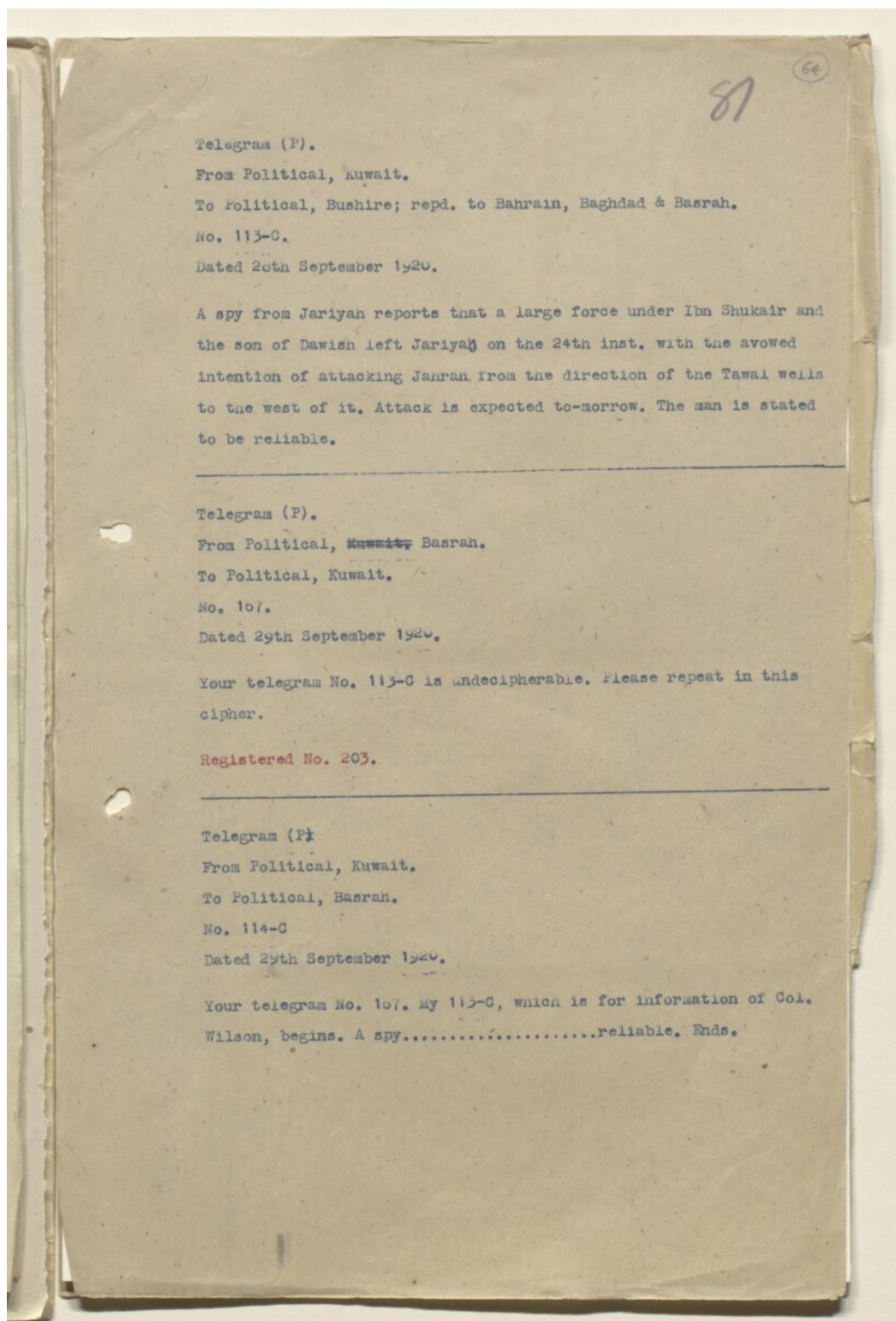






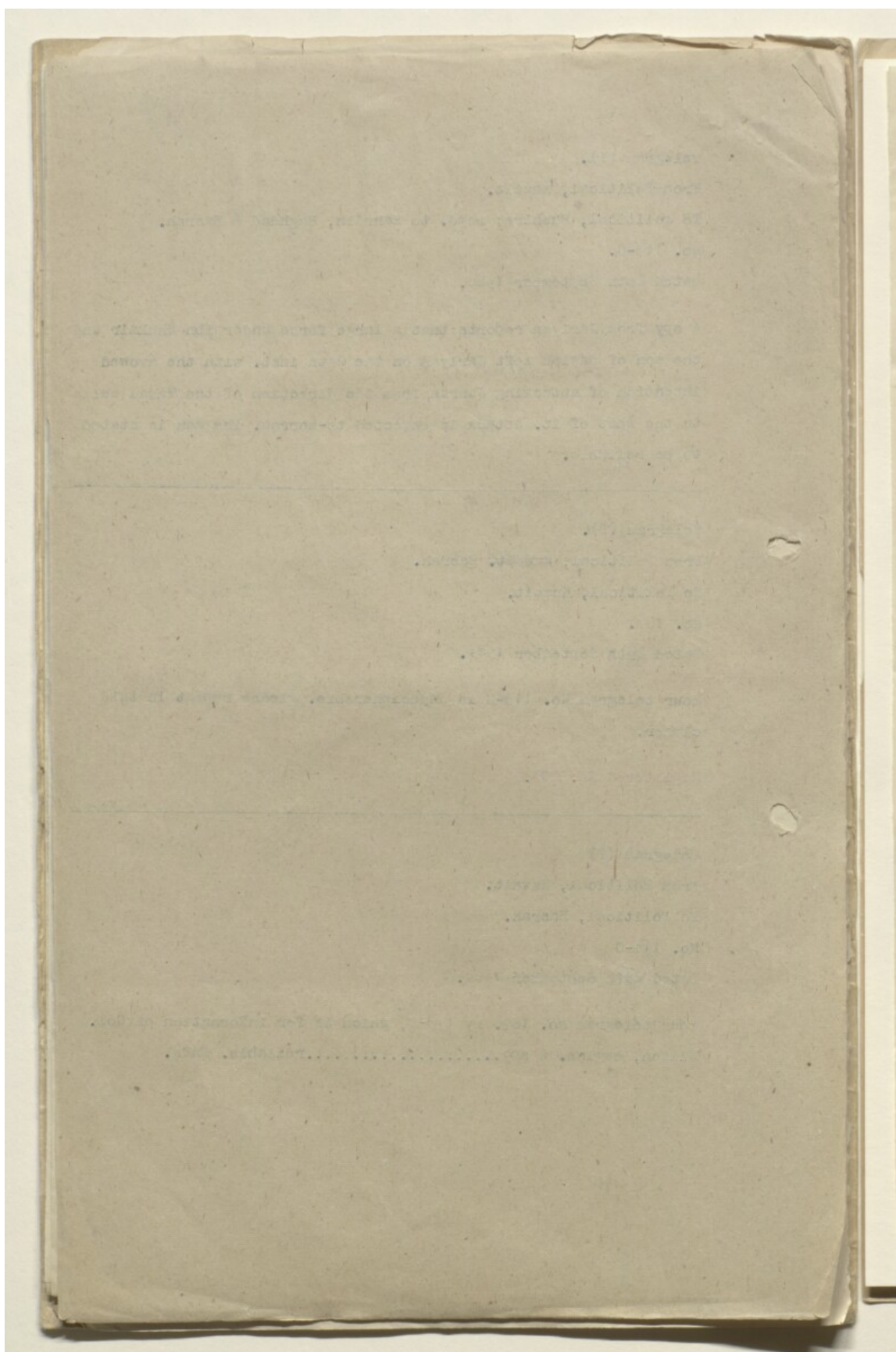
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [63v] (126/342)

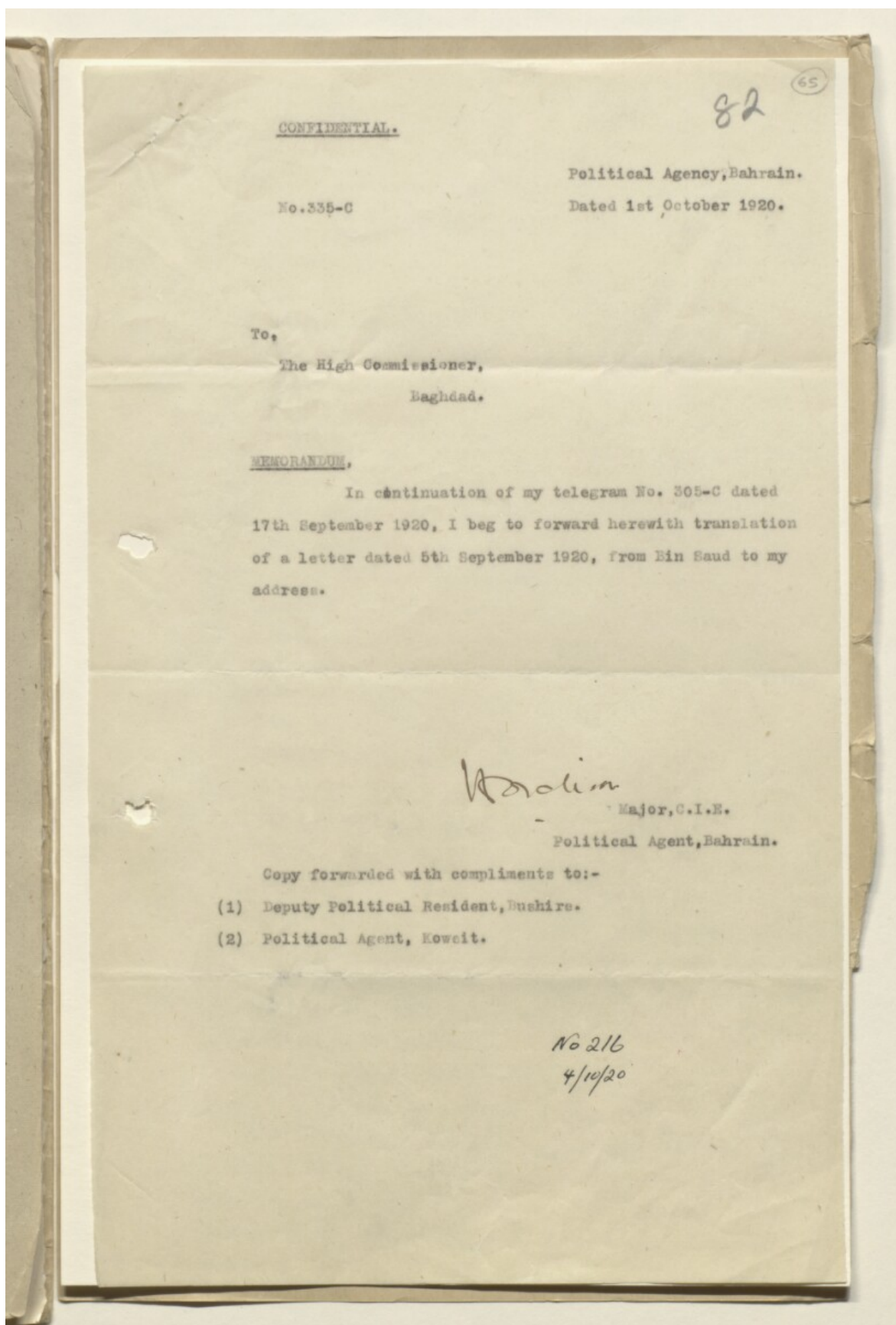






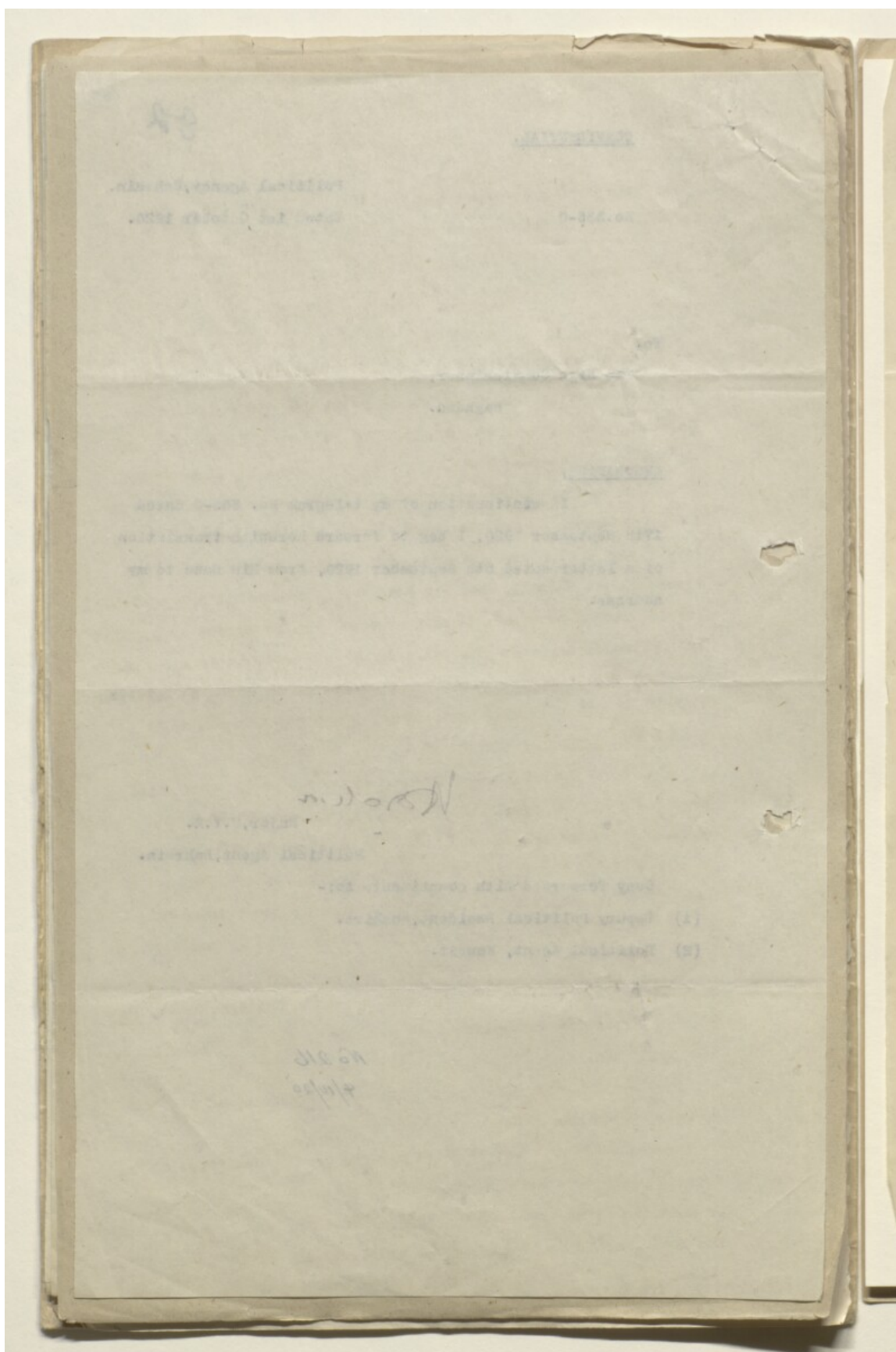
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [64v] (128/342)

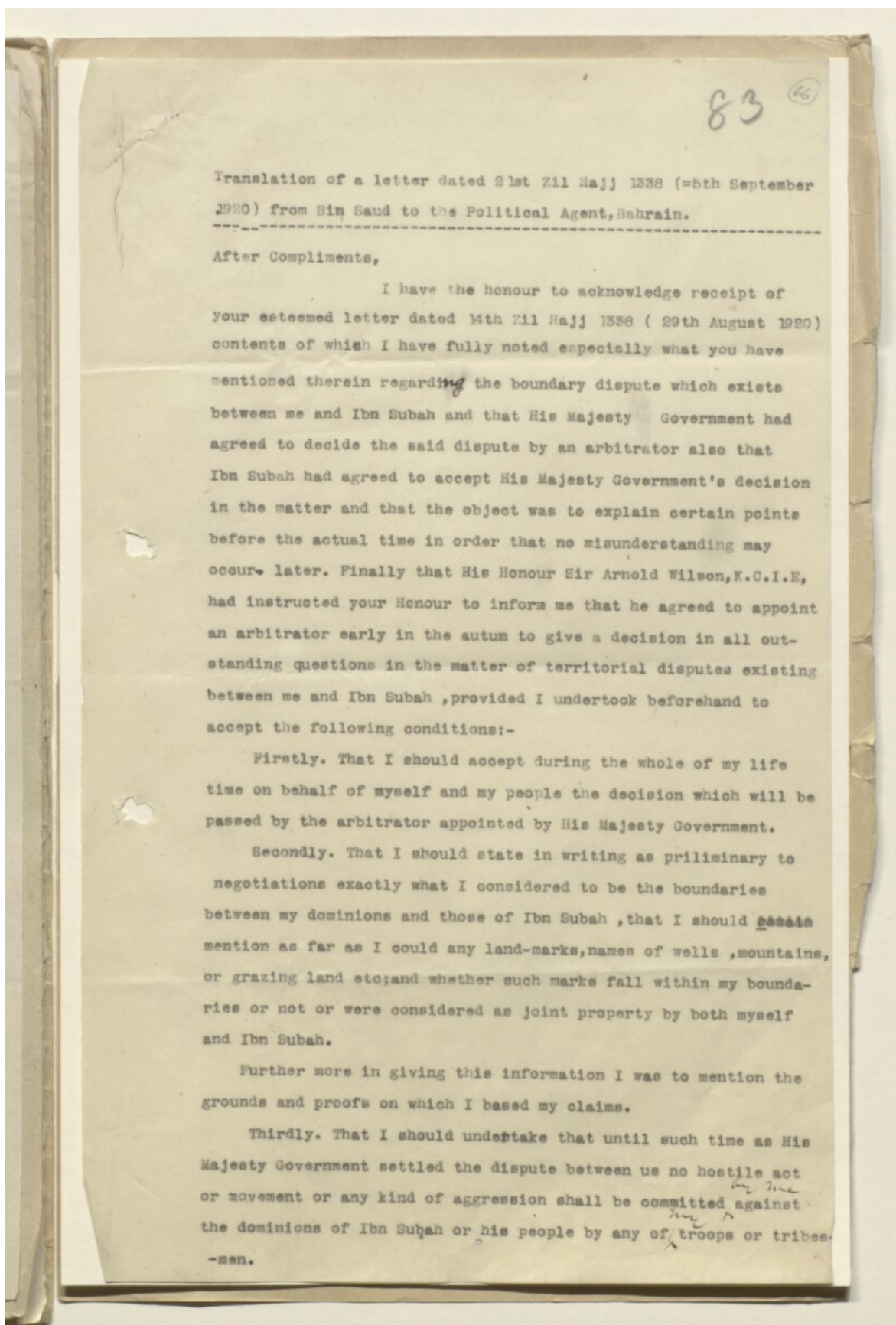






[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [65v] (130/342)





83 (66)
Translation of a letter dated 21st Zil Hajj 1338 (=25th September 1920) from Bin Saud to the Political Agent, Bahrain.

After Compliments,

I have the honour to acknowledge receipt of Your esteemed letter dated 14th Zil Hajj 1338 (29th August 1920) contents of which I have fully noted especially what you have mentioned therein regarding the boundary dispute which exists between me and Ibn Subah and that His Majesty Government had agreed to decide the said dispute by an arbitrator also that Ibn Subah had agreed to accept His Majesty Government's decision in the matter and that the object was to explain certain points before the actual time in order that no misunderstanding may occur later. Finally that His Honour Sir Arnold Wilson, K.C.I.E., had instructed your Honour to inform me that he agreed to appoint an arbitrator early in the autumn to give a decision in all outstanding questions in the matter of territorial disputes existing between me and Ibn Subah, provided I undertook beforehand to accept the following conditions:-

Firstly. That I should accept during the whole of my life time on behalf of myself and my people the decision which will be passed by the arbitrator appointed by His Majesty Government.

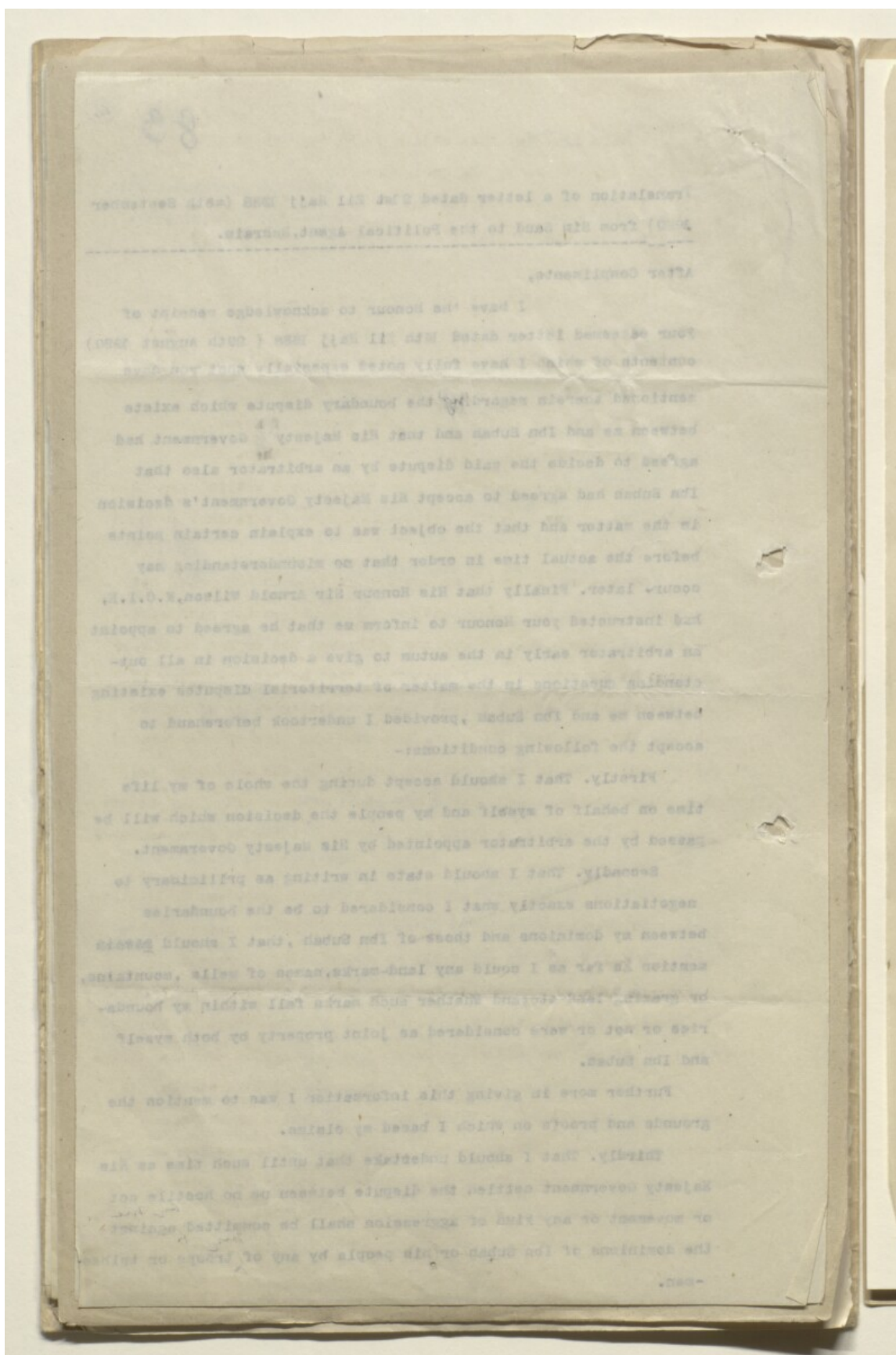
Secondly. That I should state in writing as preliminary to negotiations exactly what I considered to be the boundaries between my dominions and those of Ibn Subah, that I should ~~state~~ mention as far as I could any land-marks, names of wells, mountains, or grazing land etc; and whether such marks fall within my boundaries or not or were considered as joint property by both myself and Ibn Subah.

Further more in giving this information I was to mention the grounds and proofs on which I based my claims.

Thirdly. That I should undertake that until such time as His Majesty Government settled the dispute between us no hostile act or movement or any kind of aggression shall be committed ^{by me} against the dominions of Ibn Subah or his people by any of ^{my} troops or tribes-men.



[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [66v] (132/342)





84 (67)
Always provided that attack or an aggression act is committed against me by the other party.

You ask me to agree to the above conditions and state also that Ibn Subah has been asked to comply with exactly similar ones.

Yes, I beg to advise you that as regards the first condition I agree to accept on behalf of myself and my people the decision of the arbitrator who will be appointed by His Majesty Government and I now give an undertaking on behalf of myself and my people not to interfere with those tracts of Koweit which were not claimed or administered by my grand-father.

As regards my informing your Honour as a preliminary to negotiations of any marks, wells, mountains, or a feature such as grazing grounds etc.

My answer is that I do not recognize that Ibn Subah has any boundaries (in the hinterland) neither mountain nor land-marks, nor do I recognize that he has any tribesmen who depend on him, or on whom he depends, nor do I recognize that he has any shore in the hinterland of Koweit beyond the surrounding walls of Koweit town and this has been the situation from the days of his forefathers and mine. If Salim has any proofs to the contrary let him produce them in order that I may admit or deny same. Any desert Arab you will know these facts and will be willing to give evidence to the above effects.

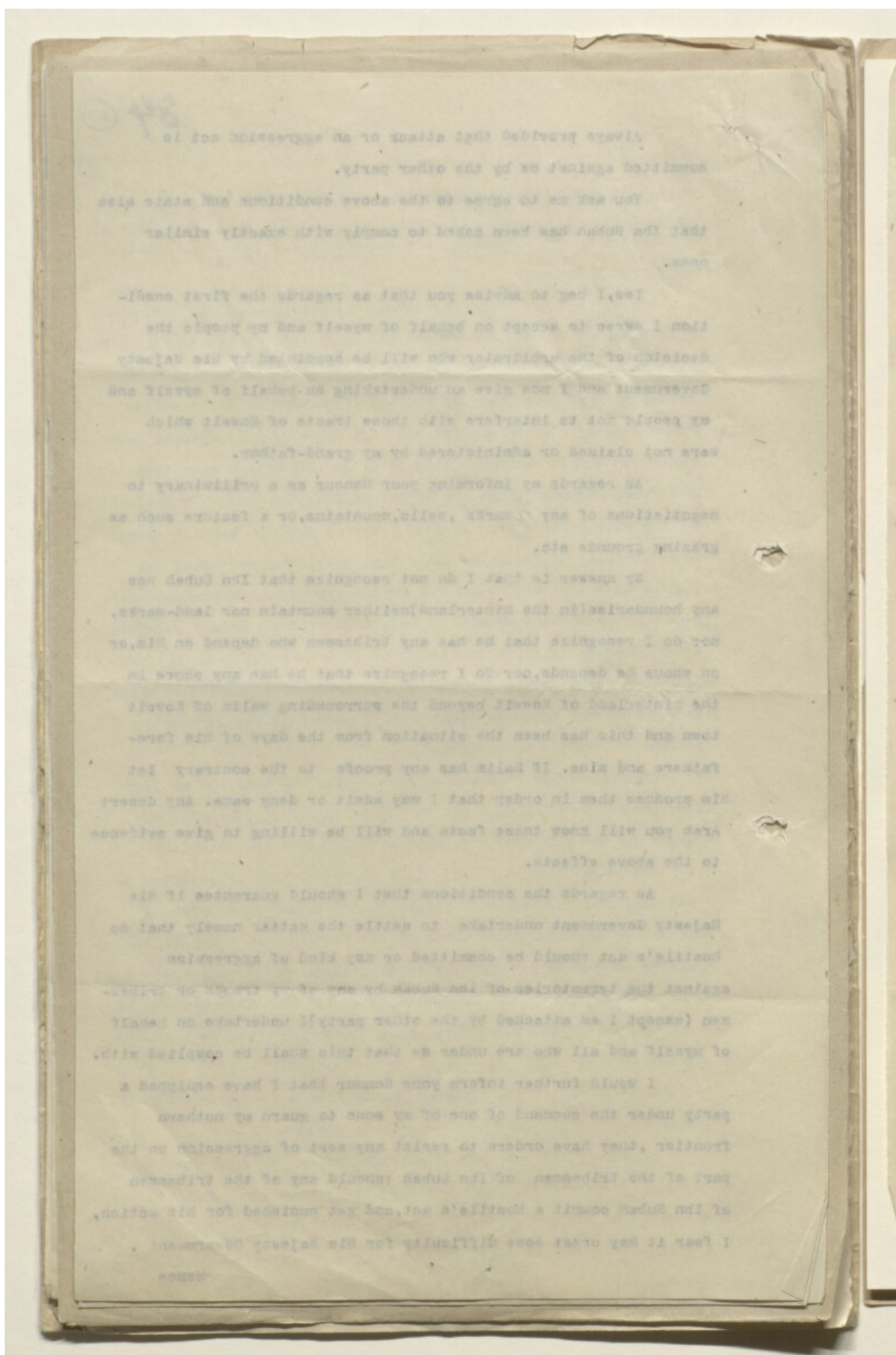
As regards the conditions that I should guarantee if His Majesty Government undertake to settle the matter namely that no hostile's act should be committed or any kind of aggression against the territories of Ibn Subah by any of my troops or tribesmen (except I am attacked by the other party) I undertake on behalf of myself and all who are under me that this shall be complied with.

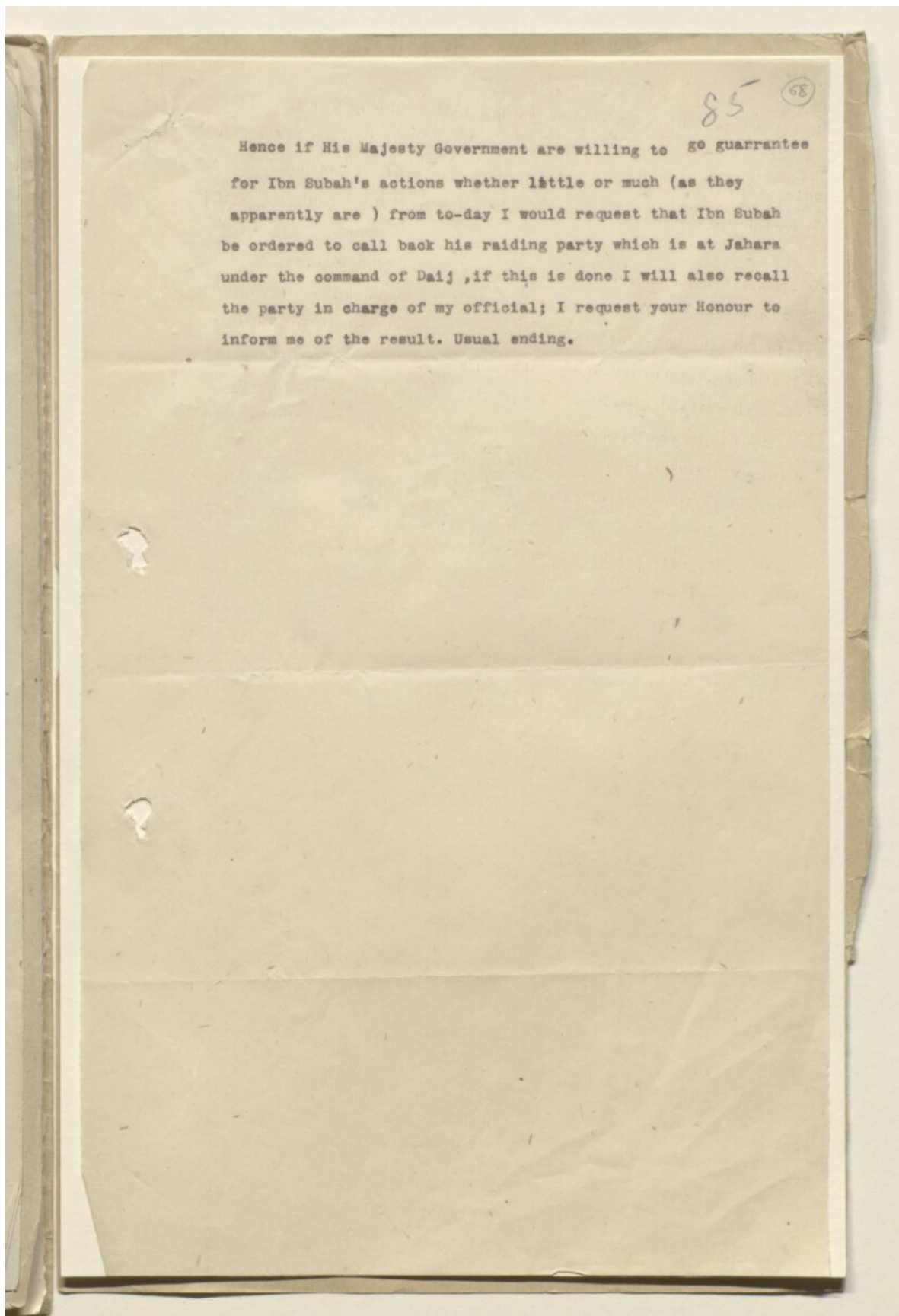
I would further inform your Honour that I have equipped a party under the command of one of my sons to guard my northern frontier, they have orders to resist any sort of aggression on the part of the tribesmen of Ibn Subah; should any of the tribesmen of Ibn Subah commit a hostile's act, and get punished for his action, I fear it may create some difficulty for His Majesty Government.

Hence



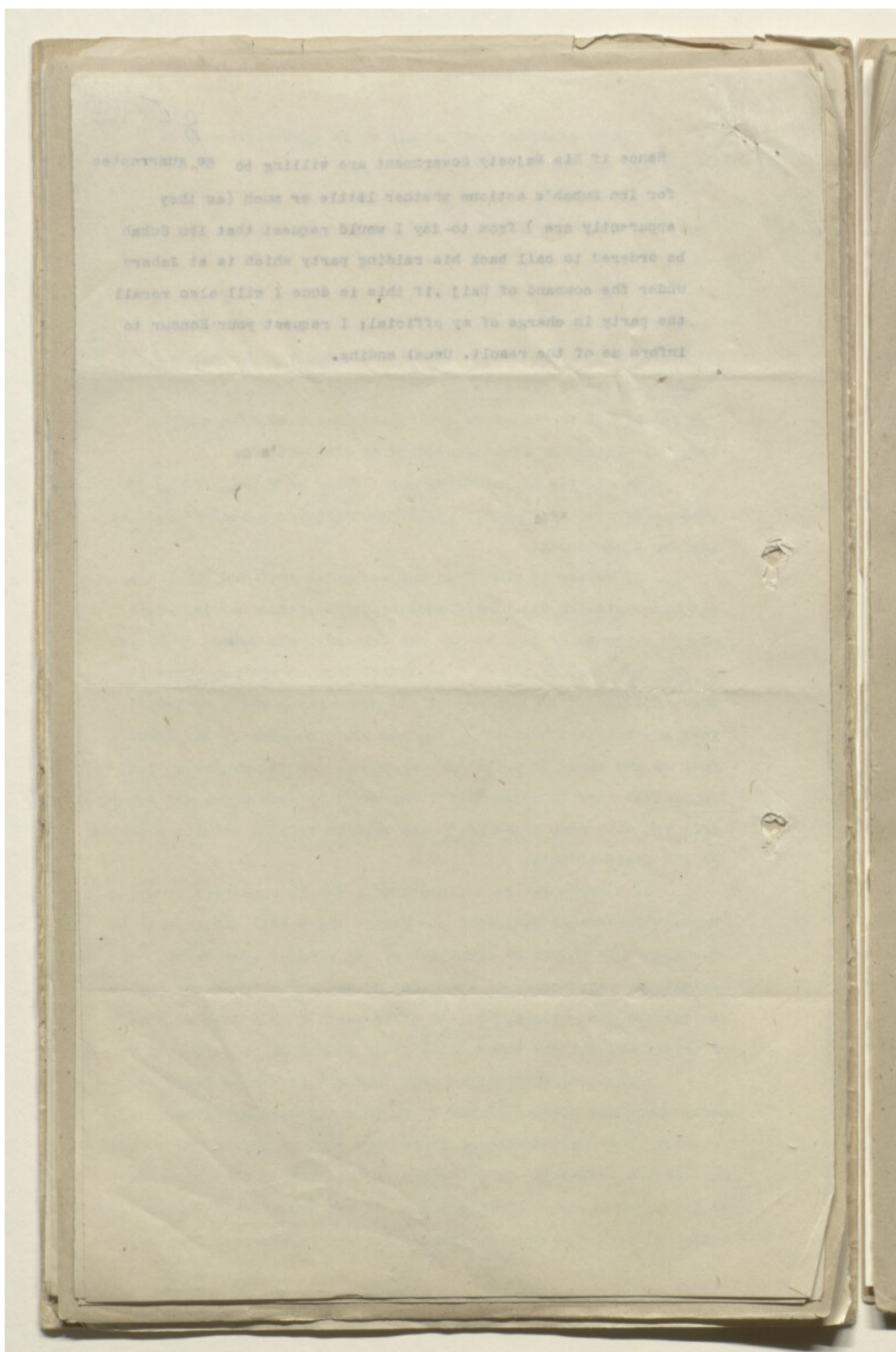
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [67v] (134/342)

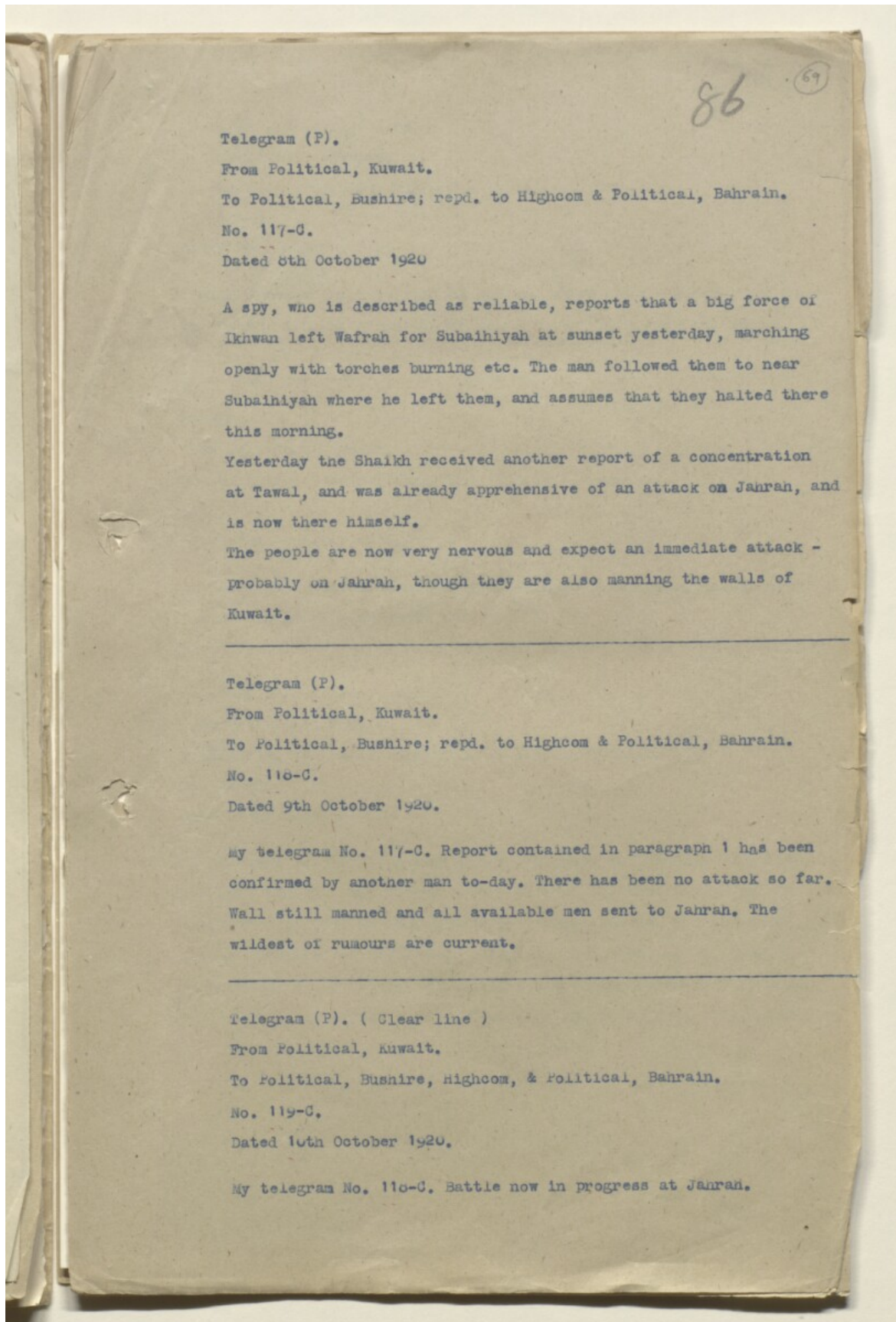






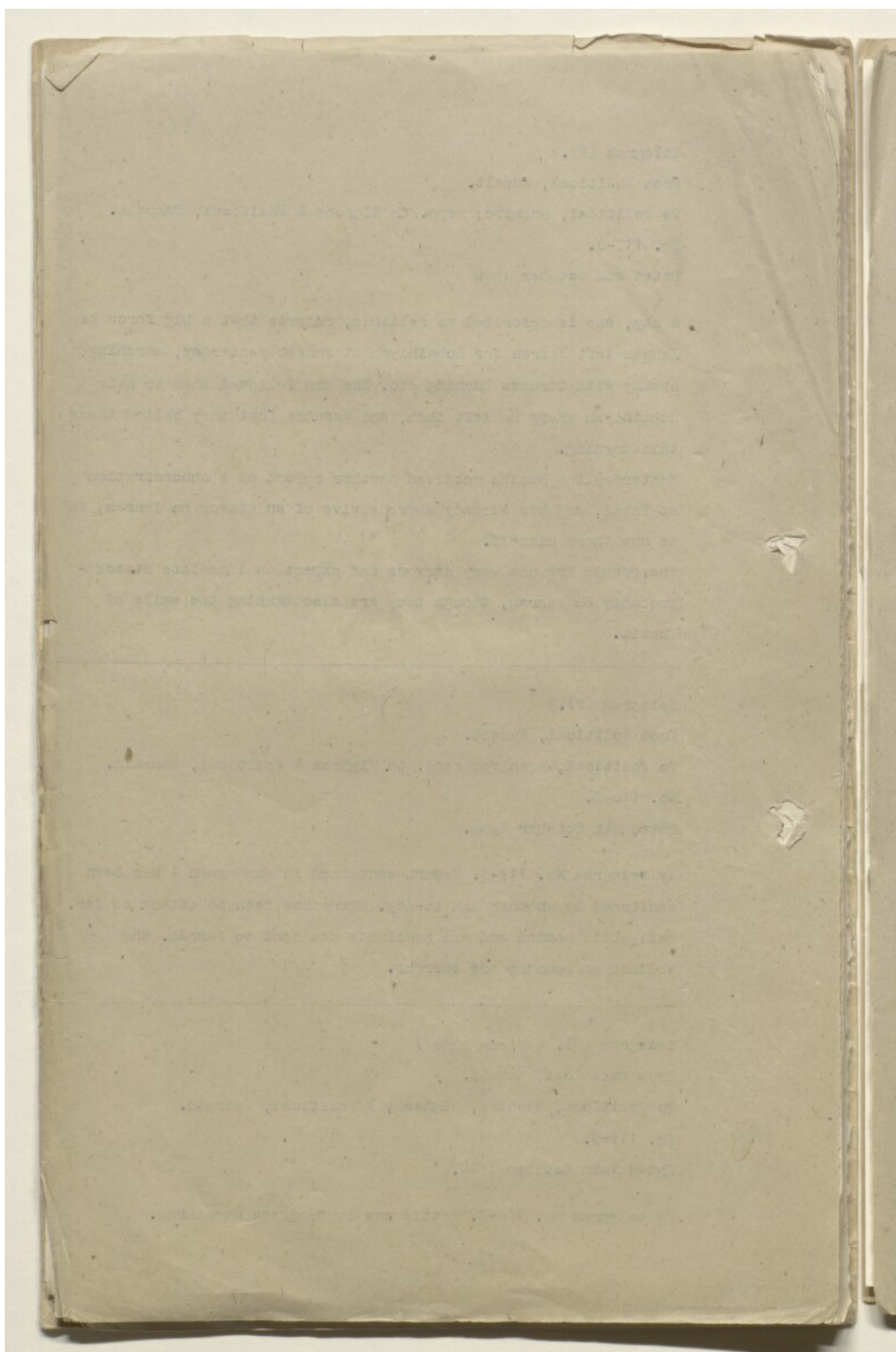
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [68v] (136/342)







[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [69v] (138/342)





87 (70)
Telegram (P). (Clear line)

From Political, Kuwait.

To Political, Bushire, Highcom & Political, Bahrain.

No. 120-C.

Dated 10th October 1920.

Shaikh defeated and besieged at Jahrah. People are expecting an attack on Kuwait. I think a man-of-war would have a very soothing effect.

Telegram (P) (Clear line)

From Political, Kuwait.

To Political, Bushire, Highcom & Political, Bahrain.

No. 121-C.

Dated 10th October 1920.

My telegram No 120-C. Report proved to have been false. Latest reports say Kuwait side doing quite well.

Telegram (P). (Clear line)

From Political, Kuwait.

To Highcom, Political, Bushire & Political, Bahrain.

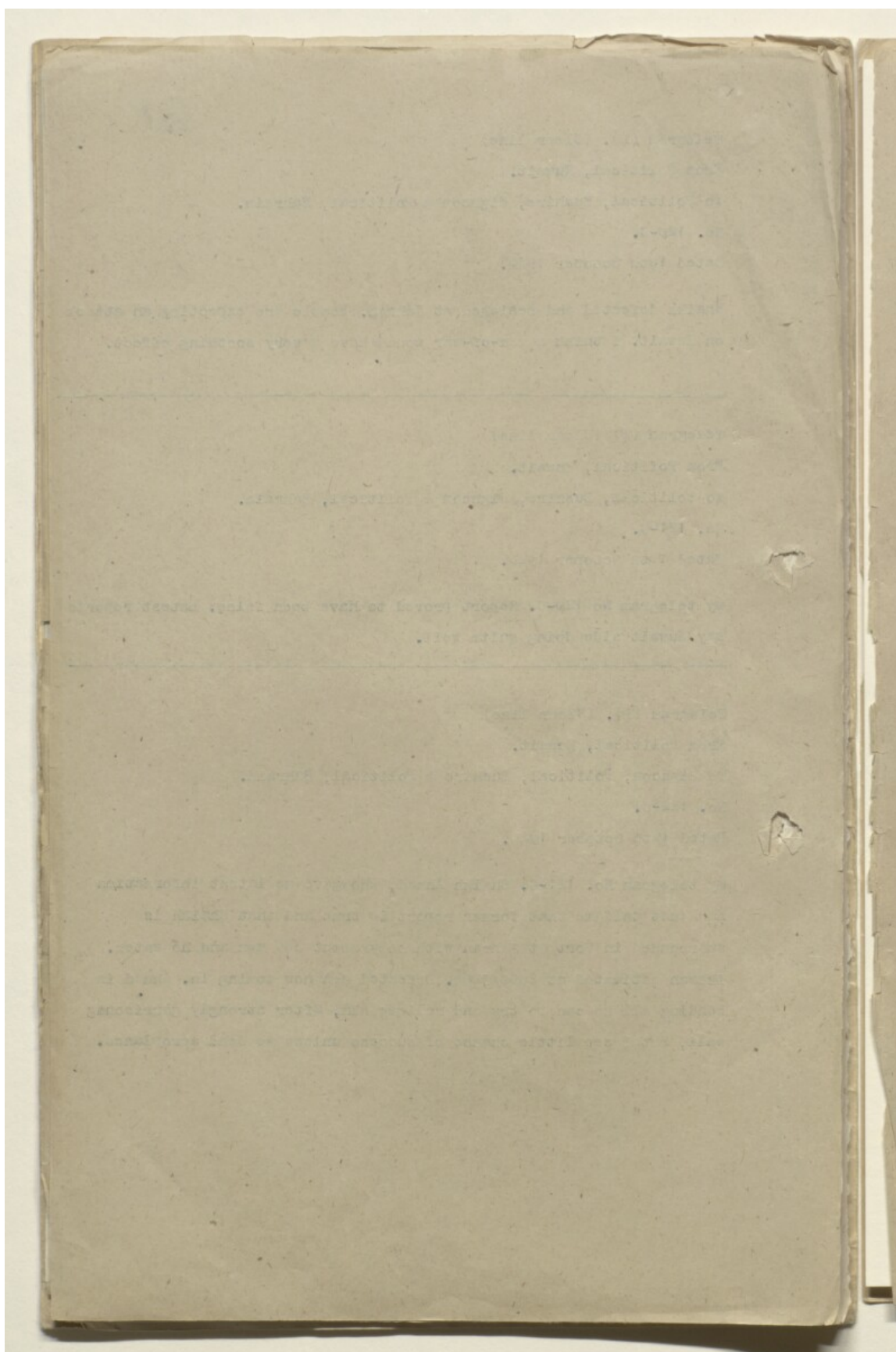
No. 122-C.

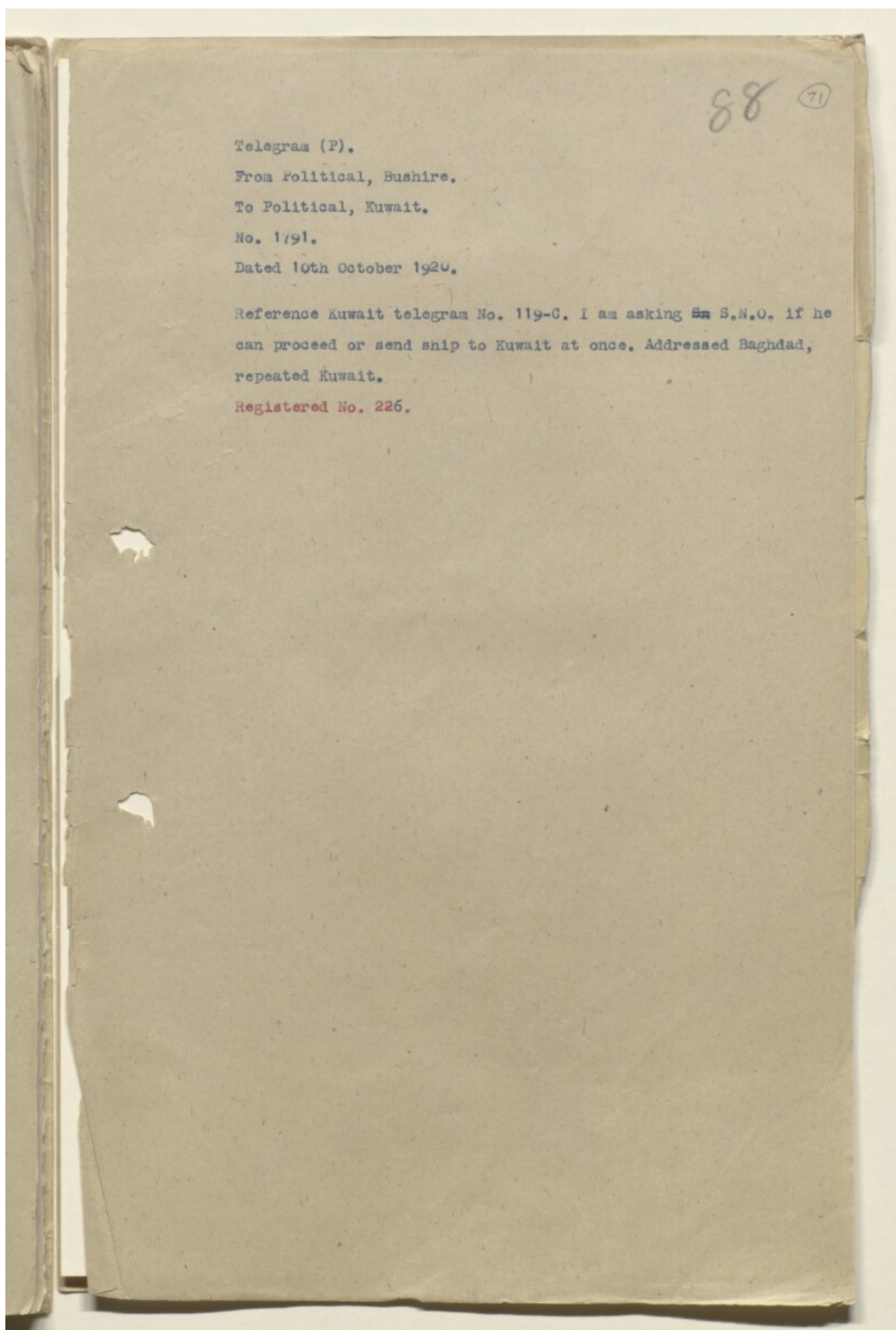
Dated 10th October 1920.

My telegram No. 121-C. Shaikh Ahmad, who gave me latest information has just told me that former report is true and that Shaikh is surrounded in fort at Jahrah with only about 200 men and no water. Ikhwan estimated at 2000/3000. Defeated men now coming in. Ahmad is sending all he can to try and relieve him, after strongly garrisoning wall, but I see little chance of success unless we send aeroplanes.



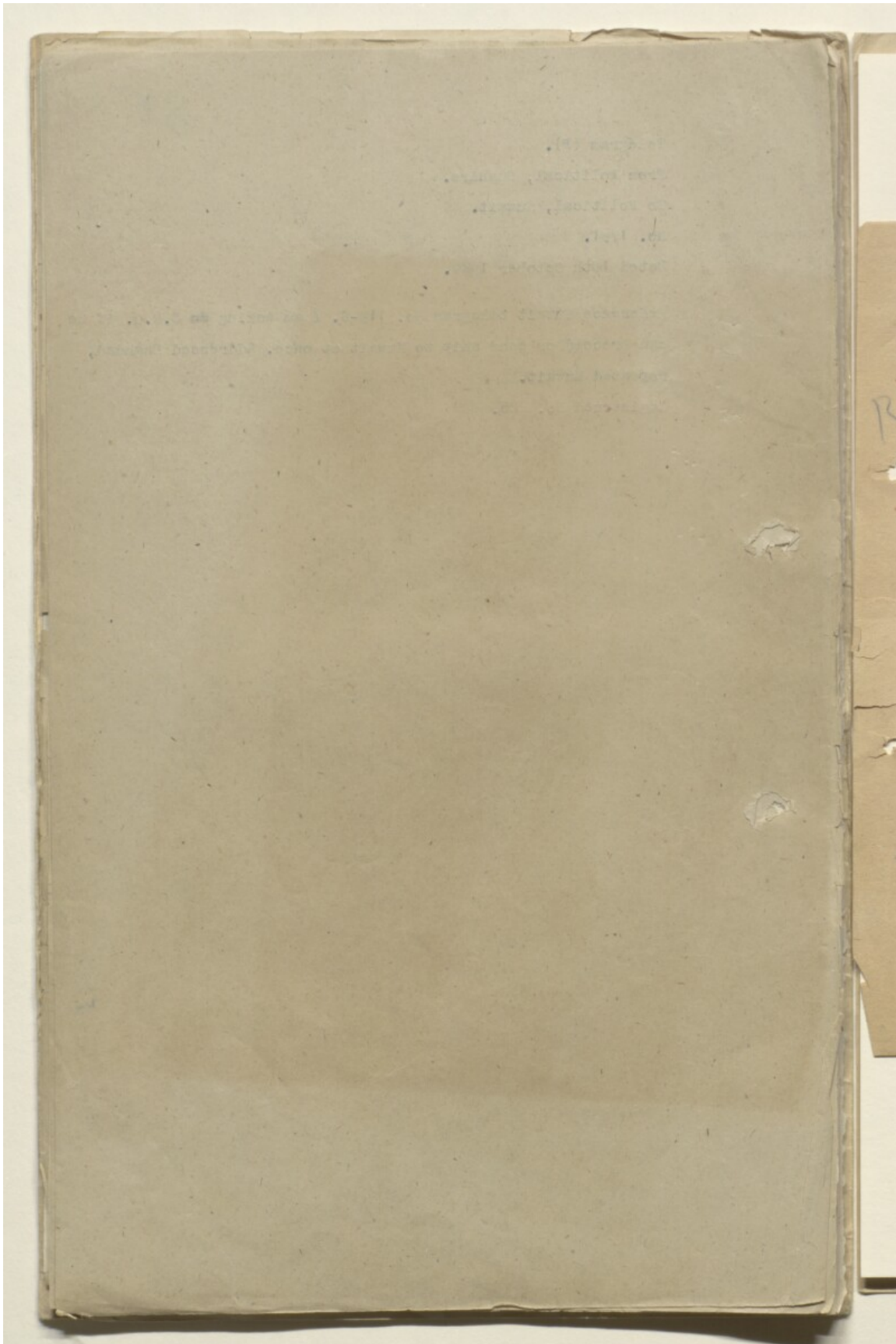
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [70v] (140/342)

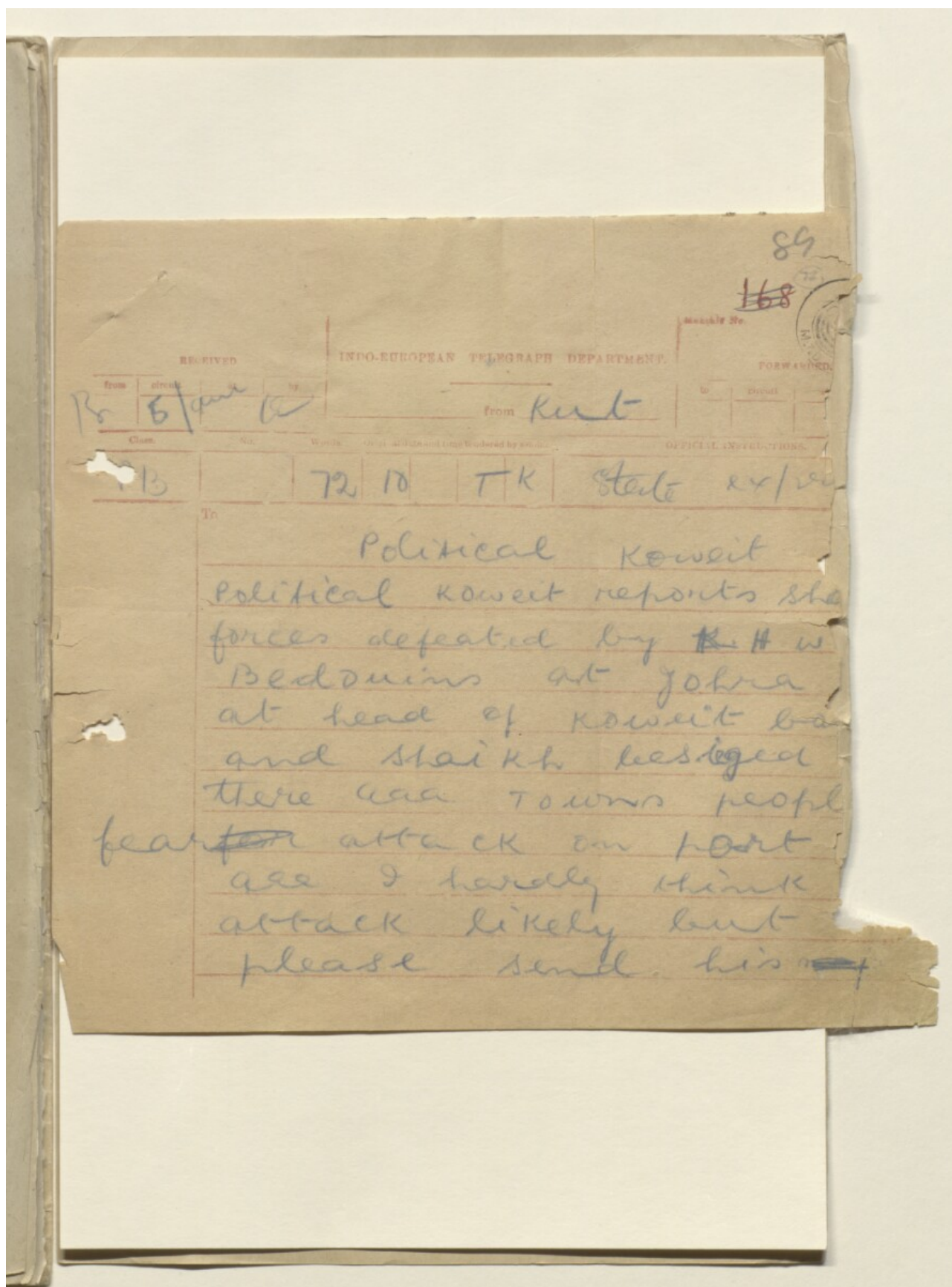






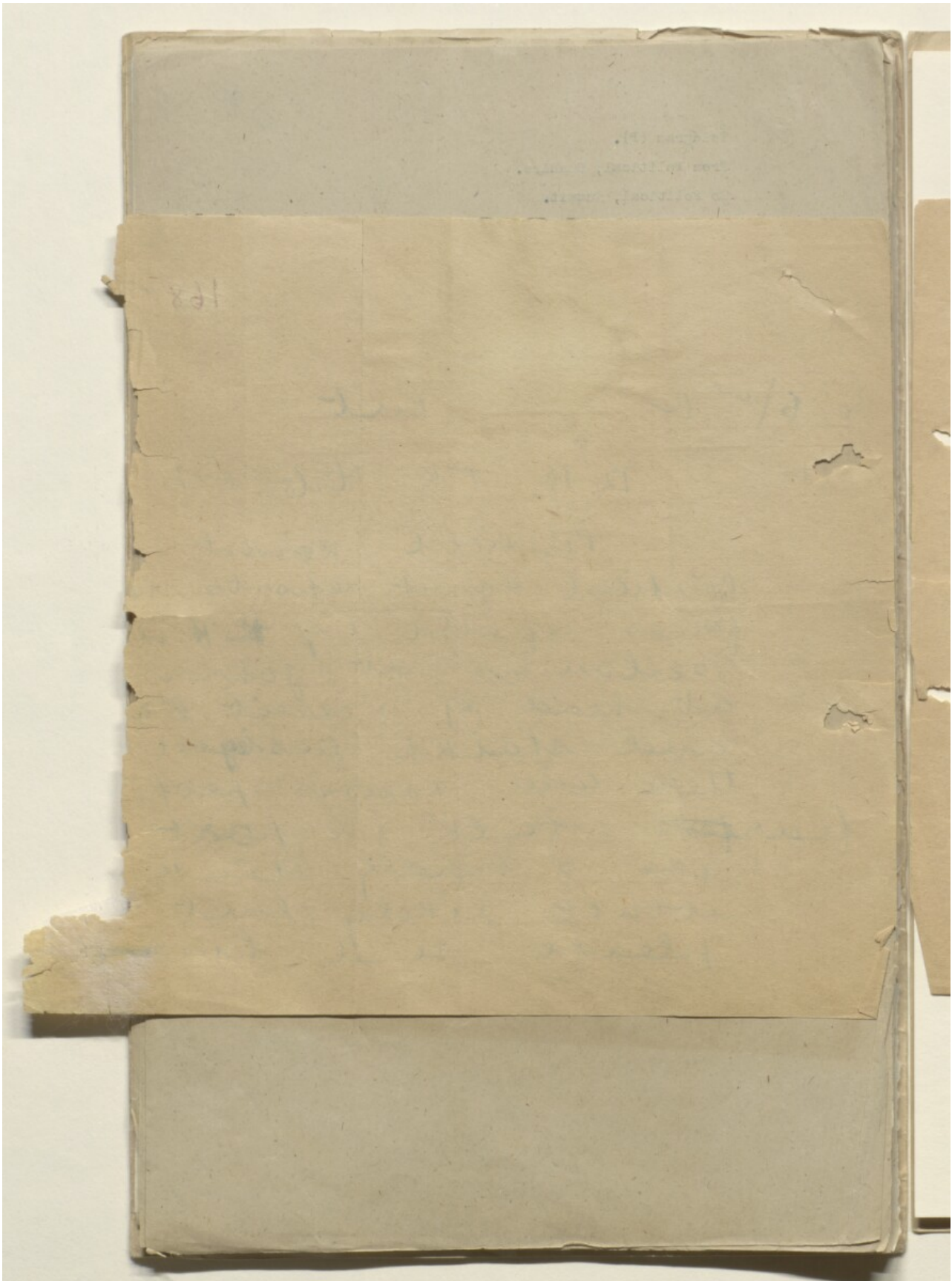
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [71v] (142/342)







[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa`ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [72v] (144/342)





[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [73r] (145/342)

90

RECEIVED

INDO-EUROPEAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

FORWARDED.

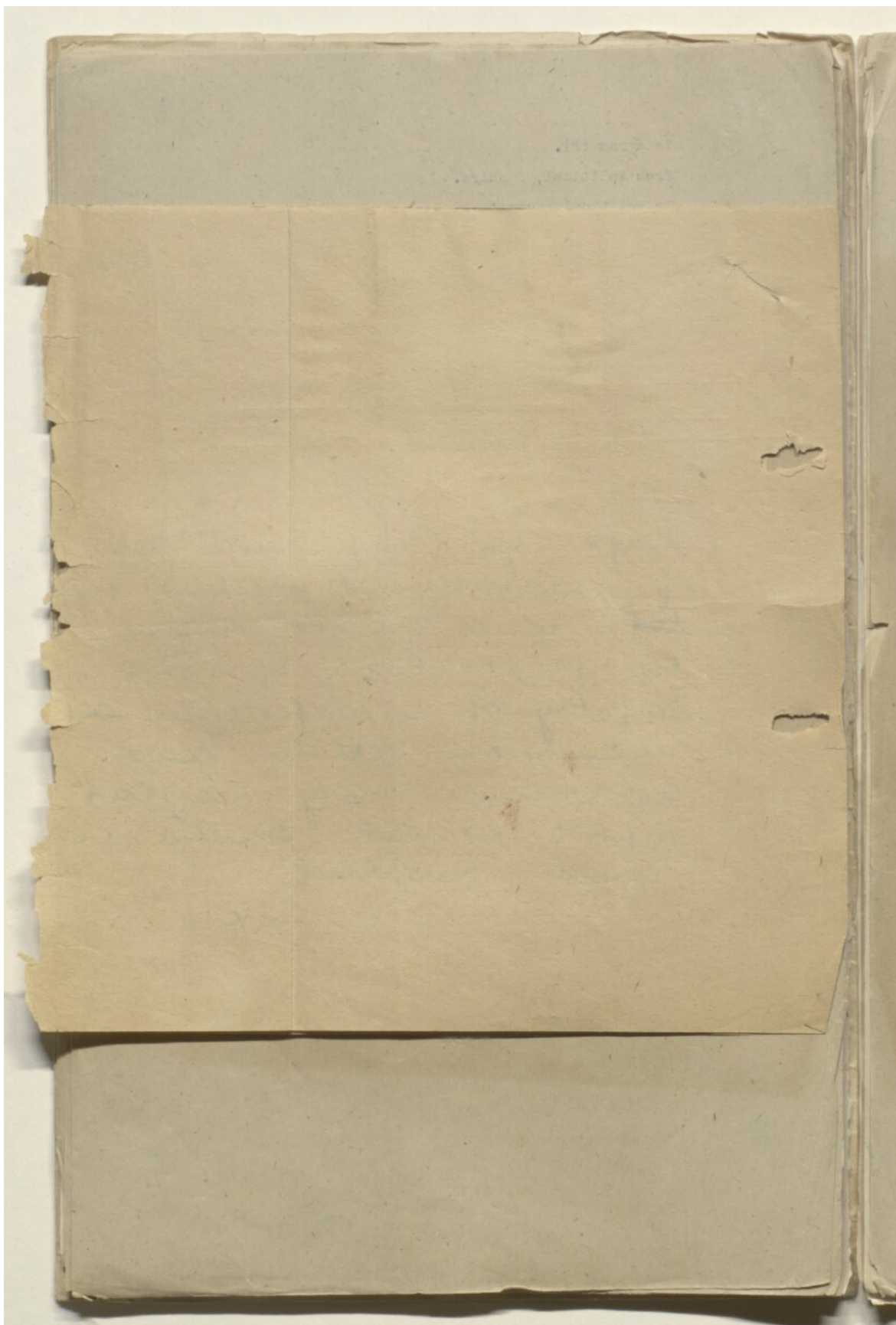
11 from

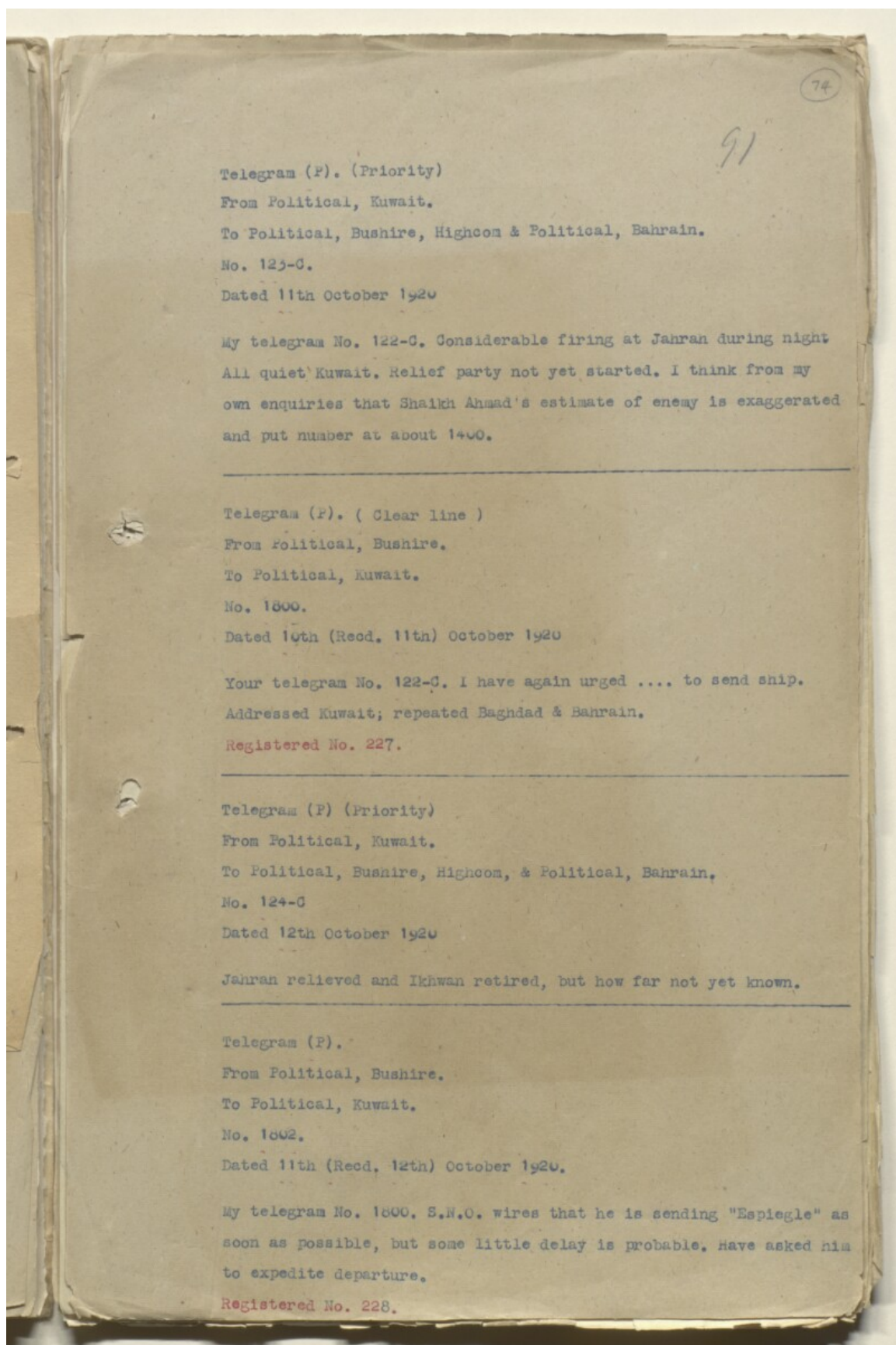
To

majority's ship and land
if necessary to calm port
~~and~~ and take measures
for protection of port and
safety of Europeans ~~and~~
occasion arises are
addressed navy basrah
reft-d kowait bushire
and bagdad
= Cox =



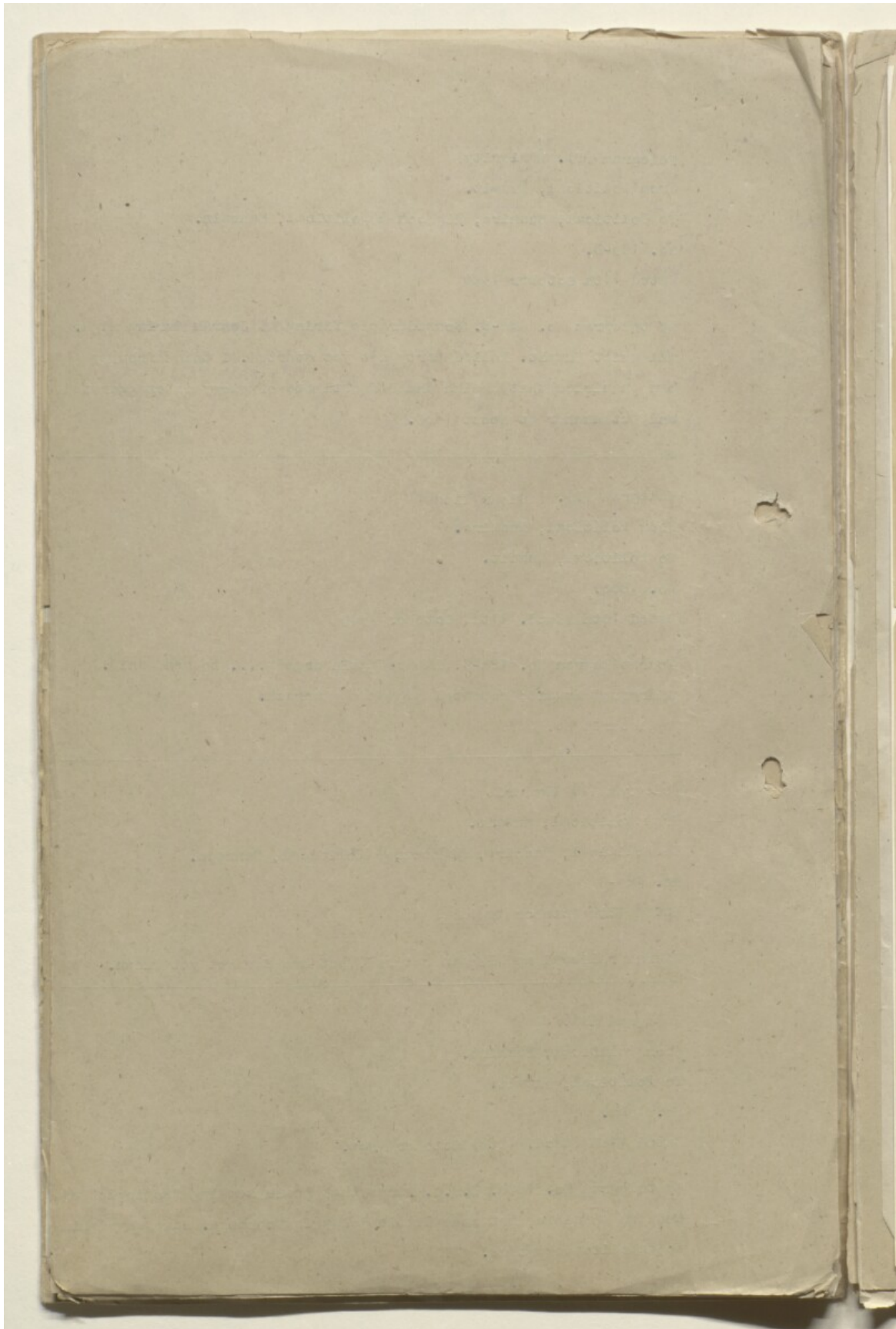
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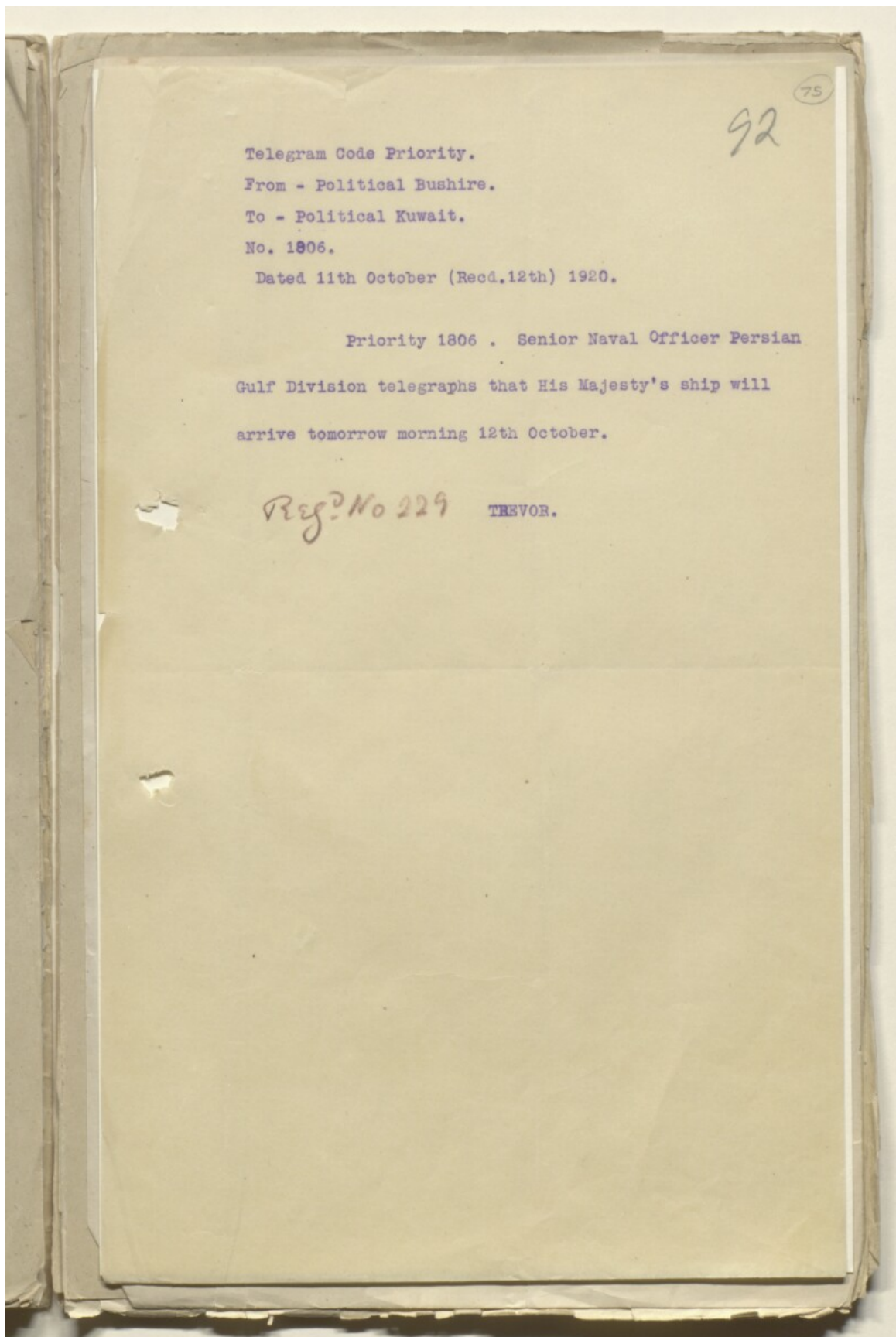






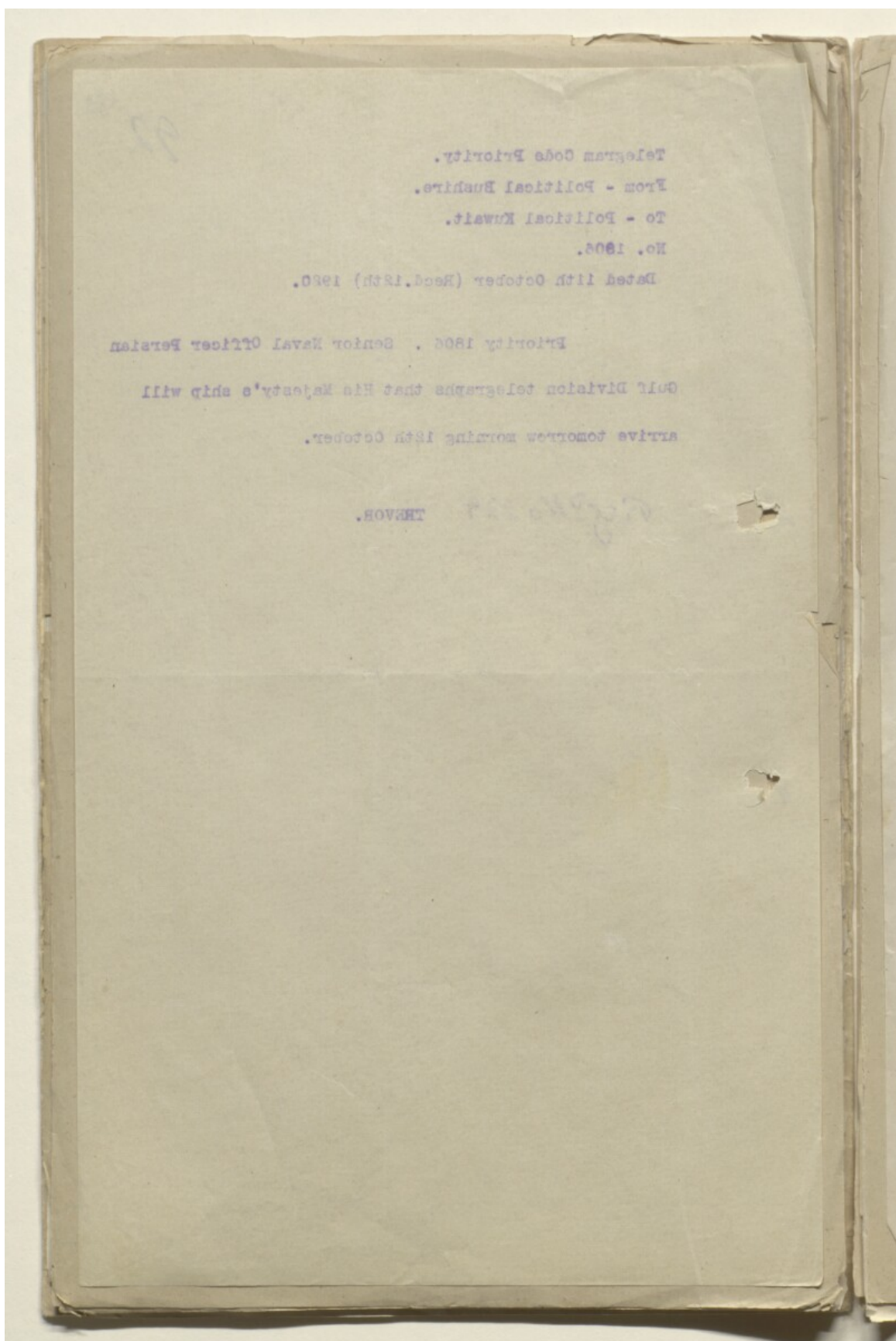
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa`ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [74v] (148/342)





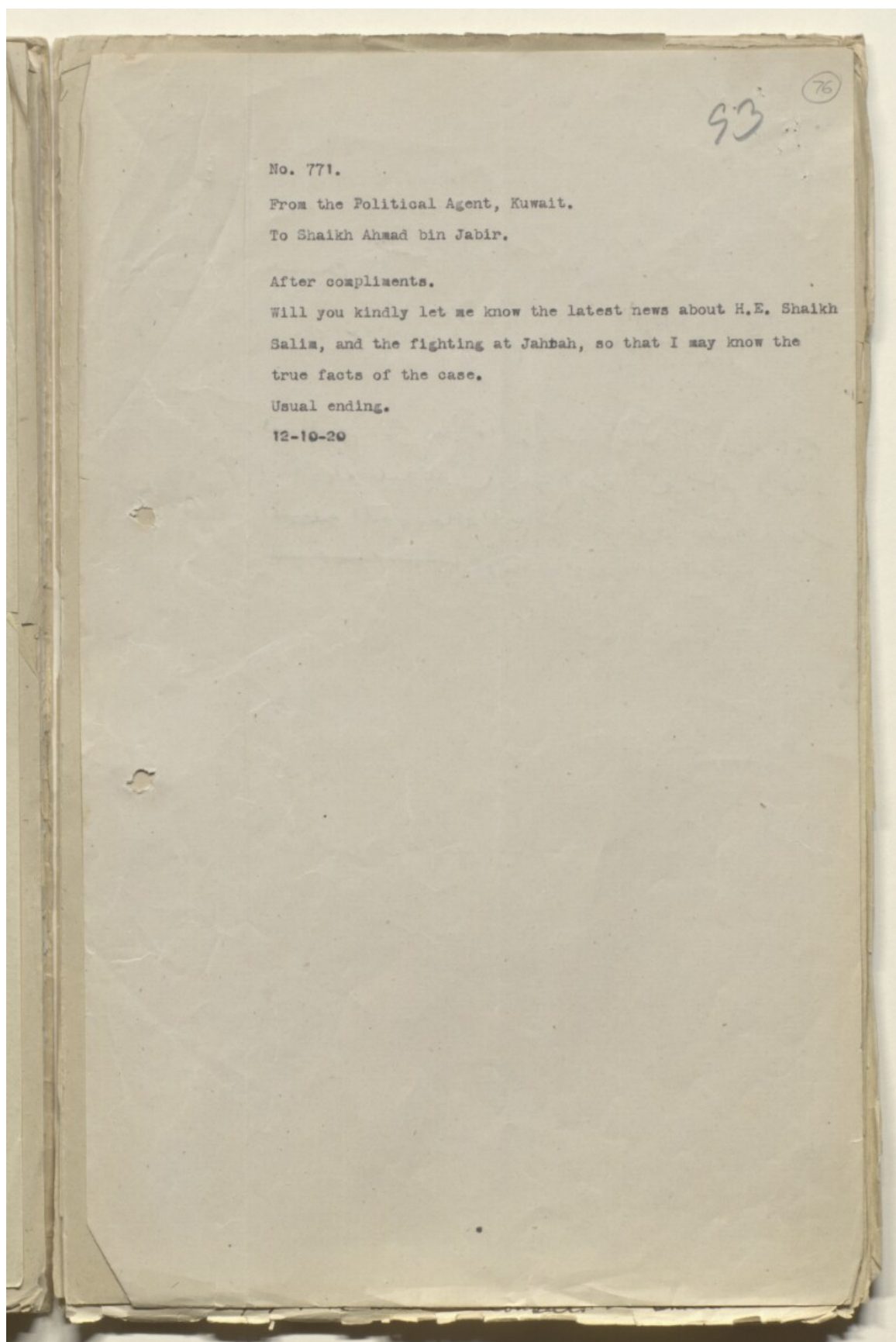


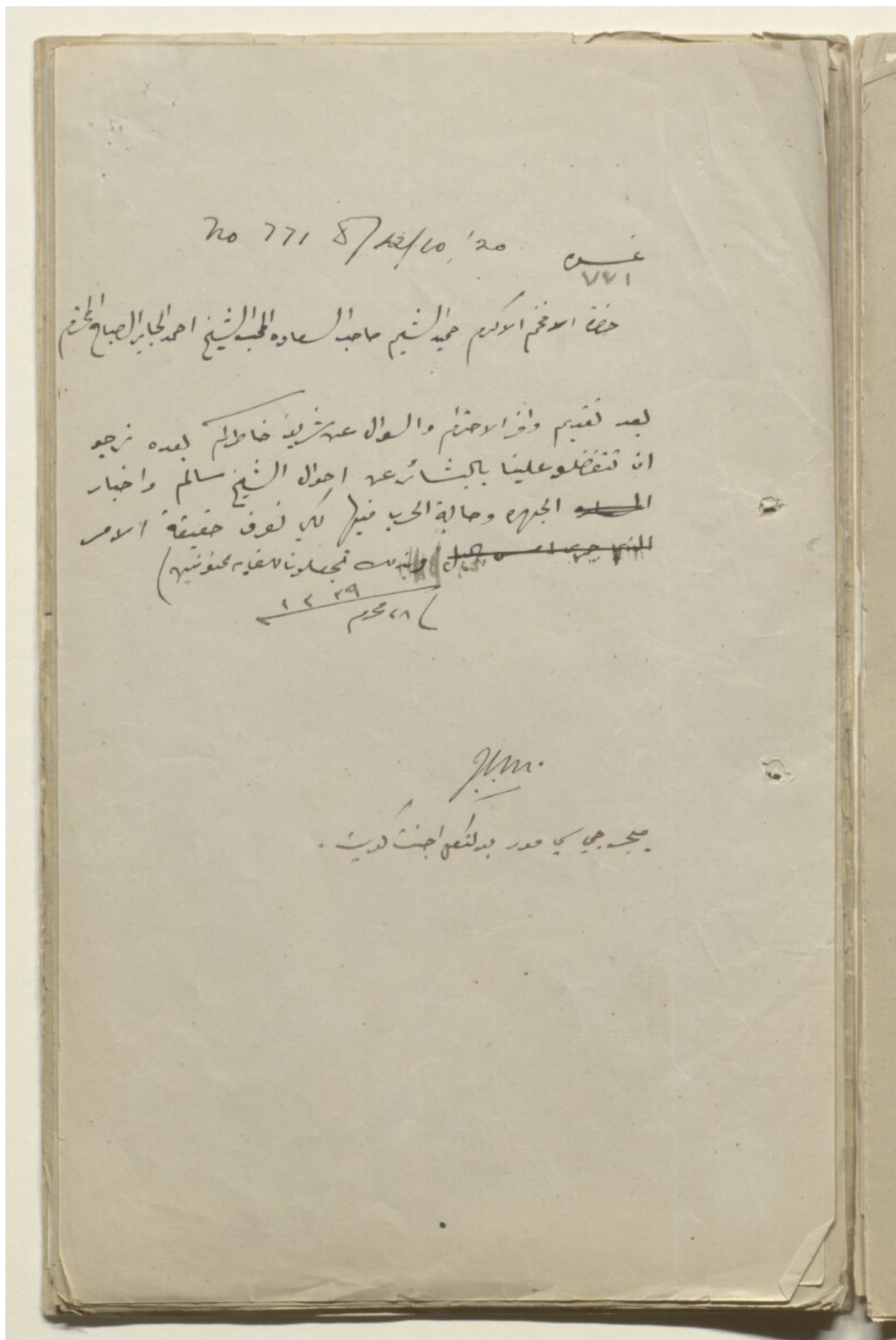
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [75v] (150/342)





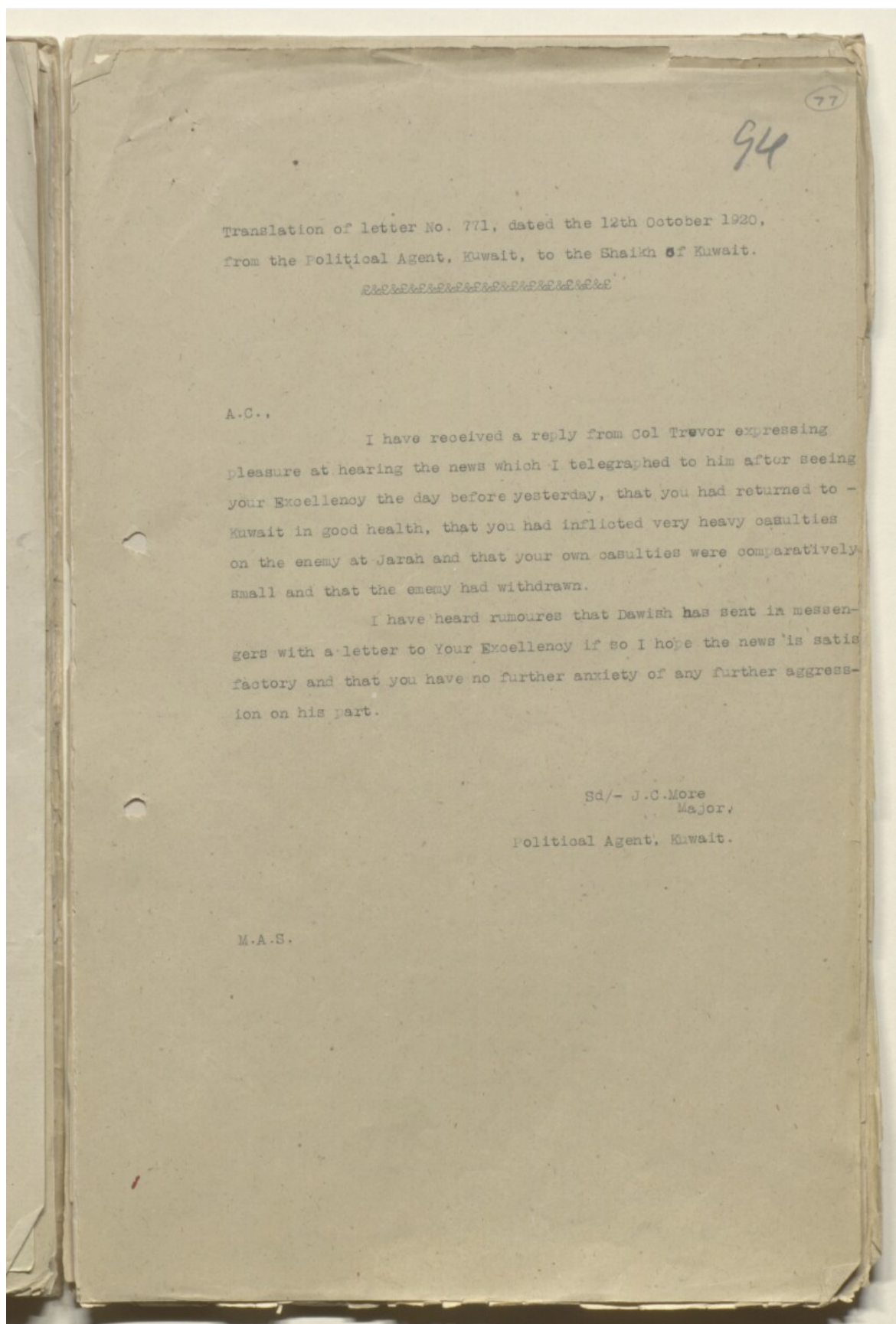
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [76r] (151/342)





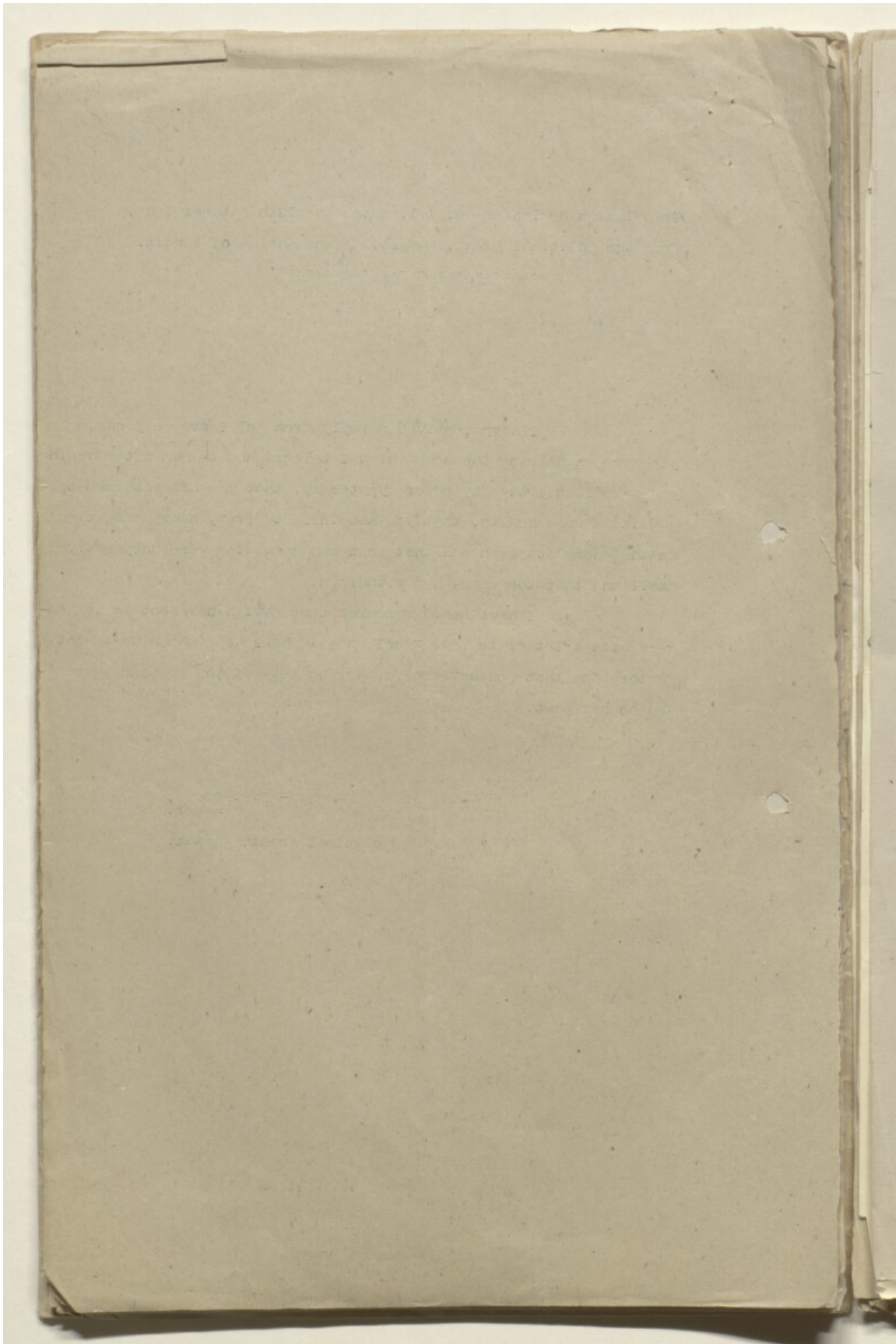


[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [77r] (153/342)





[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa`ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [77v] (154/342)





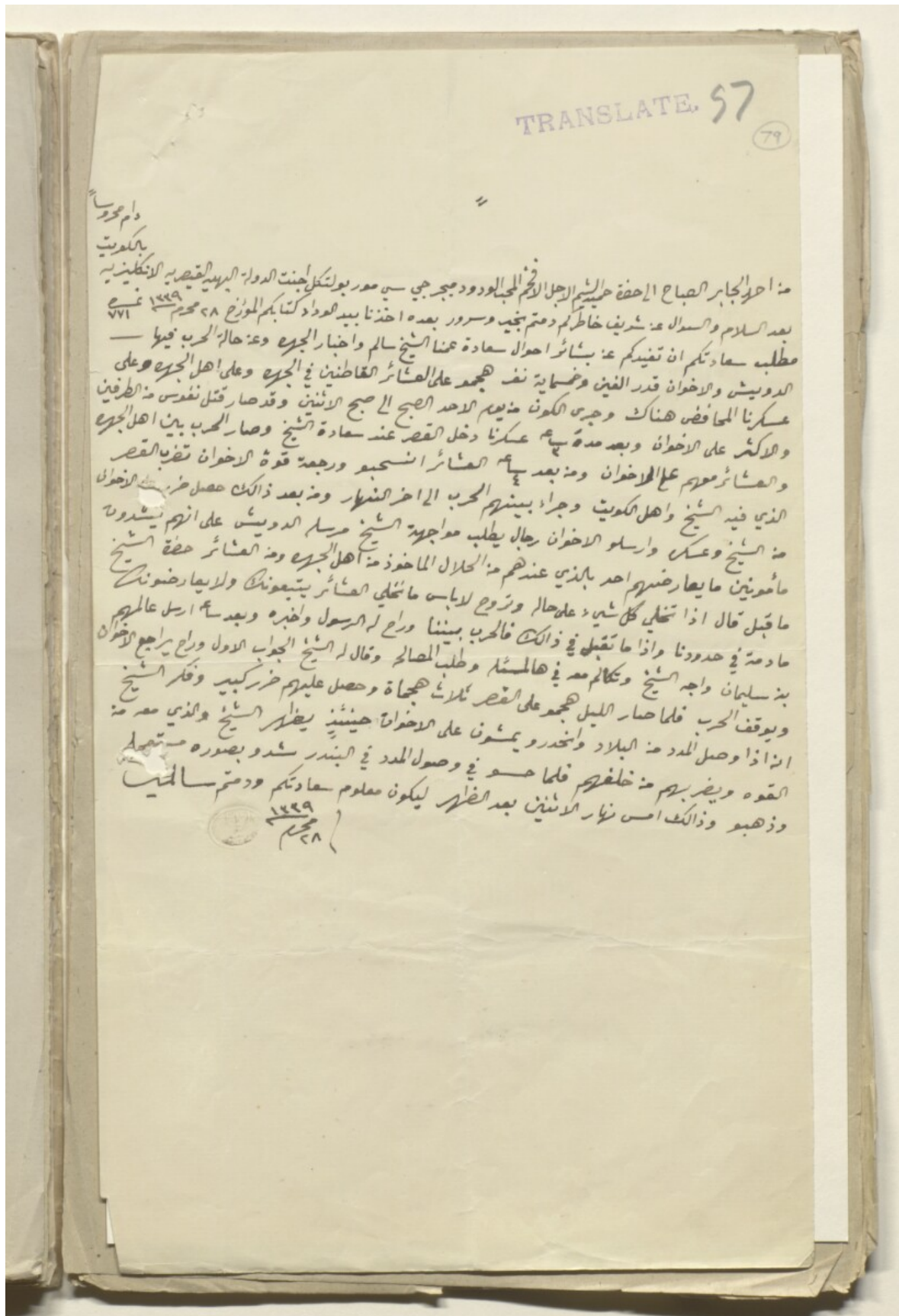
96 (78)
From Ahmad al-Jabir as Subah.
To, Major J.C. Moore, Political Agent Kuwait.
A.C. I have received your letter no 771 dated 28th Muharrar¹³³⁹
you wish us to inform of the good news about H.H.
Shaikh Salim & his news of Jahrah and about the state
of war in it.
The Duwiah & the Ikhwan numbering about
2500, attacked the tribes who were camping in Jahrah
the people of Jahrah, and our defending force there.
The fighting began from Sunday morning till Monday
morning and many have been killed from both sides,
but the most from Ikhwan's. 3 hours latter our
force entered the qasir where H.H. the Shaikh was &
fighting was going on between the people of Jahrah
with the tribes against the Ikhwan. 4 hours latter the
tribes ^{retired} drew back & Ikhwan's returned & began to fire
at the qasir, in which the Shaikh & the people of Kuwait
were, and fighting lasted till down ^(sun set) after. Then
the Ikhwan suffered heavily by the (firing) of the Shaikh
& his force. The Ikhwan sent a man and asked
to see the Shaikh, who was sent by the Duwiah to
the effect that they be permitted to leave with the
property they have taken from the people of Jahrah &
that no body should interfere with what they have
taken from the tribes. H.H. the Shaikh refused &
said "you can go, provided you leave every thing
as it was, & we will not allow the tribes to follow
you nor to interfere with you so long as you are in
our boundary & if you don't accept that, war is between
us". The messenger went & informed him and after
one hour, he sent his religious leader - Ibn Sulaiman
who met the Shaikh & spoke to him regarding this matter
& asked for peace. The Shaikh gave him his first
reply & he went to consult the Ikhwan.



+ to stop fighting. at night they attacked the
Qasir three times + they suffered heavy loss

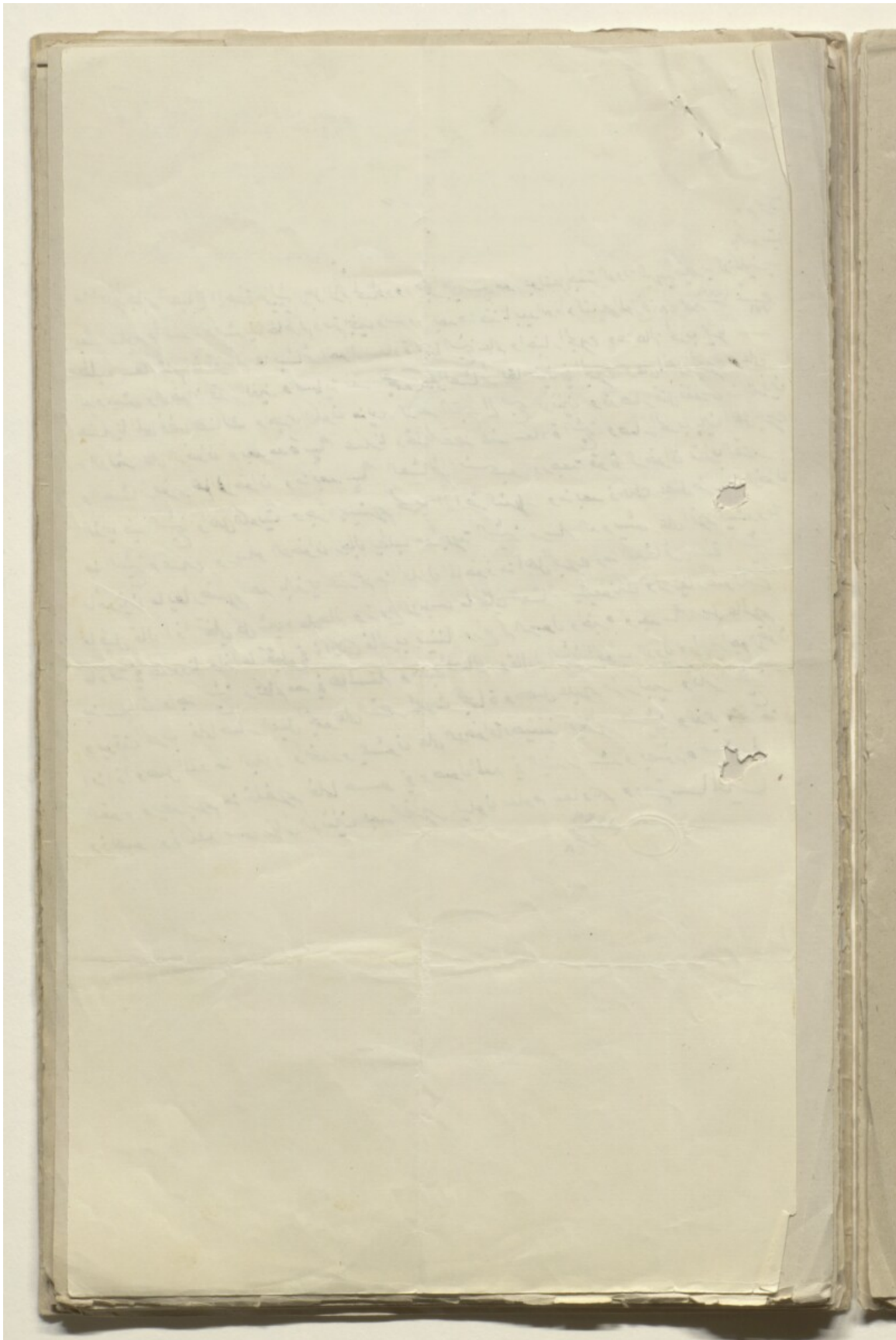
The Shaikh's opinion was that on arrival
of the reinforcements from the country + when they
attack the Ikhwan, then the Shaikh will come out
with the force which was ~~the~~ with him + will fire
at them from the back. On their understanding
of the arrival of the reinforcement to the shore
(port) they packed in hurry + went ~~at~~ that
was yesterday, Monday afternoon. This is
for your information.

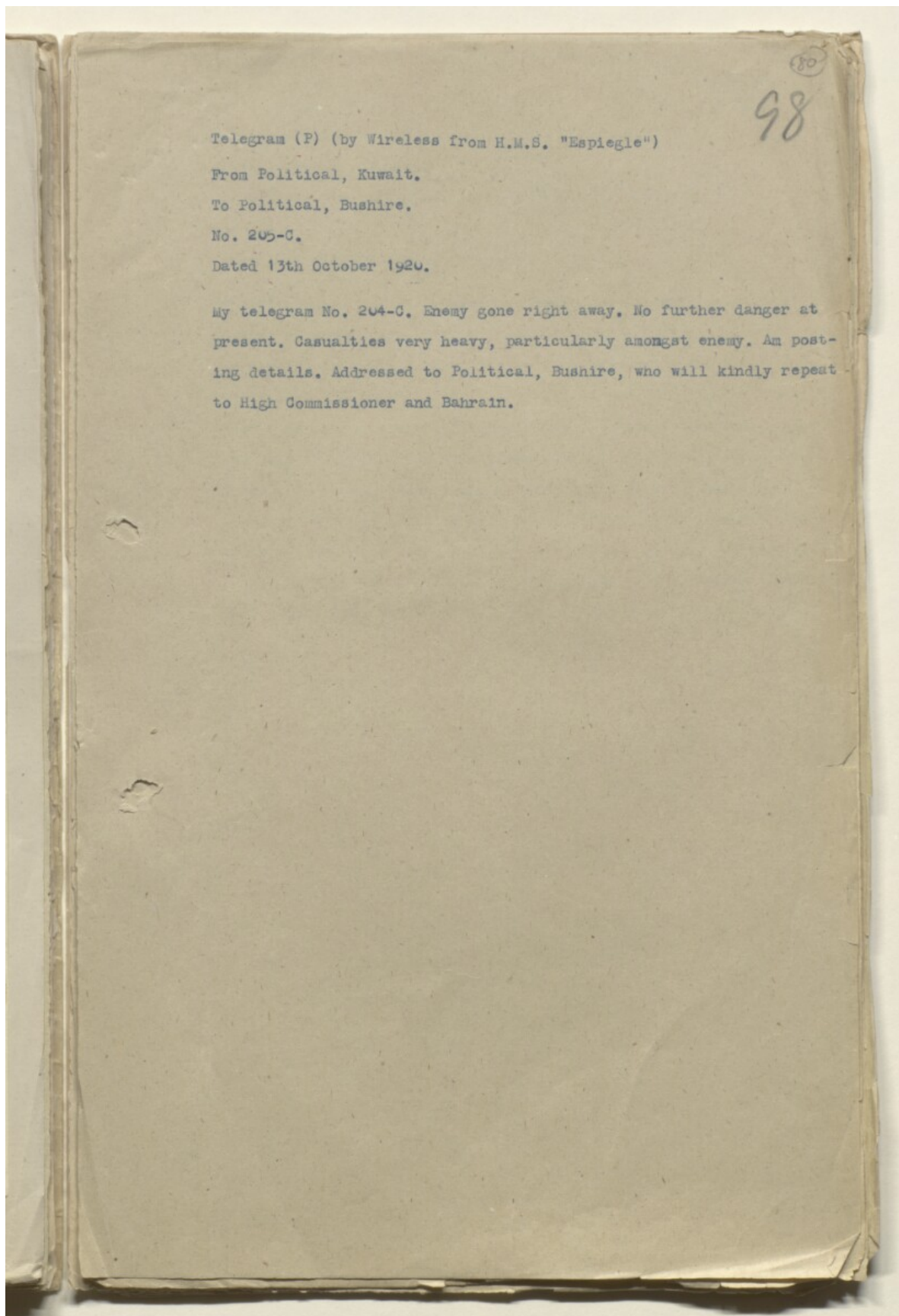
Said 28th Muharram 1339 -
= 12th October 1920





[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa`ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [79v] (158/342)





Telegram (P) (by Wireless from H.M.S. "Espiegle")

From Political, Kuwait.

To Political, Bushire.

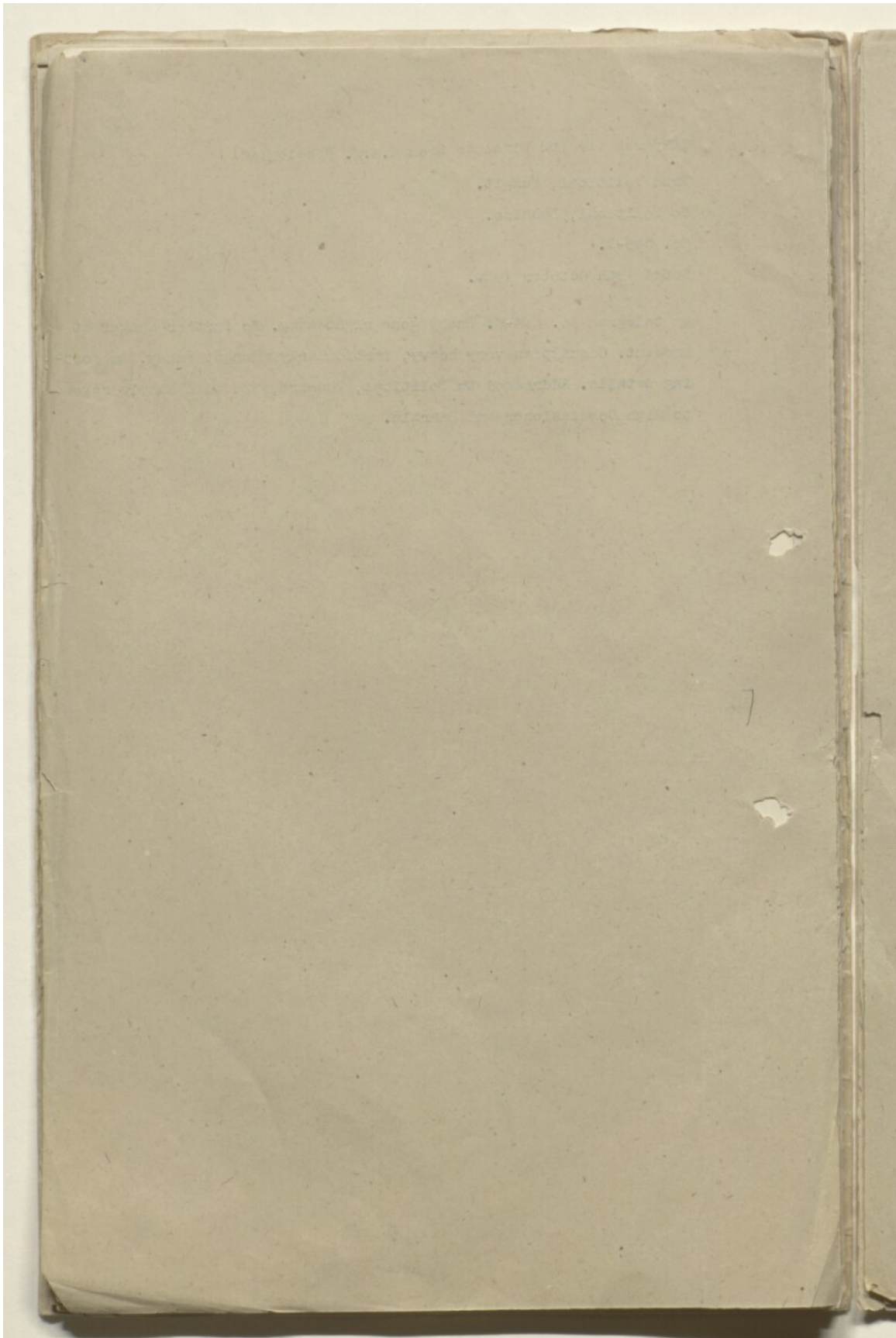
No. 205-C.

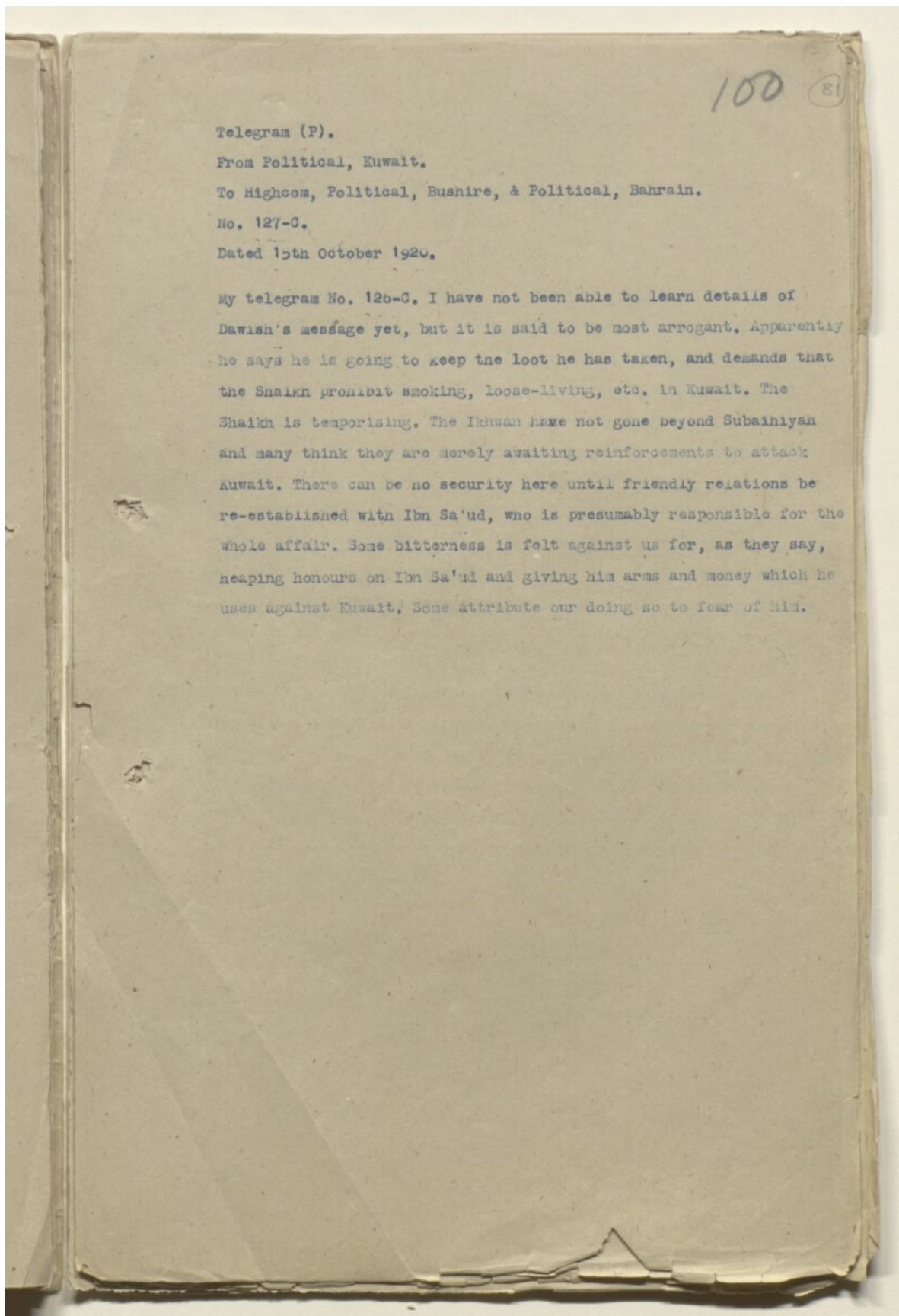
Dated 13th October 1920.

My telegram No. 204-C. Enemy gone right away. No further danger at present. Casualties very heavy, particularly amongst enemy. Am posting details. Addressed to Political, Bushire, who will kindly repeat to High Commissioner and Bahrain.



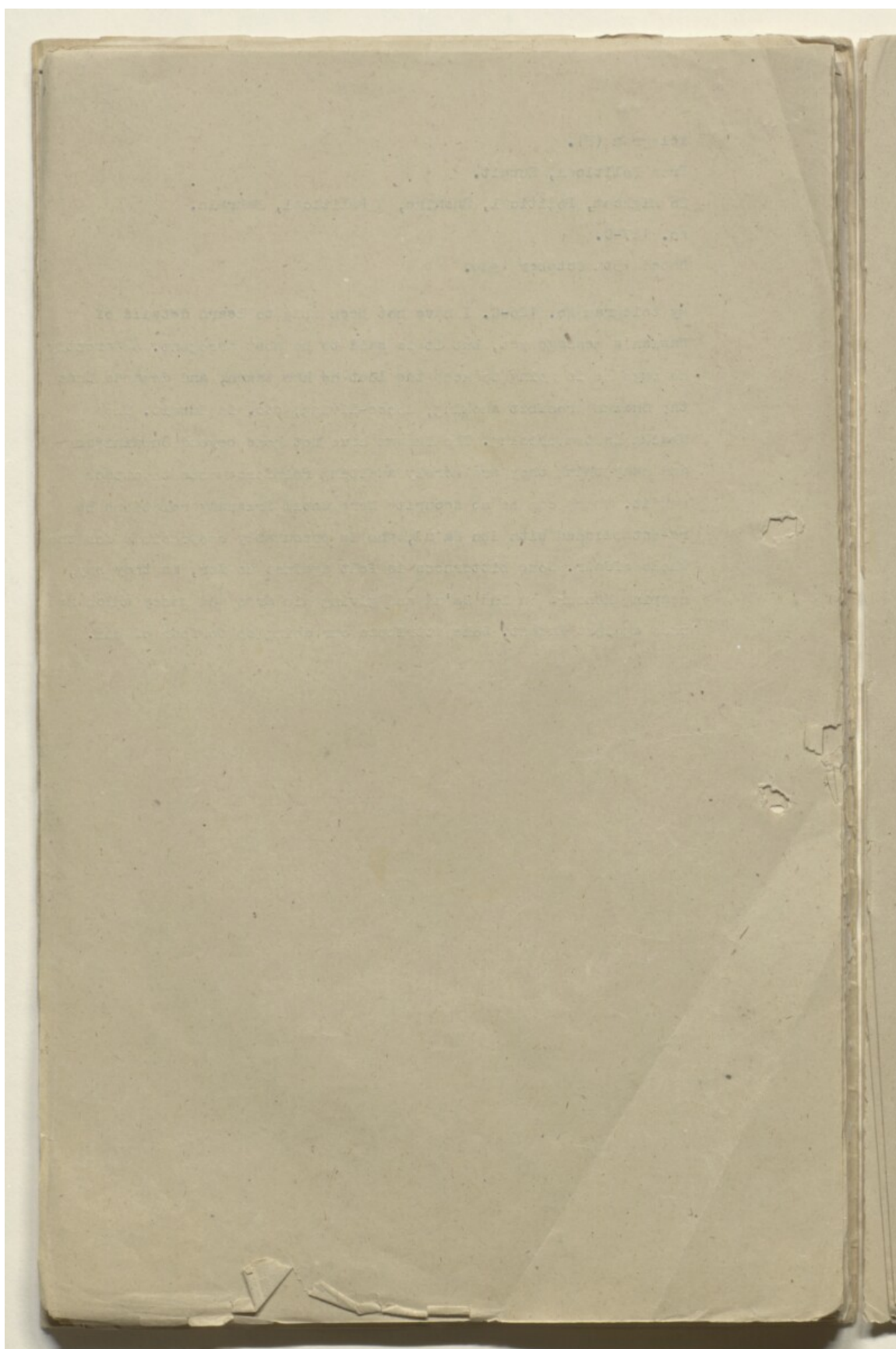
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [80v] (160/342)







[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [81v] (162/342)





151 82
Telegram (P).

From Political, Kuwait.

To Highcom, Baghdad; repl. to Political, Bushire & Bahrain.

No. 120-C.

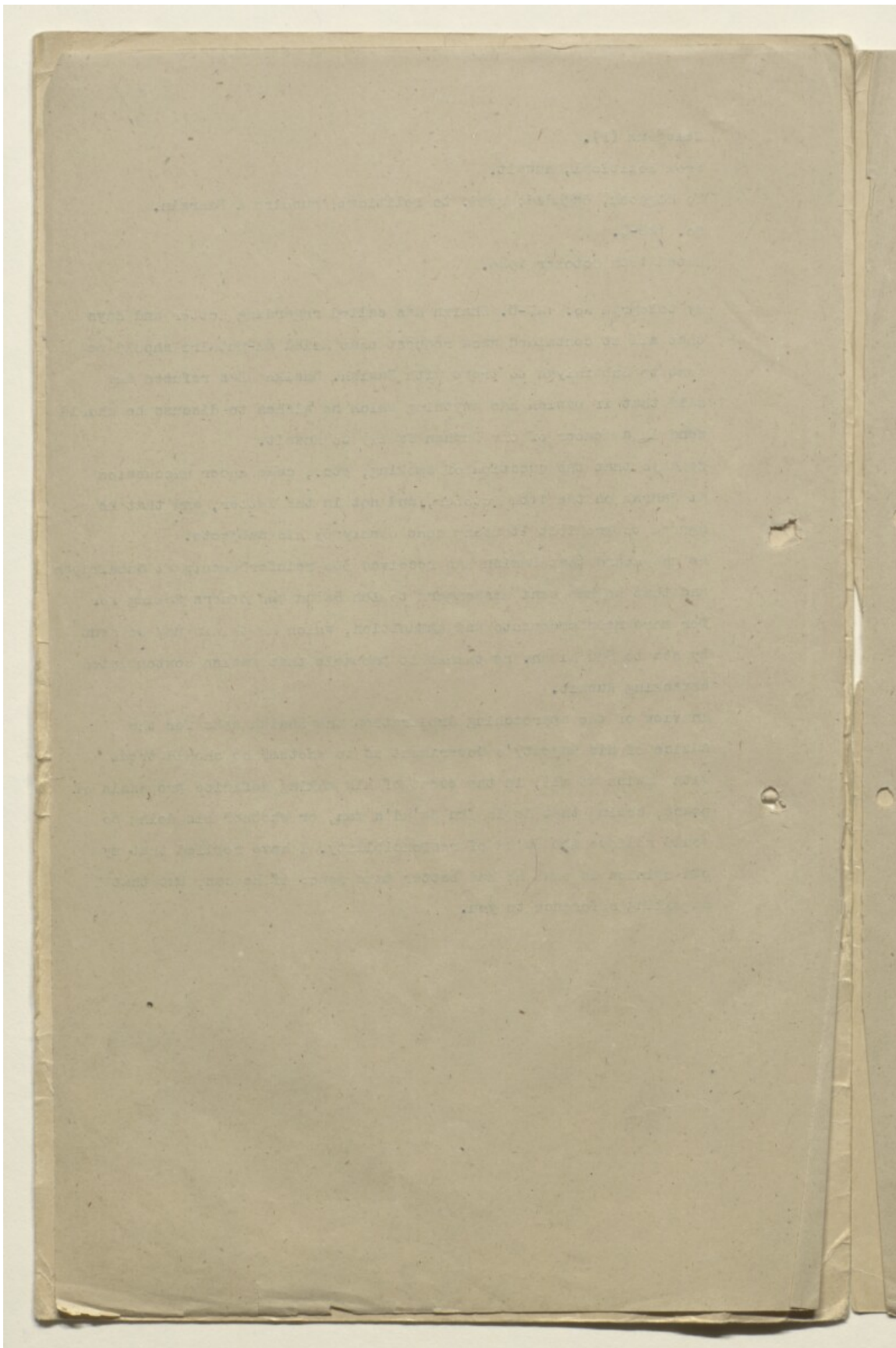
Dated 10th October 1920.

My telegram No. 127-C. Shaikh has called regarding letter and says that all it contained was a request that Hilal al-Mutairi should be sent to Subainyan to treat with Dawish. Shaikh has refused and said that if Dawish has anything which he wishes to discuss he should send in a member of the Dushan family to Kuwait.

He says that the question of smoking, etc., came under discussion at Jahrah on the 11th October, and not in the letter, and that he agreed to prohibit it being done openly by his subjects.

He has heard that Dawish has received 500 reinforcements at Subainyan and that he has sent messengers to Ibn Sa'ud and others asking for more reinforcements and ammunition, which he thinks may be sent by sea to Shu'aibah. He thinks it probable that Dawish contemplates attacking Kuwait.

In view of the approaching Arbitration the Shaikh asks for the advice of His Majesty's Government as to whether he should treat with Dawish at all, in the event of his making definite proposals of peace, seeing that he is Ibn Sa'ud's man, or whether his doing so would relieve Ibn Sa'ud of responsibility. I have replied that my own opinion is that he had better make peace if he can, but that I am making reference to you.





102 83
Telegram (P).

From Political, Bahrain.

To Political, Kuwait.

No. 348-G.

Dated 15th (Recd. 16th) October 1920.

Reference Ikhwan raid on Jahrah. I have written to Ibn Sa'ud asking for news. There appears to be little doubt that the raid was quite contrary to Ibn Sa'ud's wishes, as he recently gave orders prohibiting any attack on Jahrah or Kuwait pending the decision of Government regarding the boundary question. The trouble would seem to have arisen from Salim's insisting on keeping Ibn Tawalah at Jahrah. Fahad al-Bassam says that the Ikhwan felt sure that Ibn Tawalah and Da'ij were preparing to move against them and anticipated the matter by themselves attacking.

Addressed to Bushire, Baghdad and Kuwait.

Registered No. 231.

Telegram (P).

From Political, Kuwait.

To Political, Bushire, Highcom, & Political, Bahrain.

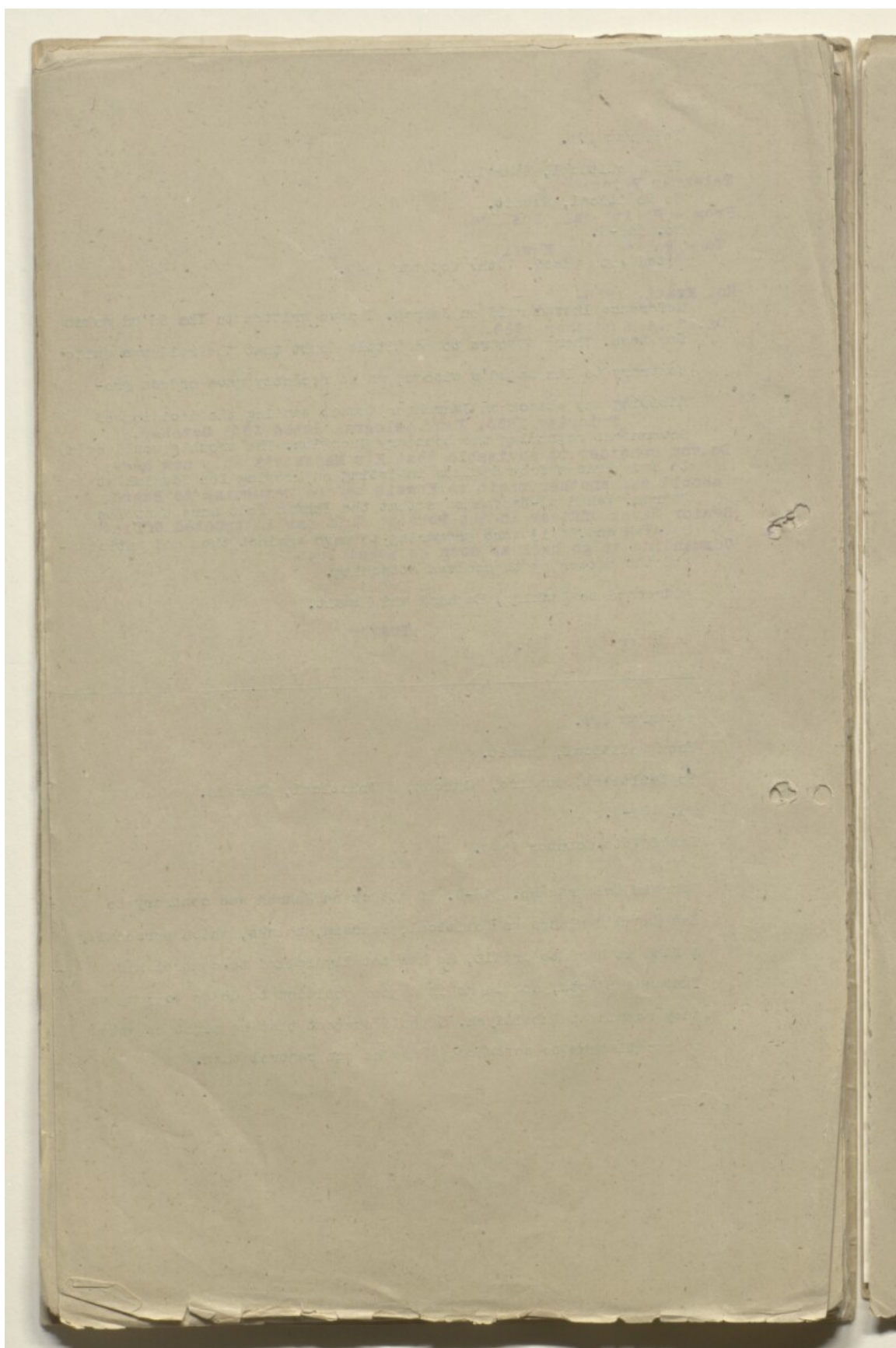
No. 129-G.

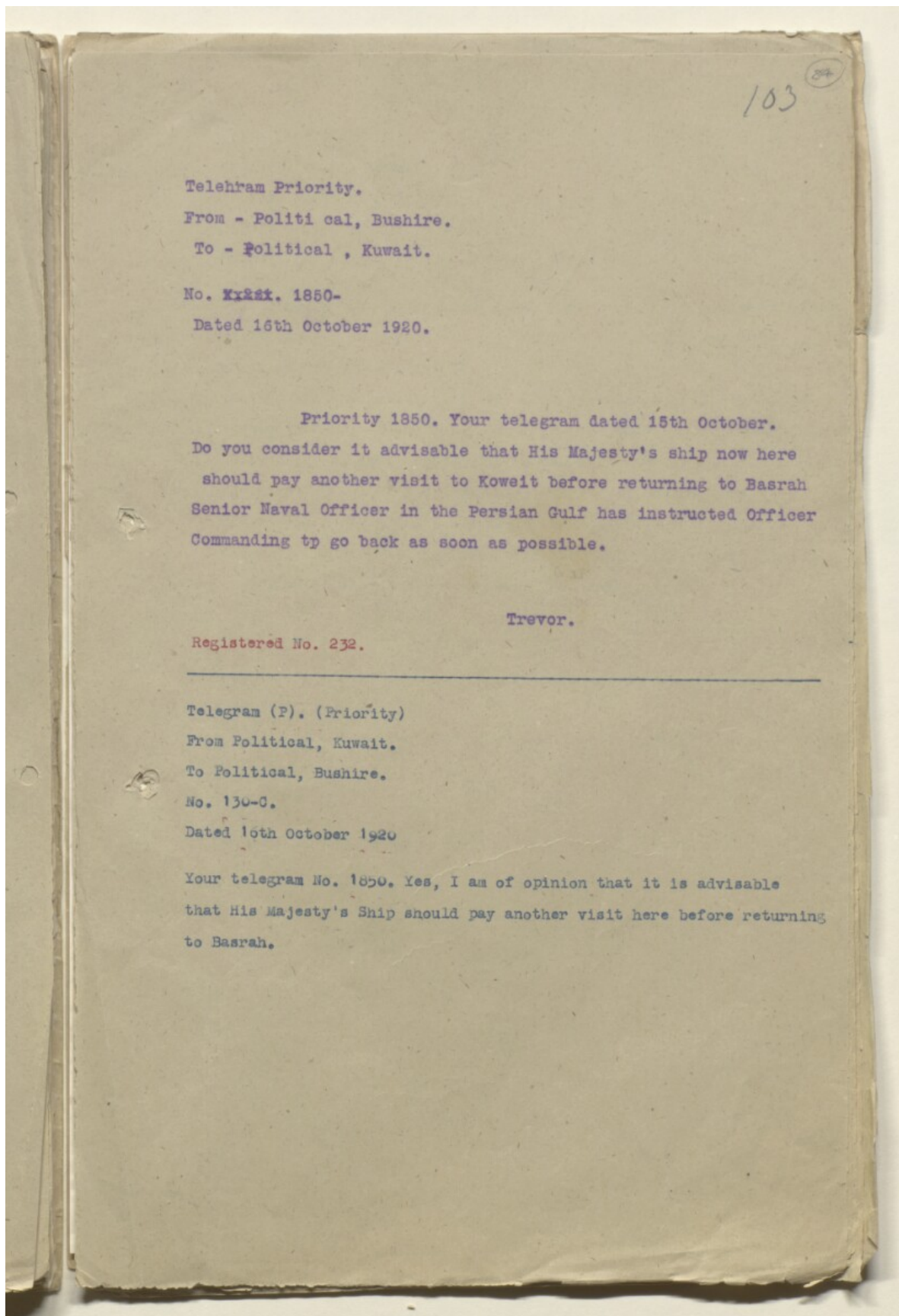
Dated 16th October 1920.

Bahrain telegram No. 348-G. If attack on Jahrah was contrary to Ibn Sa'ud's wishes as Political, Bahrain, thinks, which personally I find it hard to credit, he has totally failed to control his Ikhwan subjects, nor is he in a good position to do so so long as they remain at Subaihiyah. I would suggest that he might be asked to recall them to somewhere where he can control them.



[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa`ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [83v] (166/342)





Telehram Priority.

From - Political, Bushire.

To - Political, Kuwait.

No. ~~Kr&st~~. 1850-

Dated 16th October 1920.

Priority 1850. Your telegram dated 15th October.

Do you consider it advisable that His Majesty's ship now here should pay another visit to Koweit before returning to Basrah Senior Naval Officer in the Persian Gulf has instructed Officer Commanding to go back as soon as possible.

Trevor.

Registered No. 232.

Telegram (P). (Priority)

From Political, Kuwait.

To Political, Bushire.

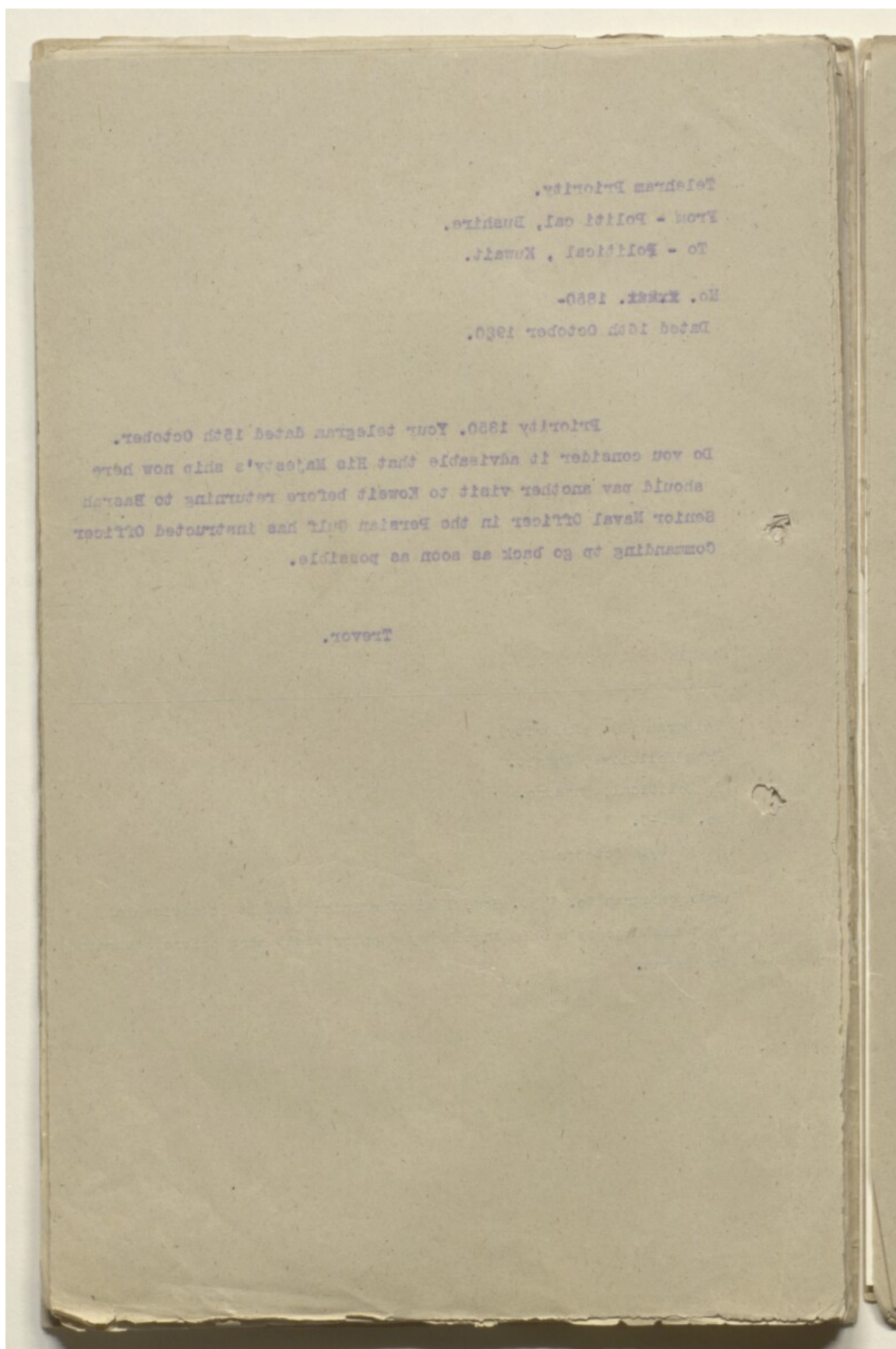
No. 130-C.

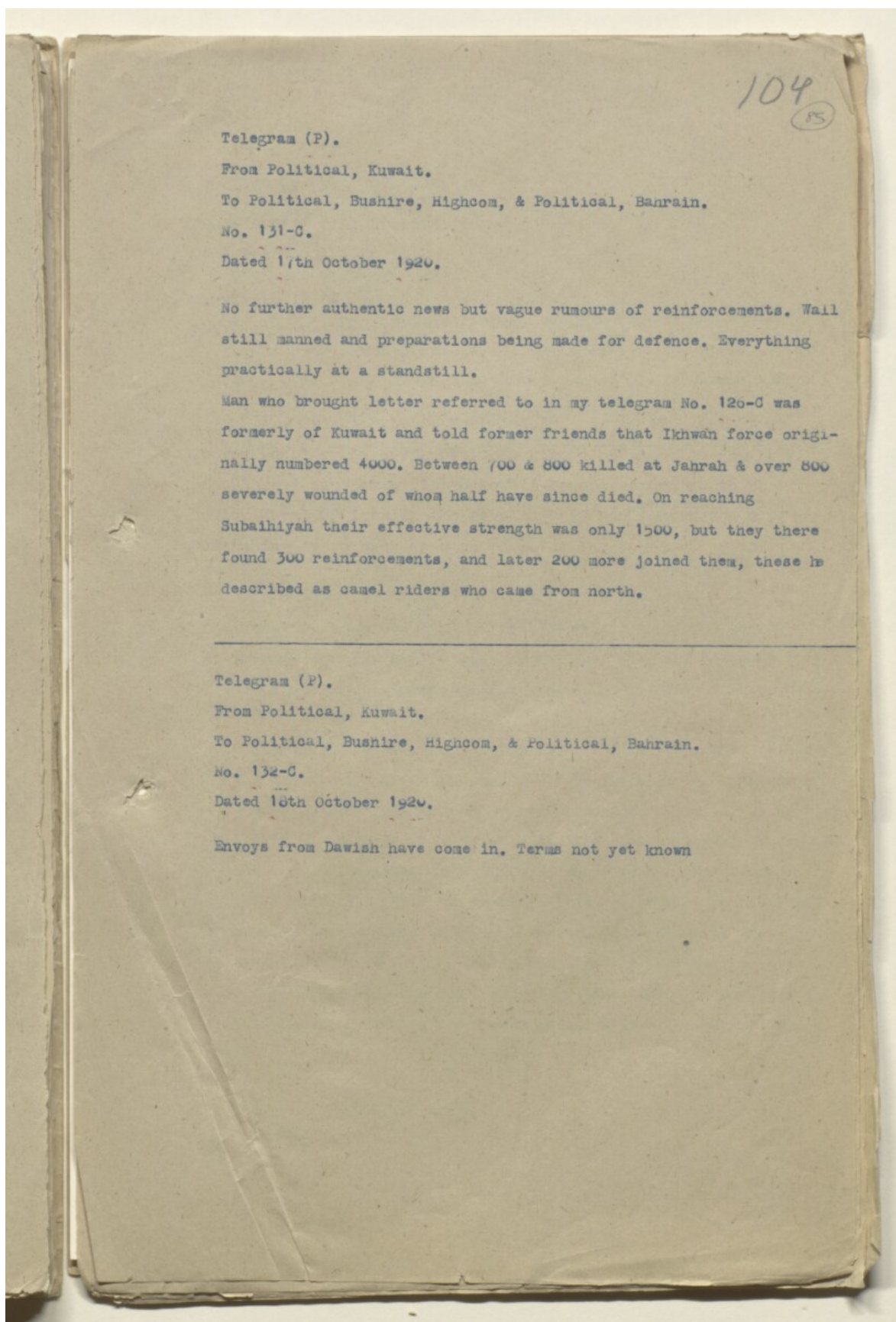
Dated 16th October 1920

Your telegram No. 1850. Yes, I am of opinion that it is advisable that His Majesty's Ship should pay another visit here before returning to Basrah.



[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [84v] (168/342)





Telegram (P).

From Political, Kuwait.

To Political, Bushire, Highcom, & Political, Bahrain.

No. 131-C.

Dated 17th October 1920.

No further authentic news but vague rumours of reinforcements. Wall still manned and preparations being made for defence. Everything practically at a standstill.

Man who brought letter referred to in my telegram No. 126-C was formerly of Kuwait and told former friends that Ikhwan force originally numbered 4000. Between 700 & 800 killed at Jahrah & over 800 severely wounded of whom half have since died. On reaching Subaihiyah their effective strength was only 1500, but they there found 300 reinforcements, and later 200 more joined them, these he described as camel riders who came from north.

Telegram (P).

From Political, Kuwait.

To Political, Bushire, Highcom, & Political, Bahrain.

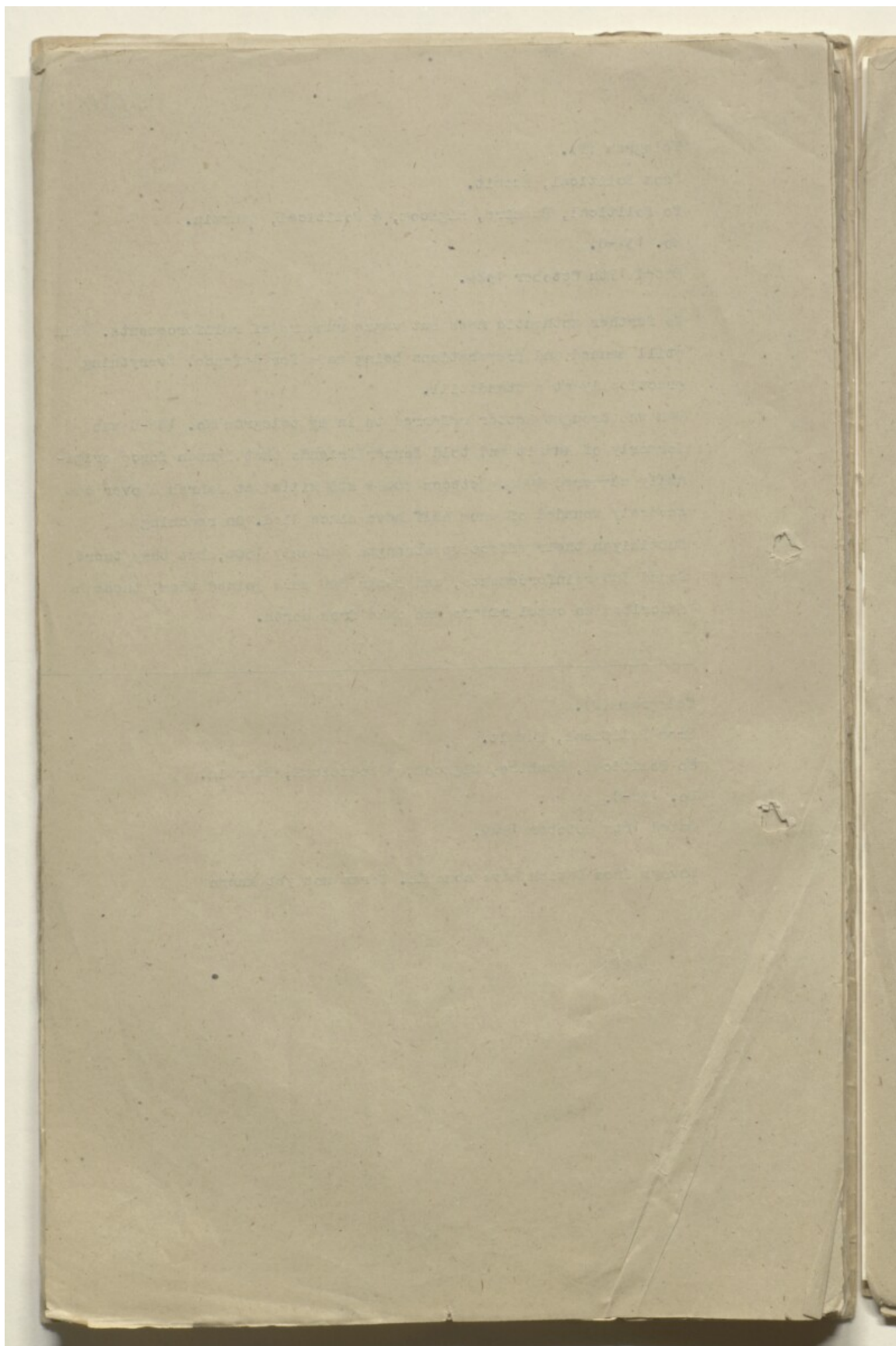
No. 132-C.

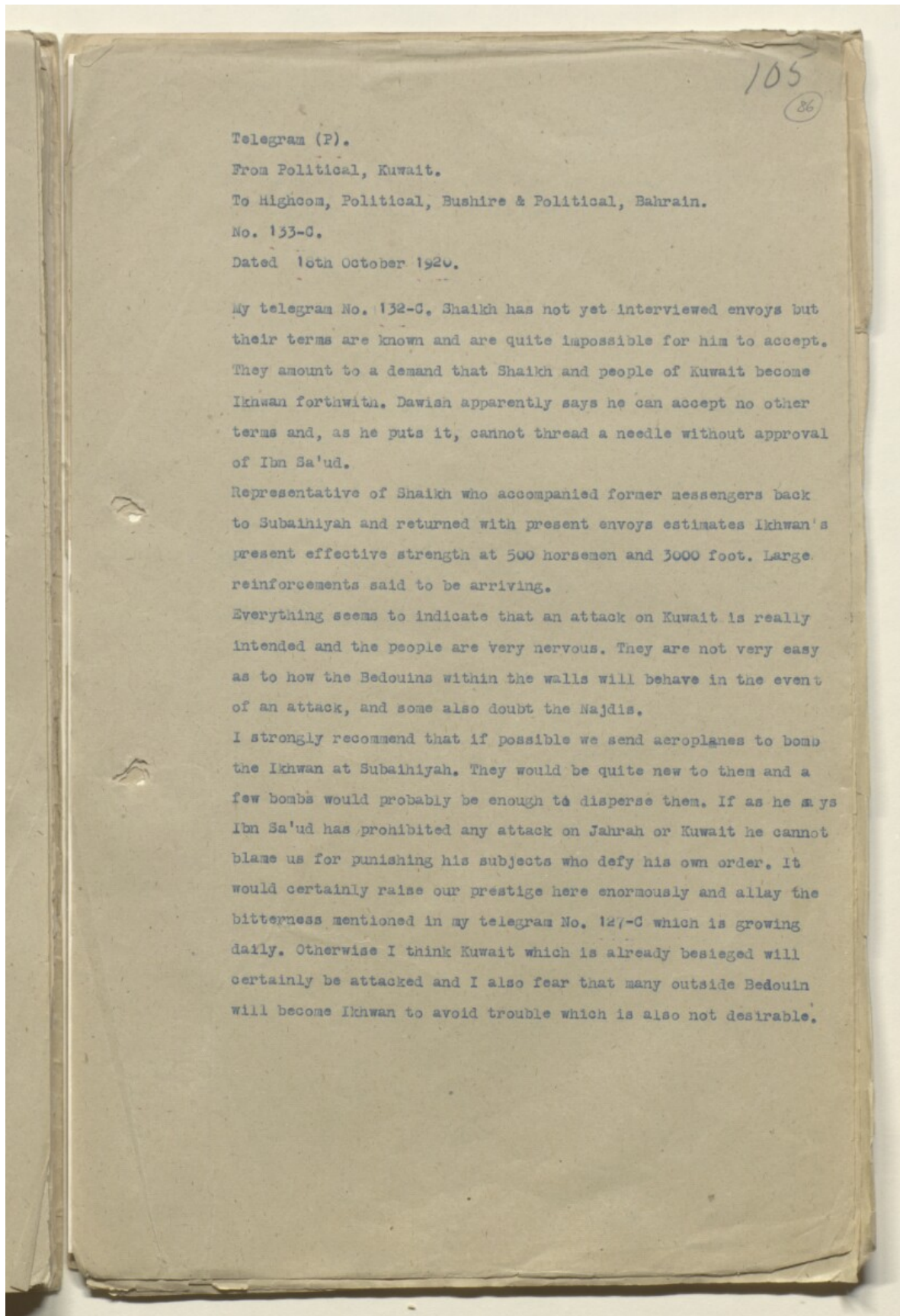
Dated 18th October 1920.

Envoys from Dawish have come in. Terms not yet known



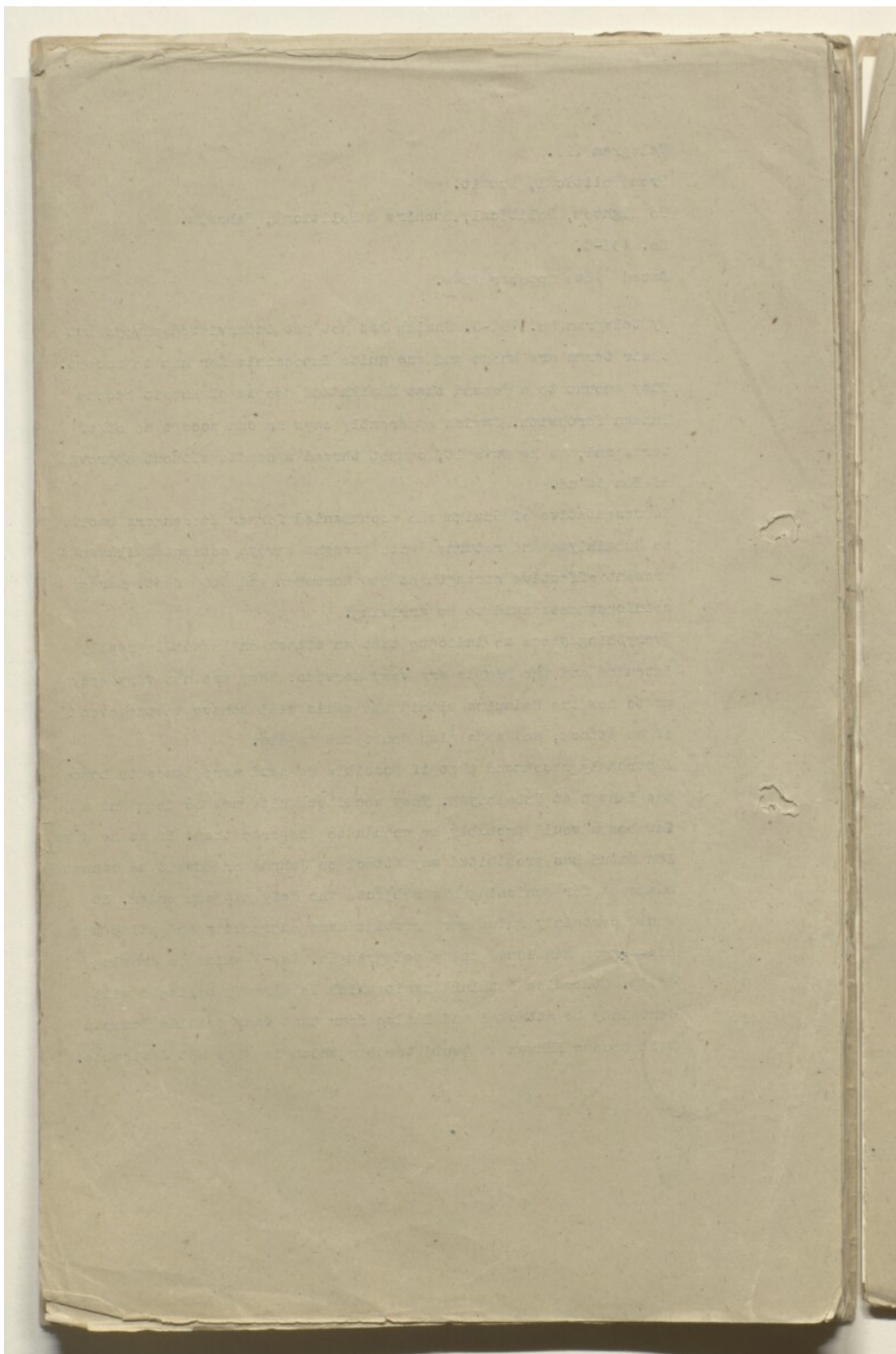
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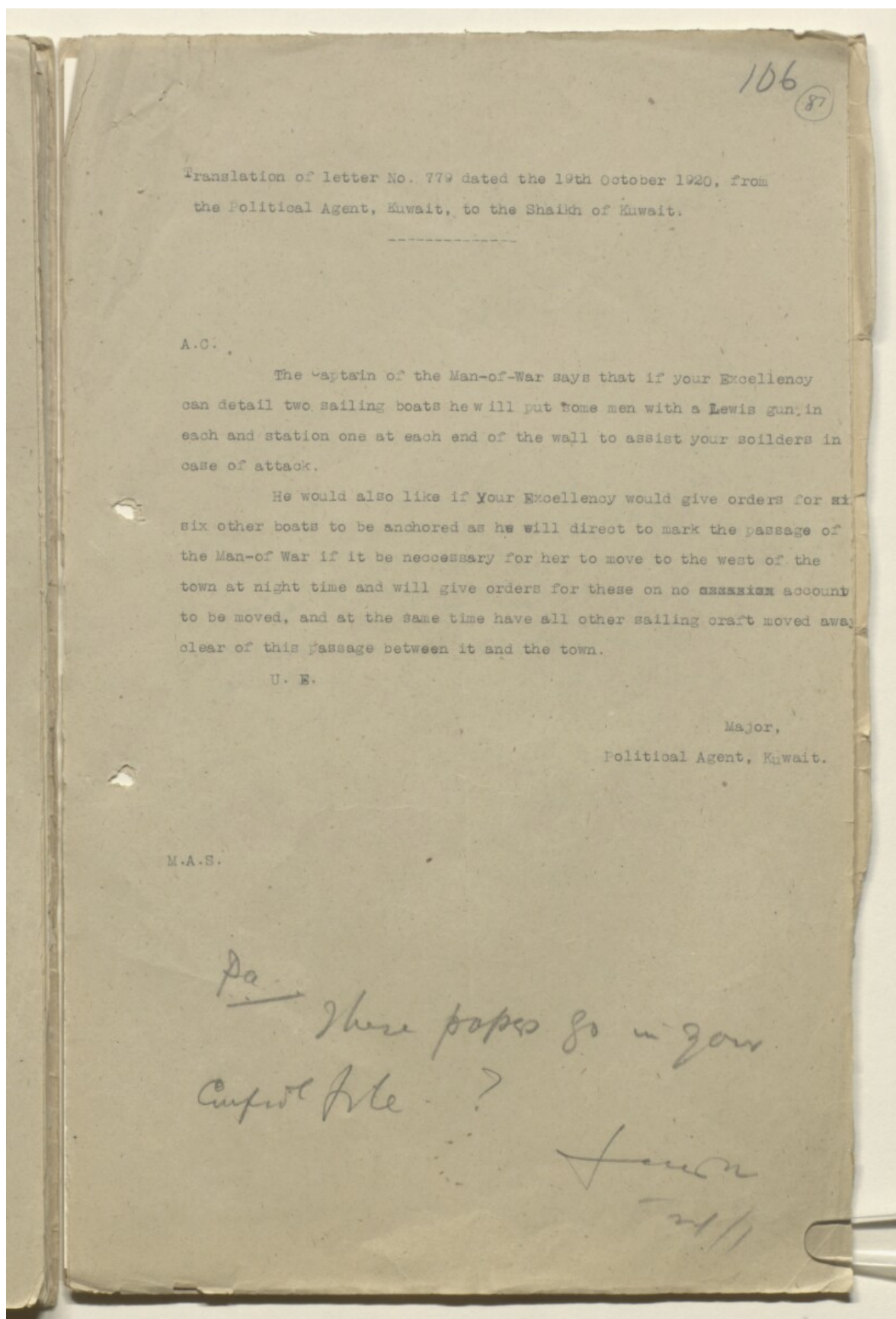






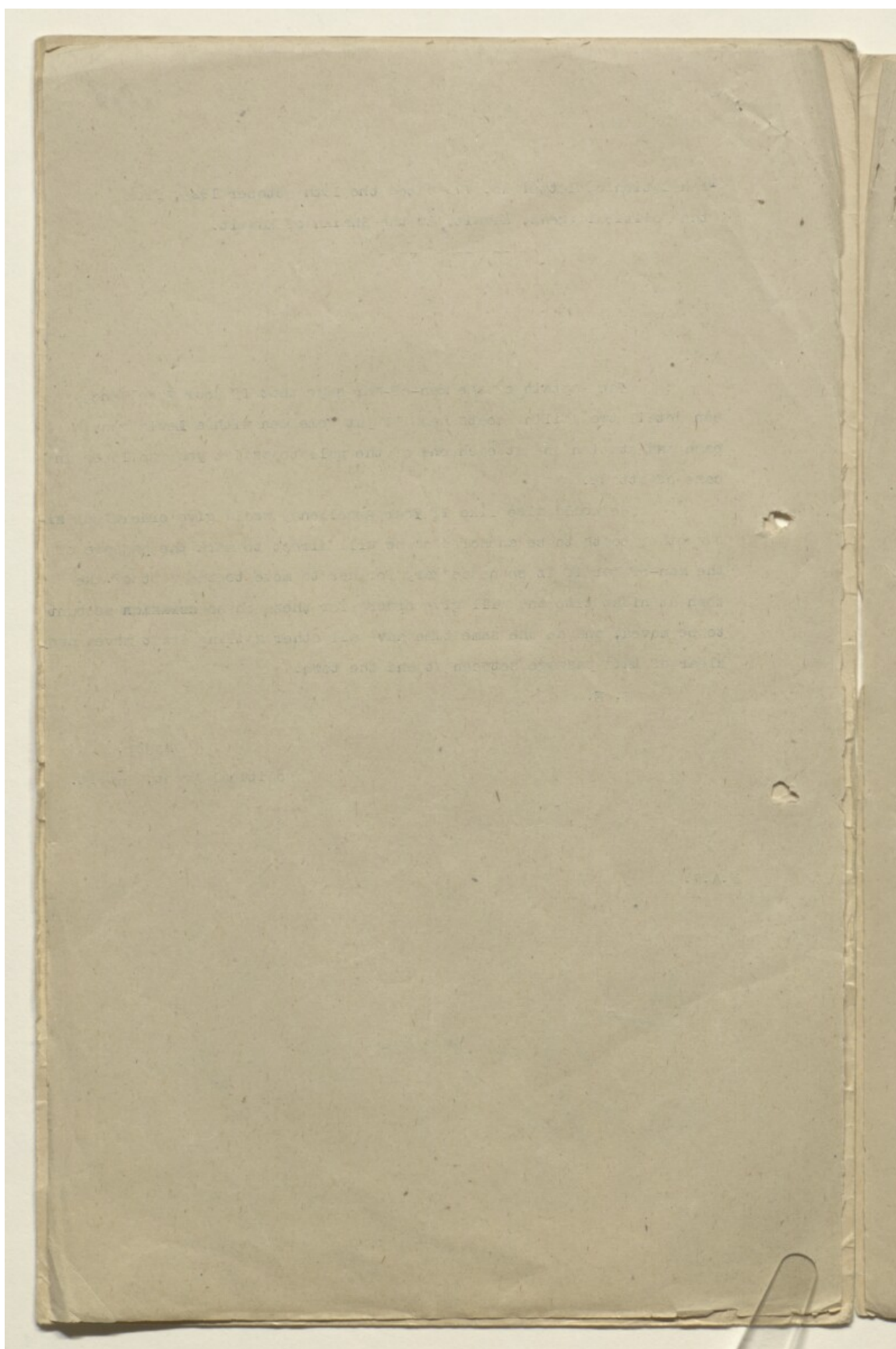
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [86v] (172/342)

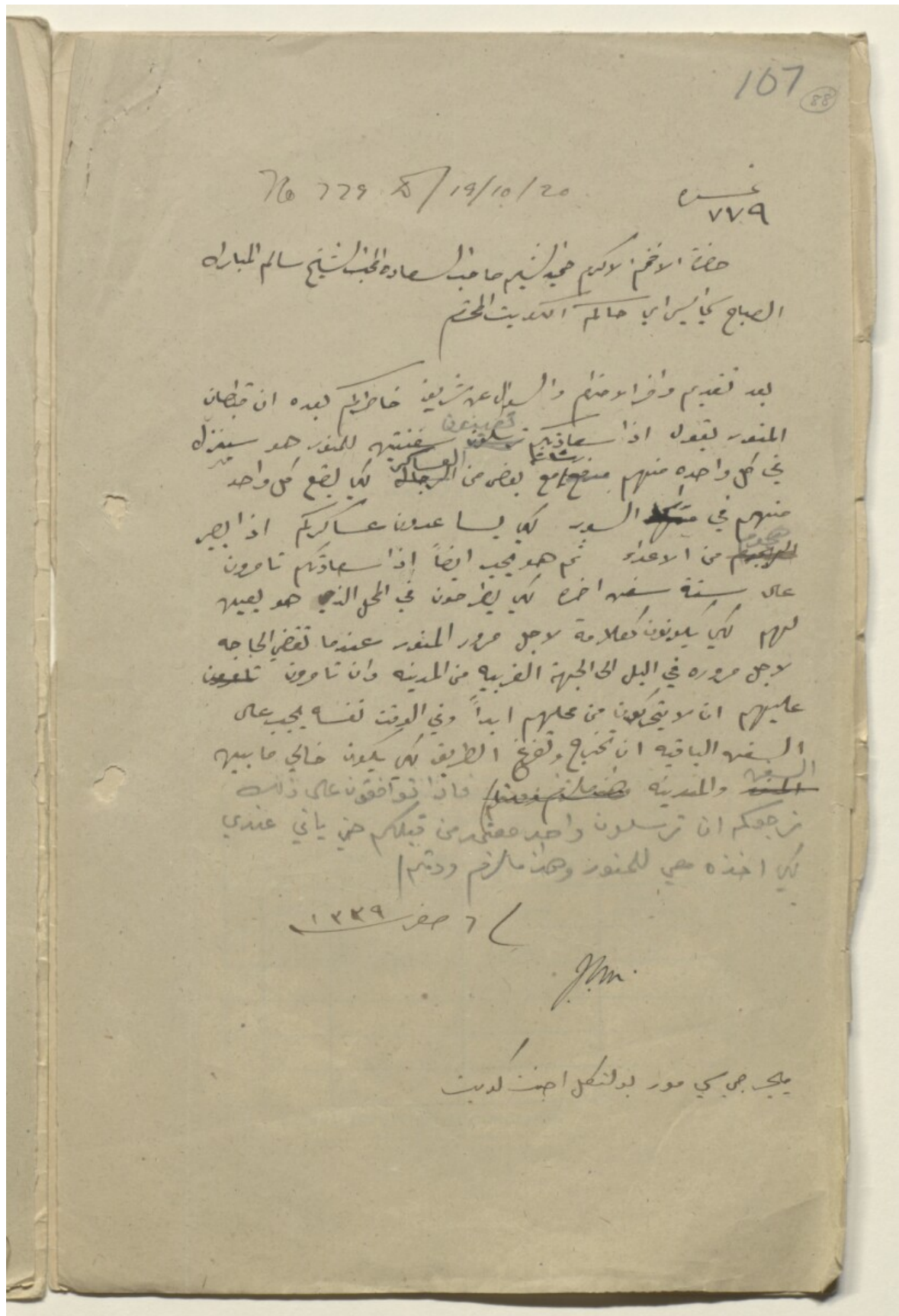






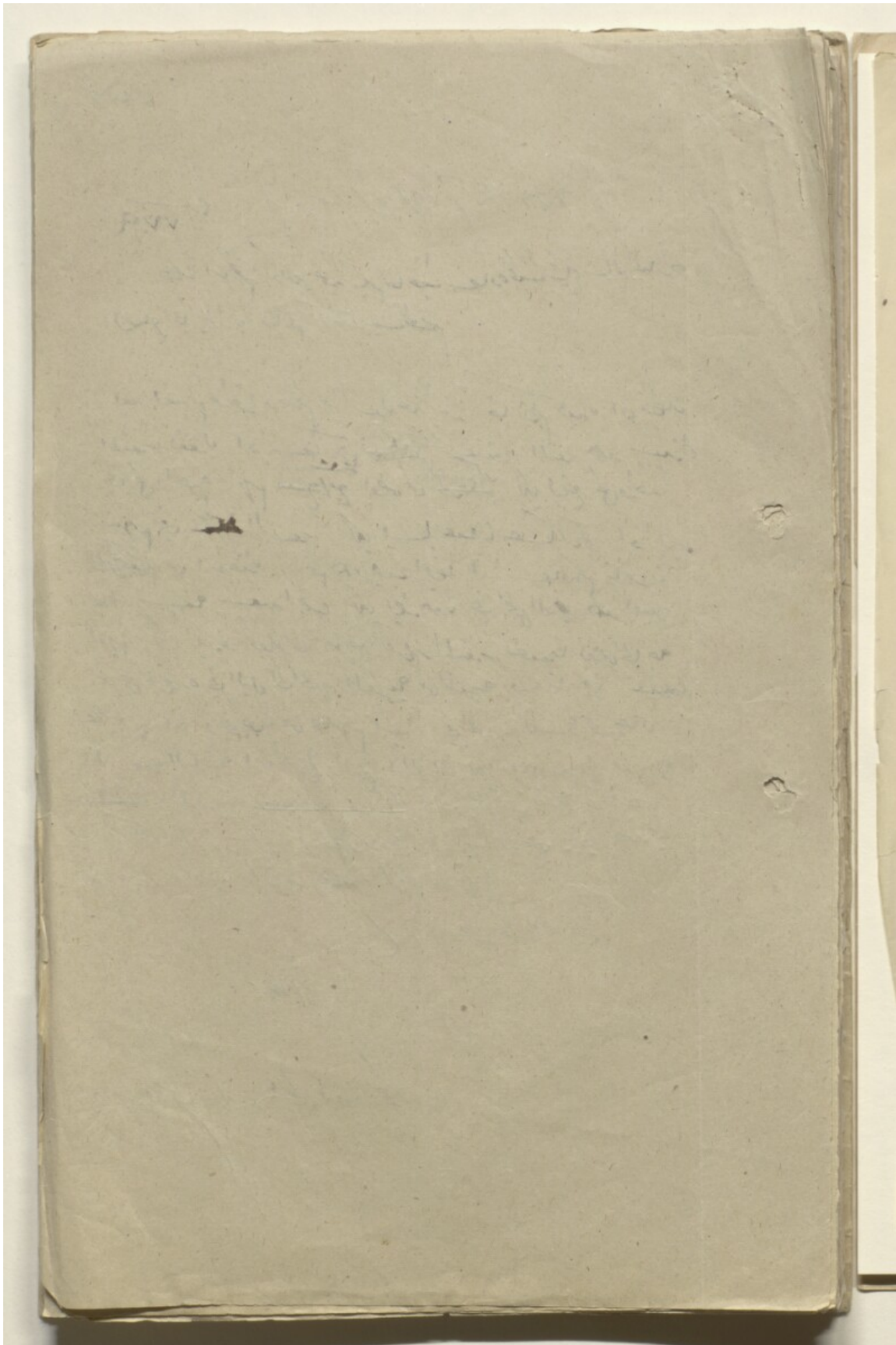
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [87v] (174/342)





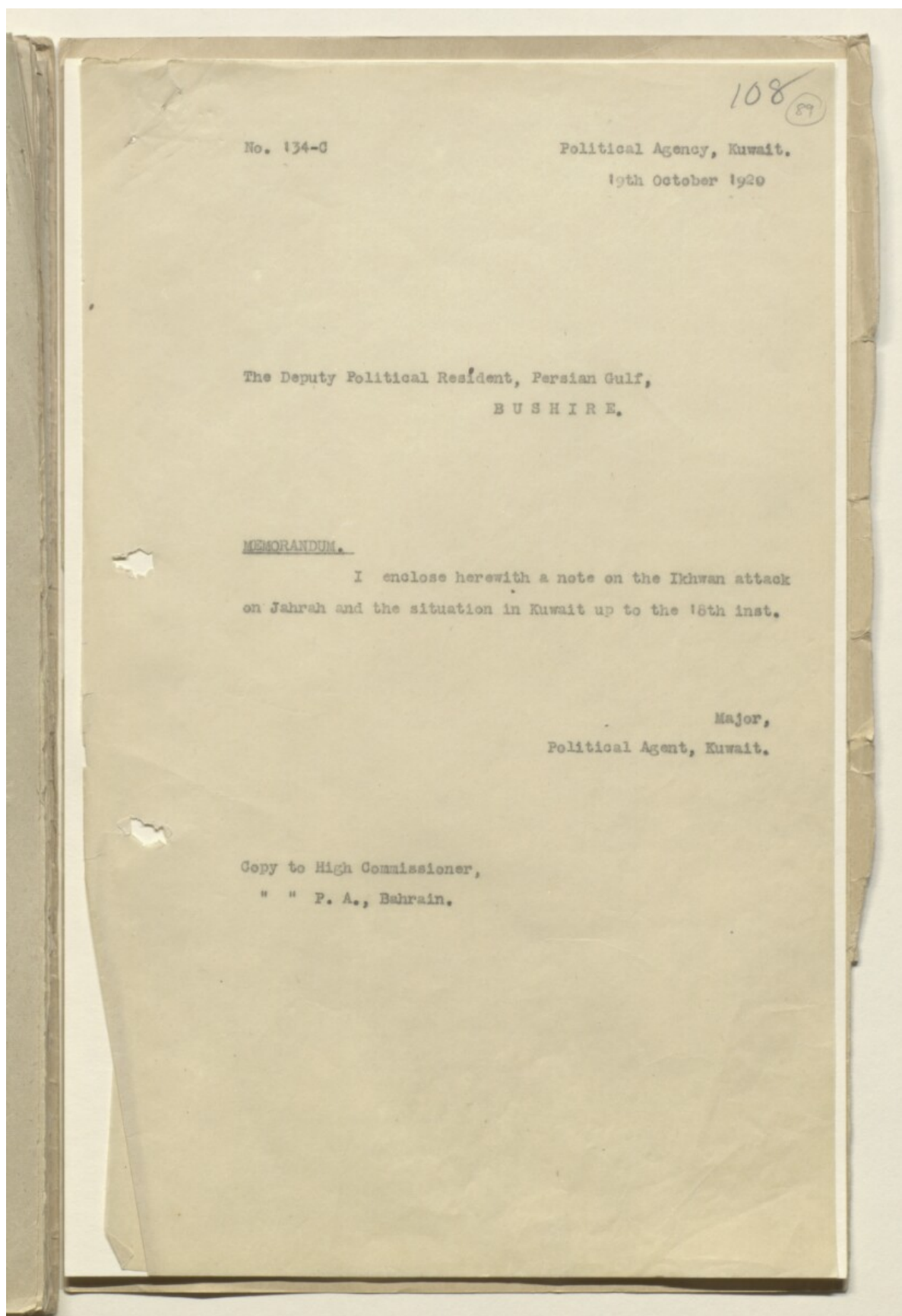


[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa`ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [88v] (176/342)



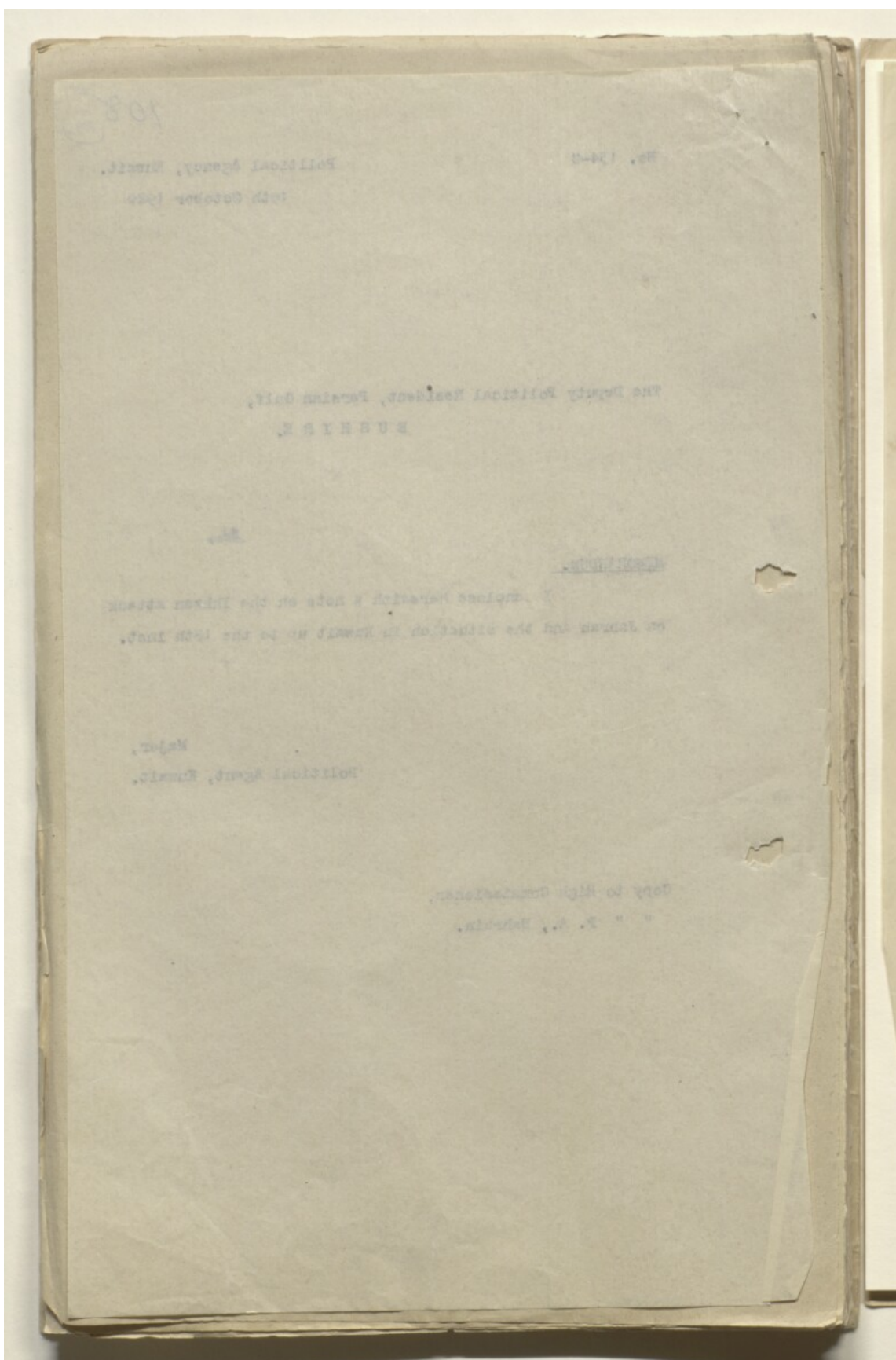


[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [89r] (177/342)





[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [89v] (178/342)





109 (90)
THE IKHWAN ATTACK ON JAHRAN.

On the afternoon of the 8th October one of Shaikh Salim's spies arrived in Kuwait with a report that a large force of Ikhwan had left Wafrah at sunset the previous evening for Subaihiyah. He was unable to estimate their numbers as he only saw them from a considerable distance, but he said it was obvious that they were not an ordinary raiding party. This information was confirmed the following day by a member of a Bedouin patrol, which had been captured by them near Wafrah late in the evening of the 7th October. His companions had been killed and he himself left for dead, but, although badly wounded he managed to get into Kuwait.

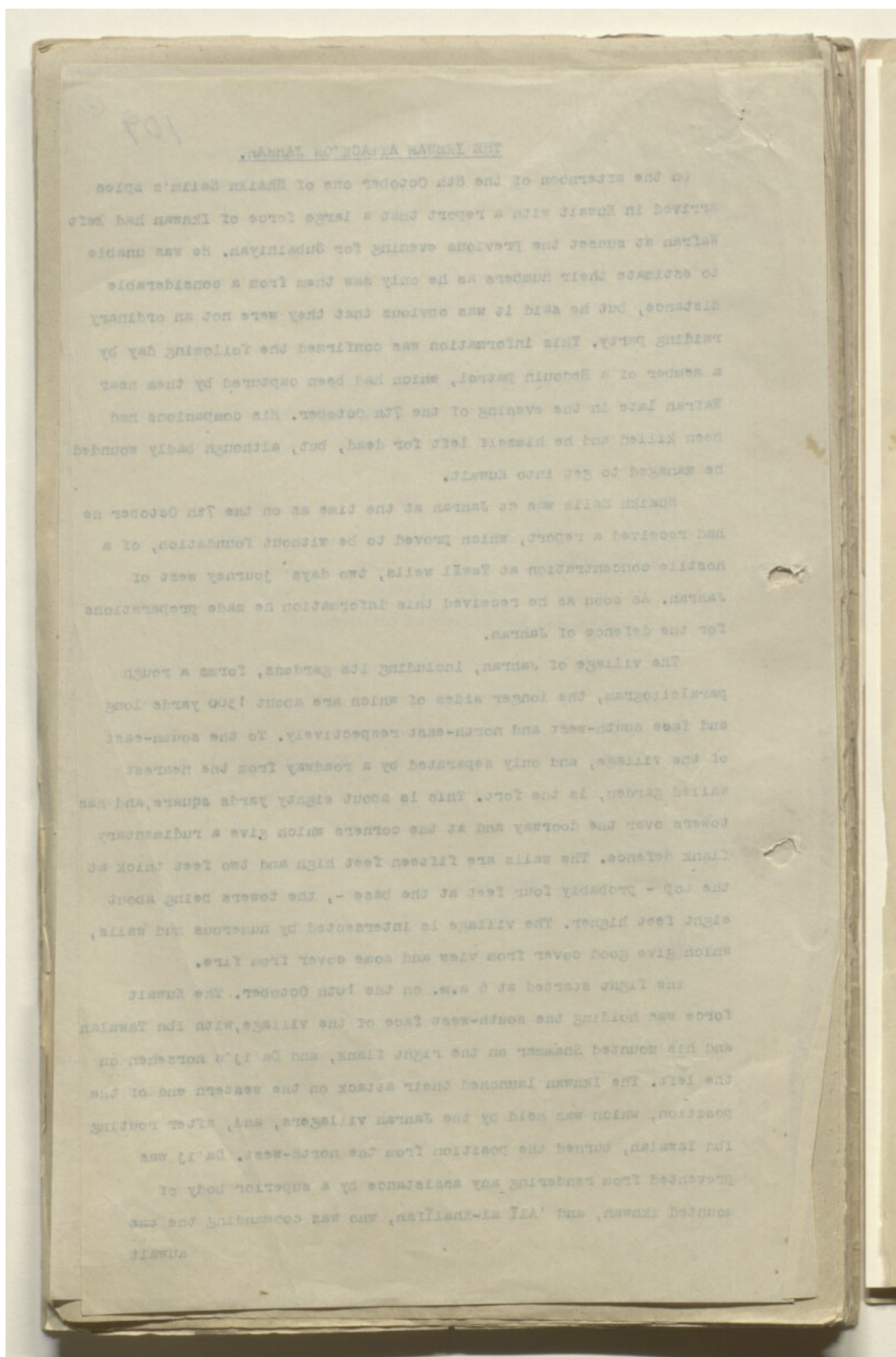
Shaikh Salim was at Jahra at the time as on the 7th October he had received a report, which proved to be without foundation, of a hostile concentration at Tawāl wells, two days' journey west of Jahra. As soon as he received this information he made preparations for the defence of Jahra.

The village of Jahra, including its gardens, forms a rough parallelogram, the longer sides of which are about 1500 yards long and face south-west and north-east respectively. To the south-east of the village, and only separated by a roadway from the nearest walled garden, is the fort. This is about eighty yards square, and has towers over the doorway and at the corners which give a rudimentary flank defence. The walls are fifteen feet high and two feet thick at the top - probably four feet at the base -, the towers being about eight feet higher. The village is intersected by numerous mud walls, which give good cover from view and some cover from fire.

The fight started at 6 a.m. on the 10th October. The Kuwait force was holding the south-west face of the village, with Ibn Tawalan and his mounted Shammar on the right flank, and Da'ij's horsemen on the left. The Ikhwan launched their attack on the western end of the position, which was held by the Jahra villagers, and, after routing Ibn Tawalan, turned the position from the north-west. Da'ij was prevented from rendering any assistance by a superior body of mounted Ikhwan, and 'Alī al-Khalīfah, who was commanding the the
Kuwait



[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [90v] (180/342)





110 (71)
Kuwait contingent retired and formed to the right. By nine o'clock the entire village was in the hands of the Ikhwan, and Shaikh Salim, with the other shaikhs and about six hundred men, was shut up in the fort, the rest of his force being dispersed.

In the afternoon Dawish sent a message to Shaikh Salim offering peace if he would renounce all claim to the camels, etc. which the Ikhwan had taken, and would evacuate the fort, but Shaikh Salim refused. Three determined attacks were made on the fort during the night.

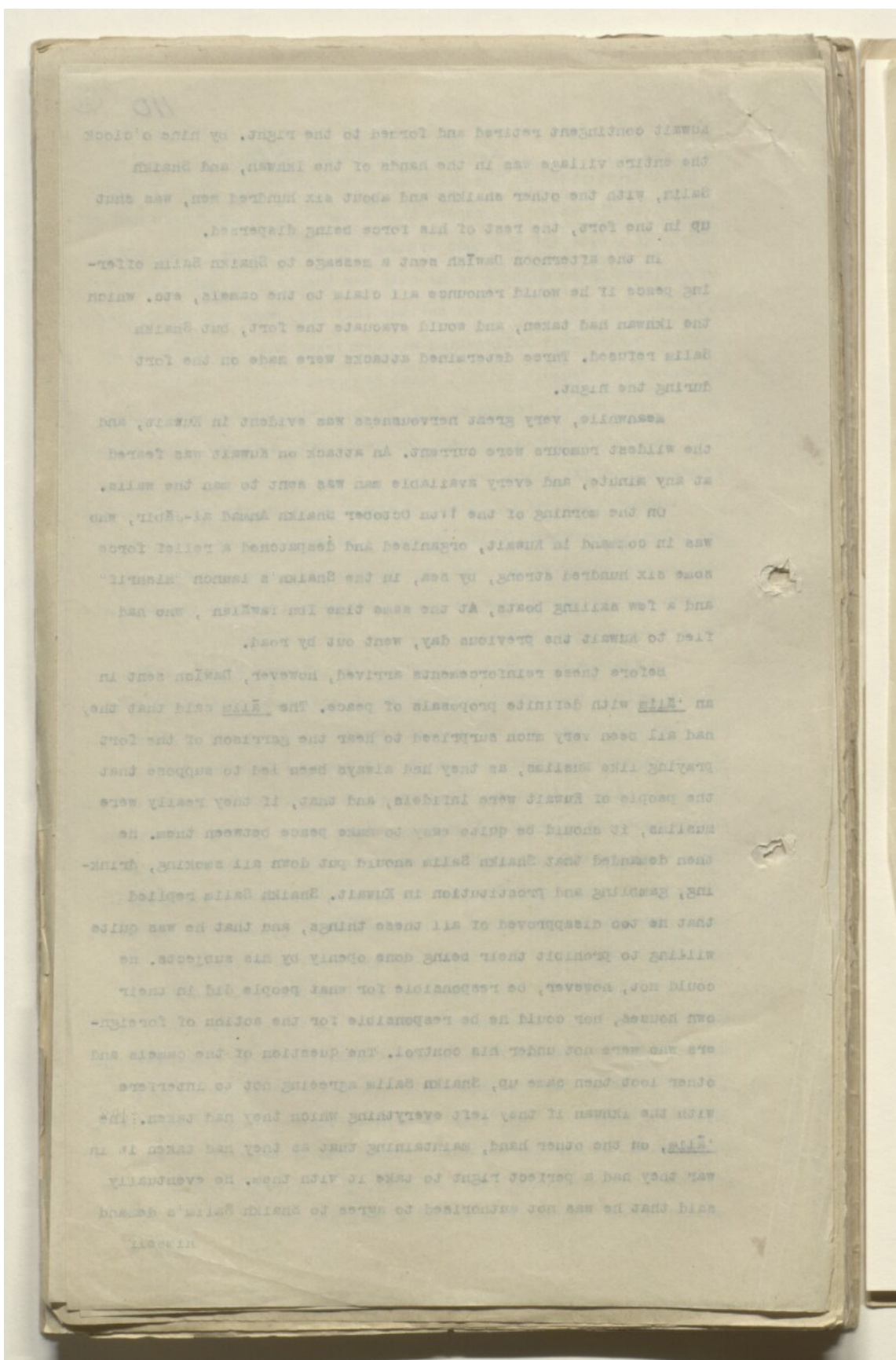
Meanwhile, very great nervousness was evident in Kuwait, and the wildest rumours were current. An attack on Kuwait was feared at any minute, and every available man was sent to man the walls.

On the morning of the 11th October Shaikh Ahmad al-Jubair, who was in command in Kuwait, organised and despatched a relief force some six hundred strong, by sea, in the Shaikh's launch "Mishrif" and a few sailing boats. At the same time Ibn Tawhian, who had fled to Kuwait the previous day, went out by road.

Before these reinforcements arrived, however, Dawish sent in an 'Alim with definite proposals of peace. The 'Alim said that they had all been very much surprised to hear the garrison of the fort praying like Muslims, as they had always been led to suppose that the people of Kuwait were infidels, and that, if they really were Muslims, it should be quite easy to make peace between them. He then demanded that Shaikh Salim should put down all smoking, drinking, gambling and prostitution in Kuwait. Shaikh Salim replied that he too disapproved of all these things, and that he was quite willing to prohibit their being done openly by his subjects. He could not, however, be responsible for what people did in their own houses, nor could he be responsible for the action of foreigners who were not under his control. The question of the camels and other loot then came up, Shaikh Salim agreeing not to interfere with the Ikhwan if they left everything which they had taken. The 'Alim, on the other hand, maintaining that as they had taken it in war they had a perfect right to take it with them. He eventually said that he was not authorised to agree to Shaikh Salim's demand himself



[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [91v] (182/342)





111 92
himself, but that he would discuss the matter with Dawīsh. He then withdrew and went off towards Dawīsh's tent, which was to the north-west of the village. (The original report that the Ikhwan agreed to return the booty is untrue). Shortly after this the Ikhwan moved off, taking everything with them, and without any further fighting. They marched three hours that day and halted, and the following day moved on to Subaihiyan, where they still are.

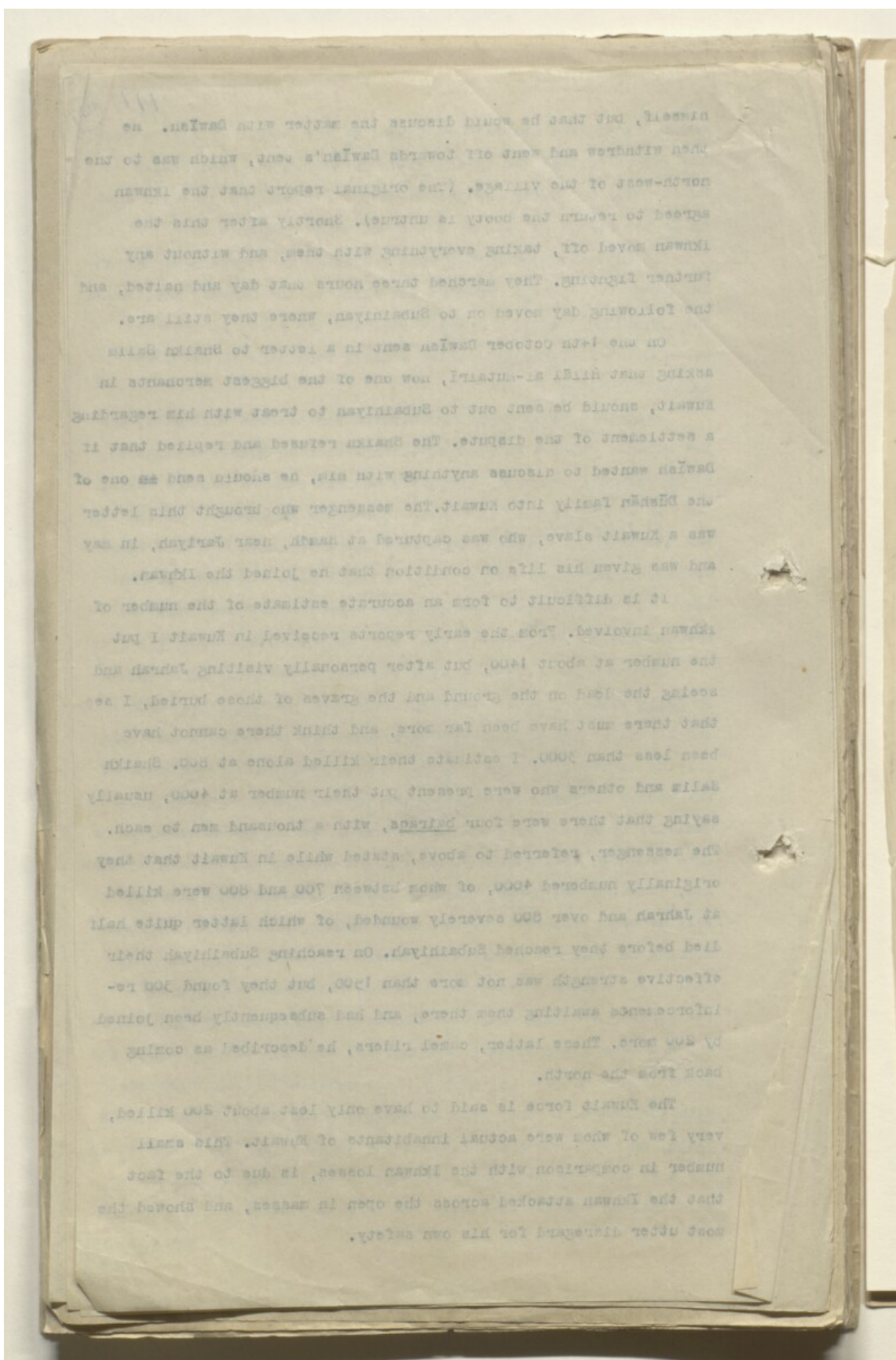
On the 14th October Dawīsh sent in a letter to Shaikh Salim asking that Mīlāl al-Mutairī, now one of the biggest merchants in Kuwait, should be sent out to Subaihiyan to treat with him regarding a settlement of the dispute. The Shaikh refused and replied that if Dawīsh wanted to discuss anything with him, he should send ~~an~~ one of the Dūshān family into Kuwait. The messenger who brought this letter was a Kuwait slave, who was captured at Hamdh, near Jariyah, in May and was given his life on condition that he joined the Ikhwan.

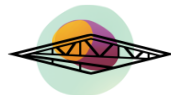
It is difficult to form an accurate estimate of the number of Ikhwan involved. From the early reports received in Kuwait I put the number at about 1400, but after personally visiting Jahrah and seeing the dead on the ground and the graves of those buried, I see that there must have been far more, and think there cannot have been less than 3000. I estimate their killed alone at 800. Shaikh Salim and others who were present put their number at 4000, usually saying that there were four bairags, with a thousand men to each. The messenger, referred to above, stated while in Kuwait that they originally numbered 4000, of whom between 700 and 800 were killed at Jahrah and over 800 severely wounded, of which latter quite half died before they reached Subaihiyah. On reaching Subaihiyah their effective strength was not more than 1500, but they found 300 reinforcements awaiting them there, and had subsequently been joined by 200 more. These latter, camel riders, he described as coming back from the north.

The Kuwait force is said to have only lost about 200 killed, very few of whom were actual inhabitants of Kuwait. This small number in comparison with the Ikhwan losses, is due to the fact that the Ikhwan attacked across the open in masses, and showed the most utter disregard for his own safety.



[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [92v] (184/342)





112 (93)

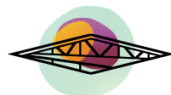
On the 18th October Dawish sent in envoys to Kuwait to discuss terms for a settlement of the dispute. In accordance with the ordinary custom, they were given time to rest before stating their mission, and Shaikh Salim had not seen them by the evening of 18th October. Their terms, however, are known, and are totally impossible for him to accept, being in fact a demand that Shaikh Salim and the people of Kuwait should become Ikhwan forthwith, and that from now onwards they should be friends to their friends and foes to their foes. Dawish apparently says he can accept no other terms himself, and, as he puts it, he cannot thread a needle without Ibn Sa'ud's approval. There accordingly seems nothing for it but war, and everything seems to indicate that an attack on Kuwait really is intended.

A representative of the Shaikh, who accompanied the former messengers back to Subaihiyah and returned with the present envoys, estimates the Ikhwan's present effective strength at 500 horse and at least 3000 foot. Large reinforcements were said to be coming.

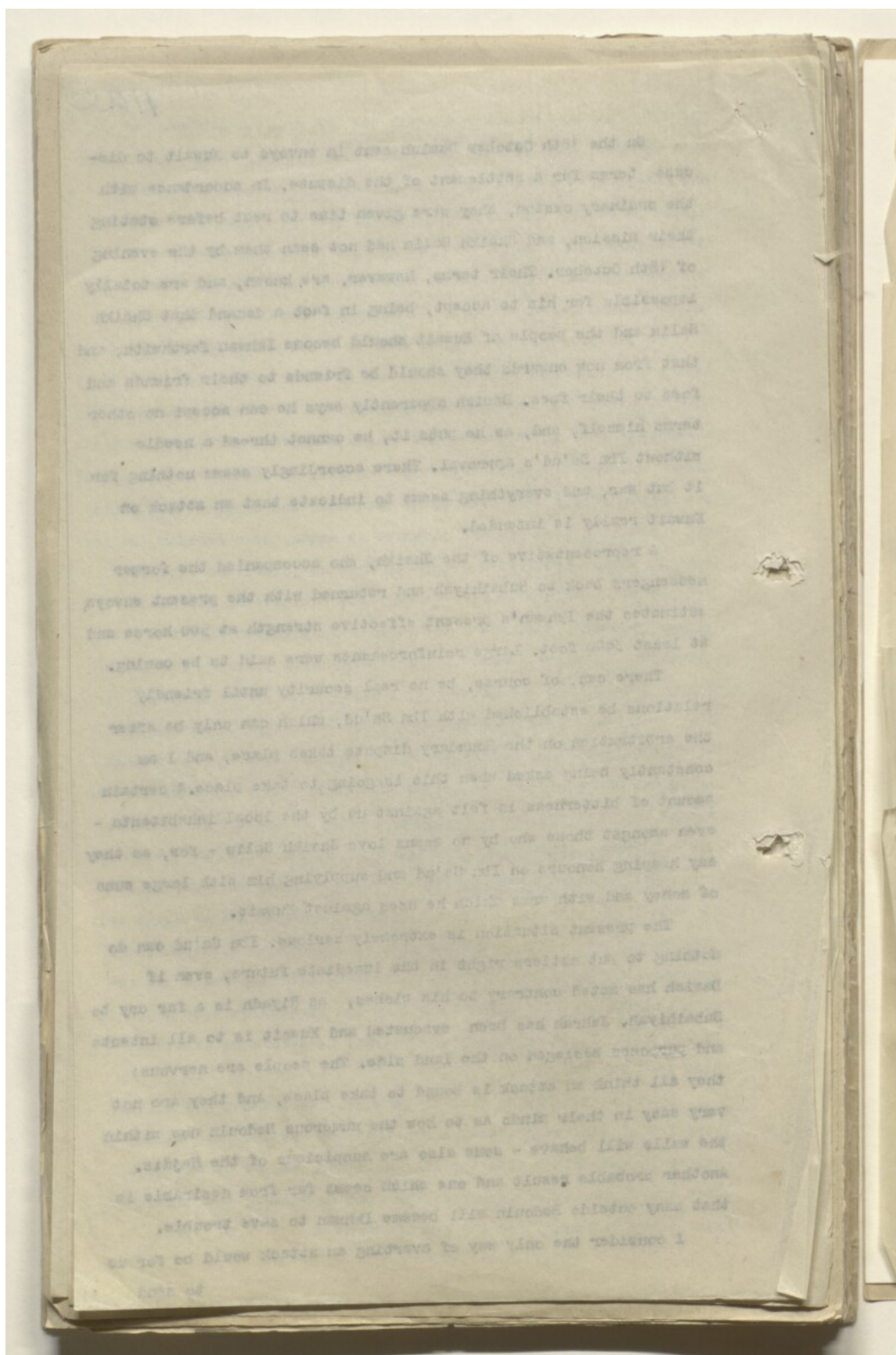
There can, of course, be no real security until friendly relations be established with Ibn Sa'ud, which can only be after the arbitration on the Boundary dispute takes place, and I am constantly being asked when this is going to take place. A certain amount of bitterness is felt against us by the local inhabitants - even amongst those who by no means love Shaikh Salim - for, as they say heaping honours on Ibn Sa'ud and supplying him with large sums of money and with arms which he uses against Kuwait.

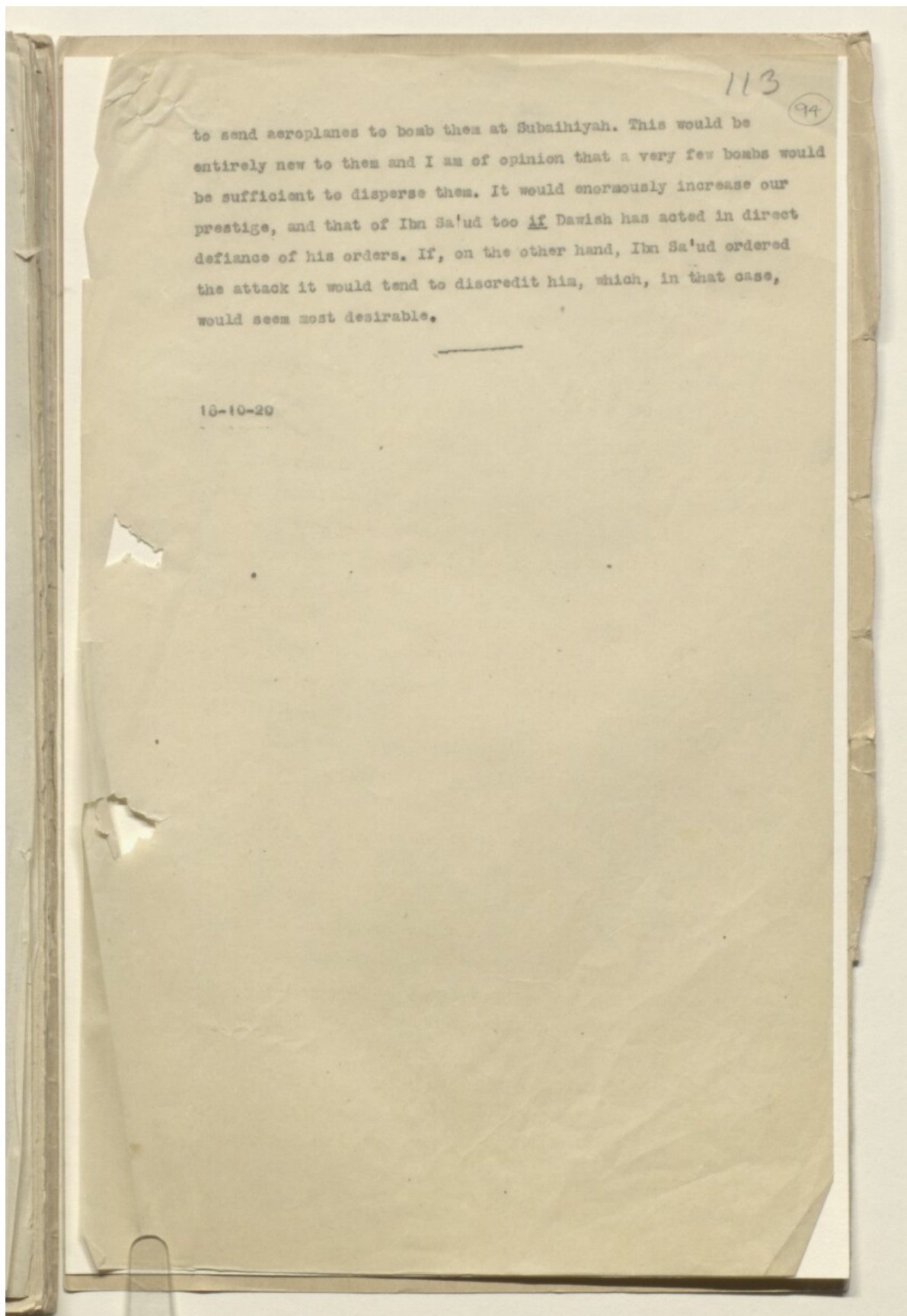
The present situation is extremely serious. Ibn Sa'ud can do nothing to put matters right in the immediate future, even if Dawish has acted contrary to his wishes, as Riyadh is a far cry to Subaihiyah. Jahrah has been evacuated and Kuwait is to all intents and purposes besieged on the land side. The people are nervous; they all think an attack is bound to take place, and they are not very easy in their minds as to how the numerous Bedouin now within the walls will behave - some also are suspicious of the Hajdis. Another probable result and one which seems far from desirable is that many outside Bedouin will become Ikhwan to save trouble.

I consider the only way of averting an attack would be for us to send



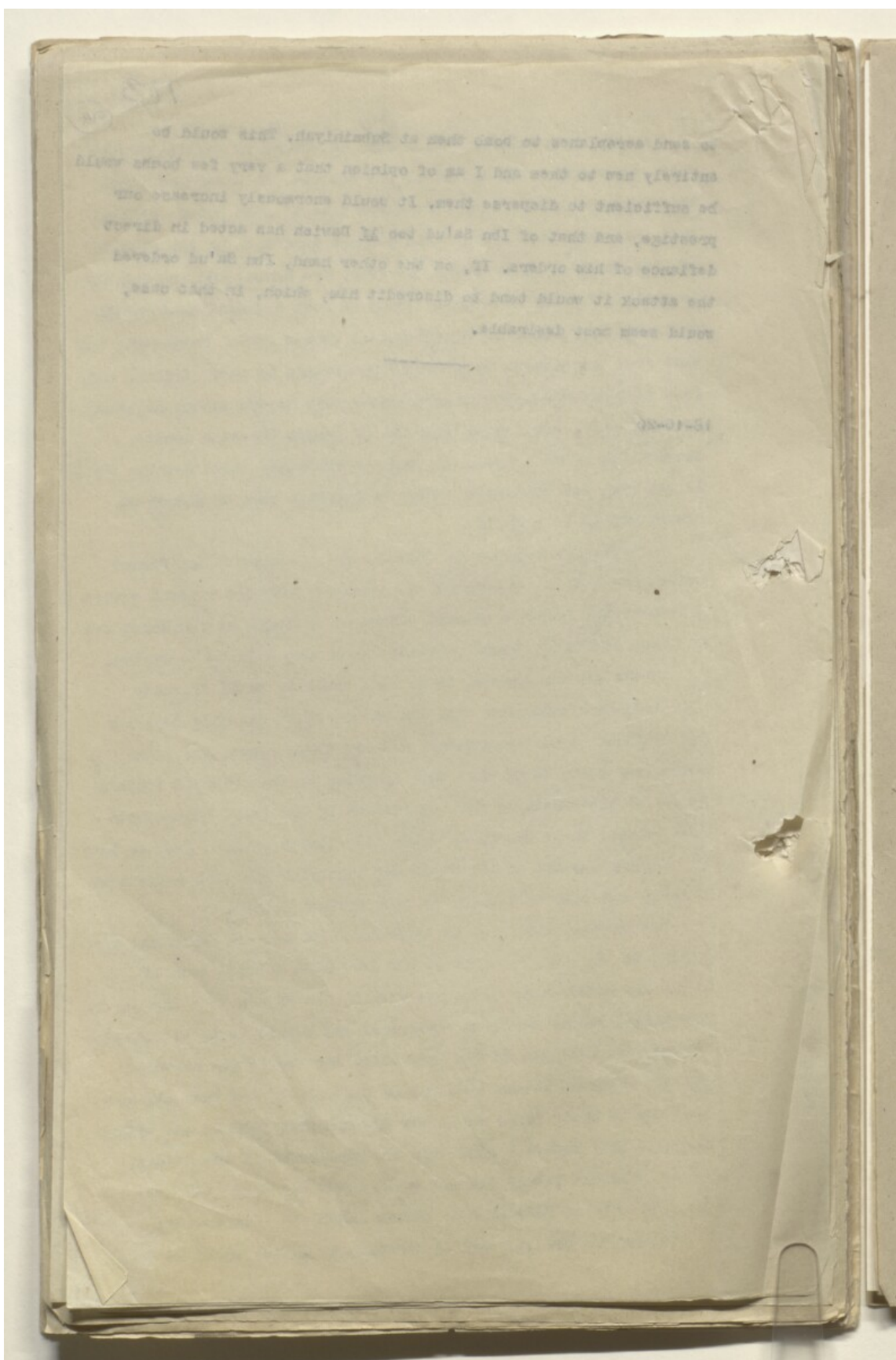
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [93v] (186/342)

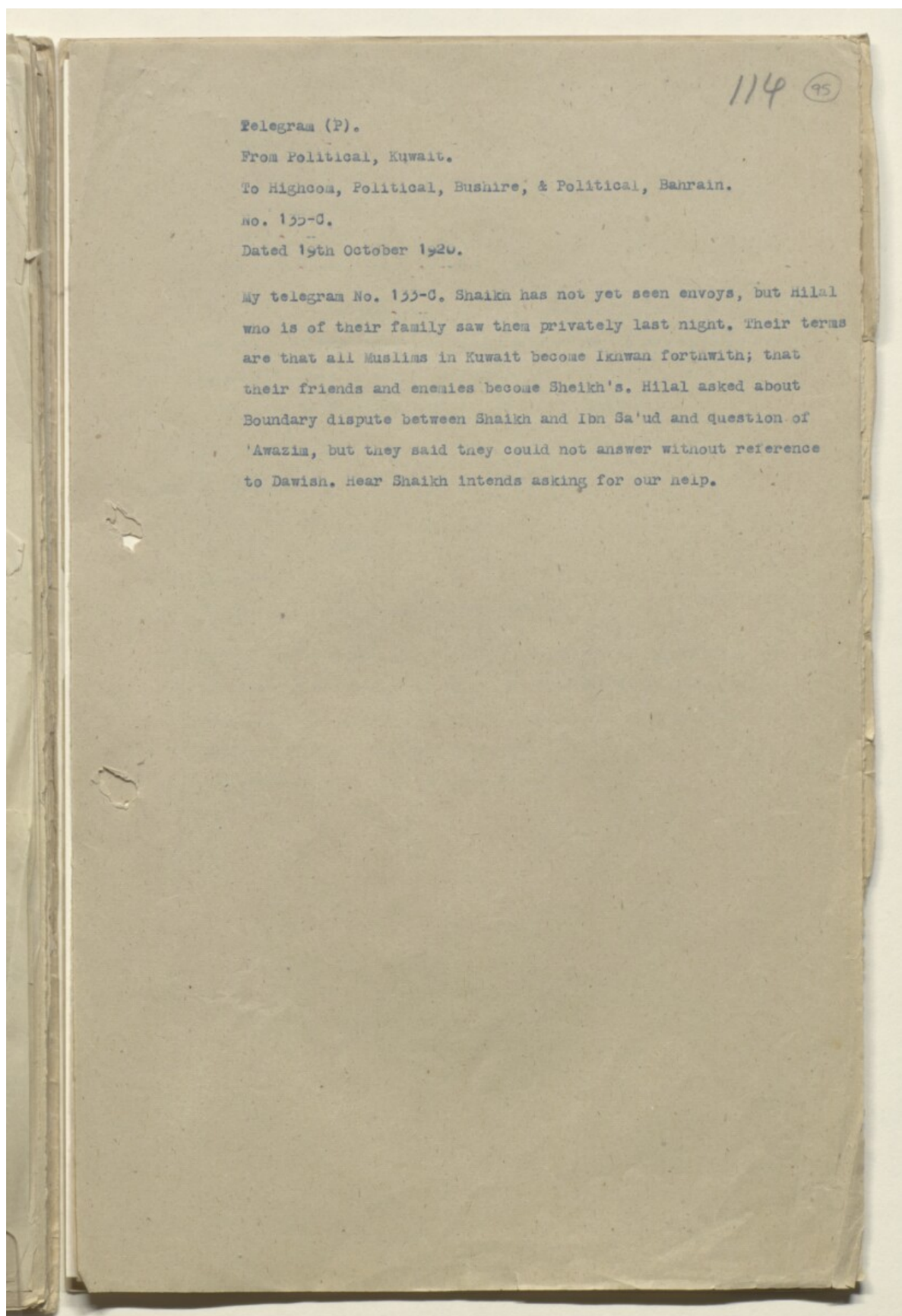


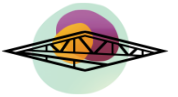




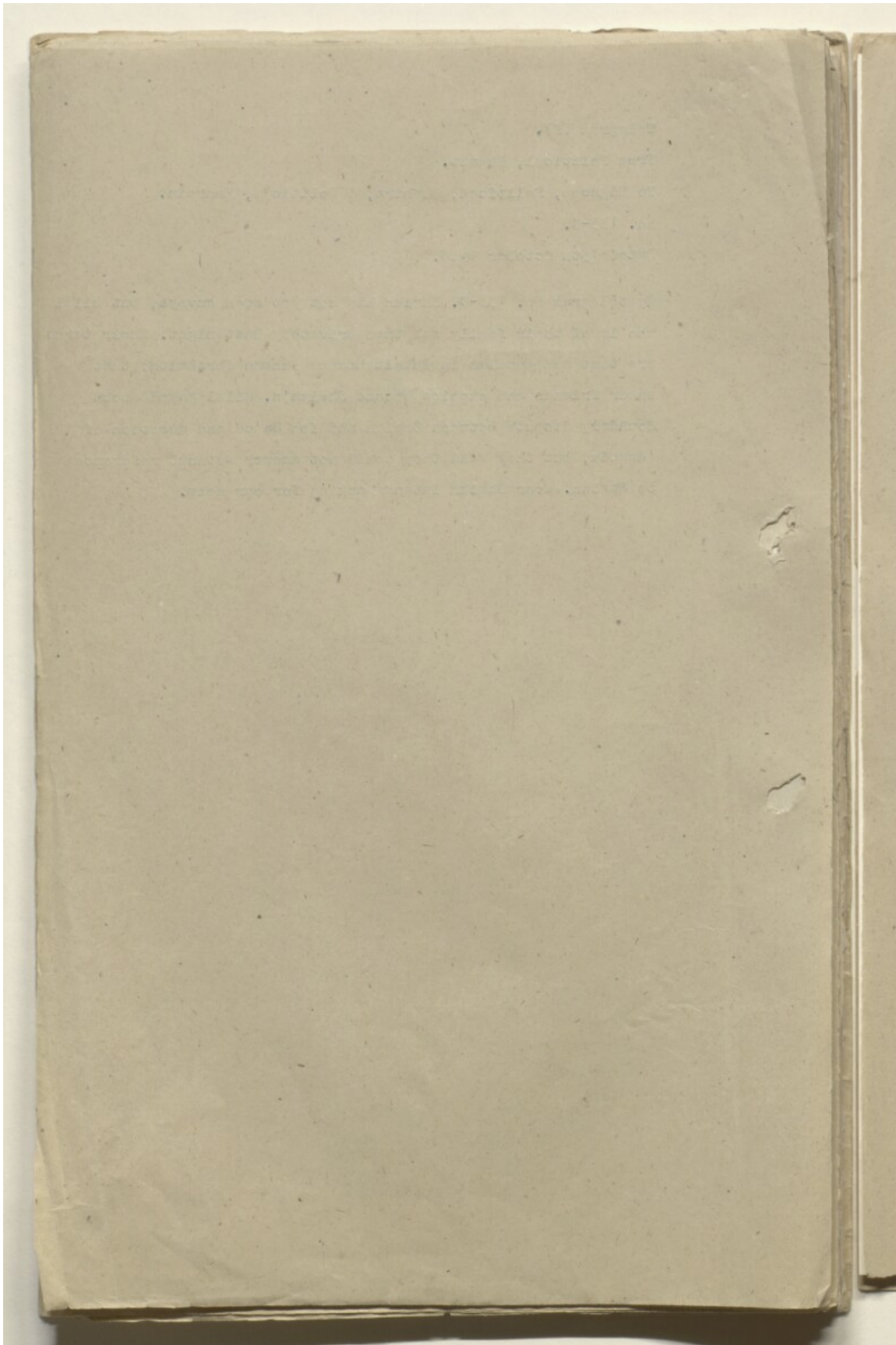
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [94v] (188/342)

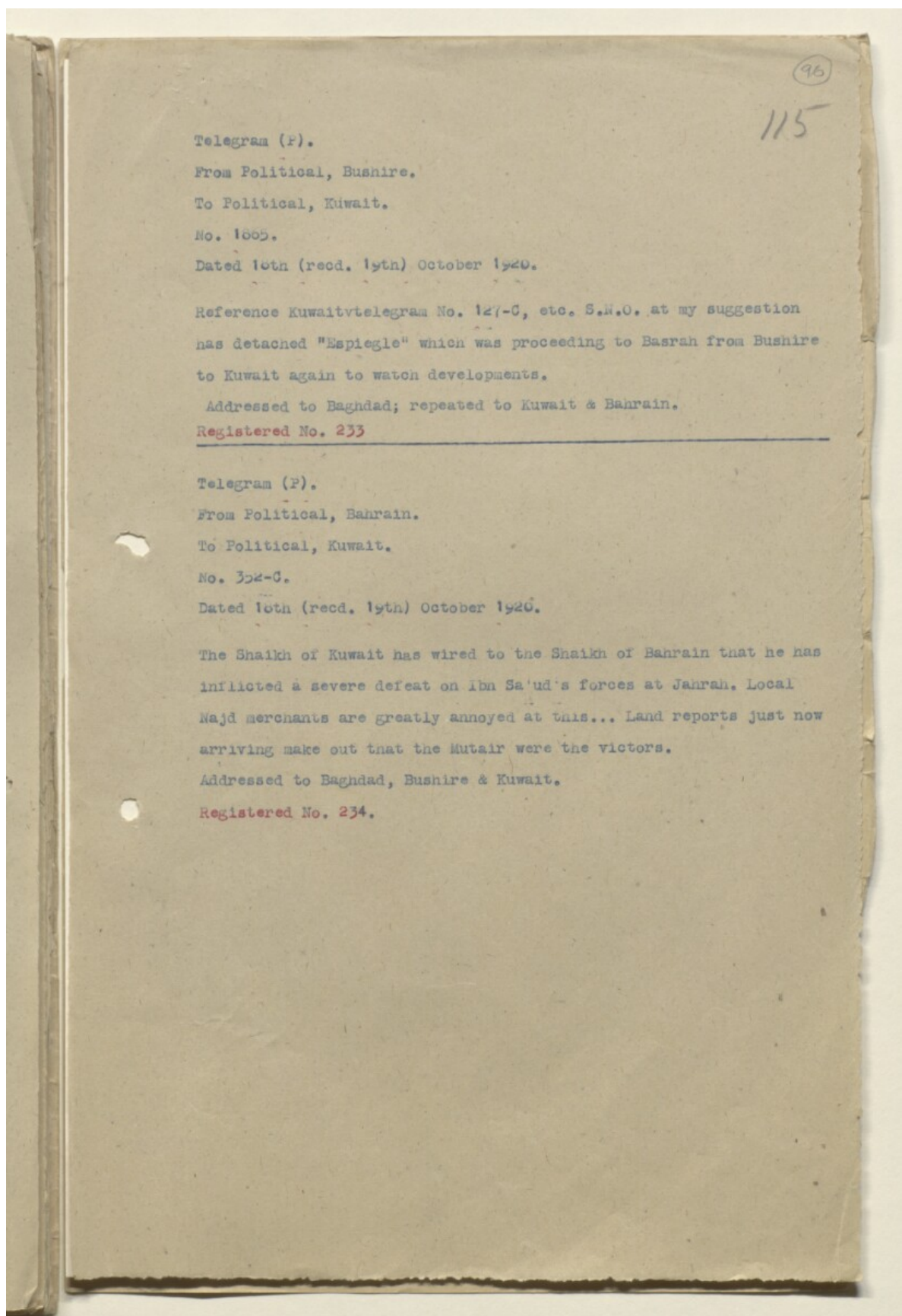
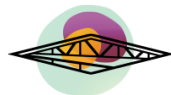


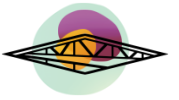




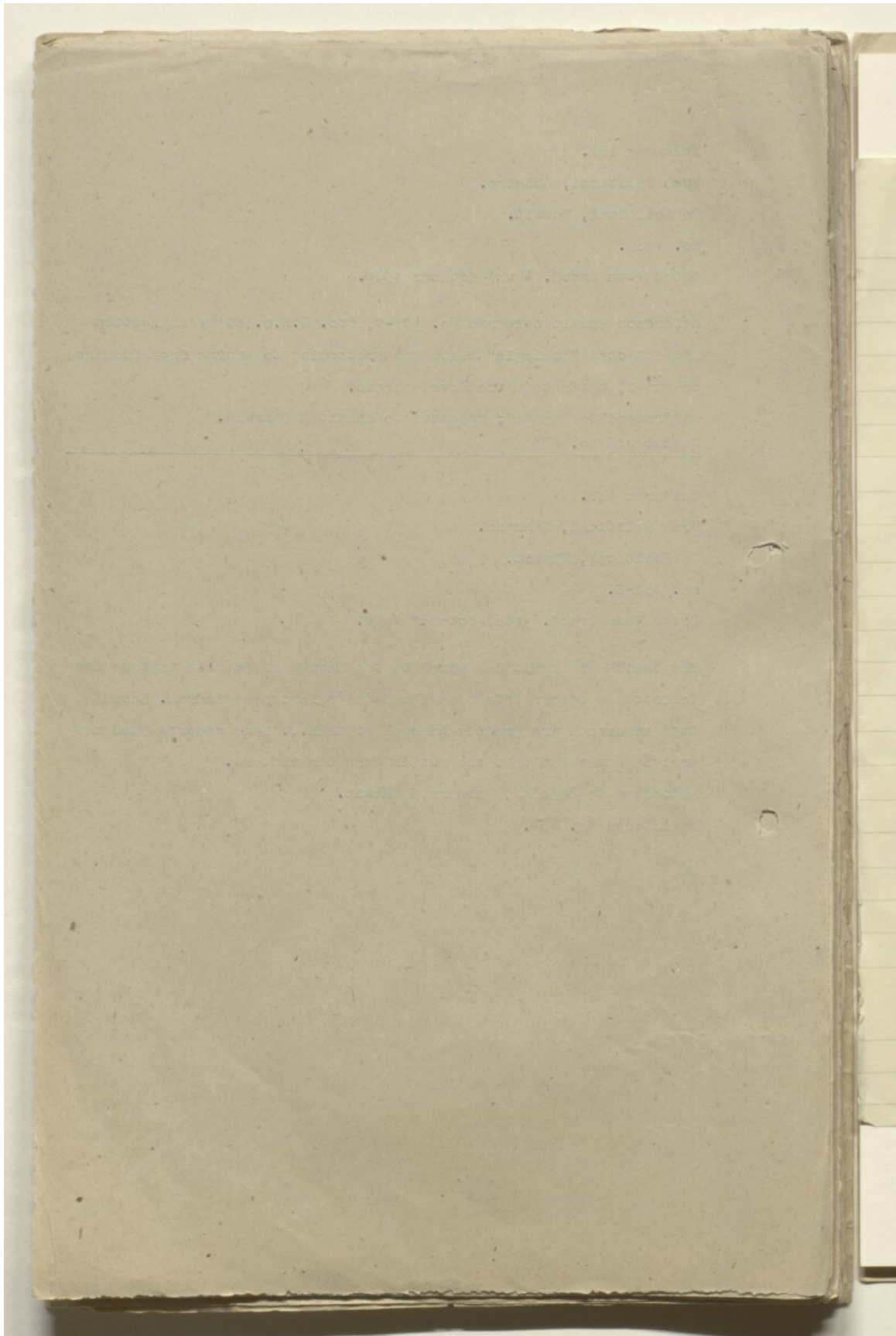
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa`ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [95v] (190/342)







[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [96v] (192/342)





116 (97)

From Salim al Mubarak as Subah, Ruler of Kuwait
To Major Knox, Political Agent Kuwait.

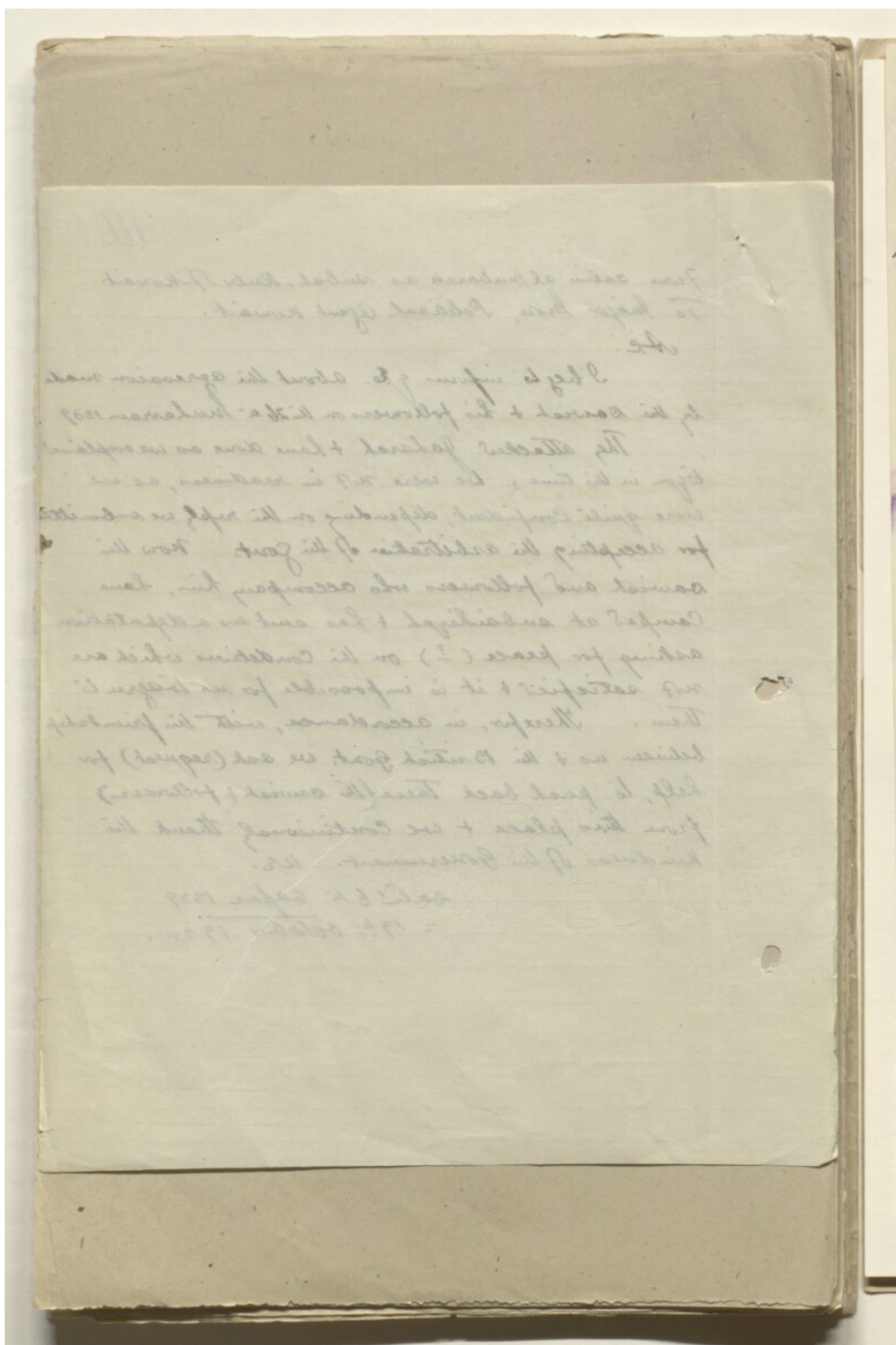
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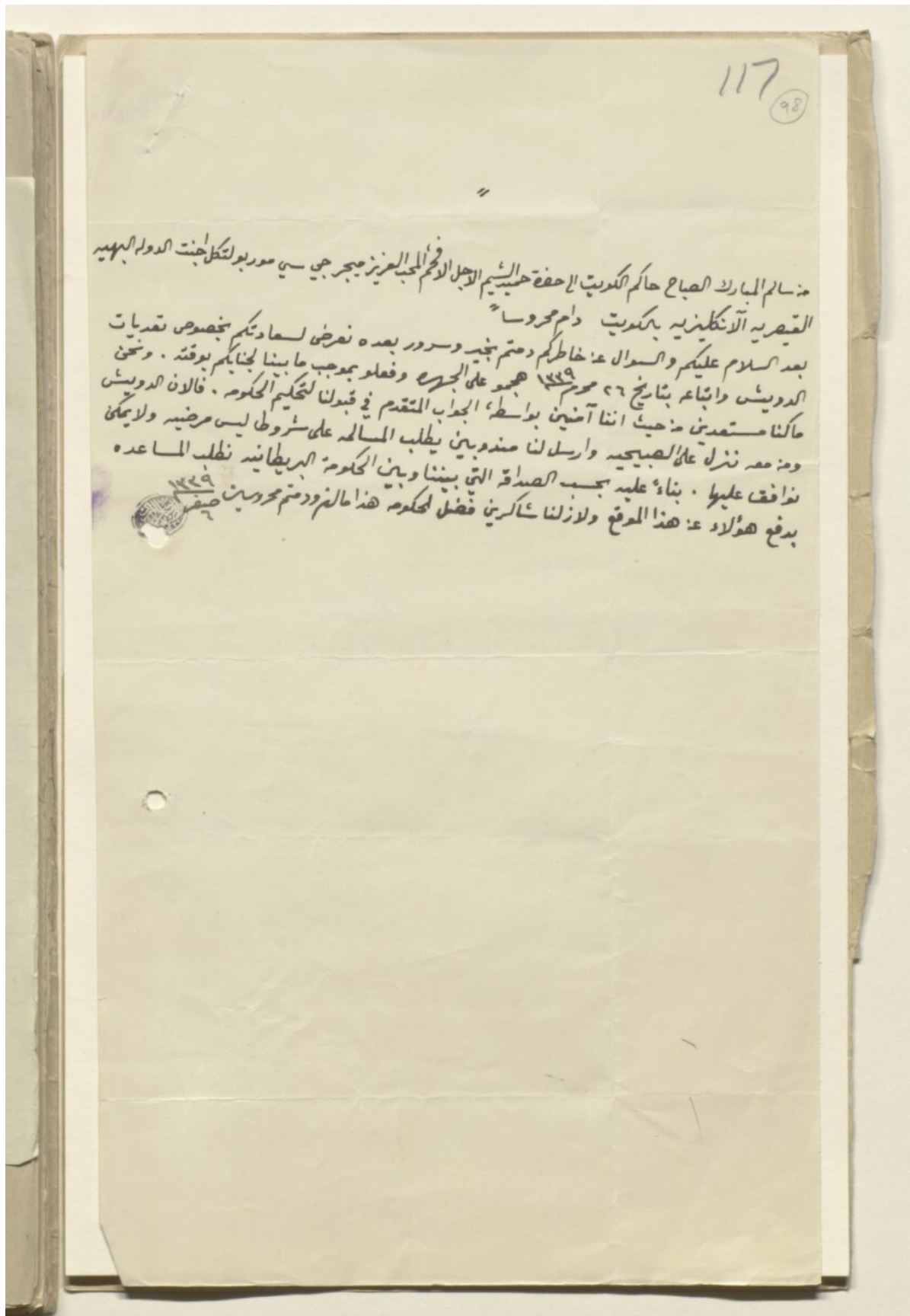
I beg to inform you about the aggression made
by the Sawish & his followers on 12th Muharram 1339
They attacked Jahrah & have done as we explained
before in the time. We were not in readiness, as we
were quite confident, depending on the reply we submitted
for accepting the arbitration of the Govt. Now the
Sawish and followers who accompany him, have
camped at Subaihiyah & has sent us a deputation
asking for peace (?) on the conditions which are
not satisfied & it is impossible for us to agree to
them. Therefore, in accordance, with the friendship
between us & the British Govt, we ask (request) for
help, to push back these (the Sawish & followers)
from this place & we continuously thank the
kindness of the Government. We.

Saleh 6th Safar 1339
= 19th October 1920.



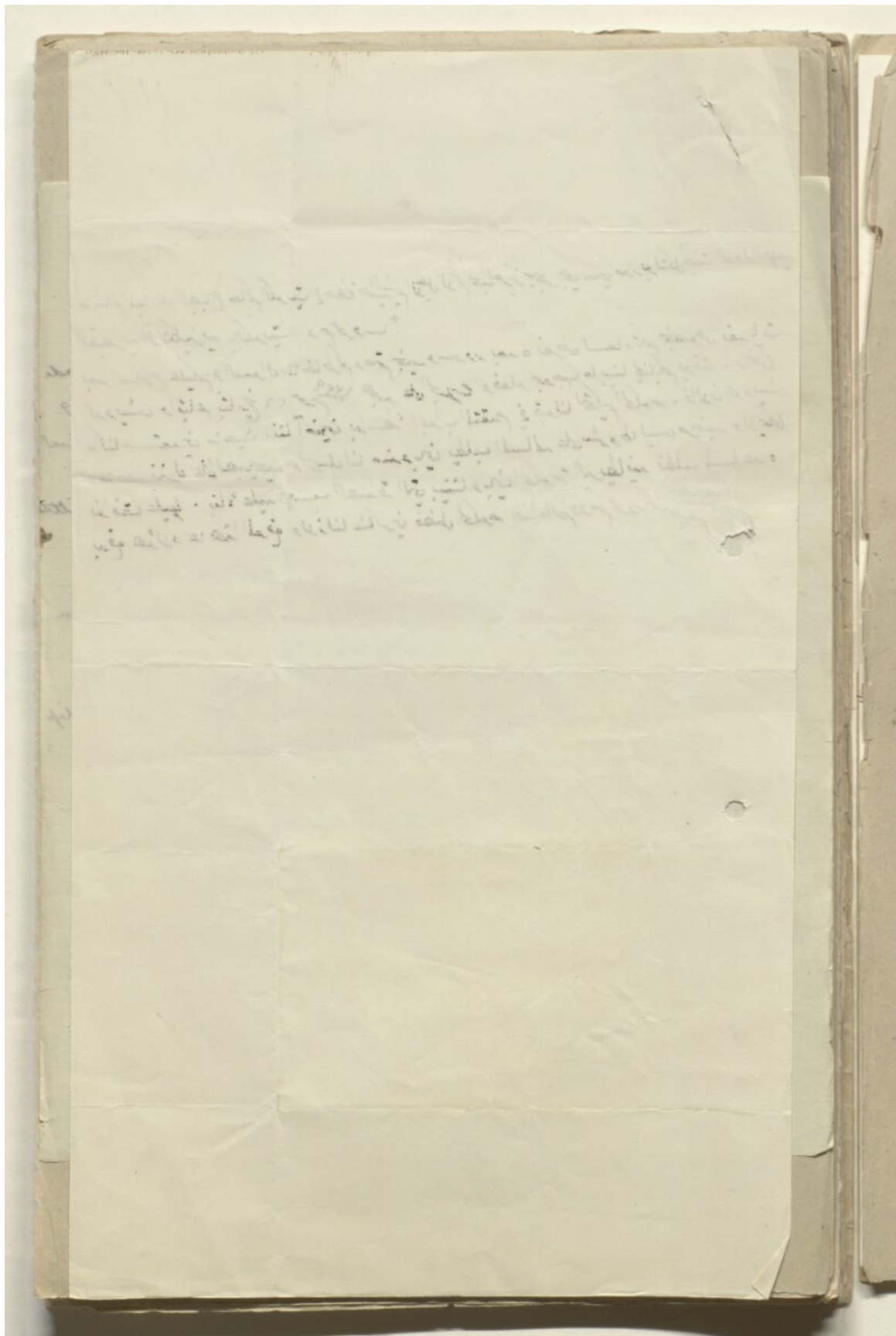
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [97v] (194/342)







[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [98v] (196/342)





118 (99)
Telegram (P). (C

From Political, Kuwait

To Highcom, Political, Bushire & Political, Bahrain.

No. 135-C.

Dated 19th October 1920

My telegram No. 135-C. Letter from Shaikh of Kuwait of today's date to me begins: I wish to draw your attention to the aggression of Dawish and his followers. On 16th October they attacked Jahrah and did as I told you at the time. I was not ready as I felt safe relying on the reply which I had submitted accepting the arbitration of Government. Now Dawish has camped at Subaihiyah with his followers and has sent in envoys asking for peace on terms which are not pleasing and to which it is impossible for me to agree. Therefore in view of the friendship between me and the British Government I ask for her assistance in repelling these from this place for which I shall be ever grateful. Ends.

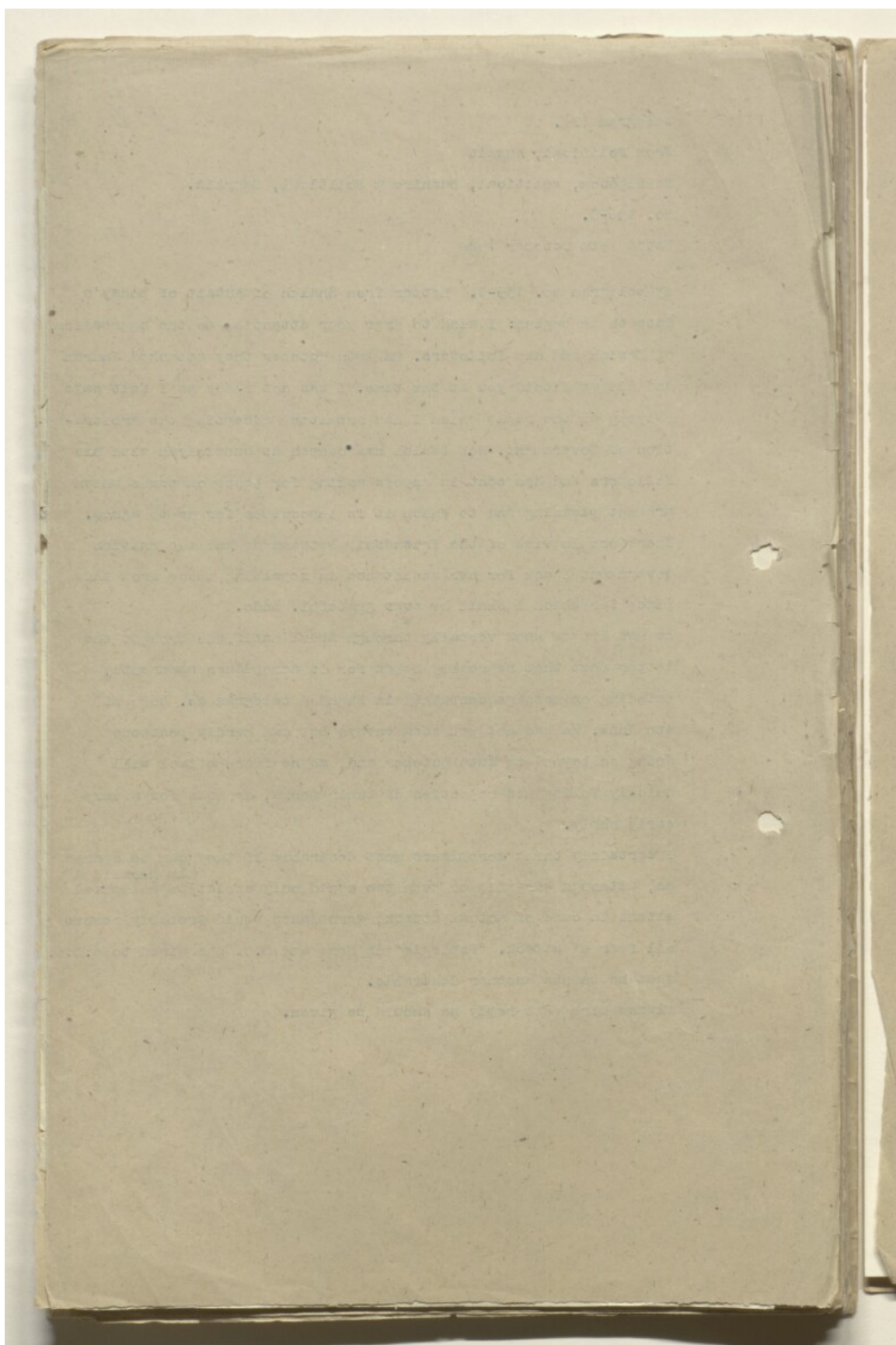
He has let me know verbally through Abdul Latif who brought the letter that what he really hopes for is aeroplanes apparently building on message contained in Baghdad telegram No. 6636 of 4th June. He has not yet seen envoys but can hardly postpone doing so beyond the 20th October and, as he fears attack will quickly follow his rejection of their terms, he asks for a very early reply.

I certainly think aeroplanes most desirable if they can be spared as, although war-ship or even two could only assist ^{him morally &} to a limited extent in case of actual attack, aeroplanes would probably remove all fear of attack. "Espiegle" is here and O.C. has wired to S.H.O. that he thinks another desirable.

Please wire what reply he should be given.

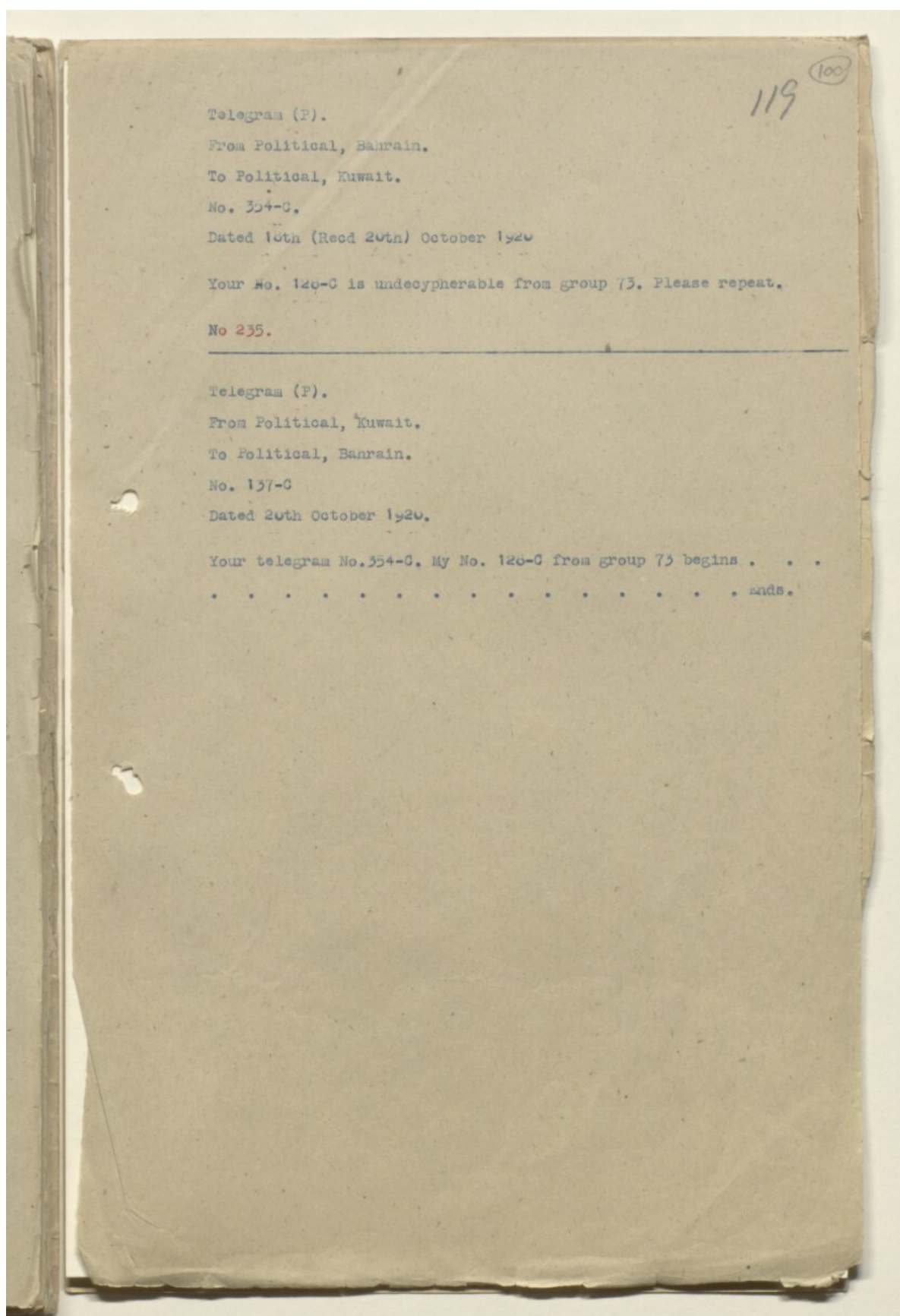


[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [99v] (198/342)



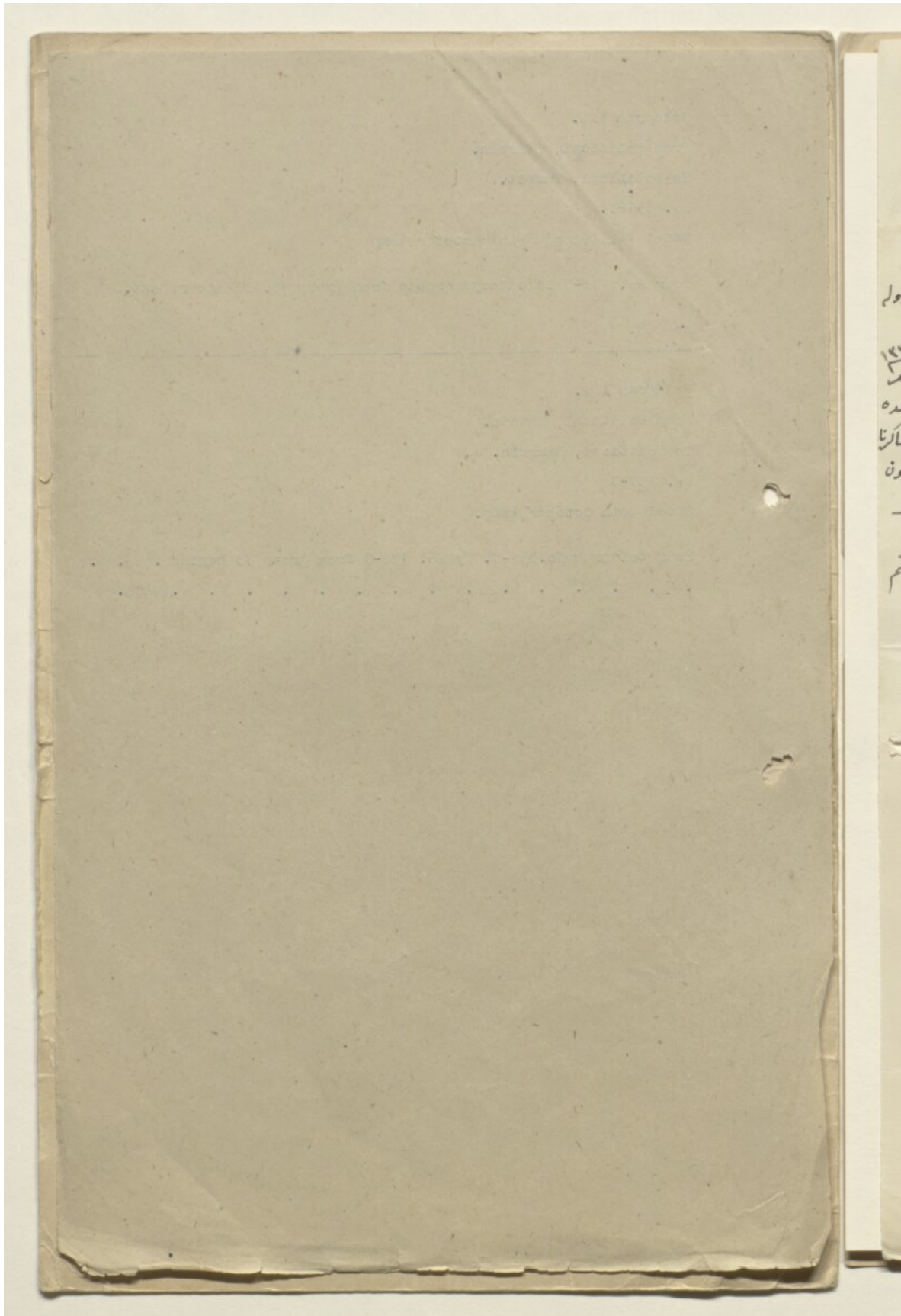


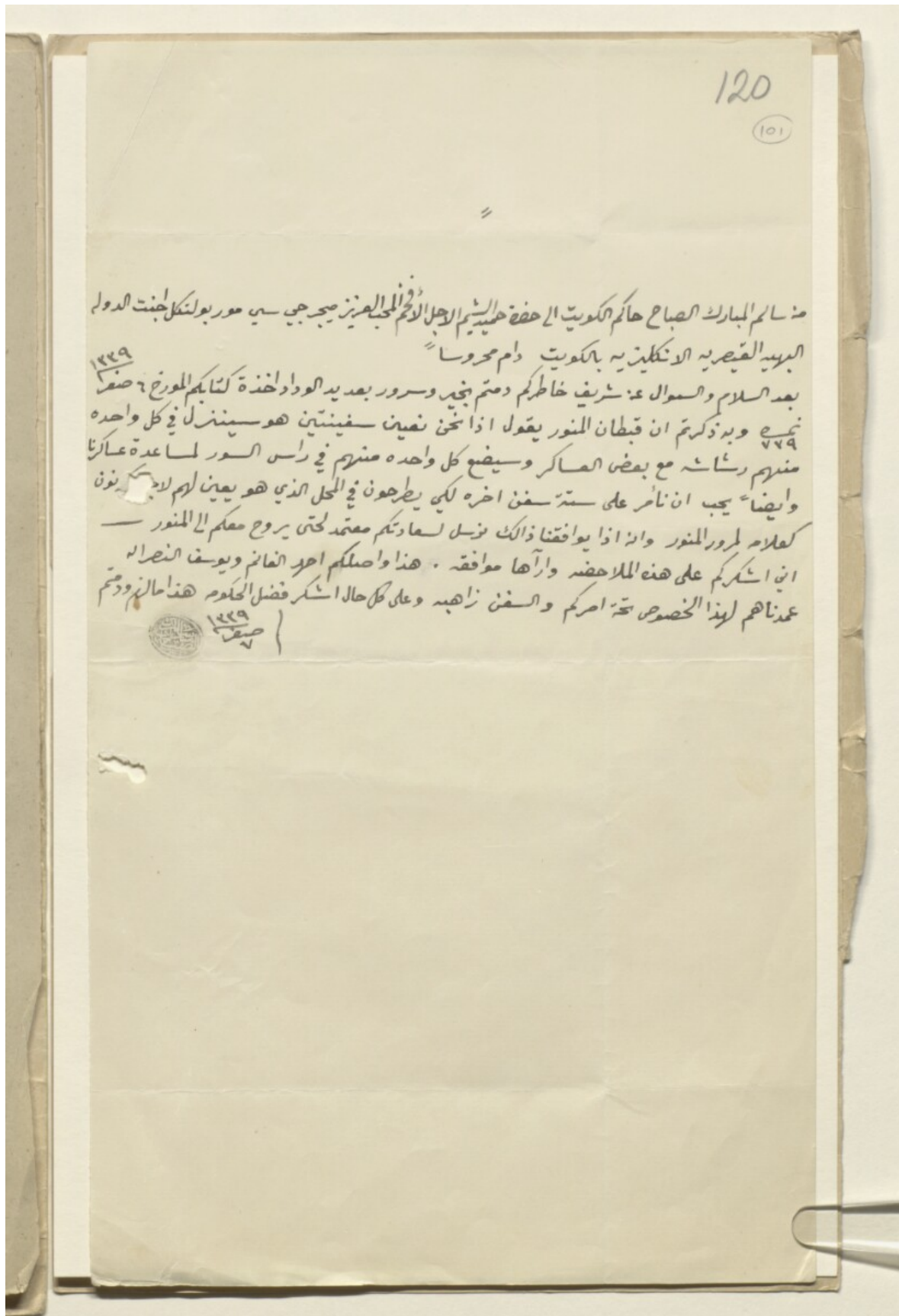
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [100r] (199/342)





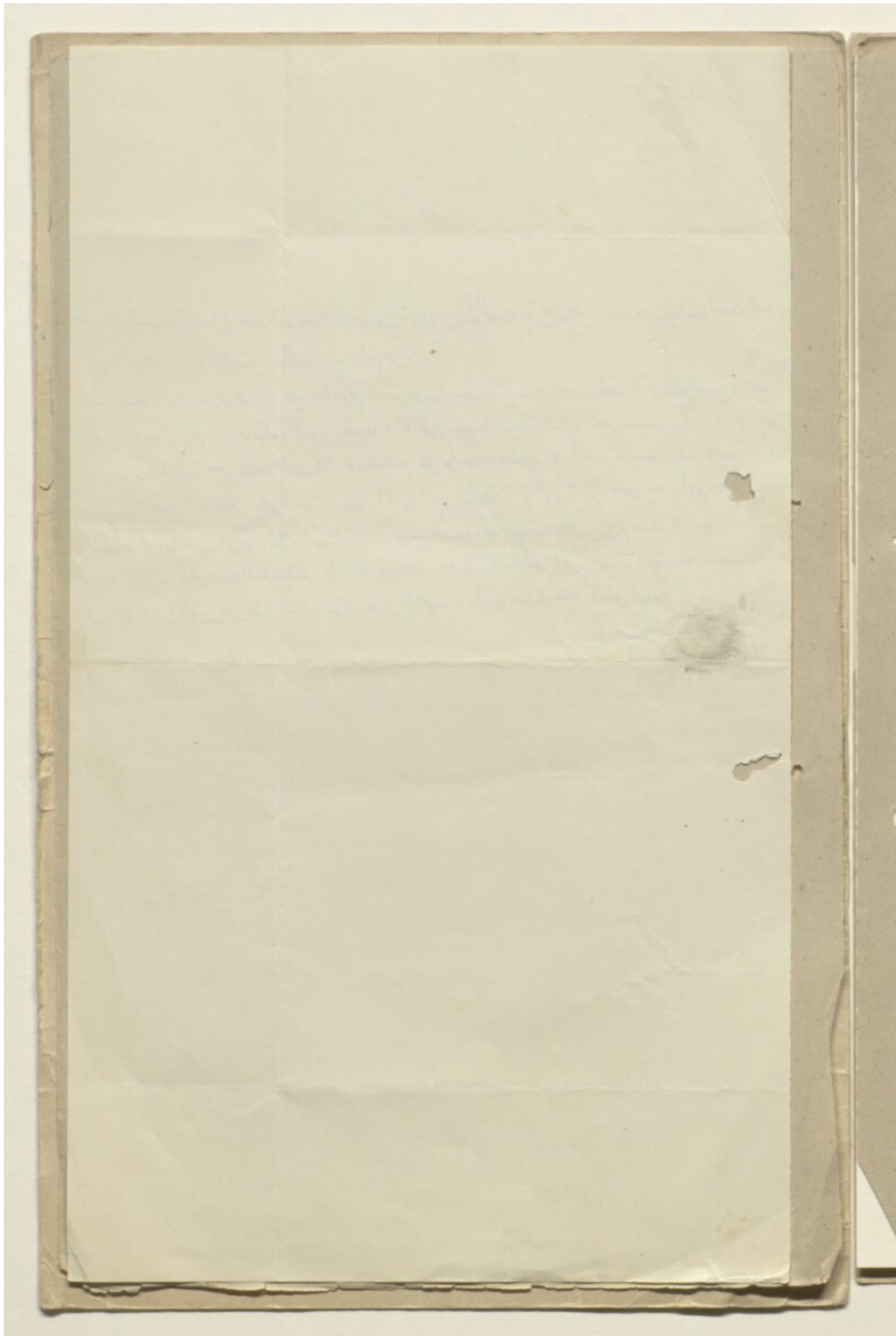
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa`ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [100v] (200/342)







[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa`ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [101v] (202/342)





Telegram (P) (Clear line)

From Highcom, Baghdad.

To Political, Kuwait.

No. 12699

Dated 20th October 1920

Have aerodrome ready on 21st.

Registered No 236

Telegram (P) (Clear line)

From Political, Kuwait.

To Highcom; repd. (ordinary) to Political, Bushire & ~~Kuwait~~ Bahrain

No. 136-C.

Dated 20th October 1920.

Your No. 12699. Aerodrome will be ready. Situation unchanged enyoys not yet left.

Telegram (P) (Priority)

From Political, Bushire.

To Political, Kuwait.

No. 1882

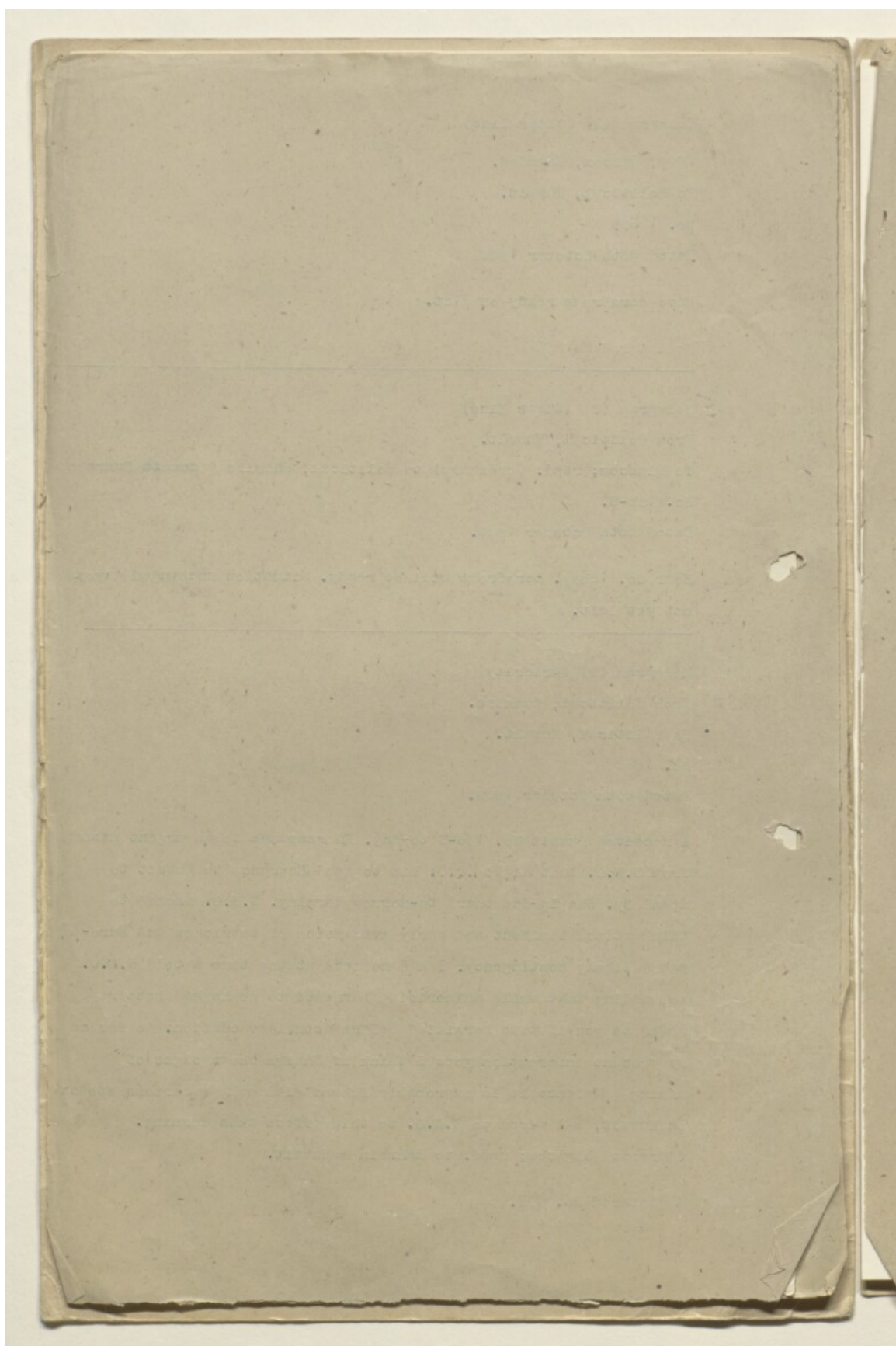
Dated 20th October 1920.

I received Kuwait No. 136-C to-day. In response to an urgent message from S.N.O. last night him to send Lawrence to Kuwait to stand by. She is due there to-morrow morning. S.N.O. seemed to think attack imminent and early evacuation of Americans and Europeans likely contingency. I had no news at the time & told S.N.O. so, adding that while authorising Lawrence to go he had better refer to you if time permitted before actual evacuation. As far as my present information goes I think if Shaikh shows signs of making a defence it is improbable Ikhwan will make a serious attack on Kuwait, & I wired to S.N.O. to this effect this morning. Addressed Highcom; repd. to Bahrain & Kuwait.

Registered No. 237.



[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [102v] (204/342)





Telegram (en clair)

From Hicom, Baghdad.

To Political, Kuwait; repeated to Bushire & Bahrain.

No. 12700.

Dated 20th October 1920.

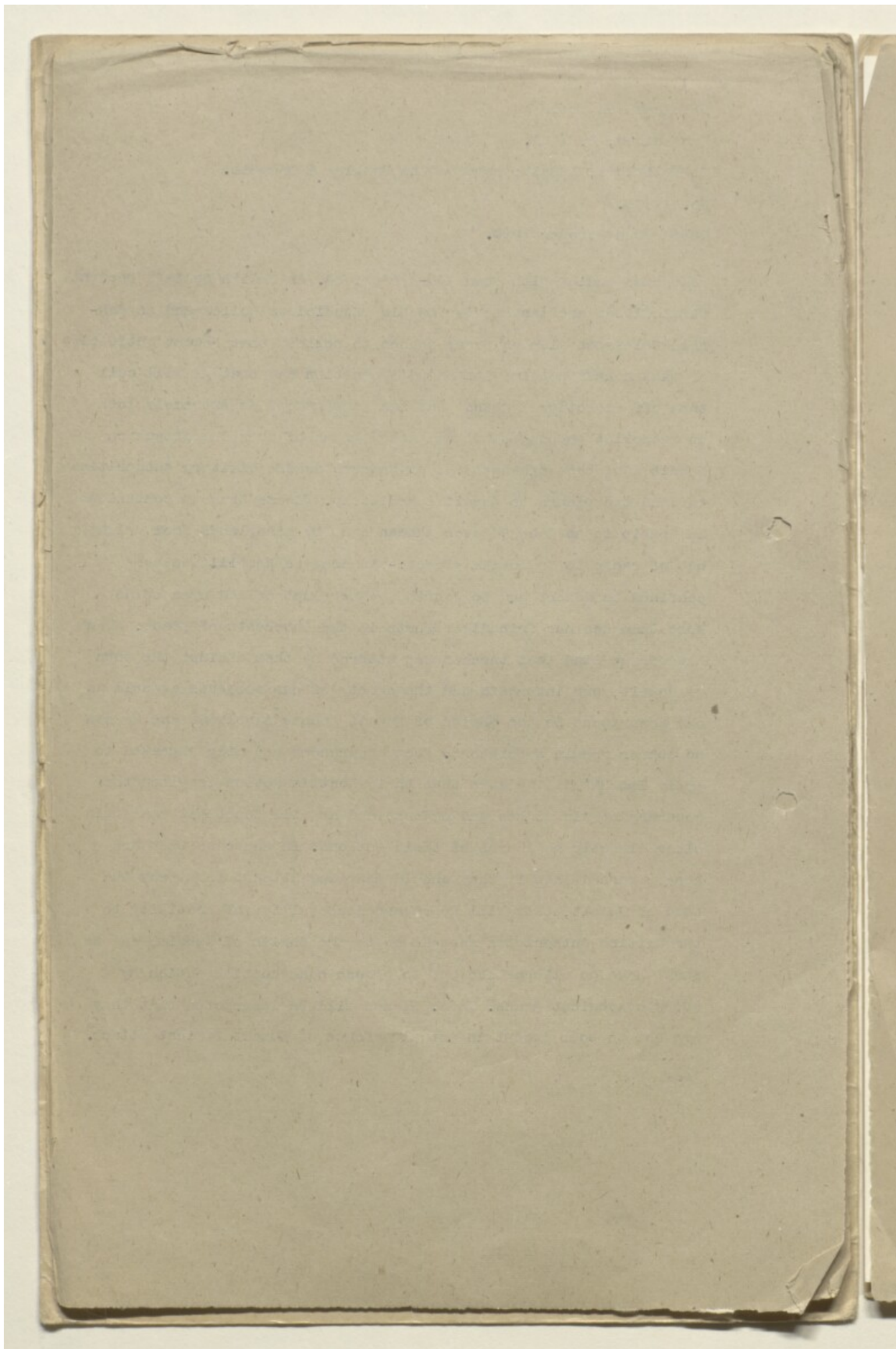
122
(103)

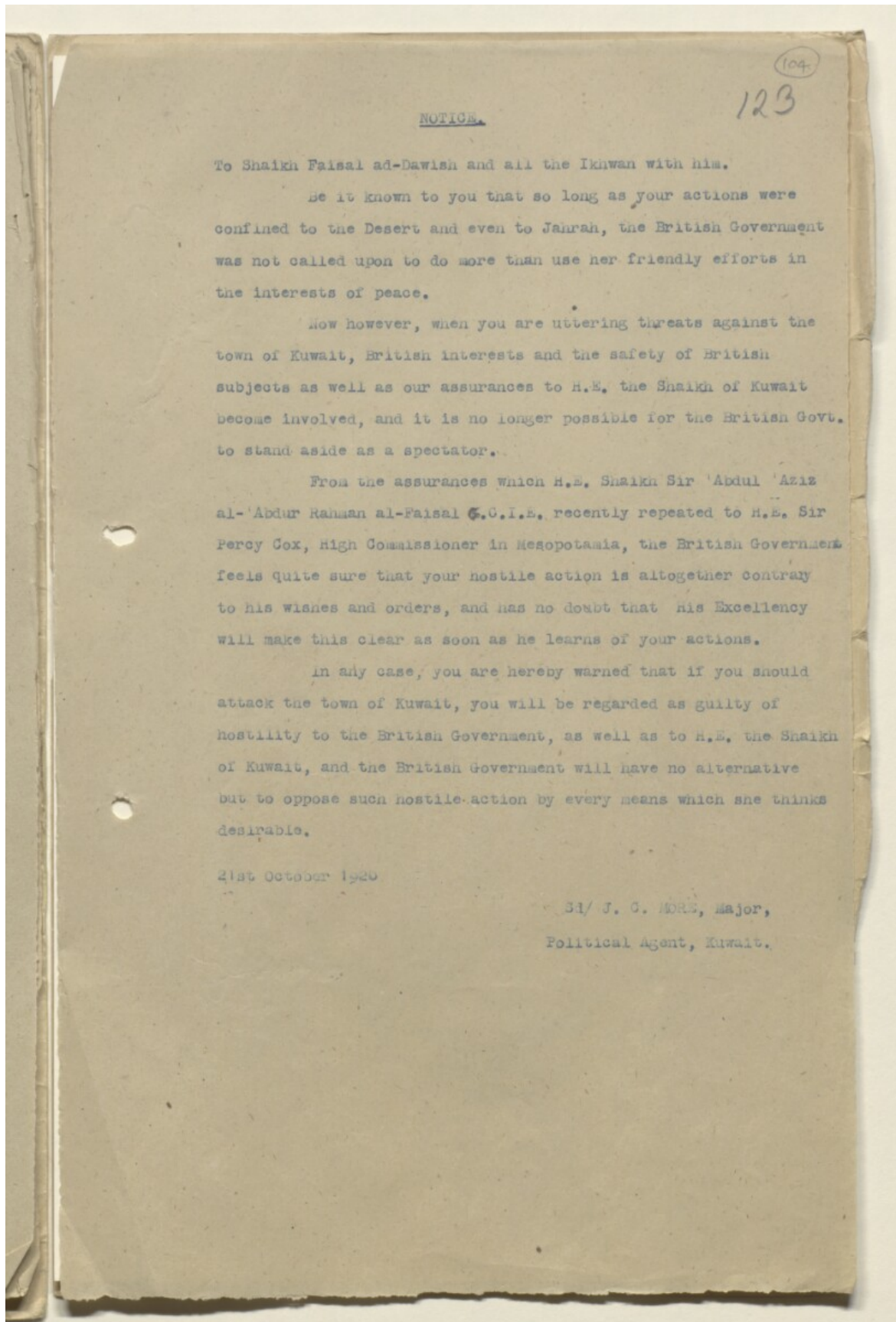
Telegrams ending with your 136-C received. As Shaikh Salim's present difficulties are largely due to his injudicious policy and as Bahrain telegrams give us every reason to believe that recent activities of Akhwan have not had Ibn Sa'ud's sanction and that he will call them off directly he hears what has happened, I am extremely loth to authorise bombing until all other means of averting attack on Kuwait have been exhausted. I am however asking Military Authorities to send two planes to Kuwait immediately. Please draw up communique in Arabic to be dropped over Akhwan camp by aeroplanes from height out of range to following effect:- As long as hostilities were confined to desert and to Jahrah, we were not called upon to do more than use our friendly efforts in the interests of peace. When however we find that threats are uttered by them against the town of Kuwait, our interests and the safety of our subjects as well as our assurances to the Shaikh of Kuwait become involved, and we can no longer remain spectators. From assurances recently repeated to me by Ibn Sa'ud I am sure that their hostile action is altogether contrary to his wishes and orders, and he will doubtless make this clear directly he learns of their actions. In any case they are hereby warned that if they should make any attempt to attack the town of Kuwait, they will be regarded as guilty of hostility to the British Authorities as well as to the Shaikh of Kuwait, and we shall have no alternative but to oppose such hostile action by every convenient means. Ends. Planes will be instructed that they are not to bomb except in actual defence of Kuwait against attack.

Ref. No 138.



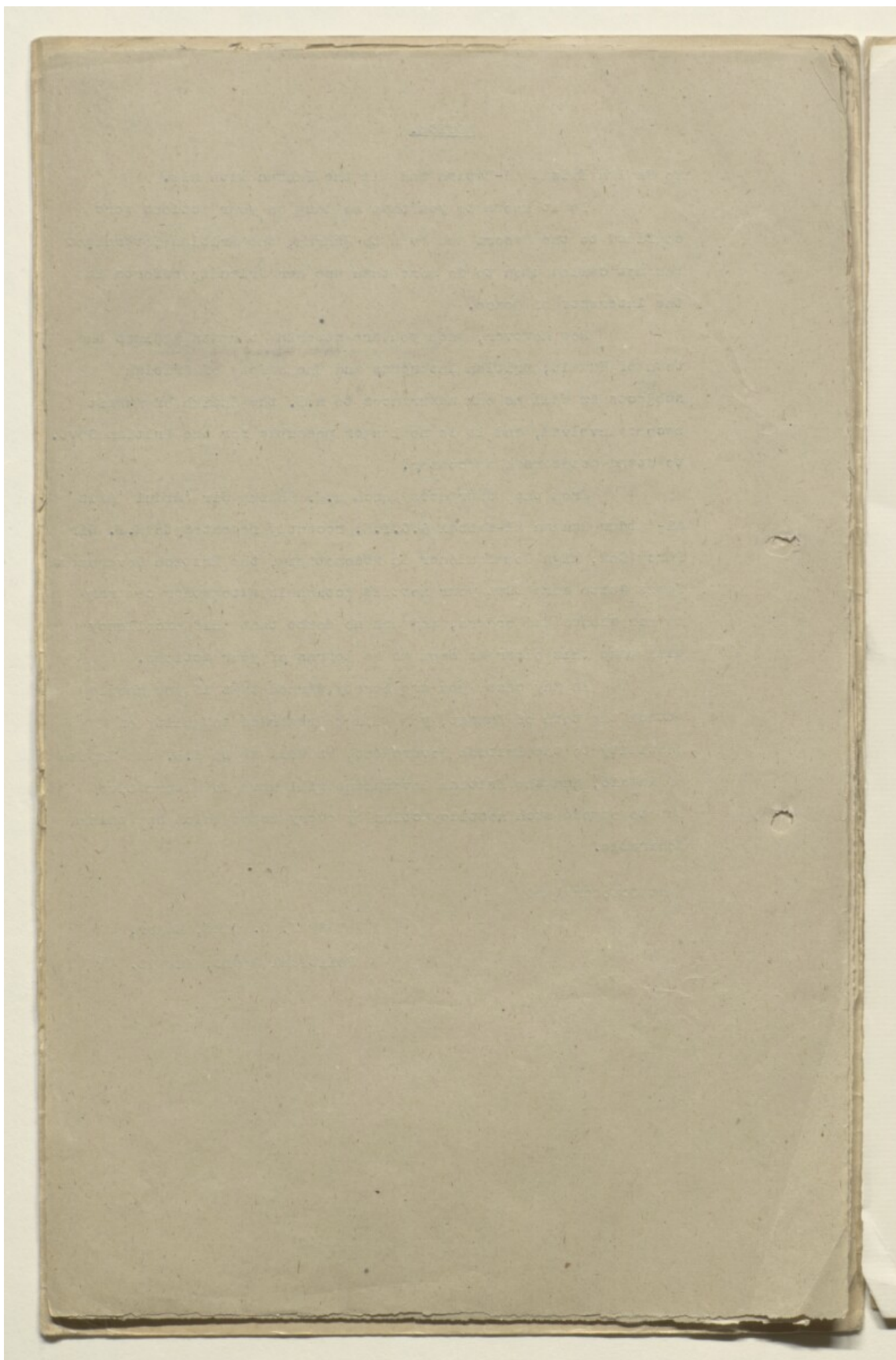
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa`ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [103v] (206/342)







[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa`ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [104v] (208/342)





اعلان

الى الشيخ فيصل الدويش وجميع الاخوان الذين معه.

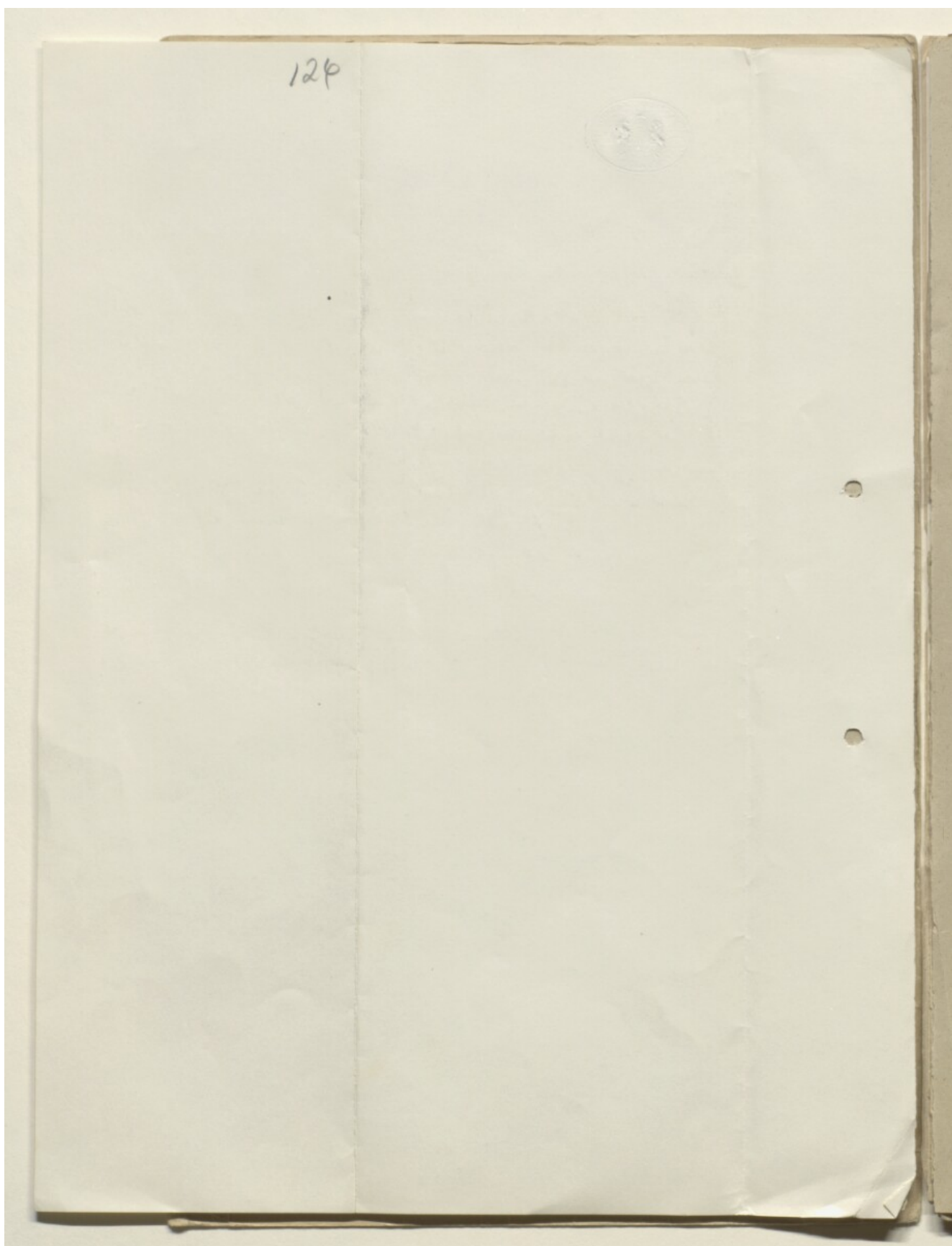
ليكن معلوم لديكم بانه طلالا افعالكم ضيفت على البادية وحدها الجبل ايضا وبما
ان الحكومة البريطانية لم تدعى لتفصل التماسا عاثرنا ان تسمى بحسب اصدقه
وراء اسطلاح . فاما الان ما دم انتم تترددون ليس فقط ضد حقوق سعادة
شيخ الكويت التي تخالف تأييدنا له بل ضد مصالح بريطانيا وسلامة الرعاية
البريطانية ولا يمكن بعد الحكومة البريطانية ان تقف على جانب بدون دخلها في
المسألة . ثم من التامينات التي اطلق برأي من مدة قصير سعادة الشيخ سعد بن عبد العزيز
عبد الرحمن الفيصل السعود كي سي آي كي الى نخامة السيد بريكي كوكس المندوب السياسي
في العراق . فتفق الحكومة البريطانية بان افعالكم العدائية هي بقرى ارادة واولم
ادبير لشار اليه ولا يشك بان سعادته سيغيركم بذلك عندما يعلم بافعالكم
بناعية برة فنبهكم بانه اذا تجردون ان ترحبوا على مدينة الكويت
تخمينتكم بغيرين بلحسب ليس فقط عند سعادة شيخ الكويت بل عند
الحكومة البريطانية ايضا فالحكومة البريطانية لم تفقد ذلك بل ستقابل هكذا افعال
عدائية بداسة القوة التي تفكر لايه . هذا ما نتم اعلانه لكم
تاريخ ٧ صفر ١٣٢٩

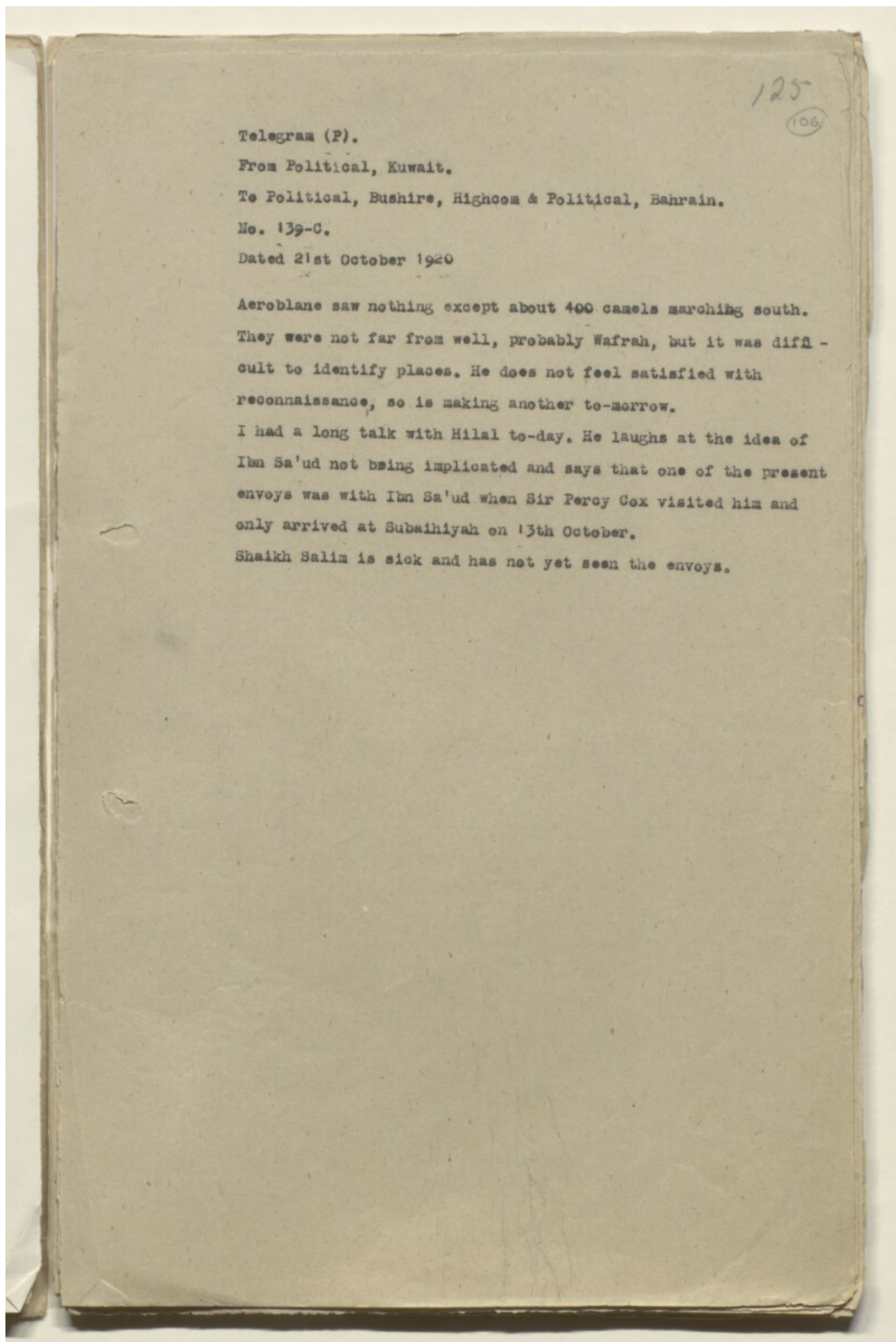


J.C. Moore, Major

يخبر جي سي مور العميل السياسي لدولة البريطانية في الكويت .

20/9/20





Telegram (P).

From Political, Kuwait.

To Political, Bushire, Highcom & Political, Bahrain.

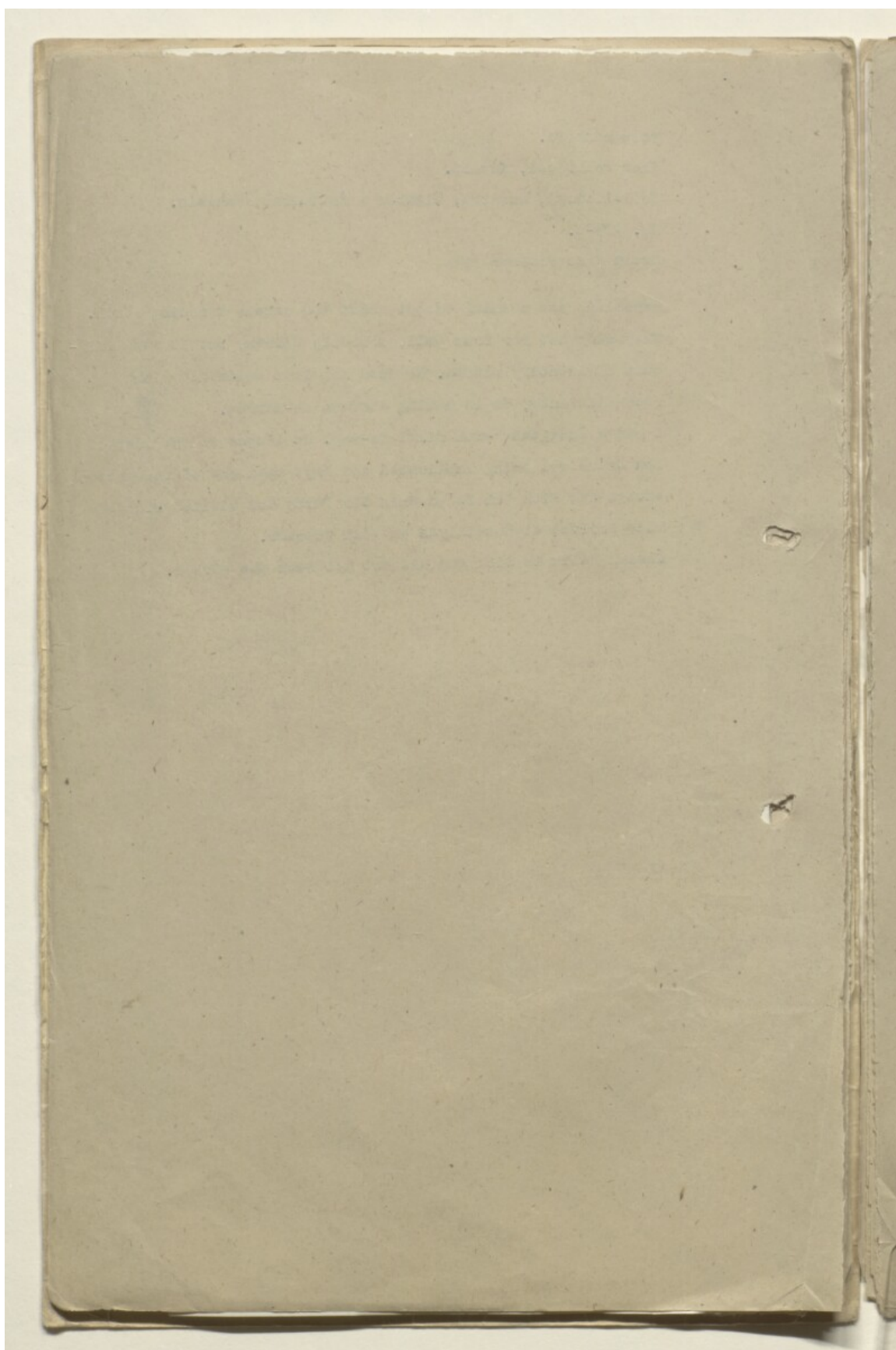
No. 139-C.

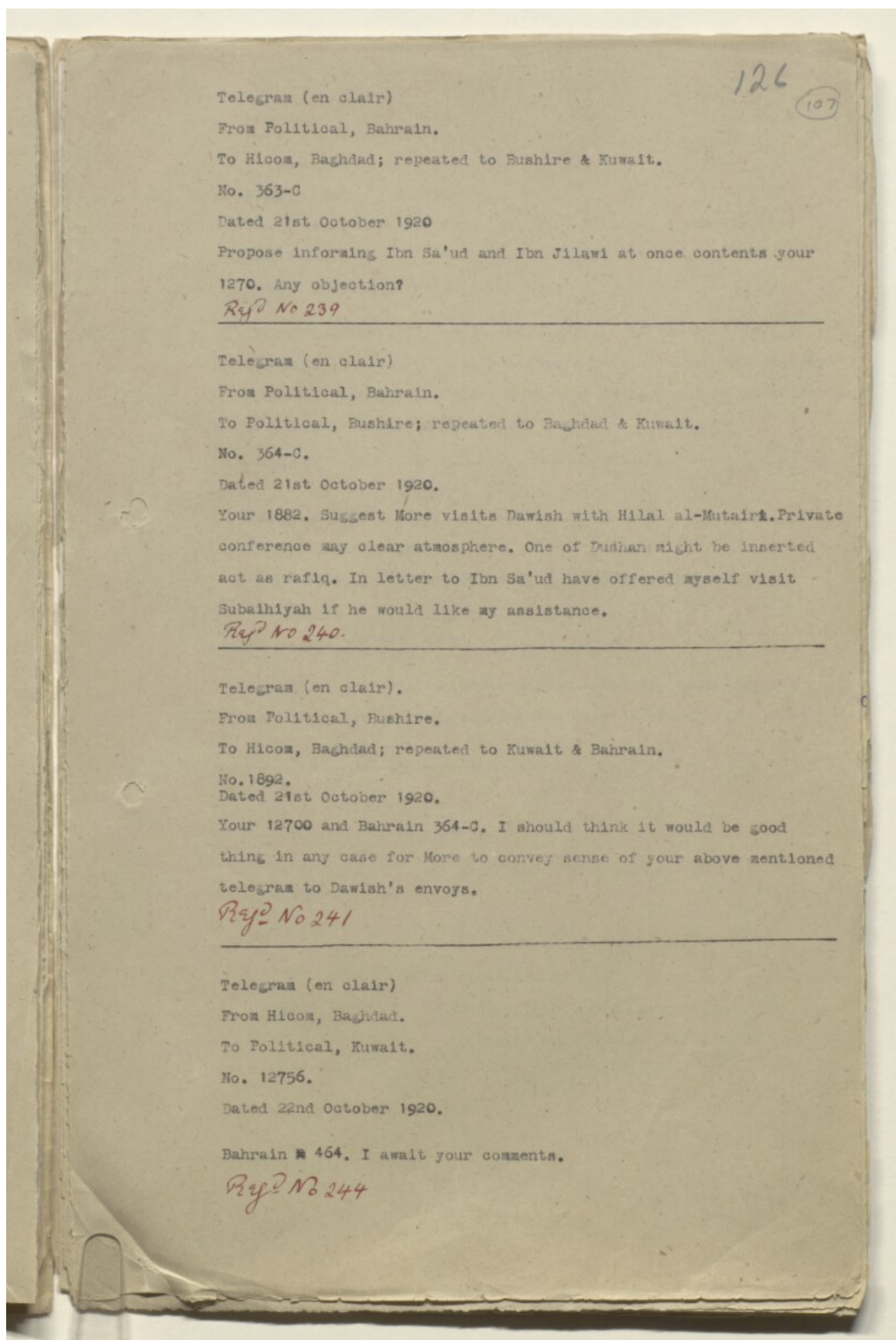
Dated 21st October 1920

Aeroplane saw nothing except about 400 camels marching south. They were not far from well, probably Wafrah, but it was difficult to identify places. He does not feel satisfied with reconnaissance, so is making another to-morrow.

I had a long talk with Hilal to-day. He laughs at the idea of Ibn Sa'ud not being implicated and says that one of the present envoys was with Ibn Sa'ud when Sir Percy Cox visited him and only arrived at Subaihiyah on 13th October.

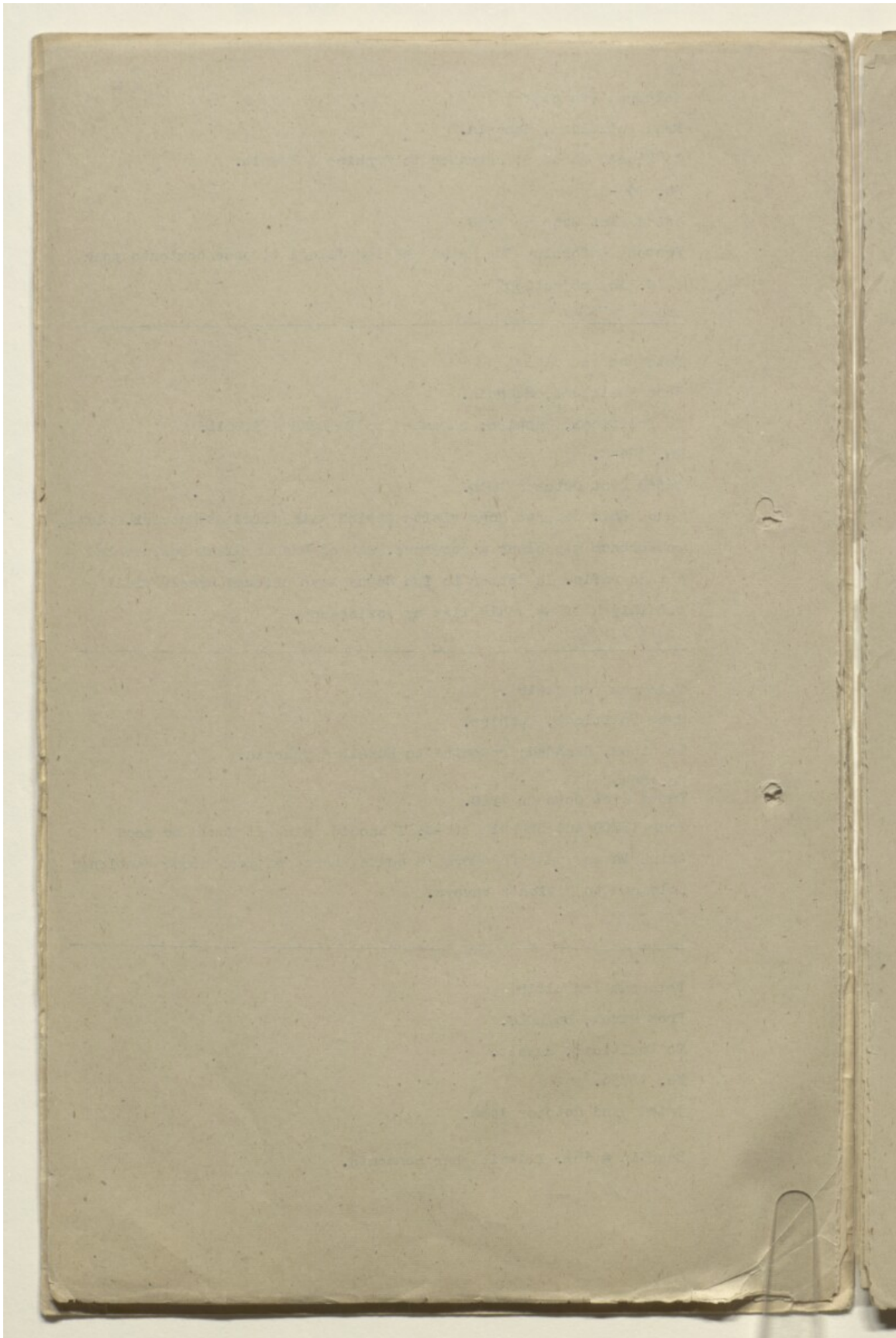
Shaikh Salim is sick and has not yet seen the envoys.







[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa`ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [107v] (214/342)





127 (108)
Telegram (P).

From Political, Kuwait.

To Highcom, Baghdad; reph. to Pol., Bushire, & Bahrain.

No. 140-C.

Dated 22nd. October 1920

Bahrain telegram No. 364-C and Bushire telegram No. 1892. I consider it preferable to see envoys here. I have sounded local opinion, and it is considered that my going would be interpreted as a sign of fear on our part.

Telegram (P).

From Political, Kuwait.

To Political, Bushire, Highcom, & Political, Bahrain.

No. 141-C.

Dated 22nd October 1920.

Aeroplane made another reconnaissance to-day, taking Mylrea who knows the country, and located between 200 and 300 tents at Subaihiyah.

Telegram (en clair)

From Political, Bahrain.

To Highcom, Baghdad; repeated to Bushire & Kuwait.

No. 365-C.

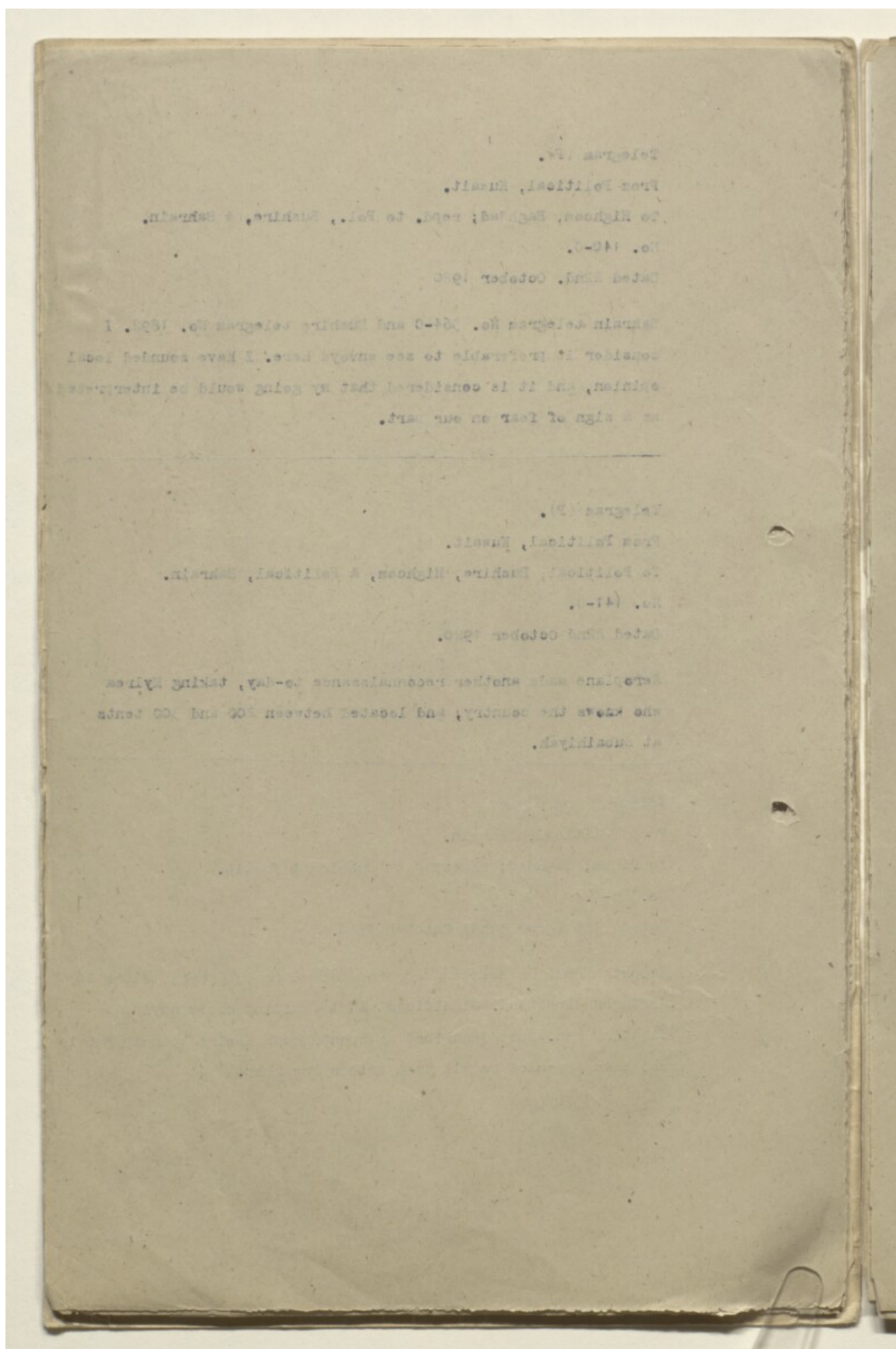
Dated 21st (Recd 22nd) October 1920.

Reports from the mainland report general move of Hasa tribes in Northern direction. Significant that families accompanying fighting men. Move described as spontaneous desire to help Mutair who have appealed to all Hasa tribes for help.

Ref. No 245



[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan
[108v] (216/342)





128 (109)
Telegram (P)

From Political, Bahrain.

To Political, Kuwait.

No. 353-C.

Dated 18th (Recd. after repeat, 23rd) October 1920.

My telegram No. 348-C. 'Abdullah al-Qusaibi, who has just arrived from HUFUF, states that nothing was known there of Kuwait affair. He is confident that Ibn Sa'ud is ignorant of the affair. The latter left there for Riyadh on the 10th October, and before leaving, he sent 'Abdul 'Aziz 'at-Turki to the north of Hasa to restrain the Mutair and 'Ajman, who he had heard were showing signs of getting out of hand. (Corrupt group) greatly excited at the concentration at Jahrah under Shaikh Salim's war flag.

Addressed Bushire; repeated Baghdad & Kuwait.

Reg^d No 242

Telegram (P)

From Highcom, Baghdad.

To Political, Bahrain; repd. to Bushire & Kuwait.

No. 12774.

Dated 22nd (Recd. 23rd) October 1920

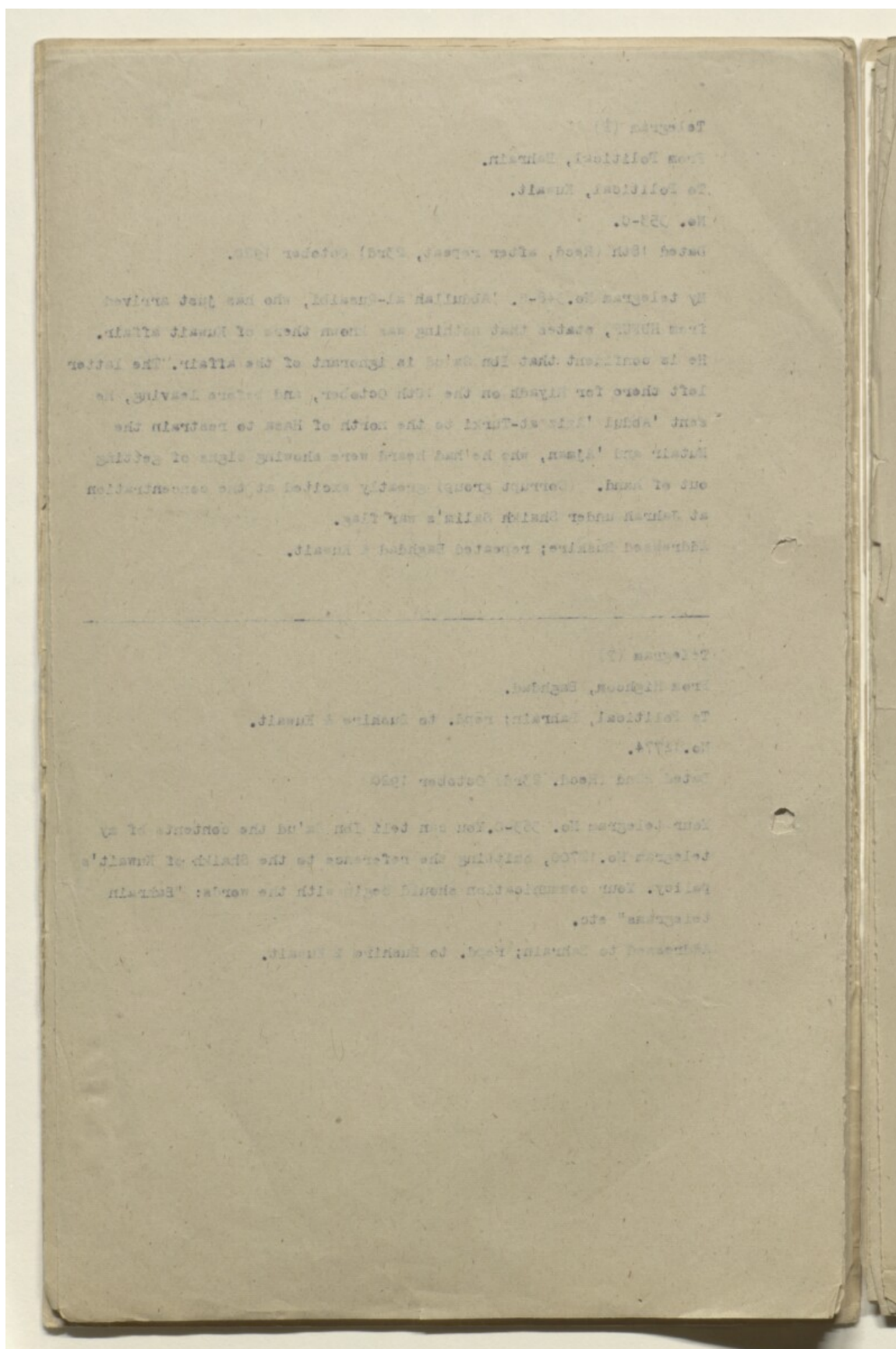
Your telegram No. 363-C. You can tell Ibn Sa'ud the contents of my telegram No. 12700, omitting the reference to the Shaikh of Kuwait's policy. Your communication should begin with the words: "Bahrain telegrams" etc.

Addressed to Bahrain; repd. to Bushire & Kuwait.

Reg^d No 243



[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [109v] (218/342)





129 (110)
Telegram (en clair)

From Political, Bahrain.

To Hicom, Baghdad; repeated to Bushire & Kuwait.

No. 366-C

Dated 22nd (Recd. 23rd) October 1920.

Your 12700. If I may be pardoned for suggestion would earnestly urge communique to Ikhwan be not dropped by aeroplane. Less likelihood misunderstanding if letters sent by hand Dawish's envoys or by Major More himself. I count it as practically certain ignorant Ikhwan will fire on aeroplanes if it passes over their camp. This will result in wild and exaggerated stories reaching Ibn Sa'ud.

Ref No 246

Telegram (en clair)

From Political, Bahrain.

To Hicom, Baghdad; repeated To Bushire & Kuwait.

No. 367-C.

Dated 22nd (Recd. 23rd) October 1920.

My 364-C. Farhan ar-Rahamah just back from Riyadh, strongly supports suggestion that More visit Dawish in person. States he is sure of welcome and should ignore stories of Ikhwan fanaticism where British officers is concerned. I agree.

Ref No 247

Telegram (en clair)

From Political, Bahrain.

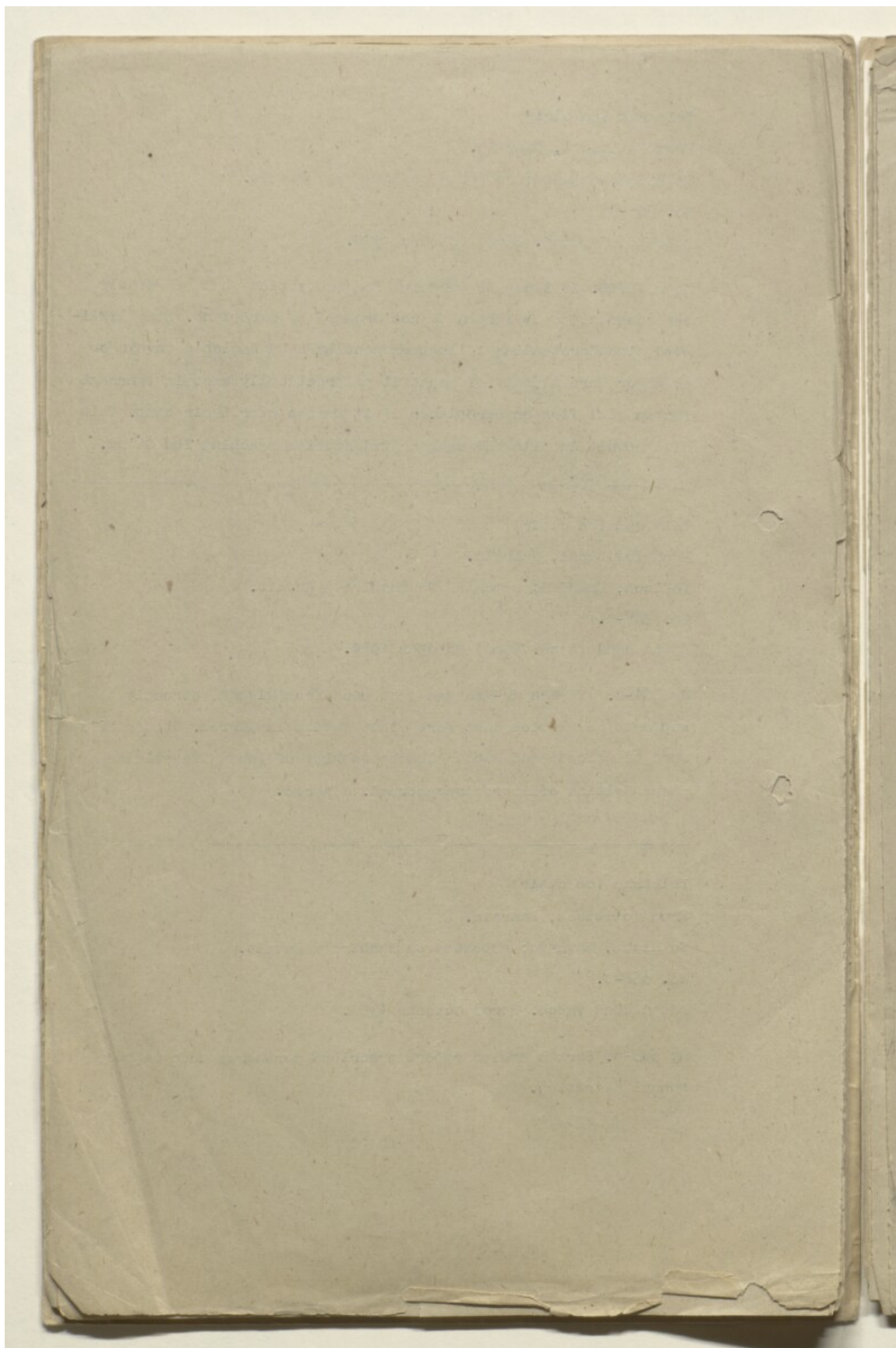
To Hicom, Baghdad; repeated to Bushire & Kuwait.

No. 368-C.

Dated 22nd (Recd. 23rd) October 1920.

My 365-C. Farhan denies report describes northerly move as only annual migration.

Ref No 248





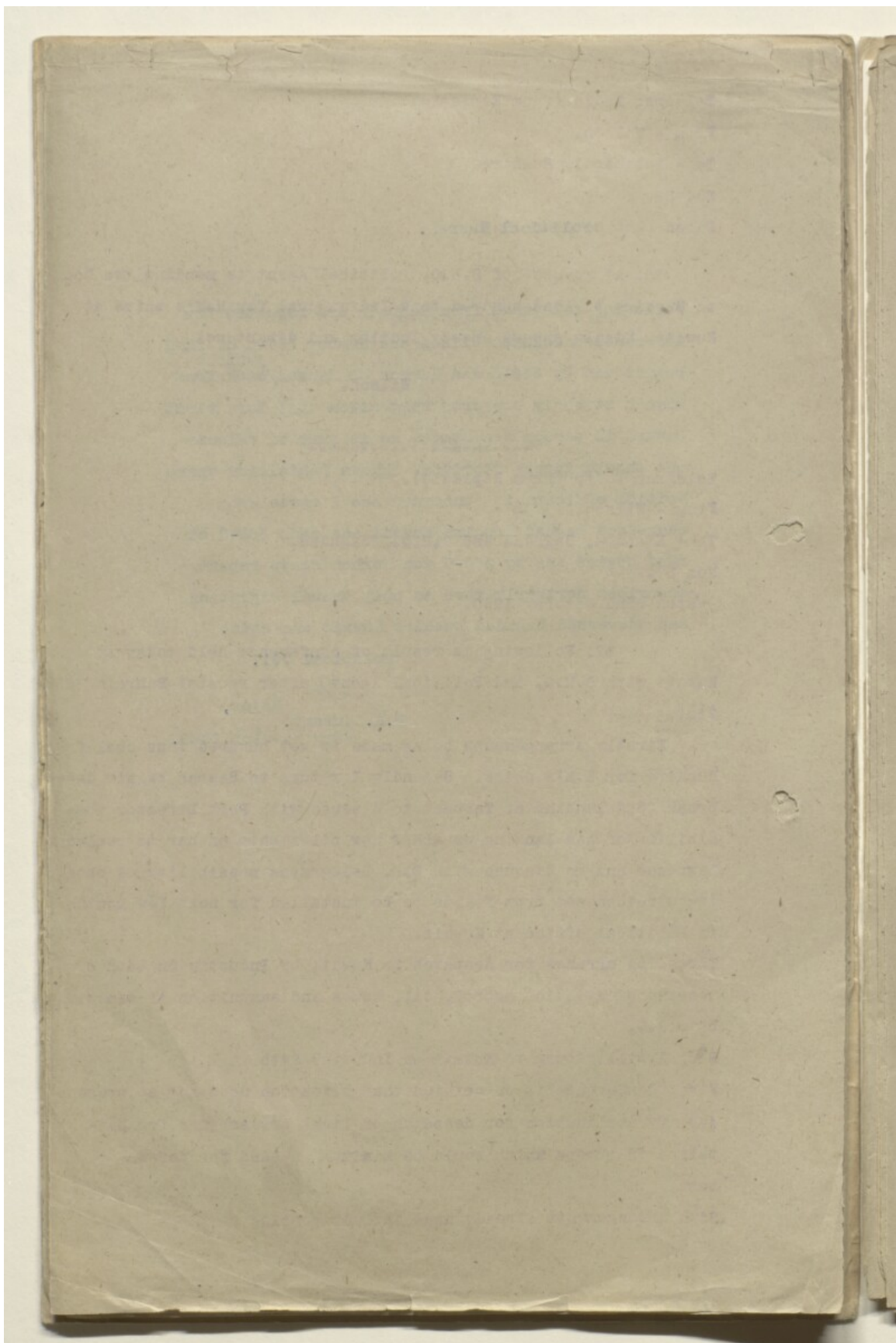
130 (111)

Political Basrah.

Following telegrams from Bahrain are repeated for information Colonel Wilson aaa Number 367-C of 22nd begins aaa My 364-C aaa Farhan al Rahmah^{just}/back from Riyadh strongly supports suggestion that More visit Dawish in person aaa States he is sure of welcome and should ignore stories of Akhwan fanaticism where British officer~~x~~ is concerned aaa I agree aaa addressed Bagdad Bushire Kuwait aaa ends 368-C of 22nd begins aaa My 365-C aaa Farhan denys report describes northerly move as only annual migration aaa addressed Bagdad Bushire Kuwait aaa ends.

Political 791.

P.A. Major,
P.A. Kuwait.
23rd October 1920.





131 (112)
Telegram Radio (from Espiegle) .

From - Wilson.

To - Political, Bushire.

No. 56.

Dated 22nd October 1920.

56. At request of S.N.O. Political Agent is sending two booms to Bushire to load hundred tons Indian coal for H.M's ships at Kuwait. Kindly ensure speedy loading and departure.

Wilson.

Telegram Radio (from Espiegle).

From - Wilson.

To - Highcom, Baghdad and G.H.Q., Baghdad.

No. 57.

Dated 22nd October 1920.

57. Following is result of conference held today at Kuwait with S.N.O. and Political Agent after receipt Bahrain 365-C 21st.

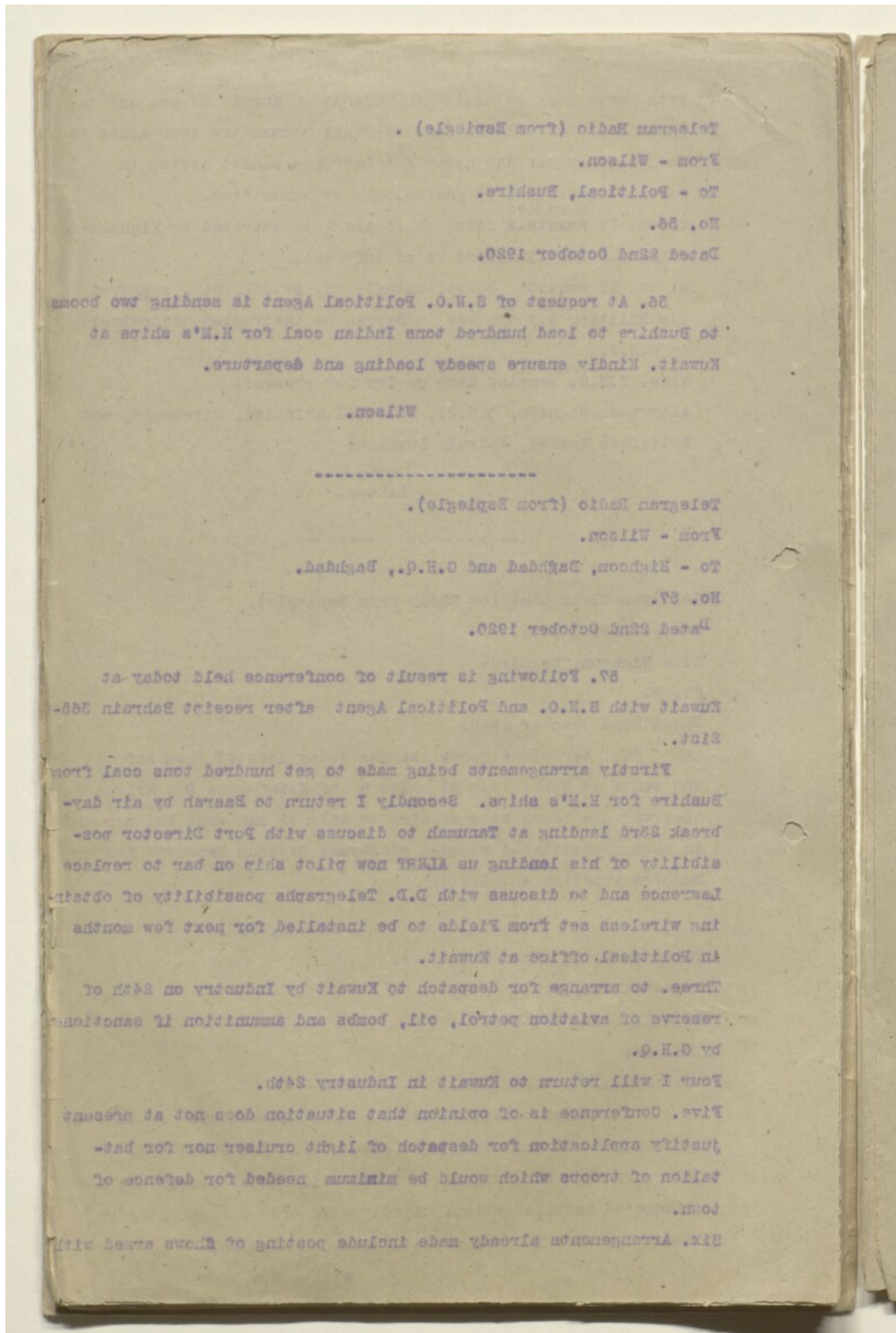
Firstly arrangements being made to get hundred tons coal from Bushire for H.M's ships. Secondly I return to Basrah by air day-break 23rd landing at Tanumah to discuss with Port Director possibility of his landing us ALERT now pilot ship on bar to replace Lawrence and to discuss with D.D. Telegraphs possibility of obtaining wireless set from Fields to be installed for next few months in Political office at Kuwait.

Three. to arrange for despatch to Kuwait by Industry on 24th of reserve of aviation petrol, oil, bombs and ammunition if sanctioned by G.H.Q.

Four I will return to Kuwait in Industry 24th.

Five. Conference is of opinion that situation does not at present justify application for despatch of light cruiser nor for battalion of troops which would be minimum needed for defence of town.

Six. Arrangements already made include posting of ghows armed with





(113) 132

with Lewis guns to assist in defence of Kuwait by sea and posting of Espiegle on western flank commanding approaches to town wall by day and night aaa Lawrence cannot assist in defence in absence of searchlight or ammunition.

Seven. If ^{proposed} ~~despatch~~ despatch of Alert is approved by Highcom in principle may Riverport be so informed.

Eight. If despatch bombs, ammunition, petrol, oil. approved may Military authorities in Basrah be instructed accordingly by G.H.Q.

Nine. S.N.O. remains here on Ivy for present.

Addressed Highcom, G.H.Q., repeated Aviation, Riverport, and Political Basrah, Bahrain Bushire.

Wilson.

Telegram Clear Line (by Radio from Espiegle).

From- Wilson, P.R.

To - Highcom, Baghdad.

No. 58.

Dated 22nd October 1920.

58. Aeroplane reconnaissance today located from 200 to 300 tents at Subaihiyah 30 miles S of Koweit aaa Dr. Mylrea was observer aaa tents were of size to hold 15 men each but may have in part accommodated wounded addressed Highcom repeated Bahrain, Bushire Aviation and G.H.Q.

Wilson, P.R.

Telegram Radio (from Espiegle).

From- Wilson, P.R.

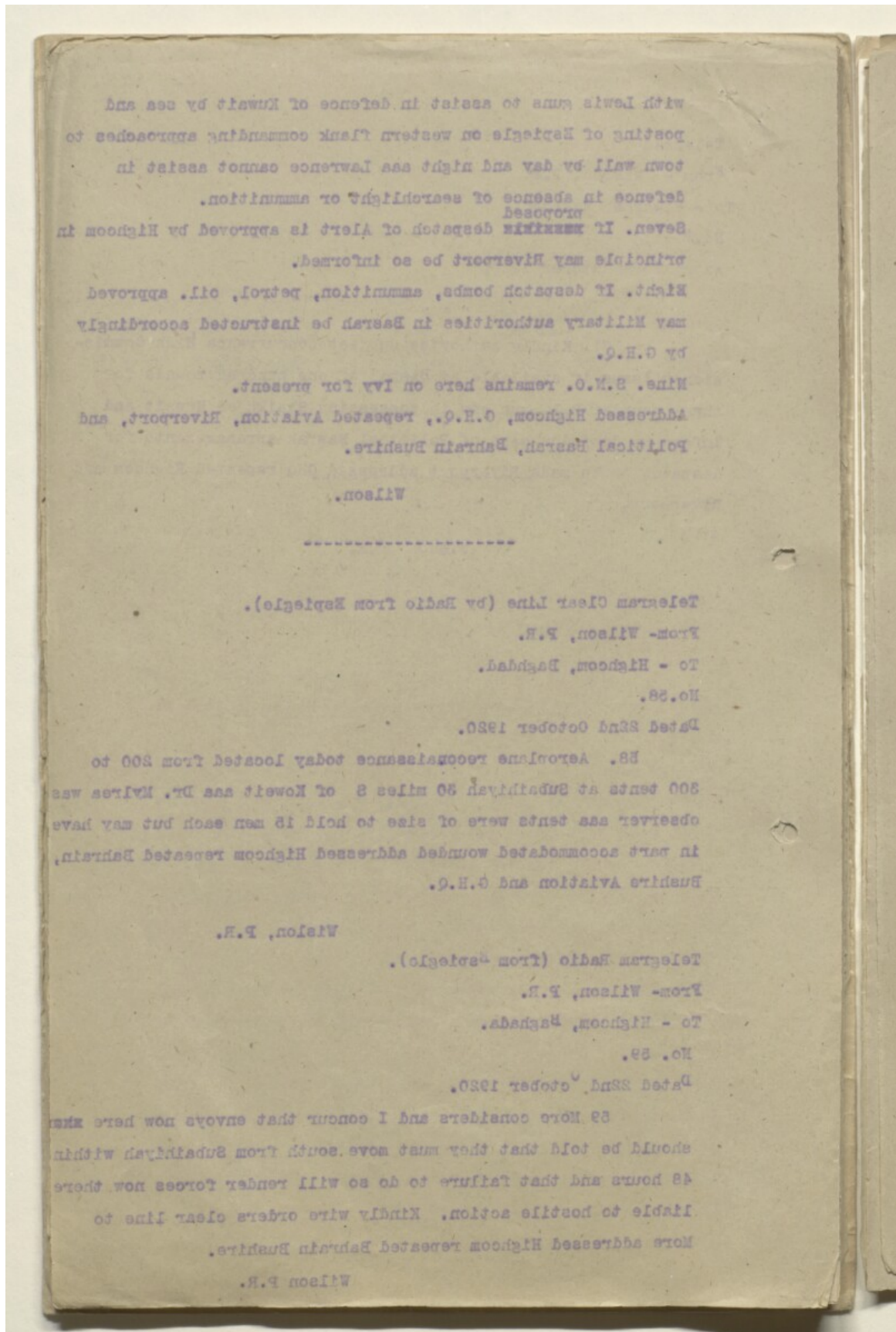
To - Highcom, Baghdad.

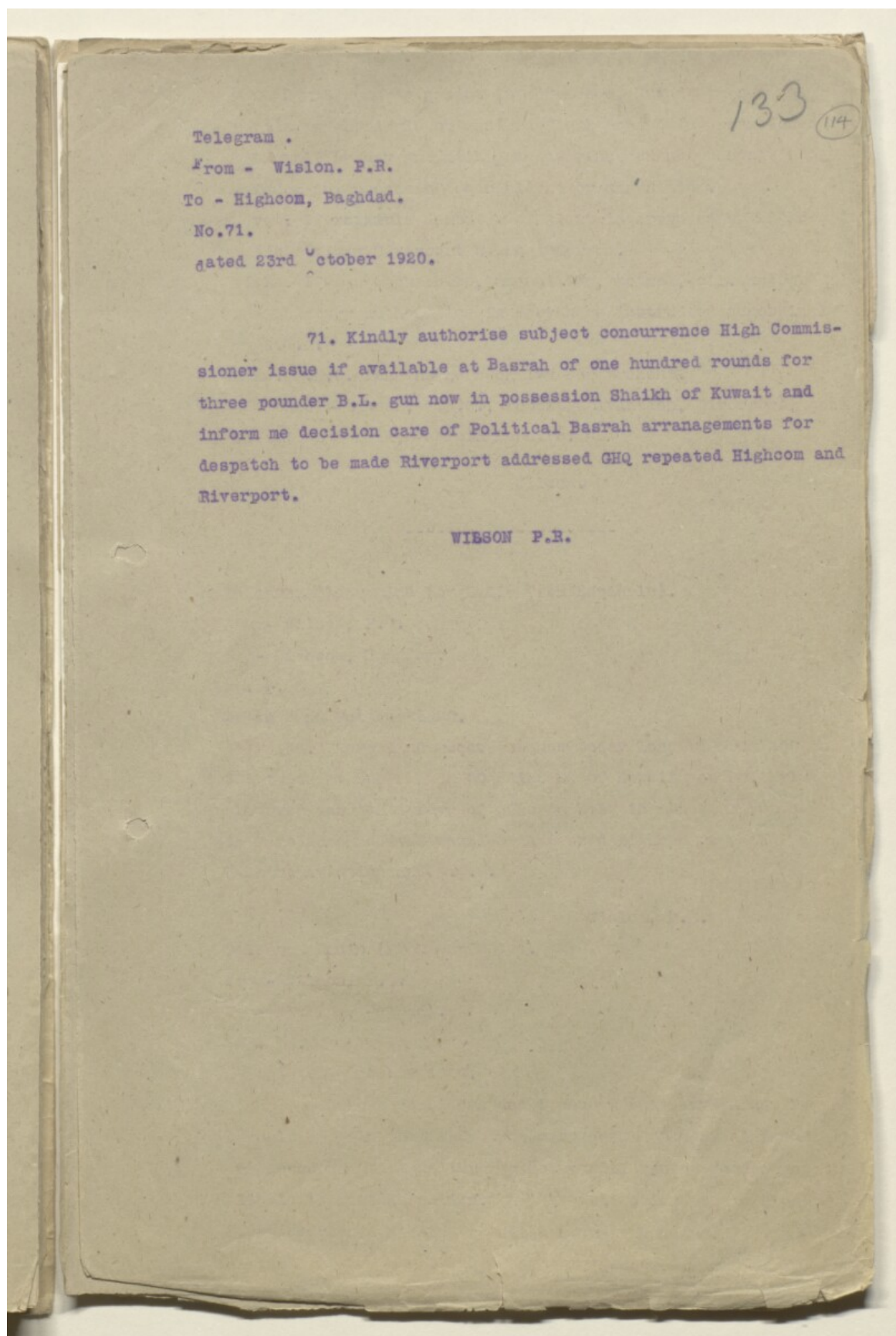
No. 59.

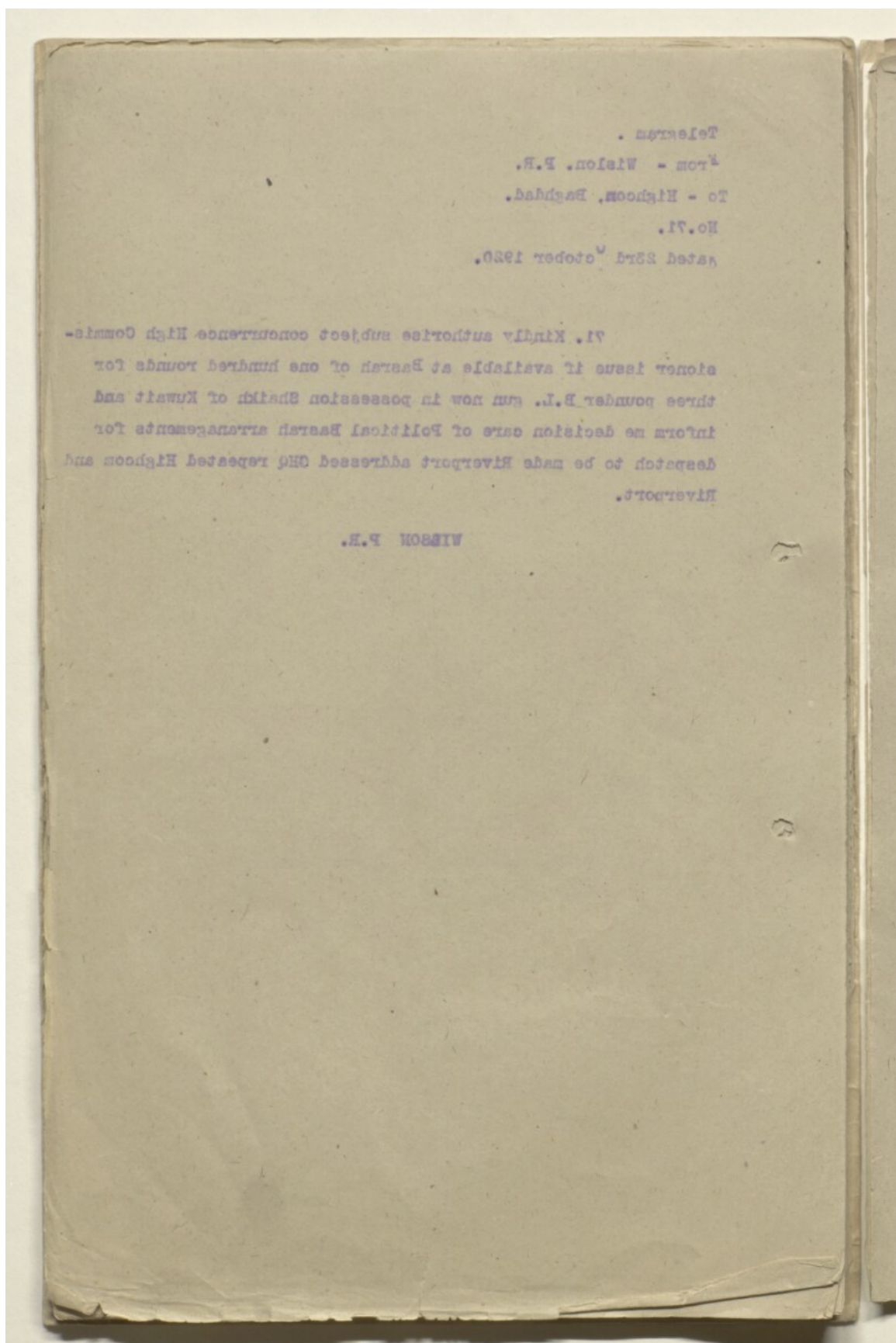
Dated 22nd October 1920.

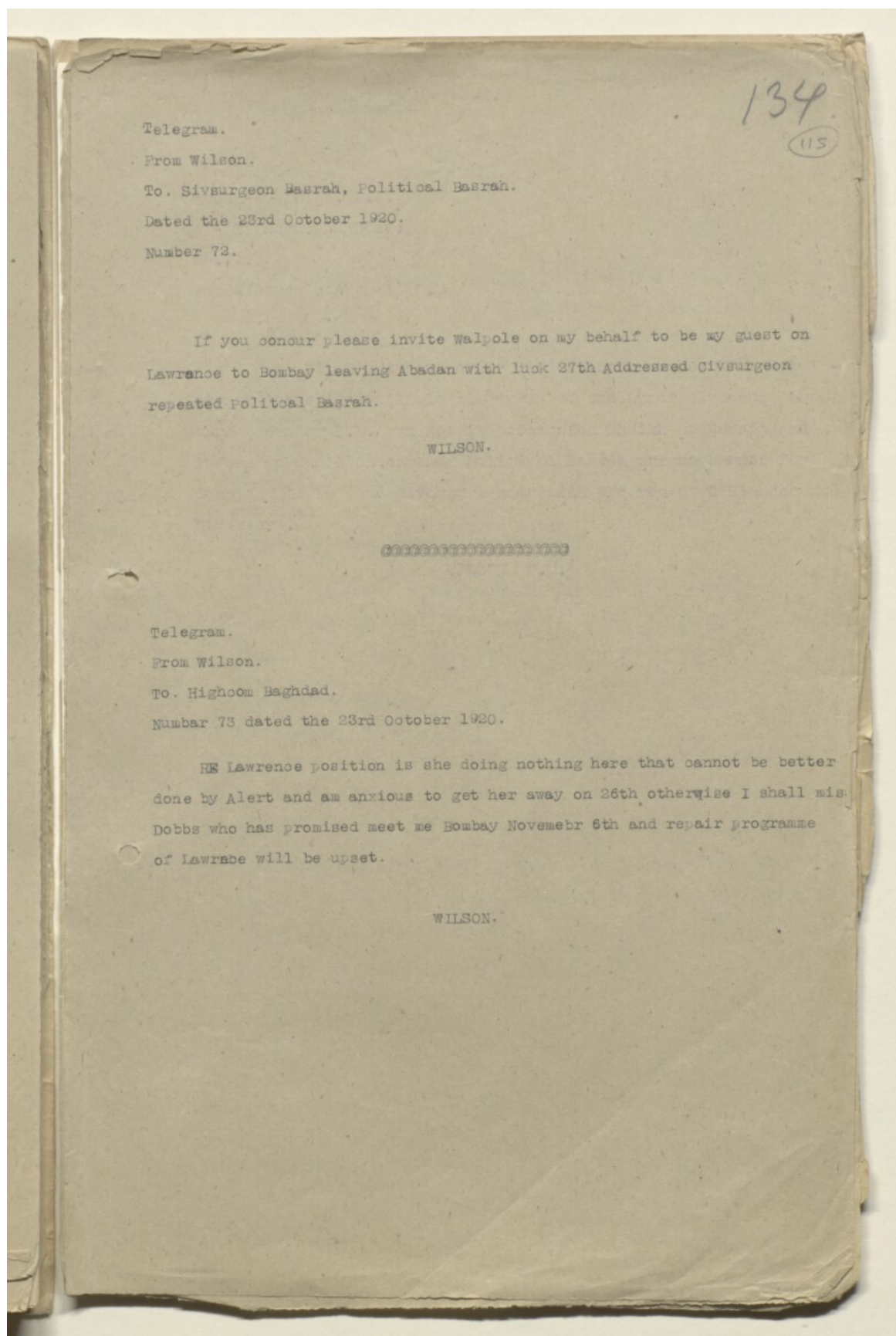
59 More considers and I concur that envoys now here ~~xxx~~ should be told that they must move south from Subaihiyah within 48 hours and that failure to do so will render forces now there liable to hostile action. Kindly wire orders clear line to More addressed Highcom repeated Bahrain Bushire.

Wilson P.R.



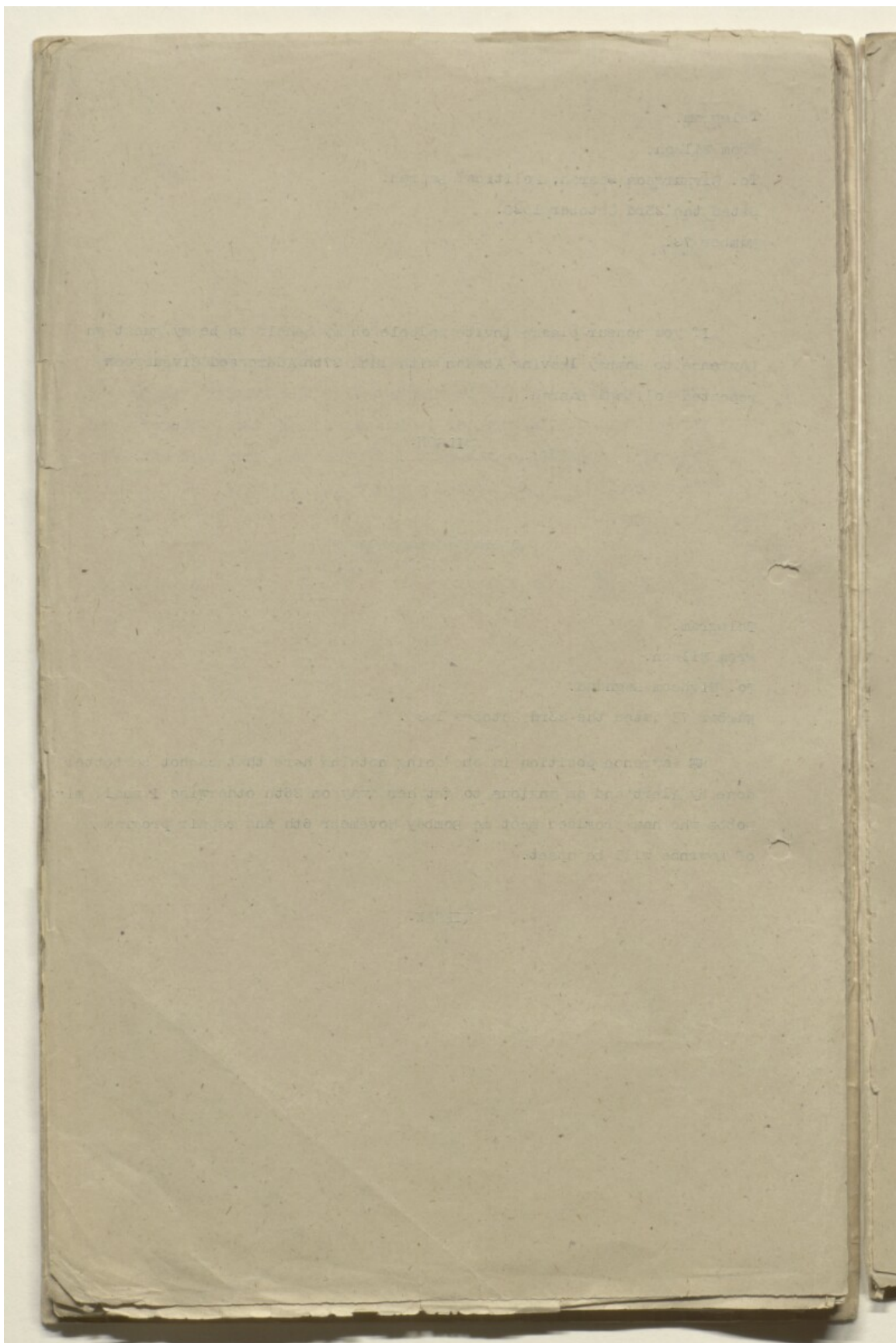


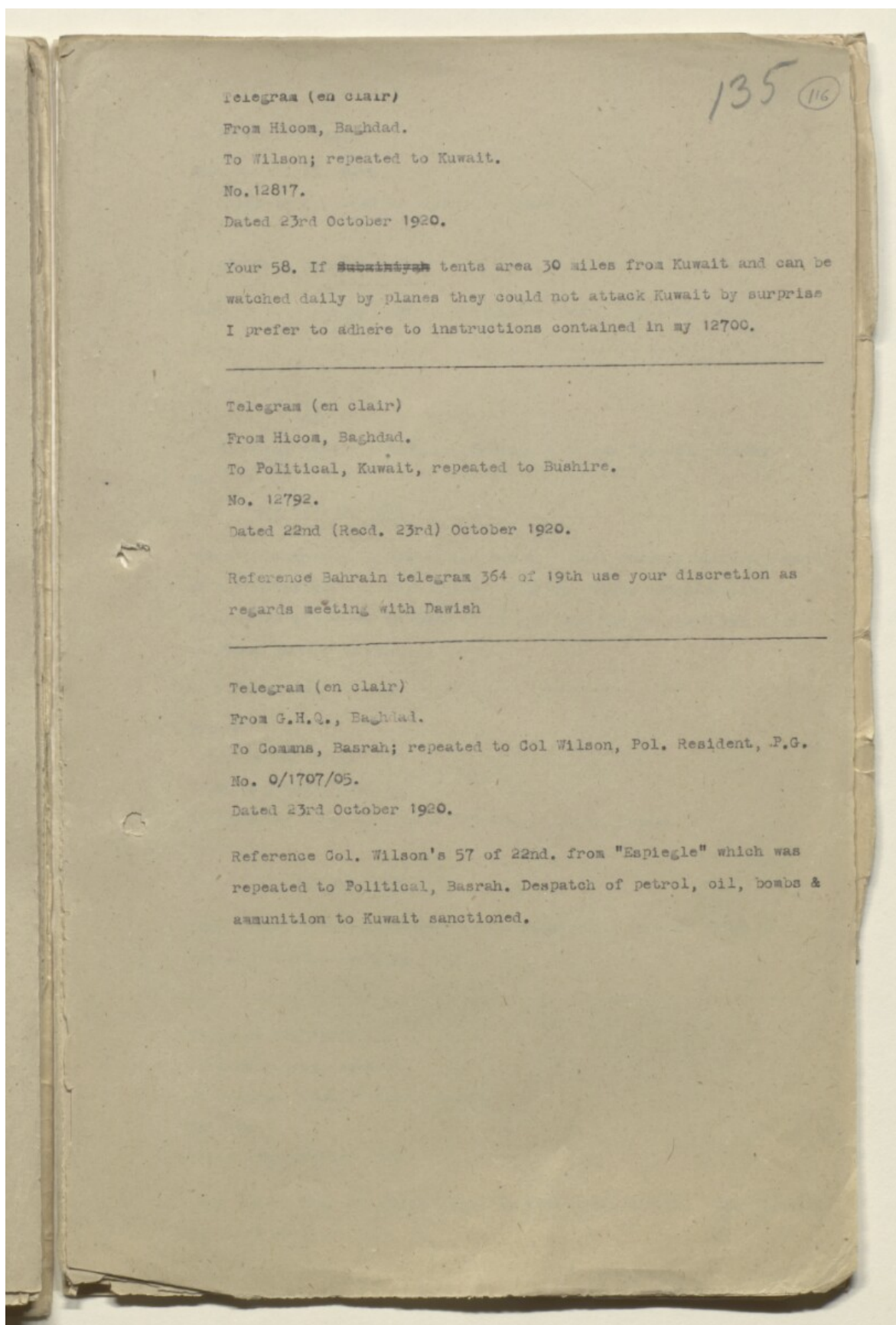


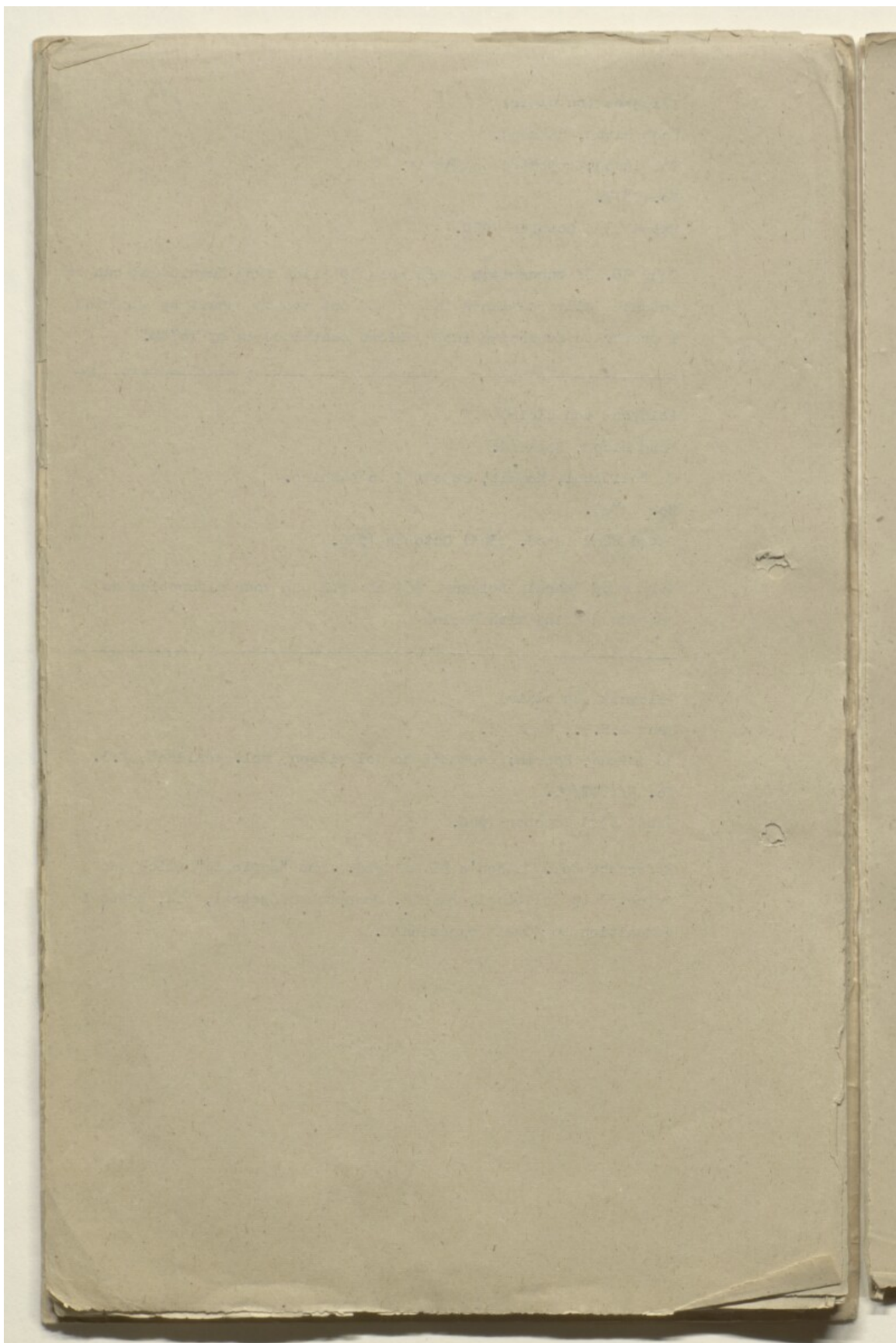


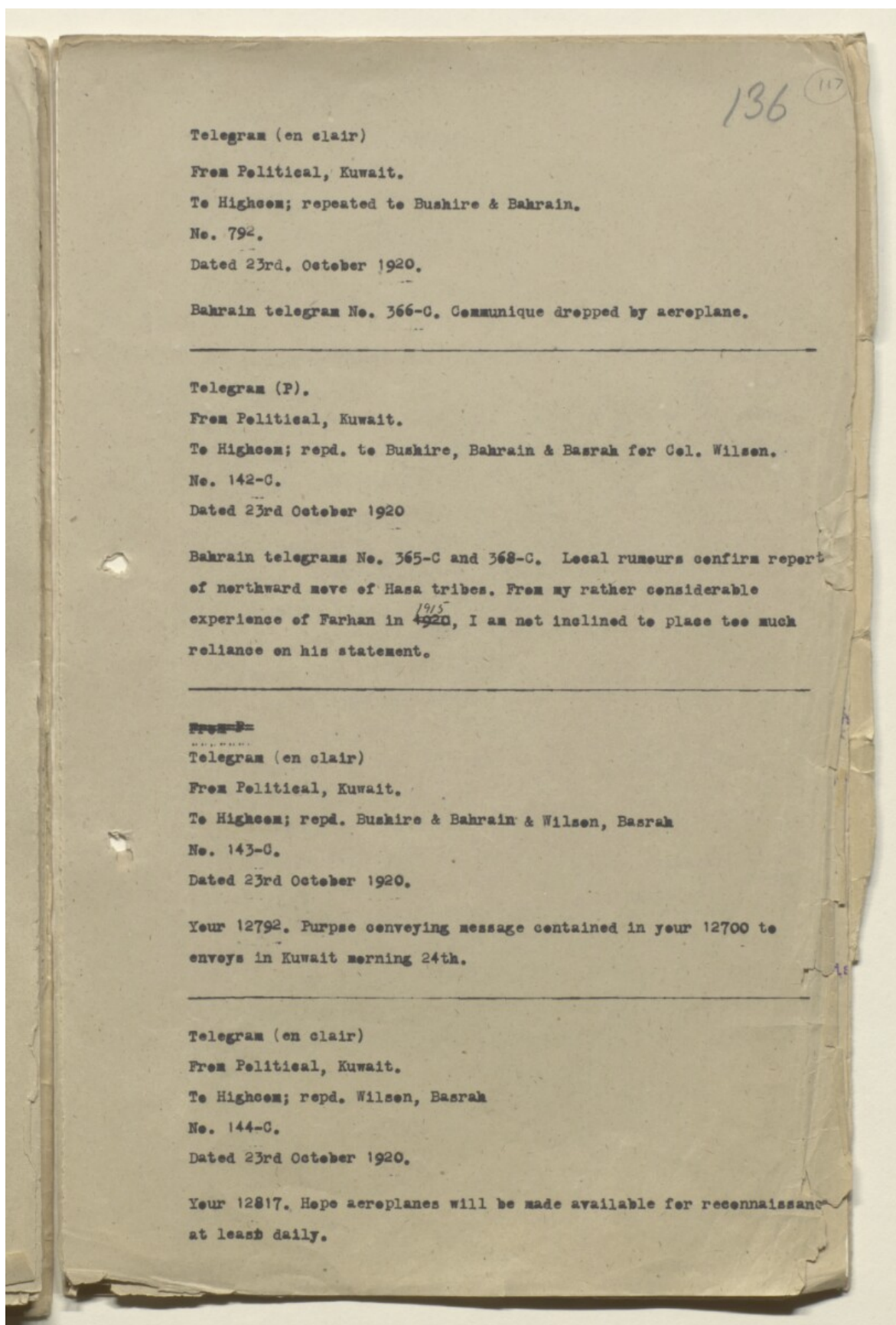


[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [115v] (230/342)









Telegram (en clair)

From Political, Kuwait.

To Highcom; repeated to Bushire & Bahrain.

No. 79².

Dated 23rd. October 1920.

Bahrain telegram No. 366-C. Communique dropped by aeroplane.

Telegram (P).

From Political, Kuwait.

To Highcom; repd. to Bushire, Bahrain & Basrah for Col. Wilson.

No. 142-C.

Dated 23rd October 1920

Bahrain telegrams No. 365-C and 368-C. Local rumours confirm report of northward move of Hasa tribes. From my rather considerable experience of Farhan in ¹⁹¹⁵1920, I am not inclined to place too much reliance on his statement.

~~From S-~~

Telegram (en clair)

From Political, Kuwait.

To Highcom; repd. Bushire & Bahrain & Wilson, Basrah

No. 143-C.

Dated 23rd October 1920.

Your 12792. Purpose conveying message contained in your 12700 to envoys in Kuwait morning 24th.

Telegram (en clair)

From Political, Kuwait.

To Highcom; repd. Wilson, Basrah

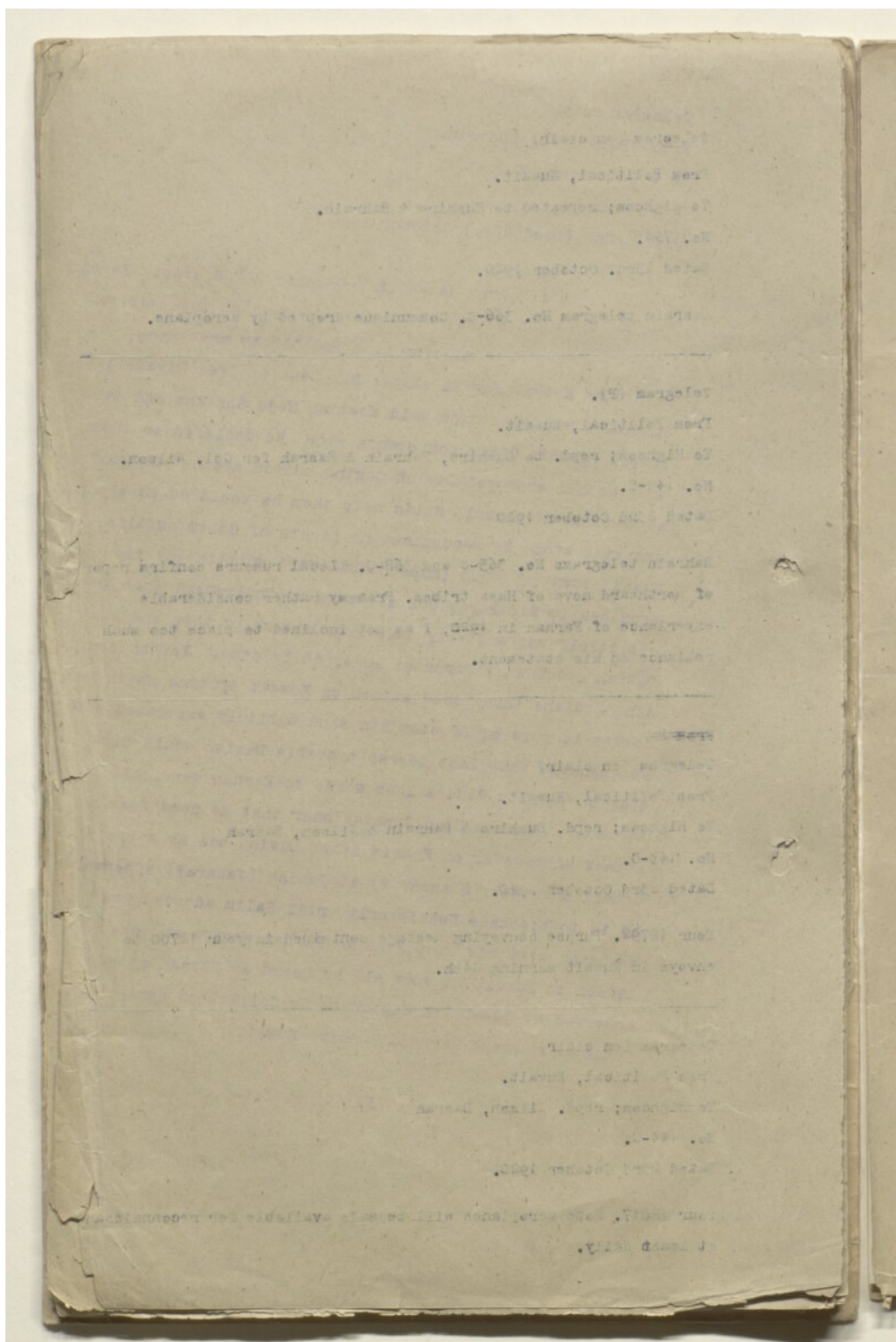
No. 144-C.

Dated 23rd October 1920.

Your 12817. Hope aeroplanes will be made available for reconnaissance at least daily.



[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [117v] (234/342)





Telegram Code,

From- Political, Bahrain.

To - Political, Kuwait.

No. 369-C.

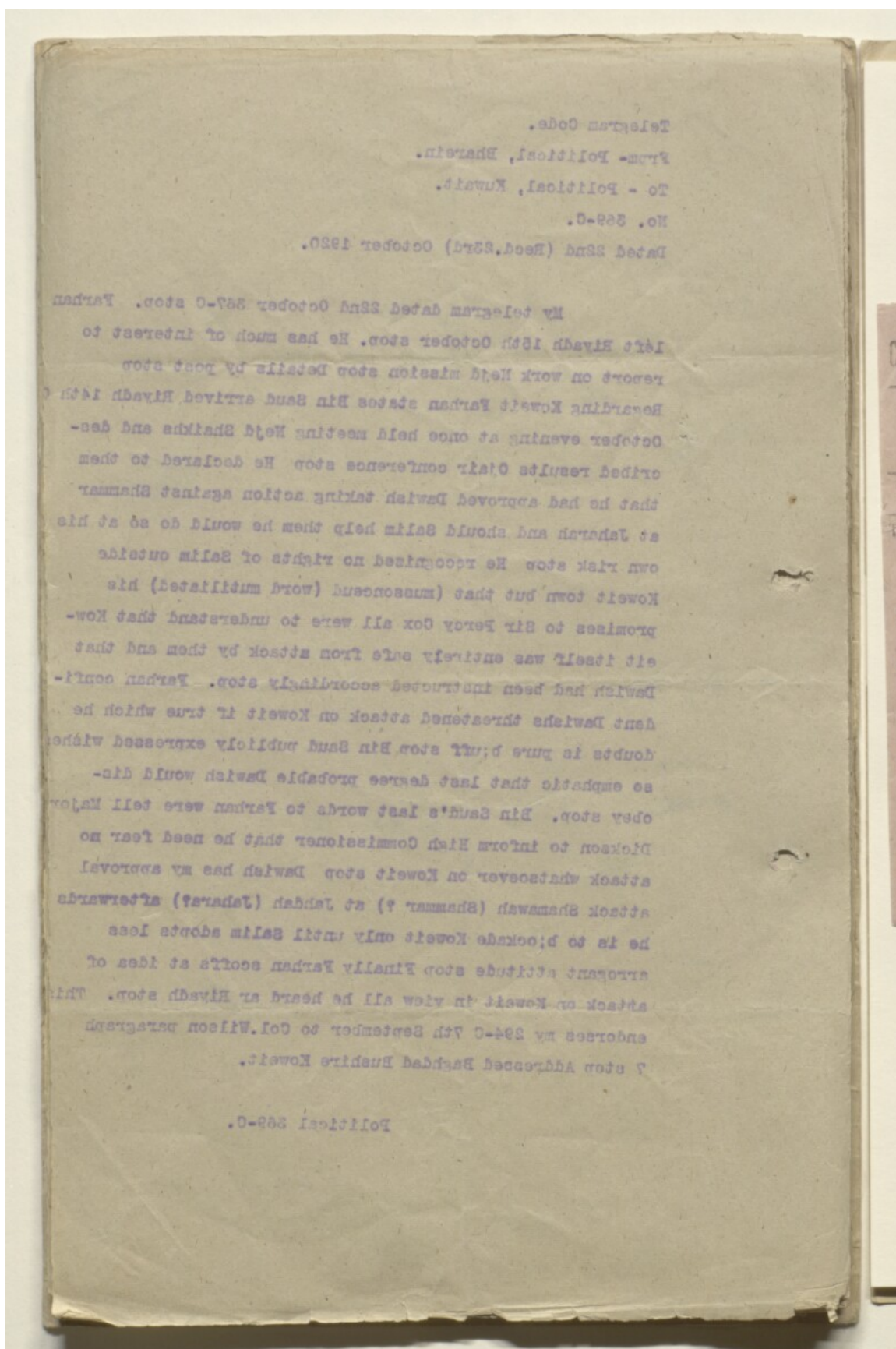
Dated 22nd (Recd. 23rd) October 1920.

137 (118)

My telegram dated 22nd October 367-C stop. Farhan left Riyadh 15th October stop. He has much of interest to report on work Nejd mission stop Details by post stop Regarding Koweit Farhan states Bin Saud arrived Riyadh 14th October evening at once held meeting Nejd Shaikhs and described results Ojair conference stop He declared to them that he had approved Dawish taking action against Shammar at Jaharah and should Salim help them he would do so at his own risk stop He recognized no rights of Salim outside Koweit town but that (mussoneud (word mutilated) his promises to Sir Percy Cox all were to understand that Koweit itself was entirely safe from attack by them and that Dawish had been instructed accordingly stop. Farhan confident Dawish threatened attack on Koweit if true which he doubts is pure bluff stop Bin Saud publicly expressed wishes so emphatic that last degree probable Dawish would disobey stop. Bin Saud's last words to Farhan were tell Major Dickson to inform High Commissioner that he need fear no attack whatsoever on Koweit stop Dawish has my approval attack Shamawah (Shammar ?) at Jahdah (Jahara?) afterwards he is to blockade Koweit only until Salim adopts less arrogant attitude stop Finally Farhan scoffs at idea of attack on Koweit in view all he heard at Riyadh stop. This endorses my 294-C 7th September to Col. Wilson paragraph 7 stop Addressed Baghdad Bushire Koweit.

Political 369-C.

Reg^d No 251





000 MESOPOTAMIAN TELEGRAPHS. *Ref No 252 23/10/20 138*

NOTICE.
This form must accompany any inquiry made respecting this Telegram.

Charge to pay
By *As*

23 OCT 20

Basra 23

TO *Political Kuwait*

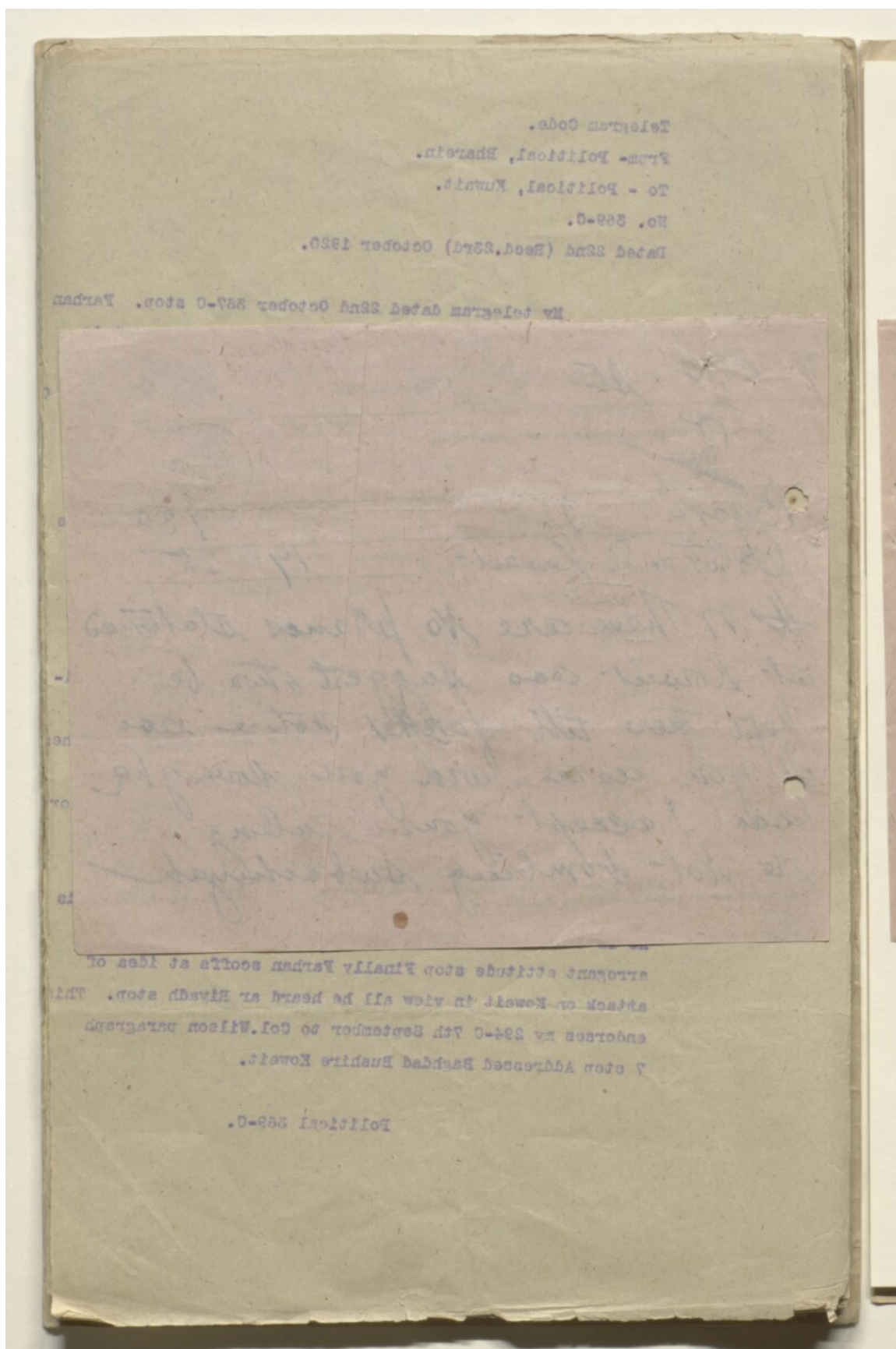
Read here on *19 55*

At 77 There are No planes stationed at Kuwait. can suggest 6 to be kept there till further notice can. If you agree with you move ghe. I accept your ruling. to Not-bombing Subsihiyah

W.E.—The name of the Sender, if telegraphed, is written after the to p.
Tel. Chand & Sons—3175—20-9-12—50,000 Eka. (Edn. III).



[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [119v] (238/342)





C. MESOPOTAMIAN TELEGRAPHS. 139 (120)

NOTICE.
This form must accompany any inquiry made respecting this Telegram.

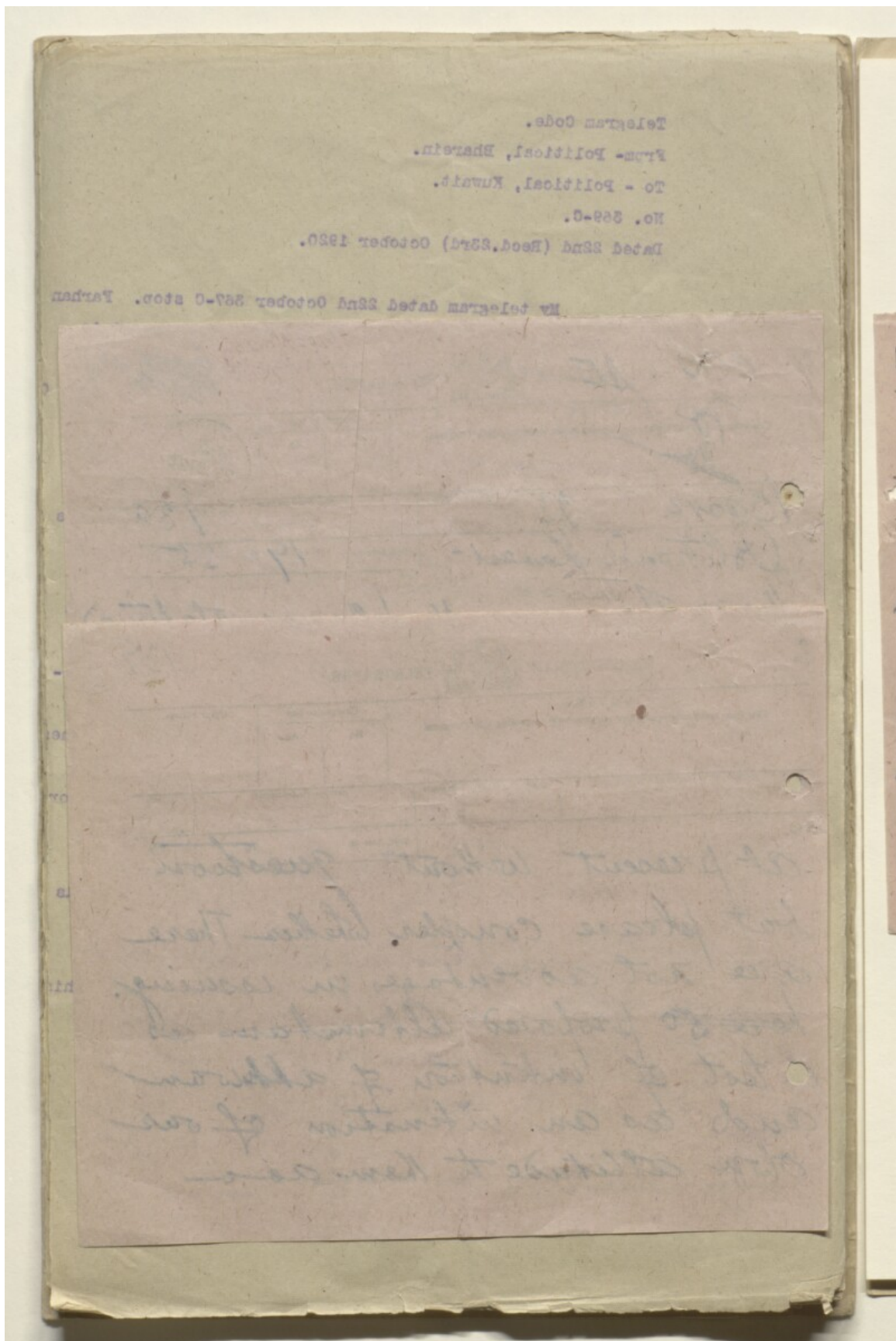
Charges to pay		Office Stamp.
No.	Rs.	

Handed in at (Office of Origin).	Date	Hour	Minute	Service Instructions.	Words.
----------------------------------	------	------	--------	-----------------------	--------

TO

at present without question
but please consider whether there
are not advantages in issuing
~~here to~~ proposed ultimatum as
a test of intention of Ikhwan
and as an intimation of our
own attitude to them as

Printed and Published by the Government of India, at the Central Press, Calcutta. (No. 111).





C. MESOPOTAMIAN TELEGRAPHS. 140 (121)

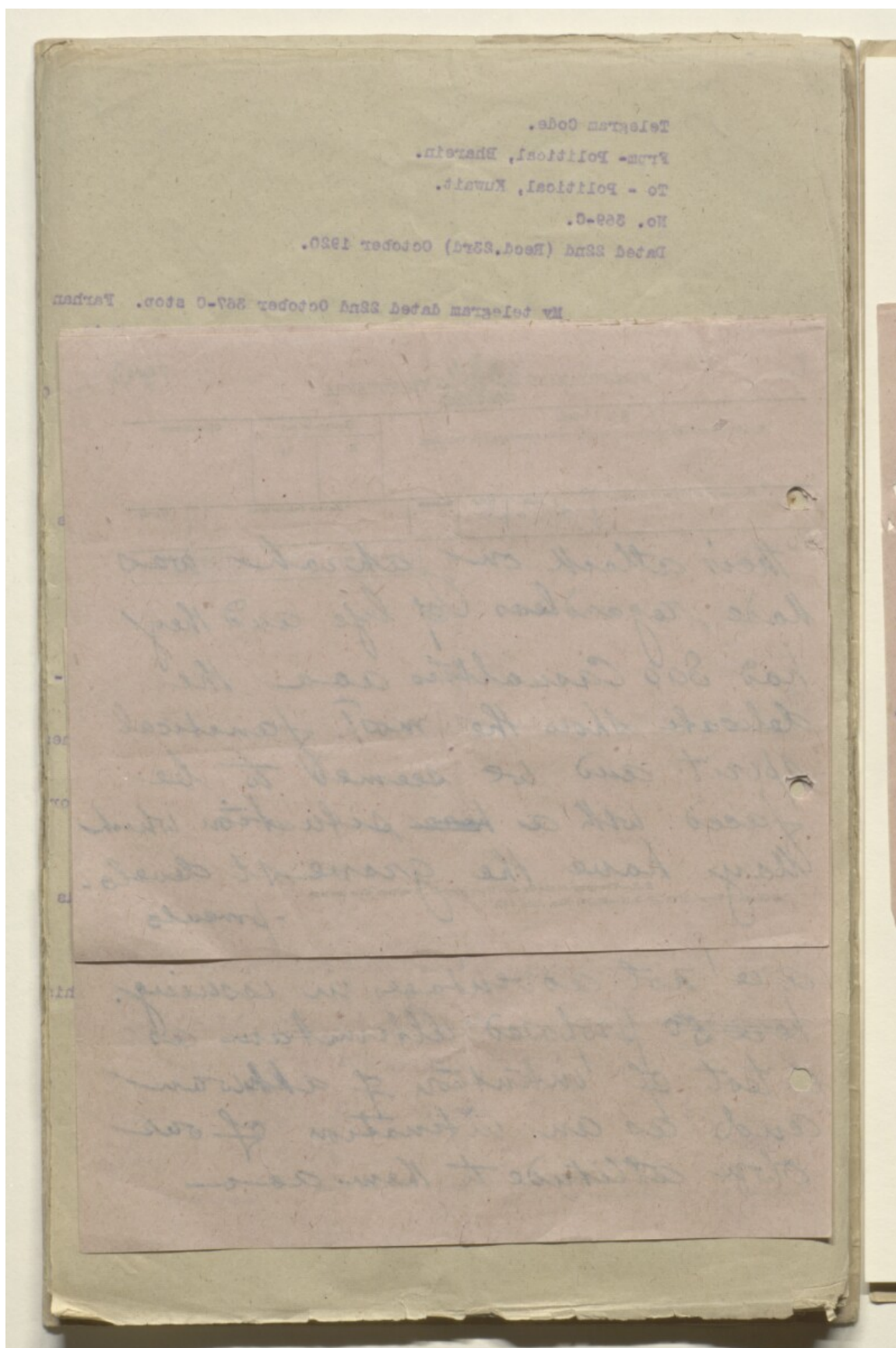
NOTICE.
This form must accompany any inquiry made respecting this Telegram.

Charges to pay		Office Stamp.
Rs.	As.	

Handed in at (Office of Origin).	Date	Hour	Minute	Service Instructions.	Words.
<p>TO their attack on <u>Jahra</u> was made regardless of life and they had 800 casualties and the delicate show the most fanatical spirit and we seemed to be faced with a very situation which may have the gravest devel.</p> <p>W.R.—The name of the sender, if telegraphed, is written after the text. Tel Charge & Rem.—578—30-6-19—60,000 Eka. (Edn. III).</p> <p>-pments</p>					



[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [121v] (242/342)





141
(122)

G. MESOPOTAMIAN TELEGRAPHS.

NOTICE.
This form must accompany any inquiry made respecting this Telegram.

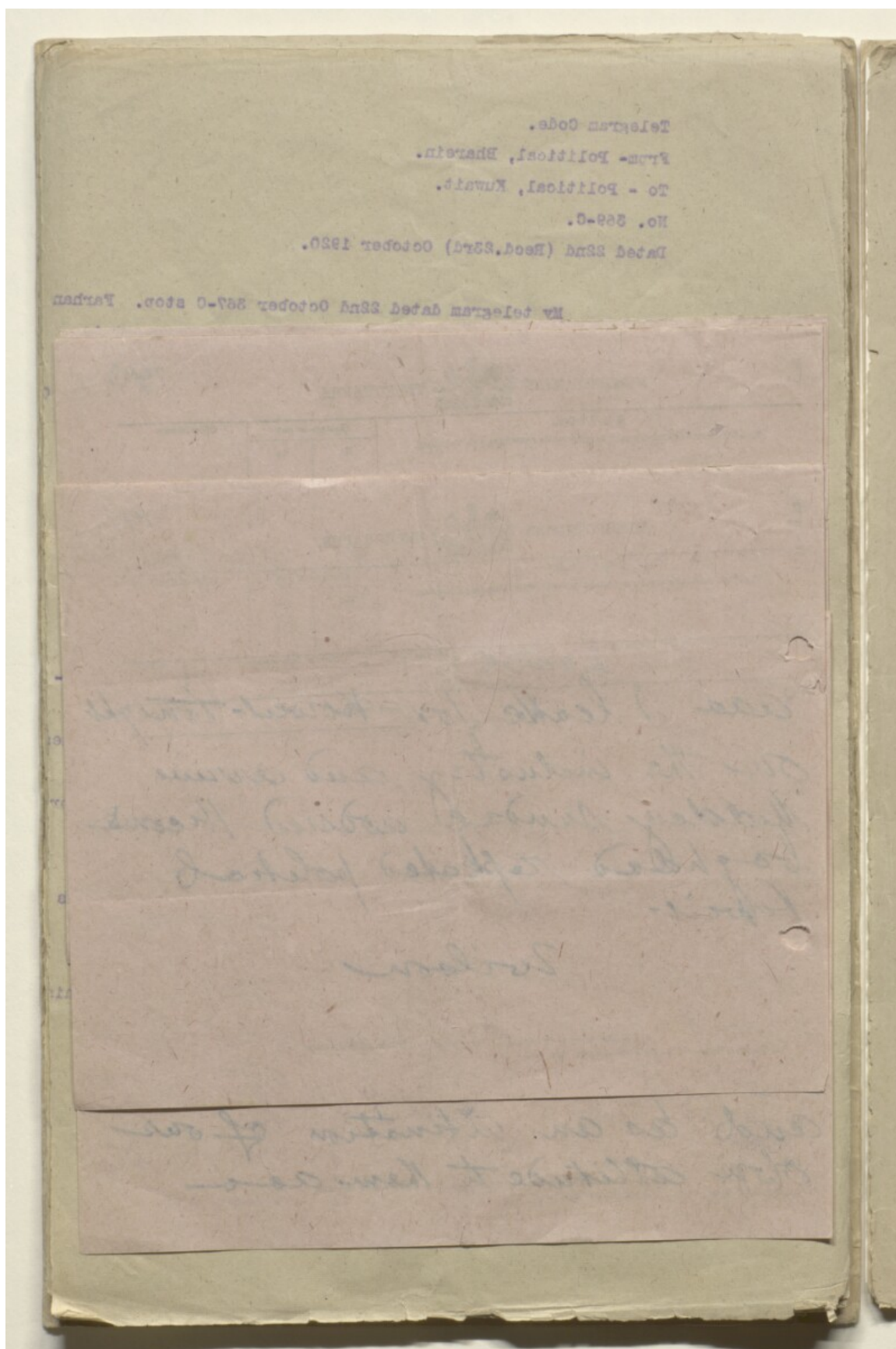
Charges to pay		Office Stamp.
Rs.	As.	

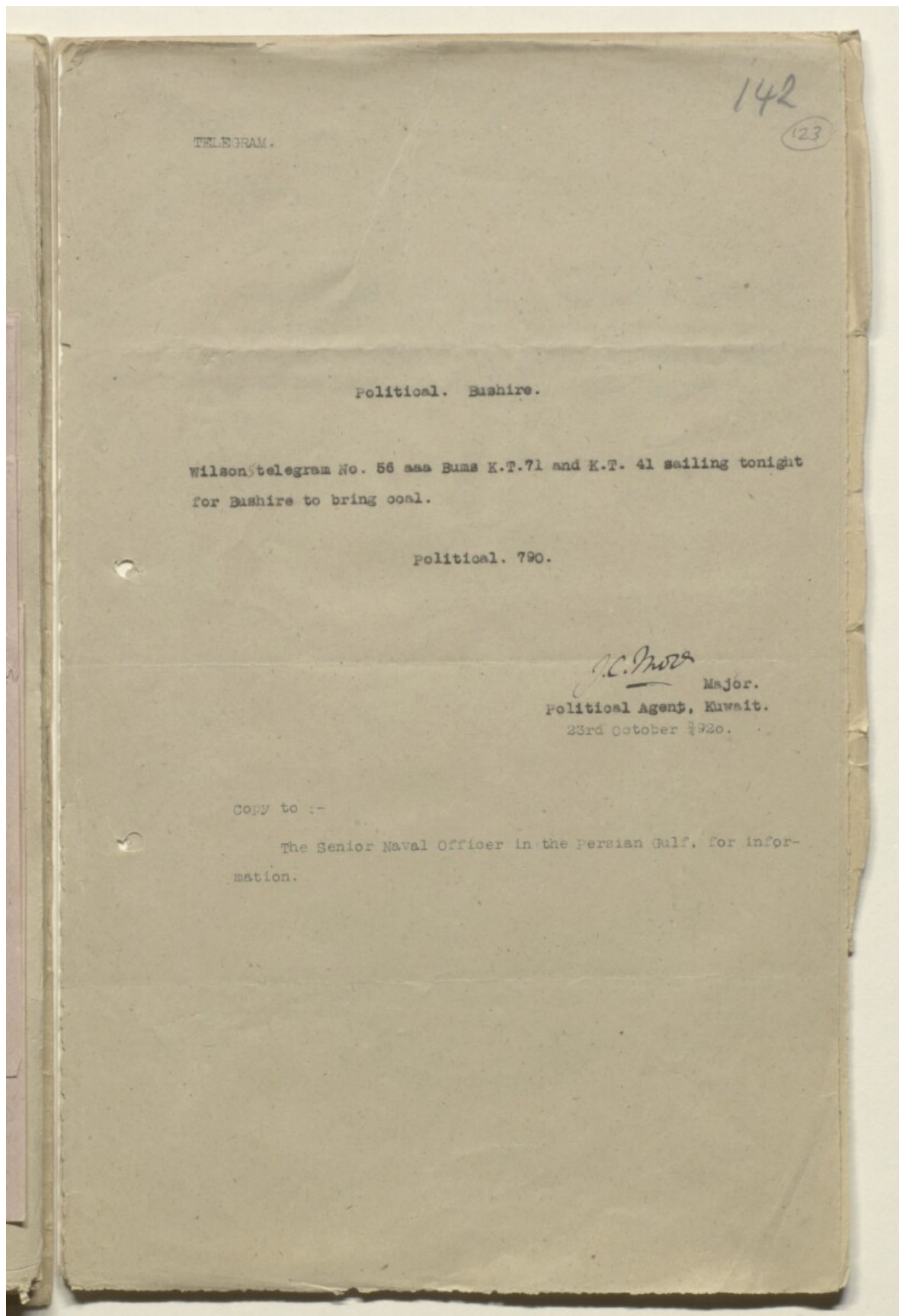
Station to be (Office of Origin).	Date.	Hour.	Message.	Service Instructions.	Words.
<p>TO <i>aaa I leave for</i></p> <p><i>on the industry and arrives</i></p> <p><i>Midday Sunday advised Hicome</i></p> <p><i>baghdad repeated political</i></p> <p><i>Kuwait-</i></p> <p style="text-align: right;"><i>Wilson</i></p>	<i>Leave</i>				

W.S.—The name of the Reader, if telegraphed, is written after the text.
Tel. Charge & Sent—3175—20-2-19—30,000 Bds. (Rev. 111).



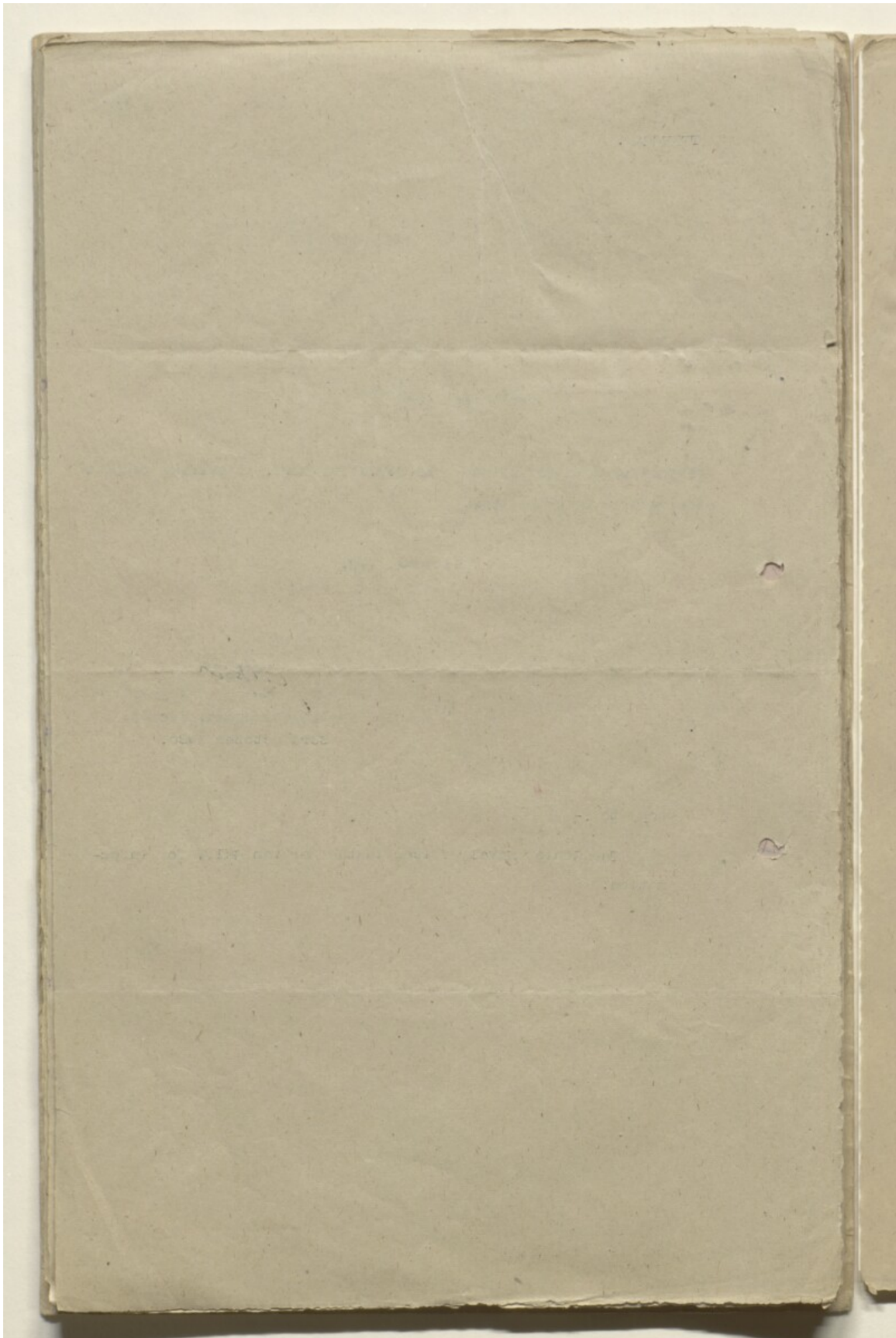
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [122v] (244/342)

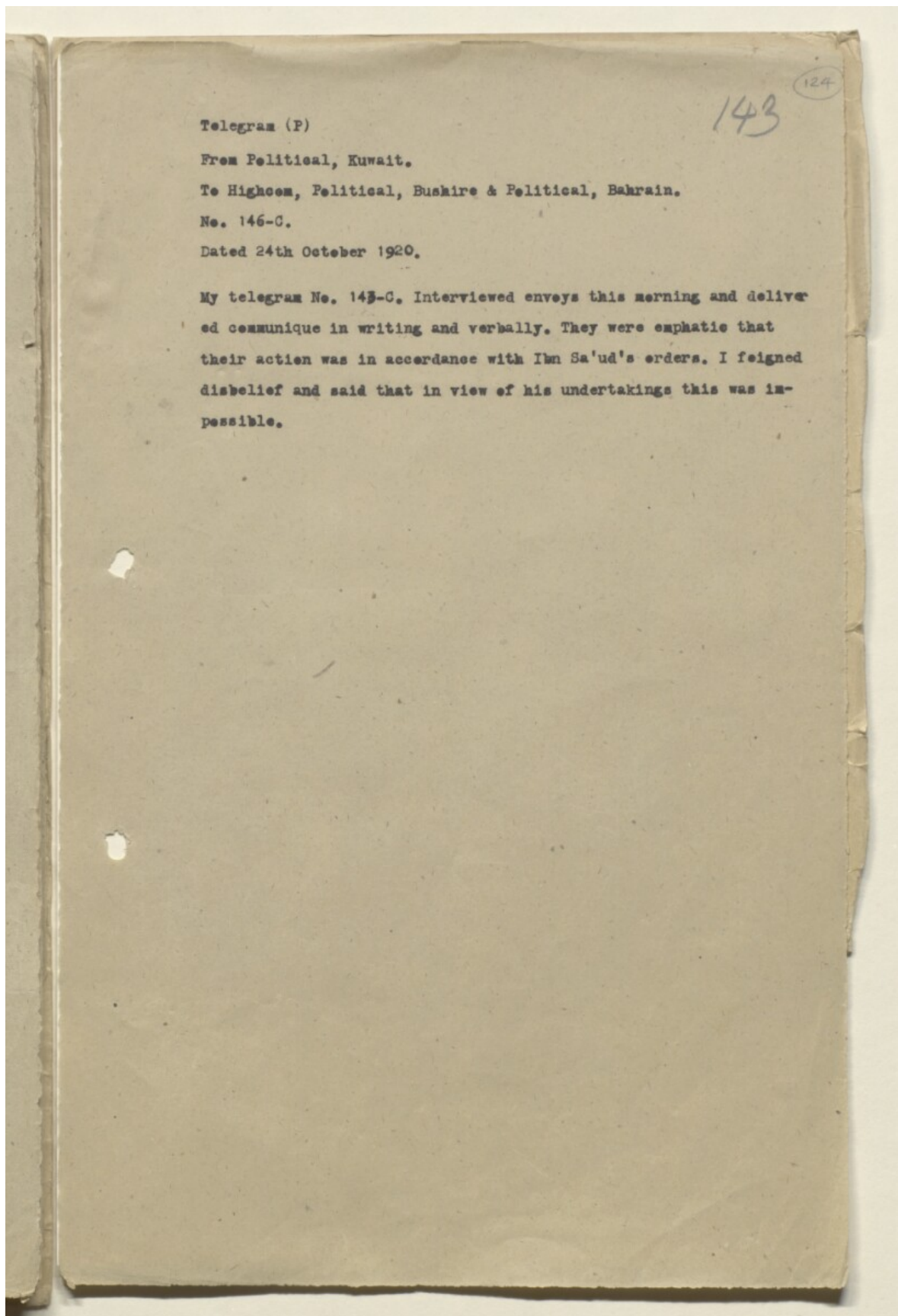






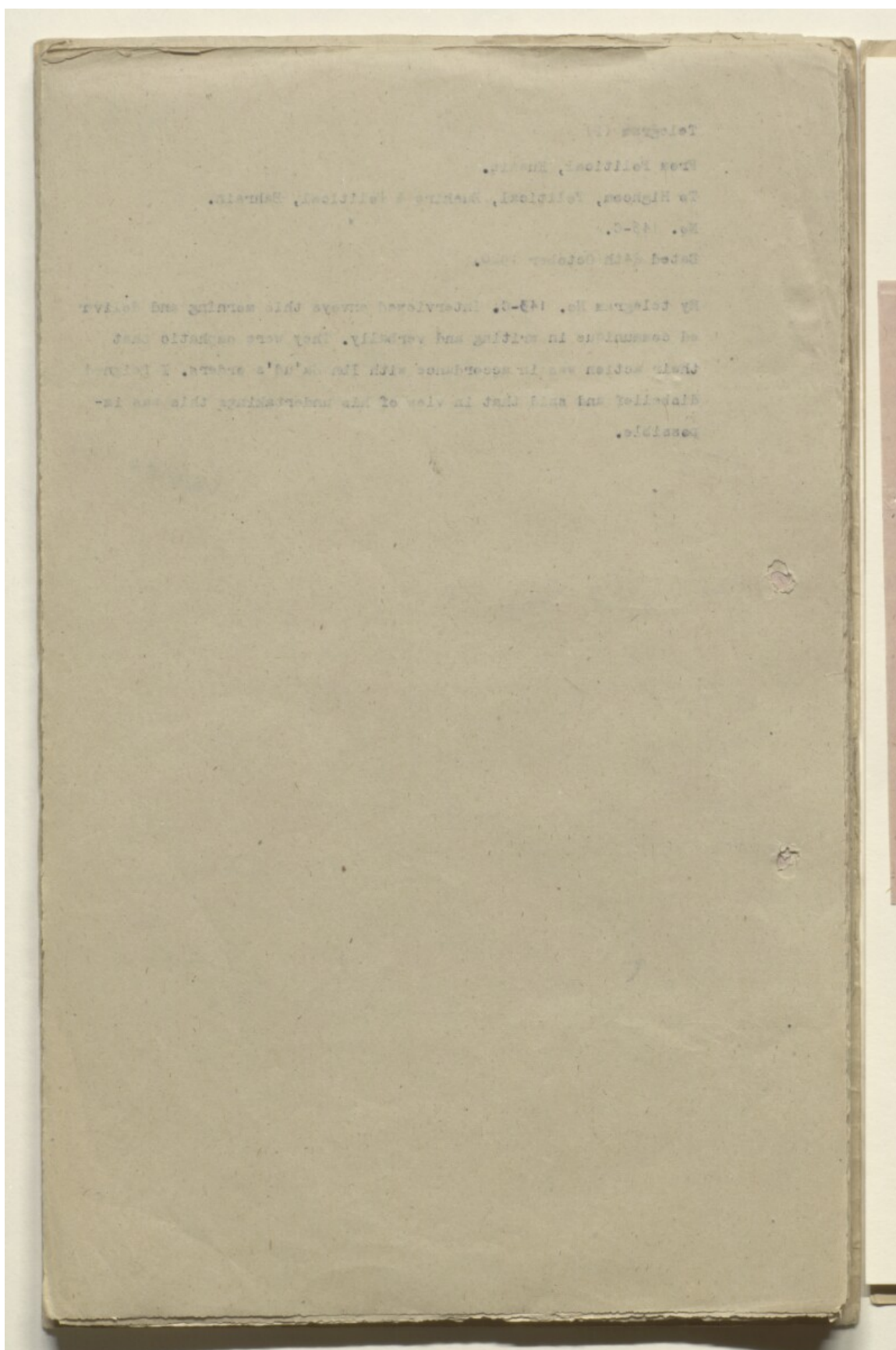
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa`ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [123v] (246/342)







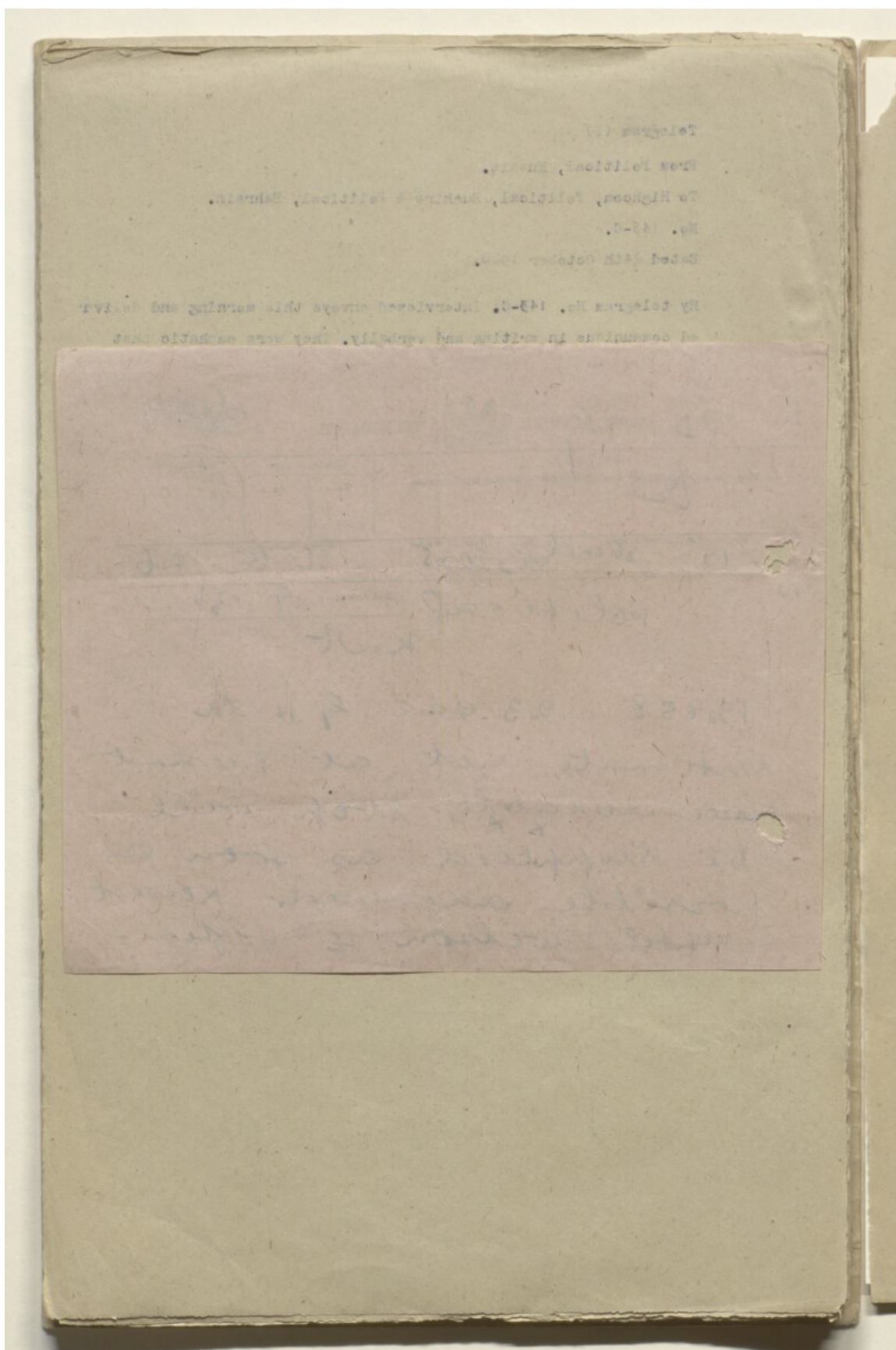
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [124v] (248/342)

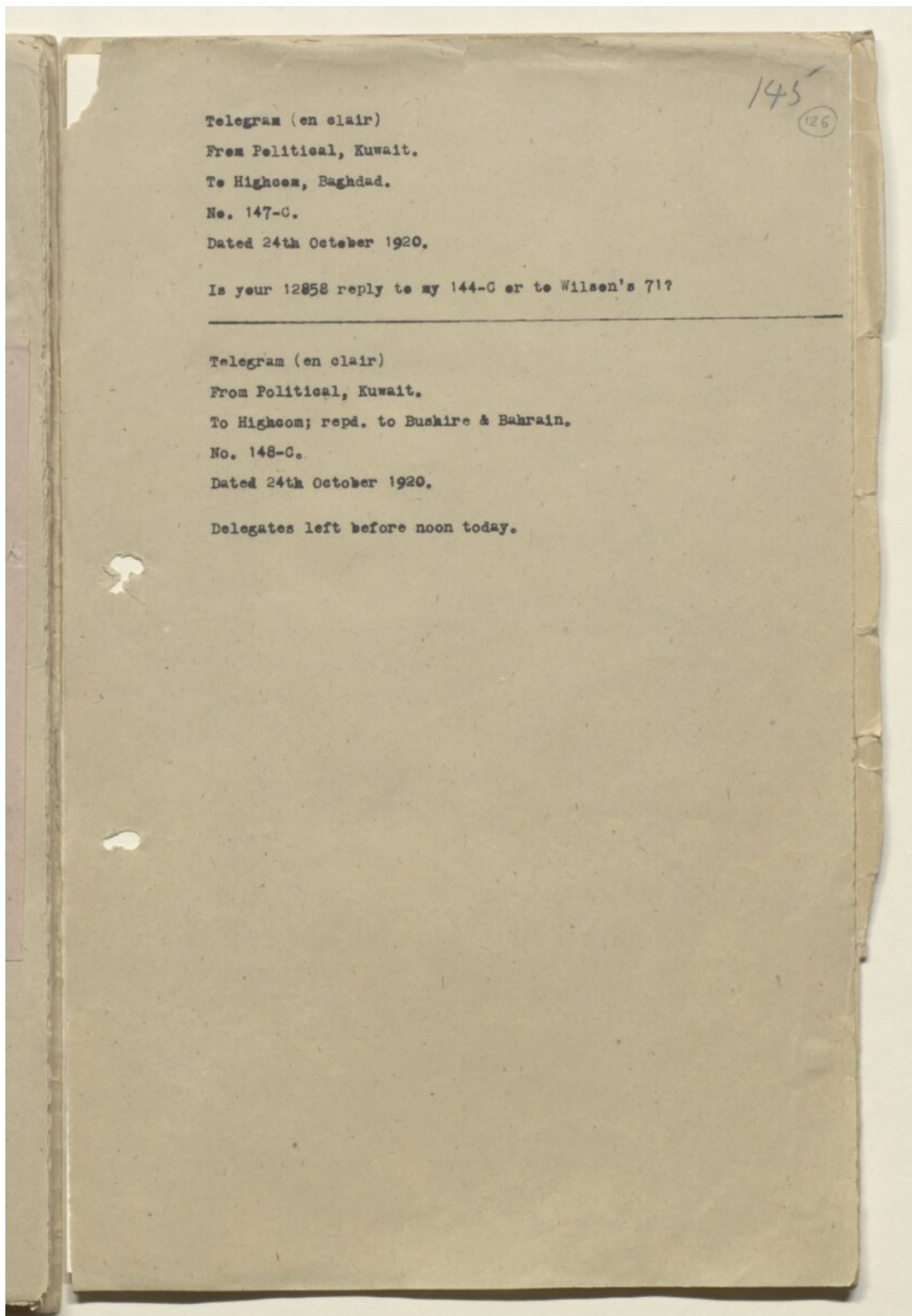


rehtel wilson =



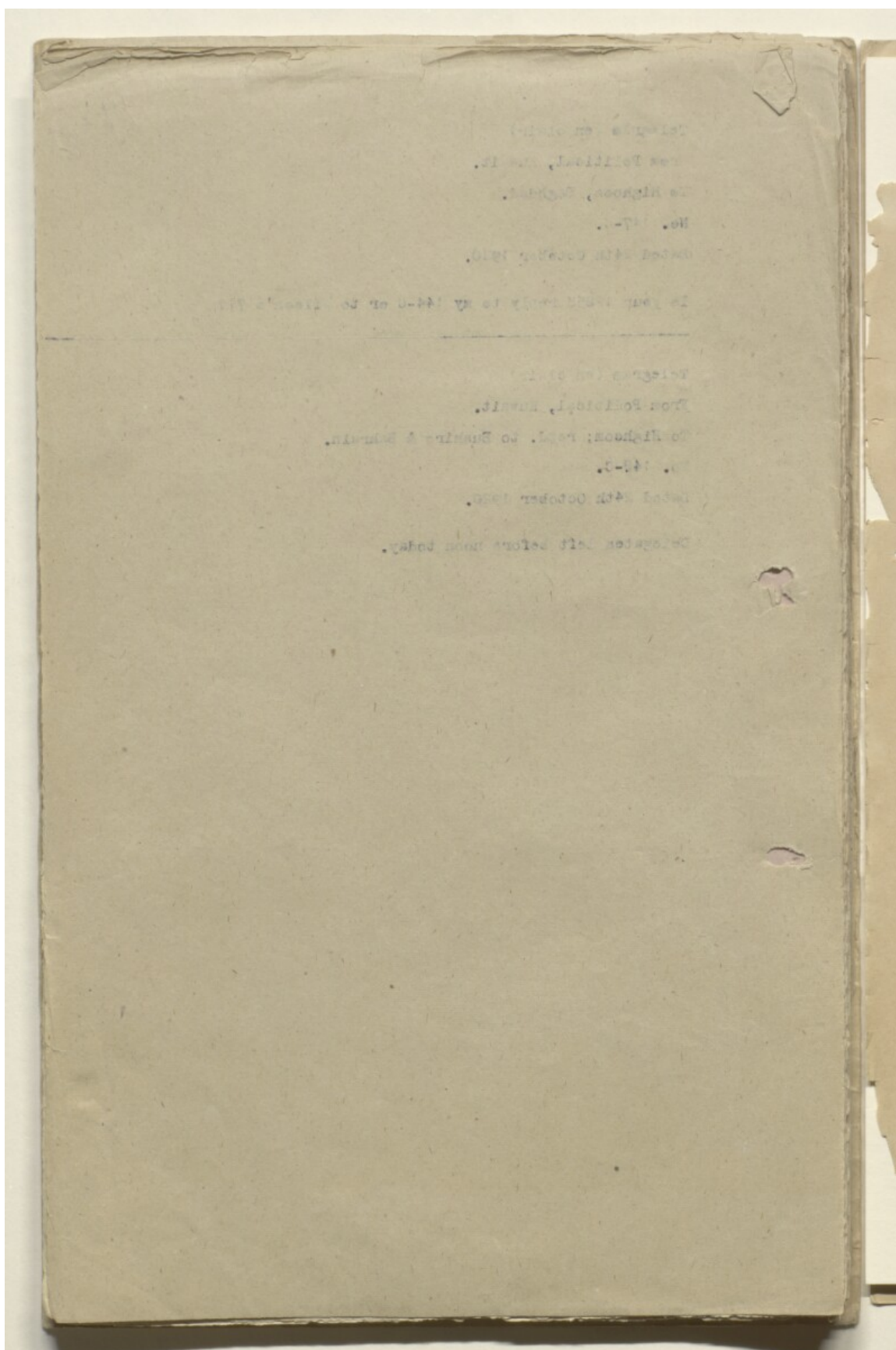
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [125v] (250/342)







[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [126v] (252/342)





146

(J. B. Form A.)

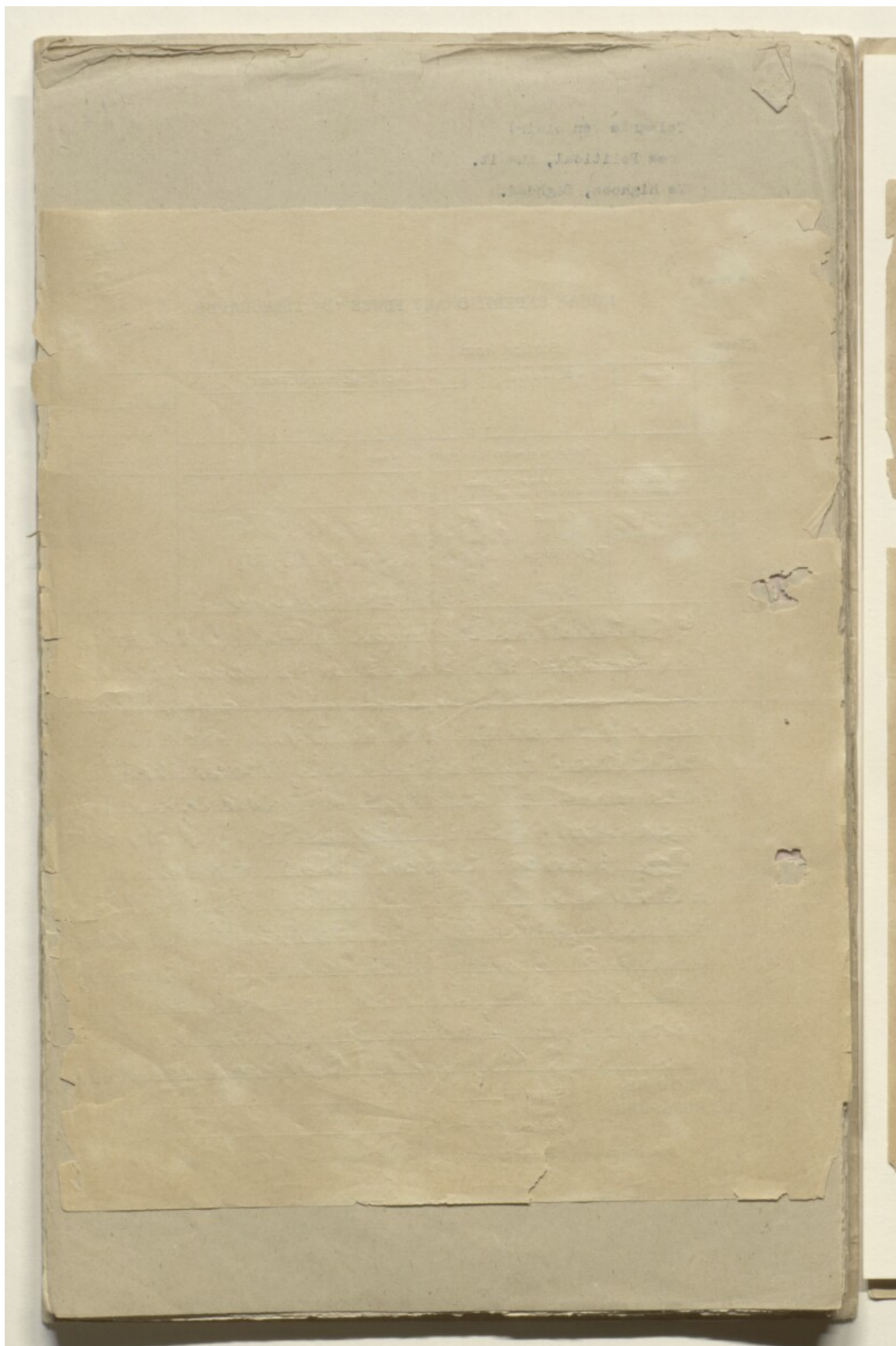
INDIAN EXPEDITIONARY FORCE "D" TELEGRAPHS.

No. _____

Class		Station from					
No.	Words.	Date and hour.	OFFICIAL INSTRUCTIONS		H. M.		
					Sent at _____		
						To _____	
						By _____	
Nothing to be written by the sender above this line.						Charge _____	
Write here in Clear, Line, State or Work End, otherwise will be treated Ordinary; also add number of addresses when more than one.						Rx. A	
<small>When a reply is to be prepared, write the words "Reply paid" stating the how many words, in this space.</small>		TO: Name <u>Ibn Basha</u> Address <u>Political Bahrain</u> Place <u>Political Bahrain</u>					
<p>86 Bahrain Telegram of 22nd October</p> <p>369C Bin Saud appears to ignore his conversations with you and his acceptance of arbitration and it is now unfortunately clear that he ordered attack on Jahrah and has now ordered blockade of Kuwait City. I must suggest that after arbitration proposals including visit to Muhammad of both parties be pressed forward so that Salim be enabled to occupy Jahrah as soon as danger from decay of hundreds of unhired corpses of Akhwan renders</p>							
NOT TO BE TELEGRAPHED.		Signature _____ and Address of sender _____					
N.B.—The Telegraph Department does not hold itself responsible for the safe arrival or delivery of messages.							



[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [127v] (254/342)



[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [128r] (255/342)



109 14

(I. B. Form A.)

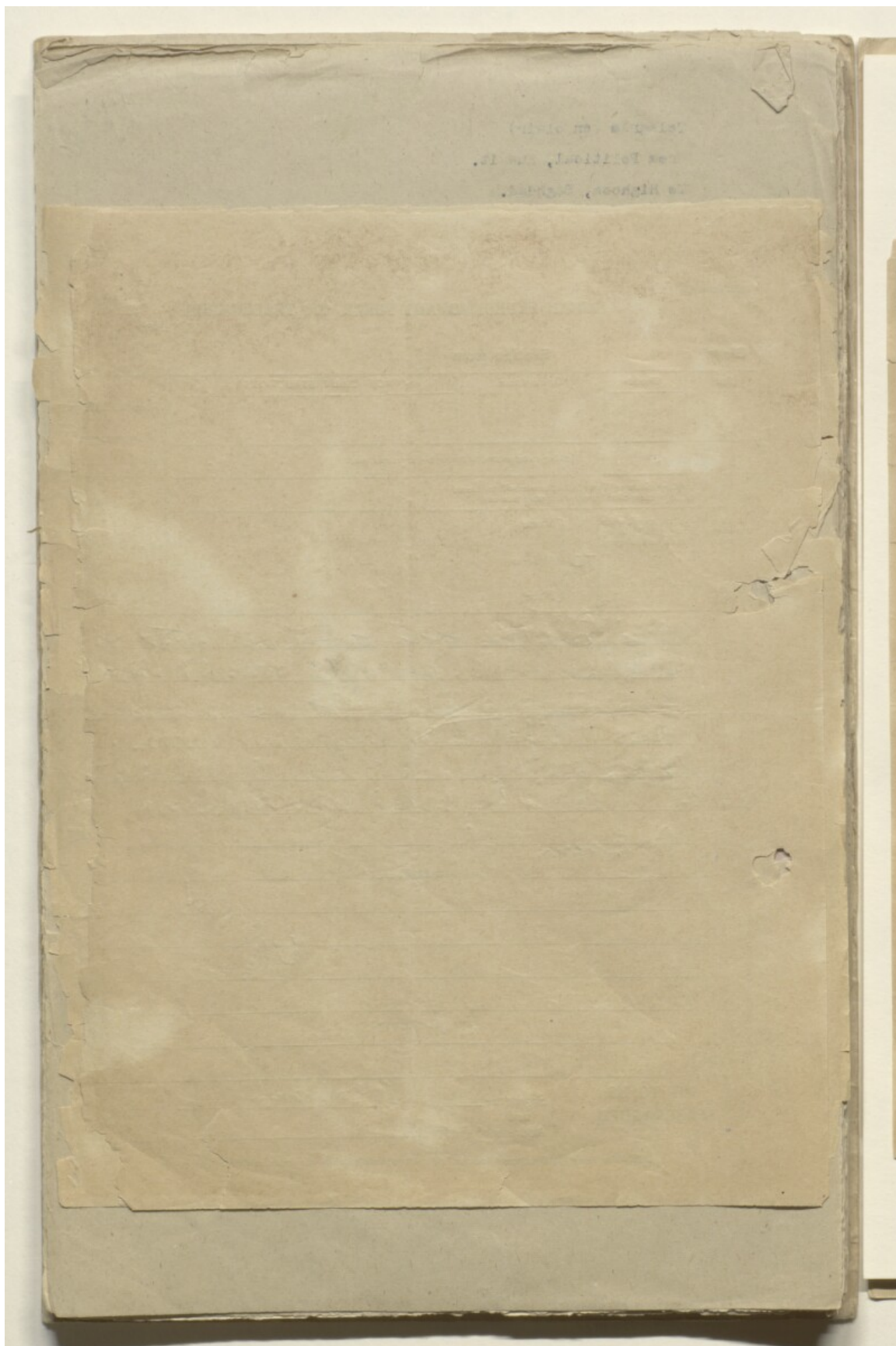
INDIAN EXPEDITIONARY FORCE "D" TELEGRAPHS.

No. 128

Class		Station from		OFFICIAL INSTRUCTIONS	Sent at	To	By	Charge Rs.
No.	Words.	Date and hour.						
Nothing to be written by the sender above this line.								
Write here if Clear Line, State or Work End, otherwise will be cleared Ordinary; also add number of addresses when more than one								
When a reply is to be given, write the words "Reply paid," stating for how many words, in this space.								
TO				Name				
				Address				
				Place				
<p><i>This possible and a second attack Jahra would probably result in a second repulse of Ikhwan with the loss of life which might be other than. We shall hear Bahran - O.M. 29th Add Baghdad. v. for Bahran Bahran</i></p> <p style="text-align: right;"><i>Cyphur</i></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>Wahm</i></p>								
FROM								
NOT TO BE TELEGRAPHED.				<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="font-size: 2em; margin-right: 10px;">{</div> <div> Signature and Address of sender </div> </div>				
N.B.—The Telegraph Department does not hold itself responsible for the safe arrival or delivery of messages								



[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [128v] (256/342)





(I. E. Form A.)

14

INDIAN EXPEDITIONARY FORCE "D" TELEGRAPHS.

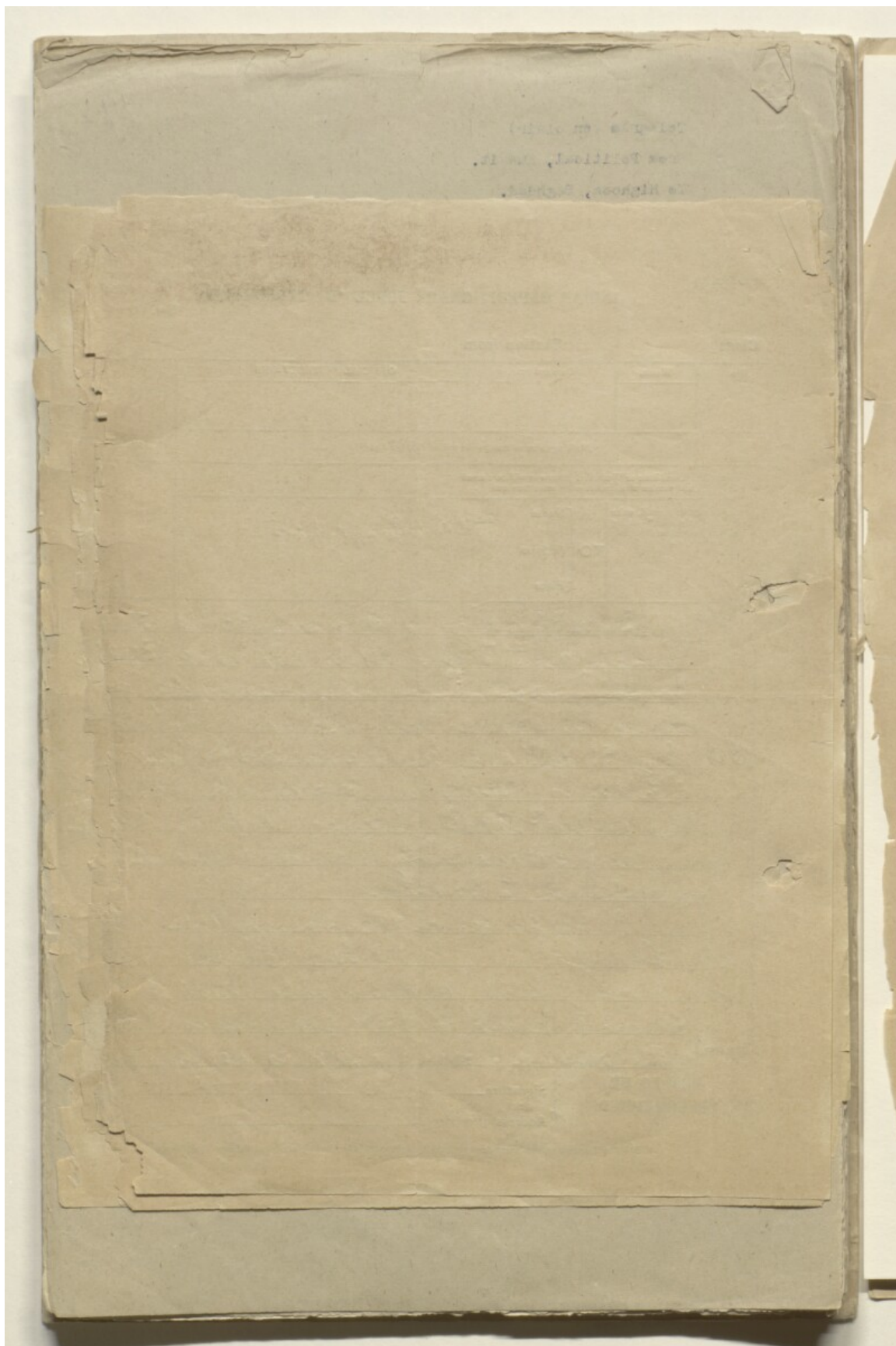
No. 129

Class		Station from		OFFICIAL INSTRUCTIONS	Sent at
No.	Words.	Date and hour.			
Nothing to be written by the sender above this line.					
<small>Write here if Clear Line, State or Work End, otherwise will be saved Ordinary; also add number of addresses when more than one.</small>					<small>Ch R</small>
<small>When a reply is to be prepaid, write the words "Reply paid," stating for how many words, in this space.</small>					
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div> TO </div> <div> Name: <i>Itham Baykhar</i> Address: Place: </div> </div>					
<p><i>By Demi-official It is impossible to finish and difficult to continue section but it is increasingly clear as was remarked to me on the 10th by Shaikh of Mohammurah that matter is largely personal between him and Salim's lack of tact and his personal life has done much to precipitate situation.</i></p> <p style="text-align: right;"><i>Please see my telegram of No 10540 to Koor. It is possible that you may think it desirable that P should hint to those concerned that the present moment is opportune.</i></p>					
NOT TO BE TELEGRAPHED.					Signature and Address of sender.

N.B.—The Telegraph Department does not hold itself responsible for the safe arrival or delivery of messages.



[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa`ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [129v] (258/342)





[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [130r] (259/342)

149

(J. B. Form A.)

INDIAN EXPEDITIONARY FORCE "D" TELEGRAPHS. No. 130

Class Station from

No.	Words.	Date and hour.	OFFICIAL INSTRUCTIONS	H. M.

Nothing to be written by the sender above this line.

Write here if Class Line, State or Week End, otherwise will be classed Ordinary; also add number of addresses when more than one.

When a reply is to be prepaid, write the words "Reply paid" stating for how many words, in this space.

TO: Name Address Place

Charge. Rec. 1/2

one for those in favour of a change of ruler at Koneir to purport the Khairiyya.

The precedent must be a ^{dangerous} ~~good~~ one for you may consider it justified by circumstances.

Milson

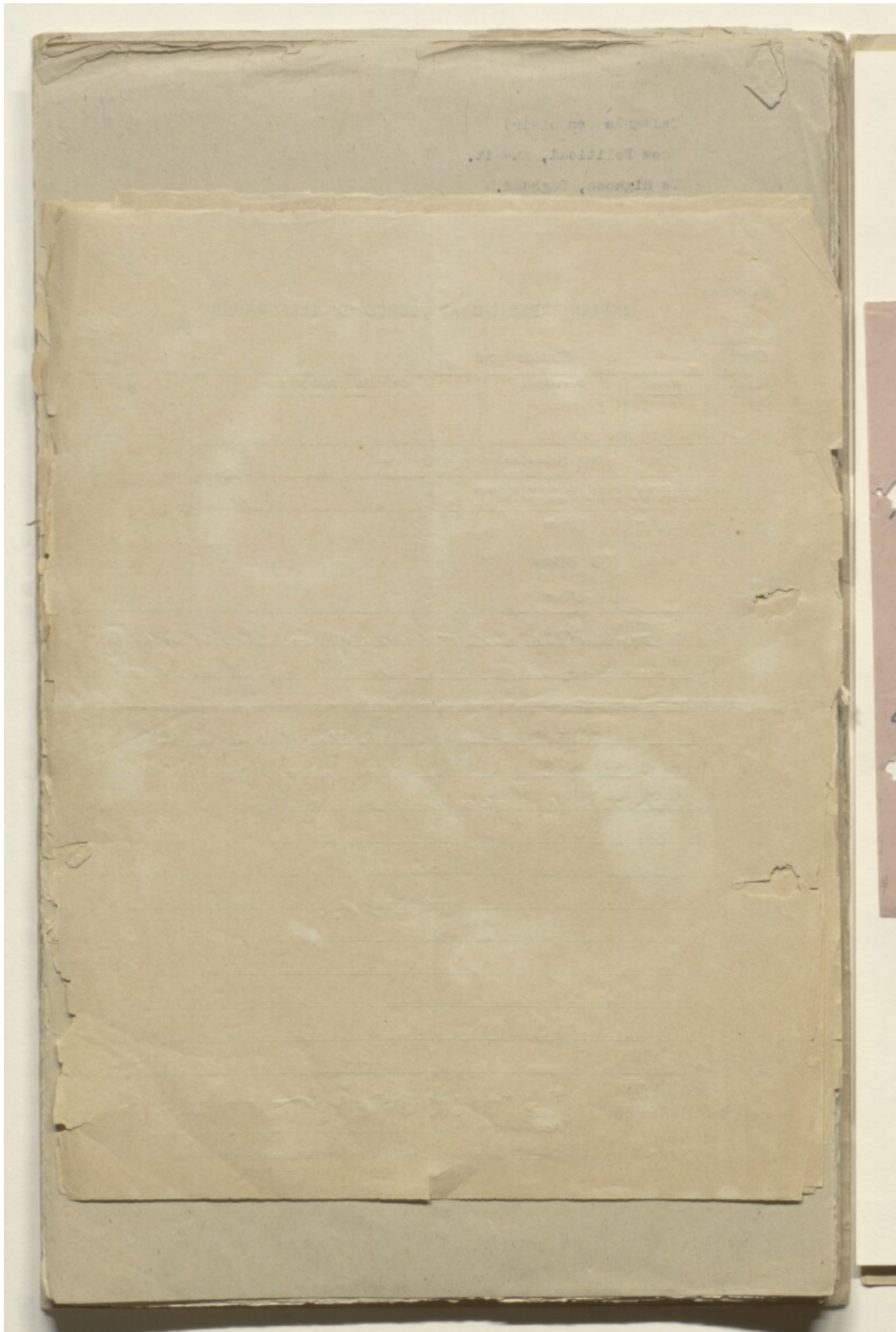
FROM {

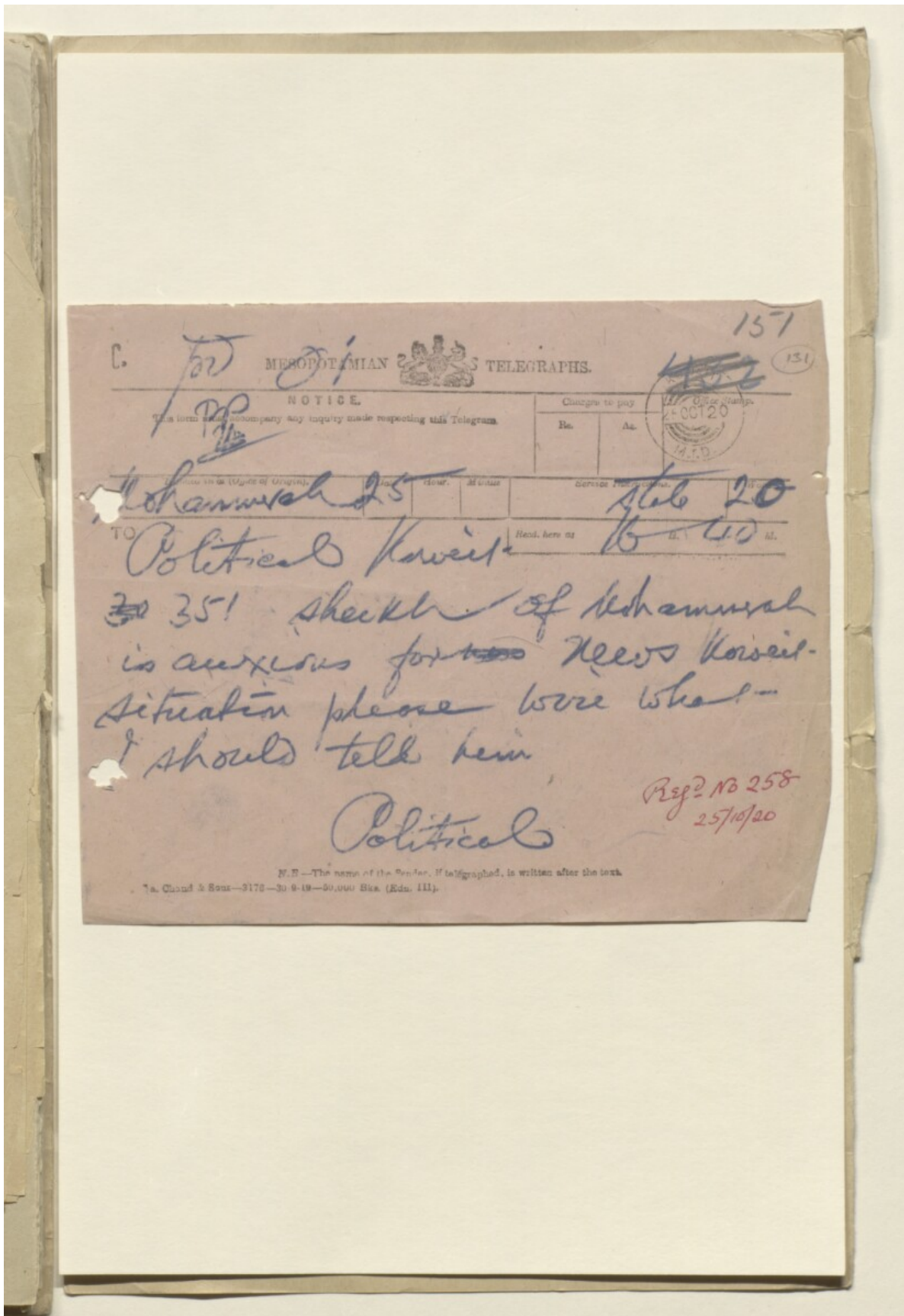
NOT TO BE TELEGRAPHED. { Signature and Address of sender.

NB - The Telegraph Department does not hold itself responsible for the safe arrival or delivery of messages



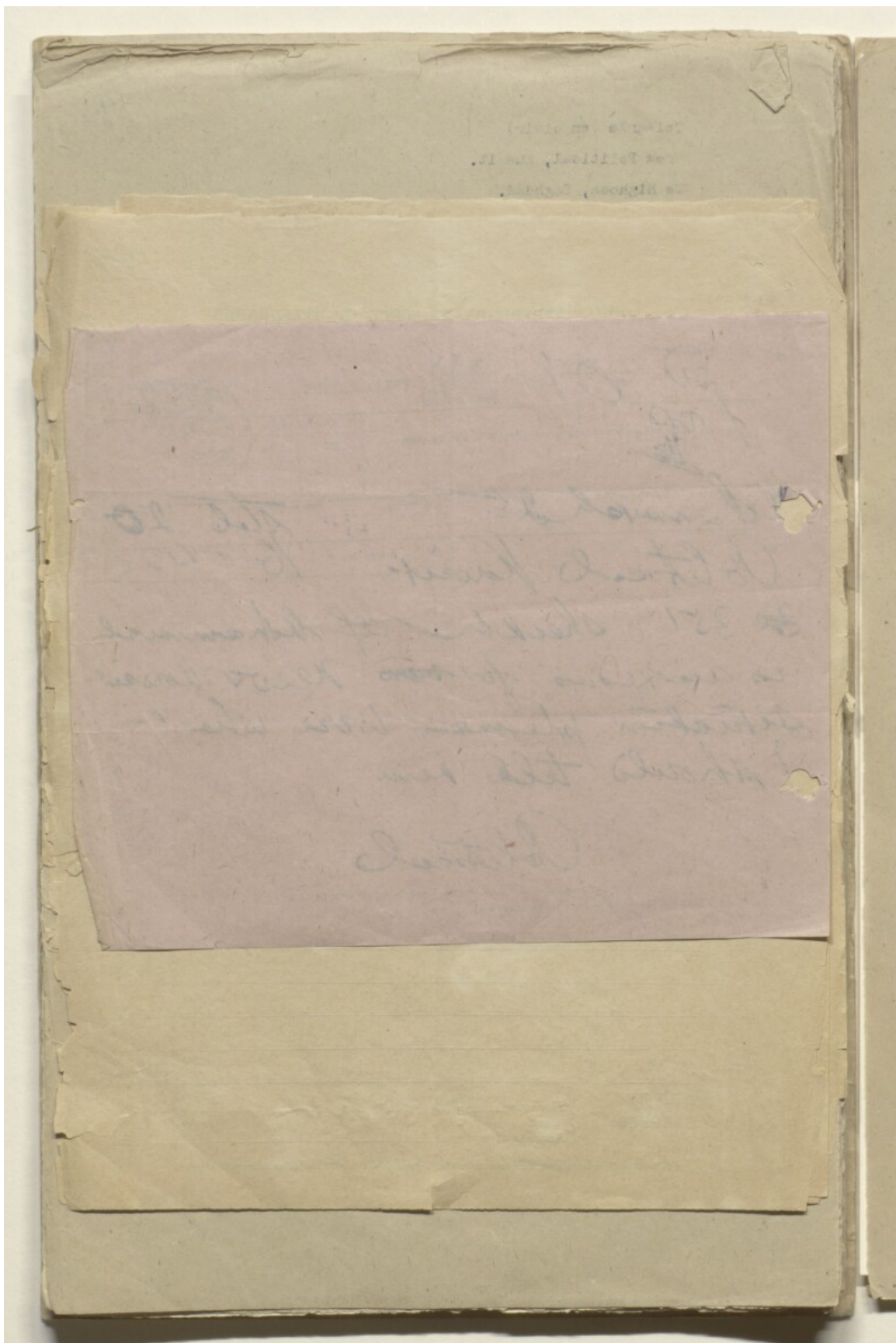
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [130v] (260/342)







[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [131v] (262/342)





152
(132)
Telegram (en clair)

From Political, Kuwait.

To Political, Muhammarah.

No. 150-C.

Dated 25th October 1920..

Your 351. Aeroplane reconnaissance on 22nd located two to three hundred tents Subaihiyah. Before delegates left on 24th I warned them that if they attack Kuwait they will be regarded as guilty of hostility to British and we shall oppose such hostile action by every convenient means. No further developments.

Telegram (en clair)

From Political, Kuwait.

To Highcom; repd. to Bushire, Bahrain & Navy, Basrah.

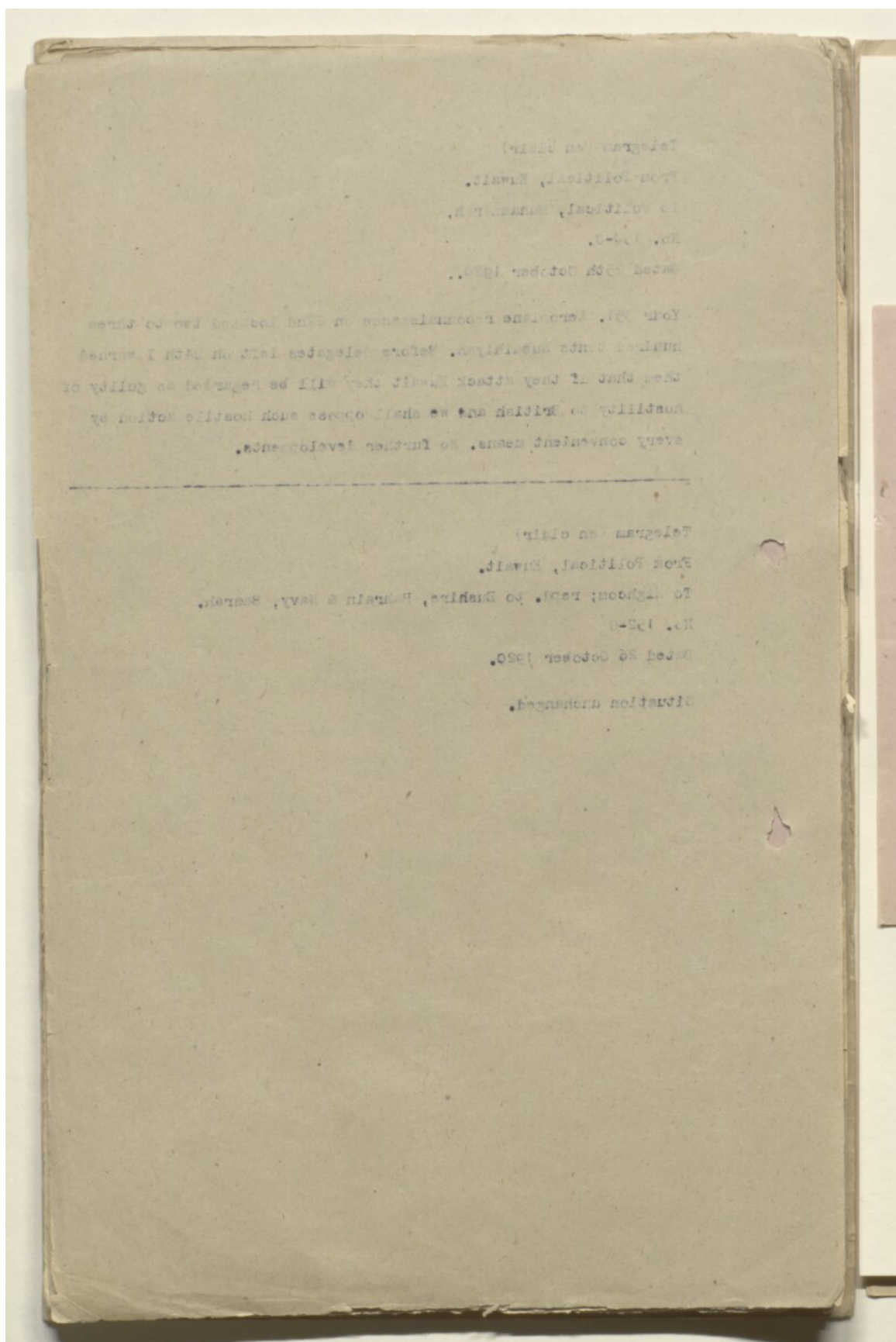
No. 152-C

Dated 26 October 1920.

Situation unchanged.



[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [132v] (264/342)





PD **MESOPOTAMIAN TELEGRAPHS.** 153

NOTICE

This form must accompany any inquiry made respecting this Telegram.

Charges to pay

Ra. As.

Office Stamp 600120

133

Handed in at (Office or Office).

Date. Hour. Minute.

Service Instructions.

Words.

Read here as

Bagdad 23 17 20

Wilson c/o Political & Sweet

12845 23 73 no objection departure Lawrence from Kuwait provided S. N. O consents

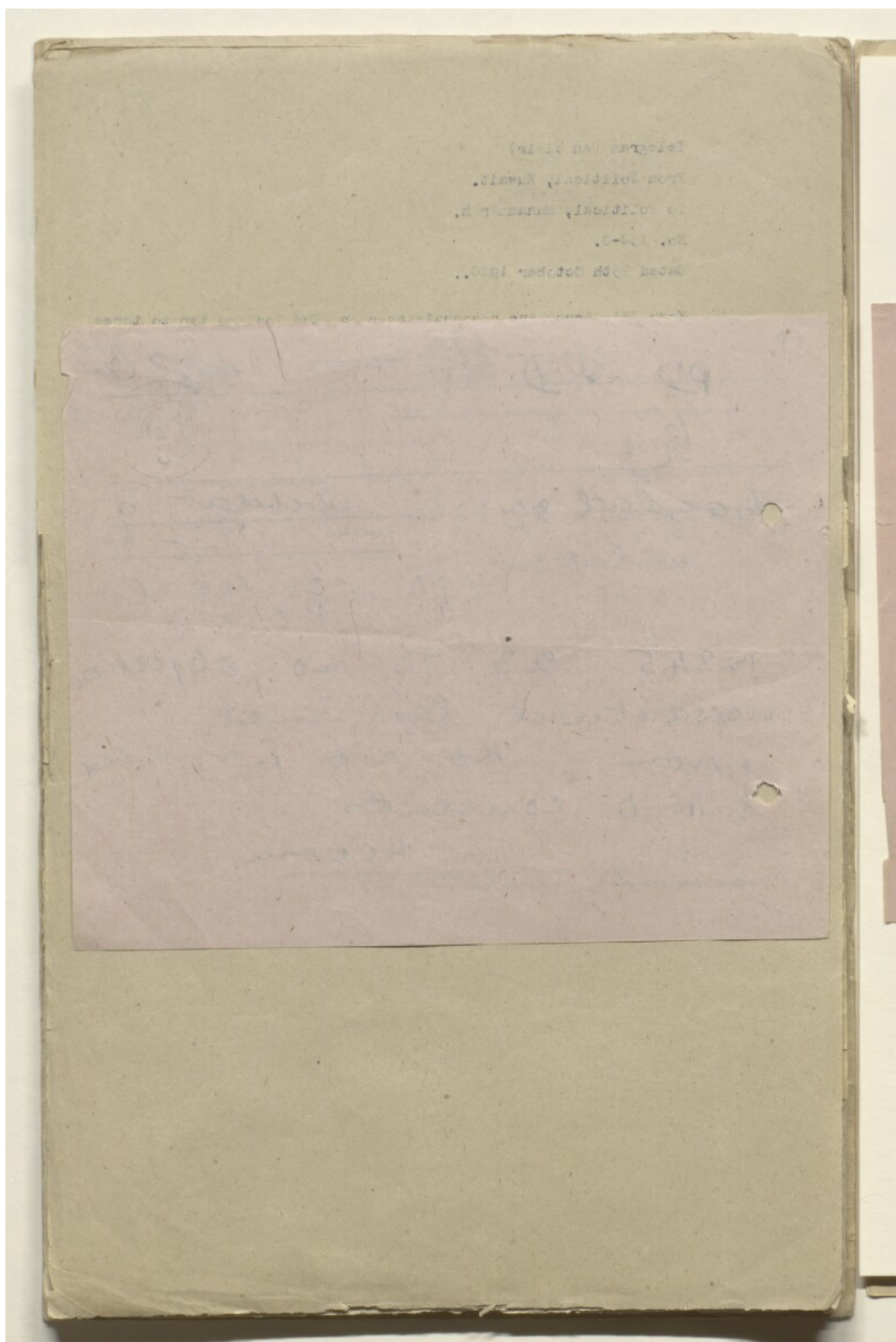
- Hicom =

N.B.—The name of the Sender, if telegraphed, is written after the text.

Tel. Charge & Sums—3176—30-9-18—60,000 Eka. (Edn. III).



[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [133v] (266/342)





[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [134r] (267/342)

C. *PB* MESSENGER TELEGRAPHS. *MA* 134

NOTICE.
This form must accompany any inquiry made respecting this Telegram.

Charges to pay
Rs. As.

Office Stamp.
KUWAIT
134

From (Name of Origin). Date Hour Minute Service Instructions.
TO *Bagdad 25* *State express 15*
Political
Koweit

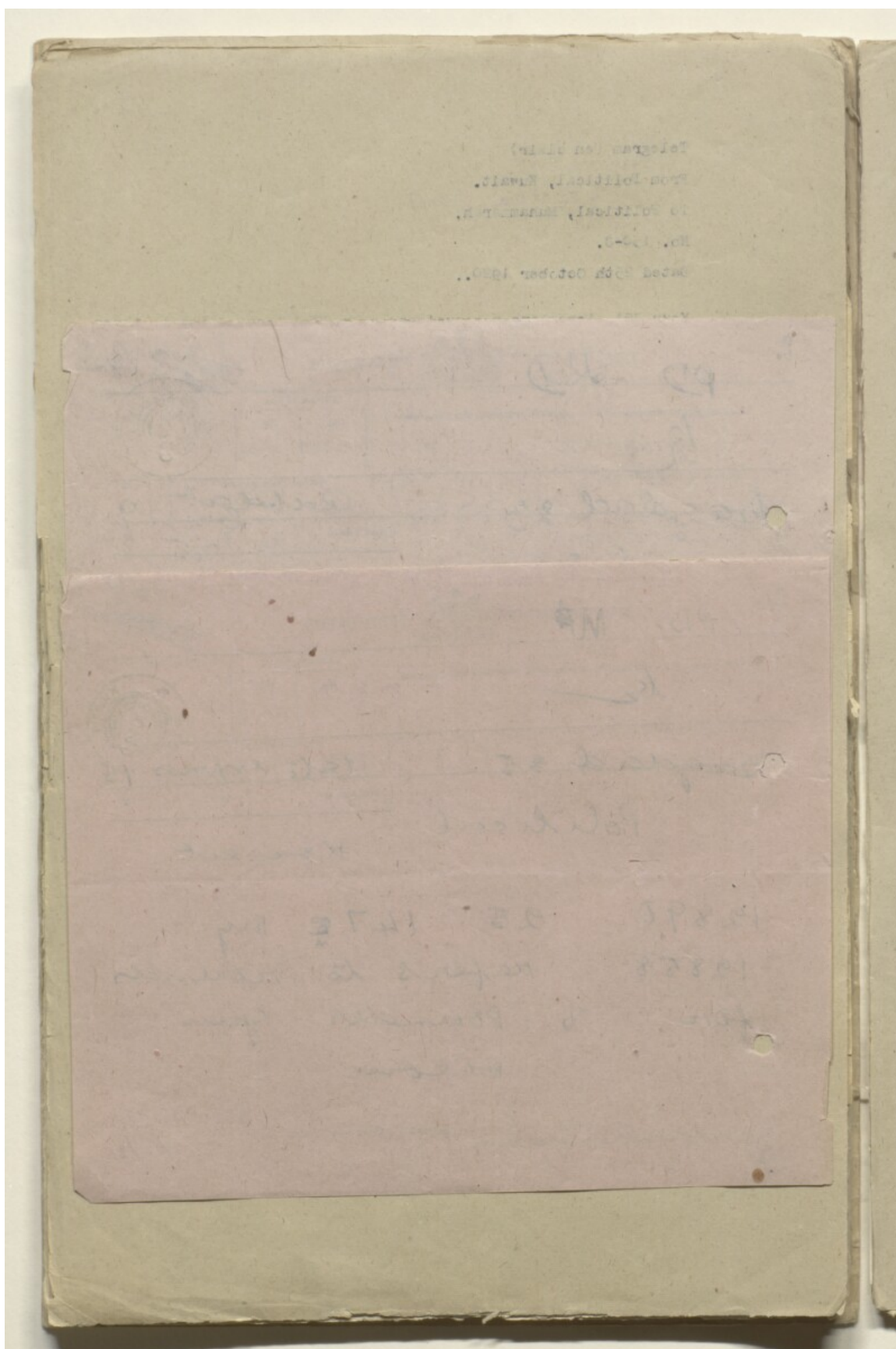
12890 25 147 My
12858 refers to rounds
for 3 pounder gun
Hi'com

N.B.—The name of the Sender, if telegraphed, is written after the text.
"a. Gland & Sons—5176—39 9-19—50,000 Box (Edn. III).

Reg^d No 260
26/10/20

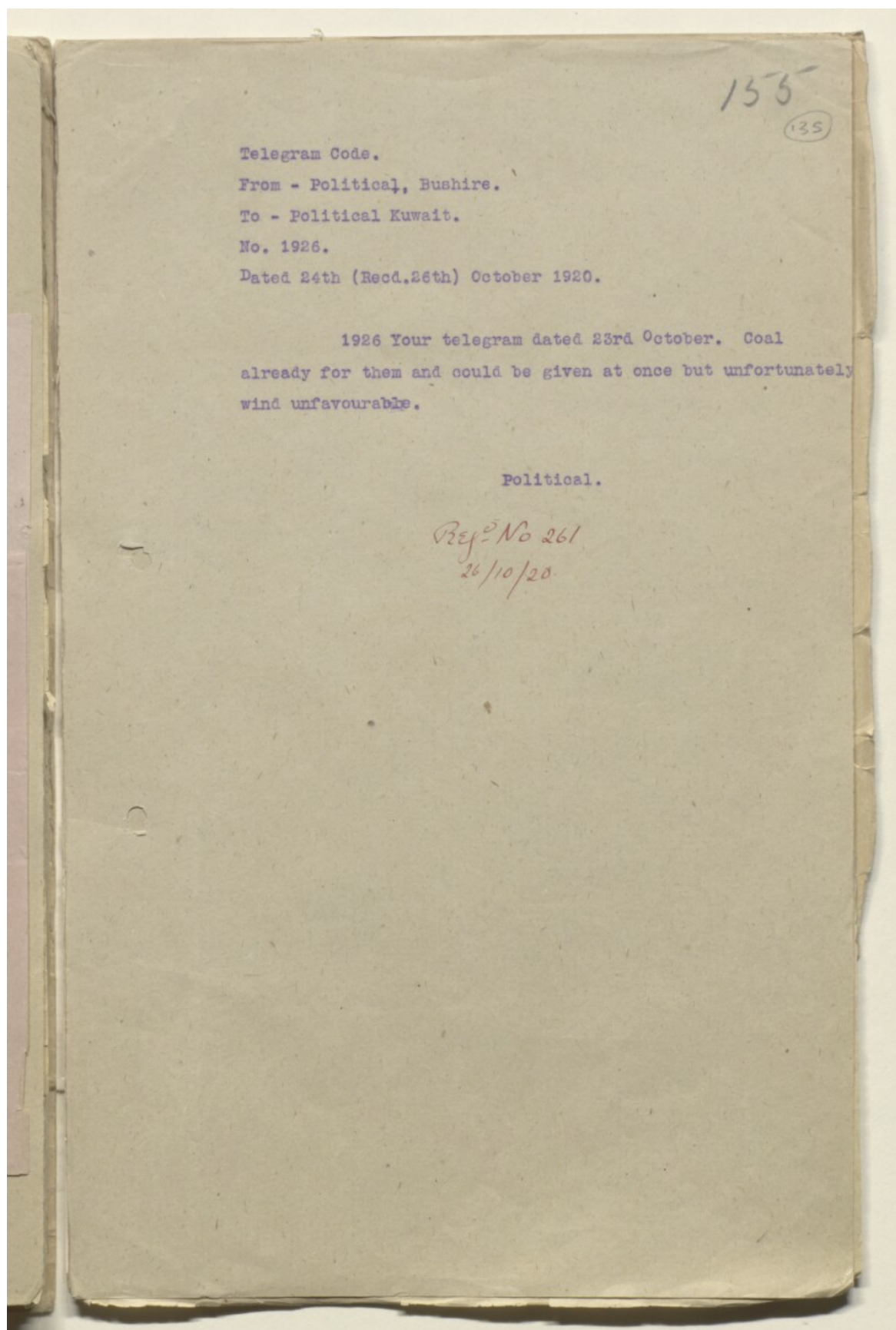


[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [134v] (268/342)



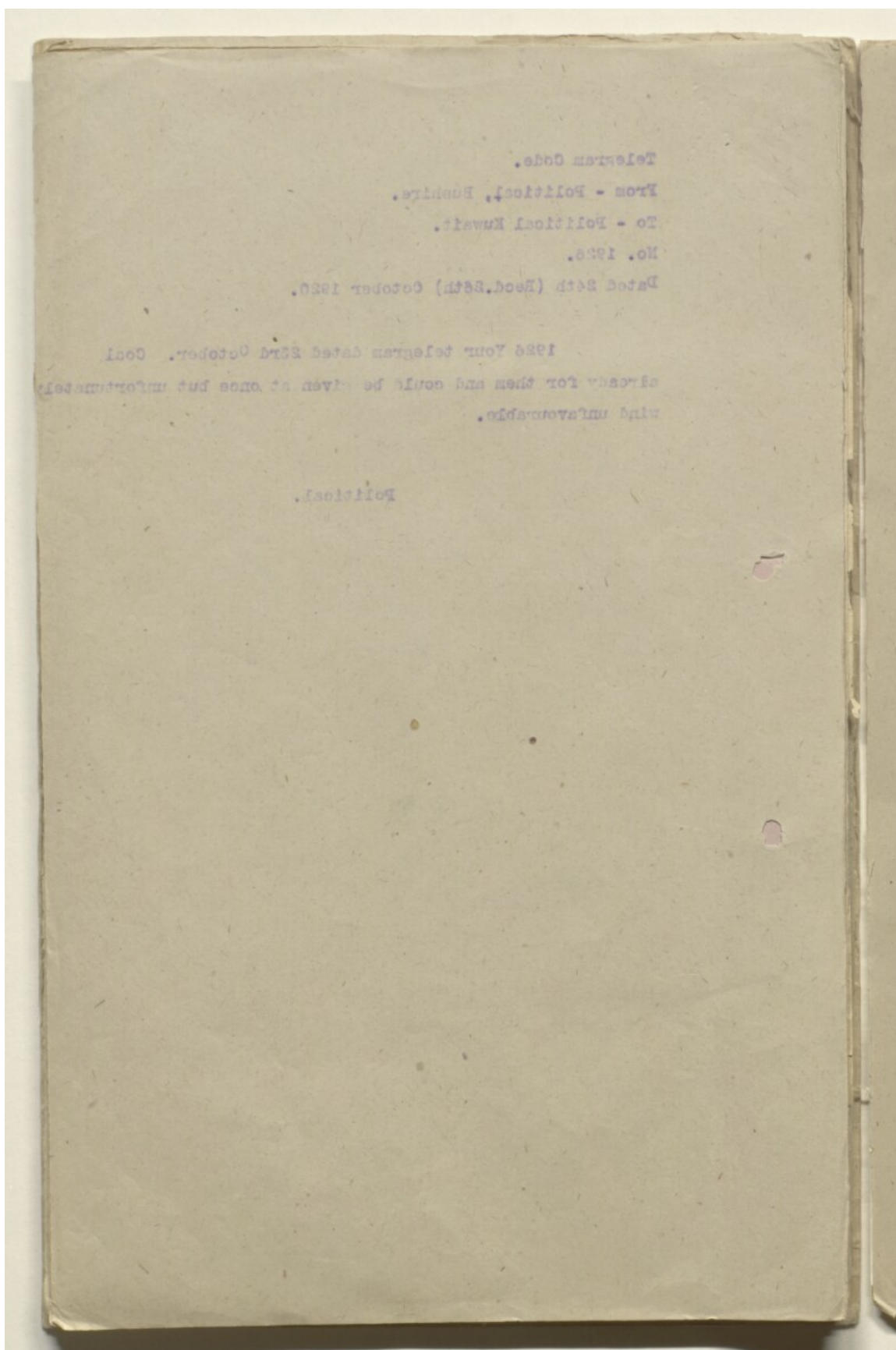


[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [135r] (269/342)



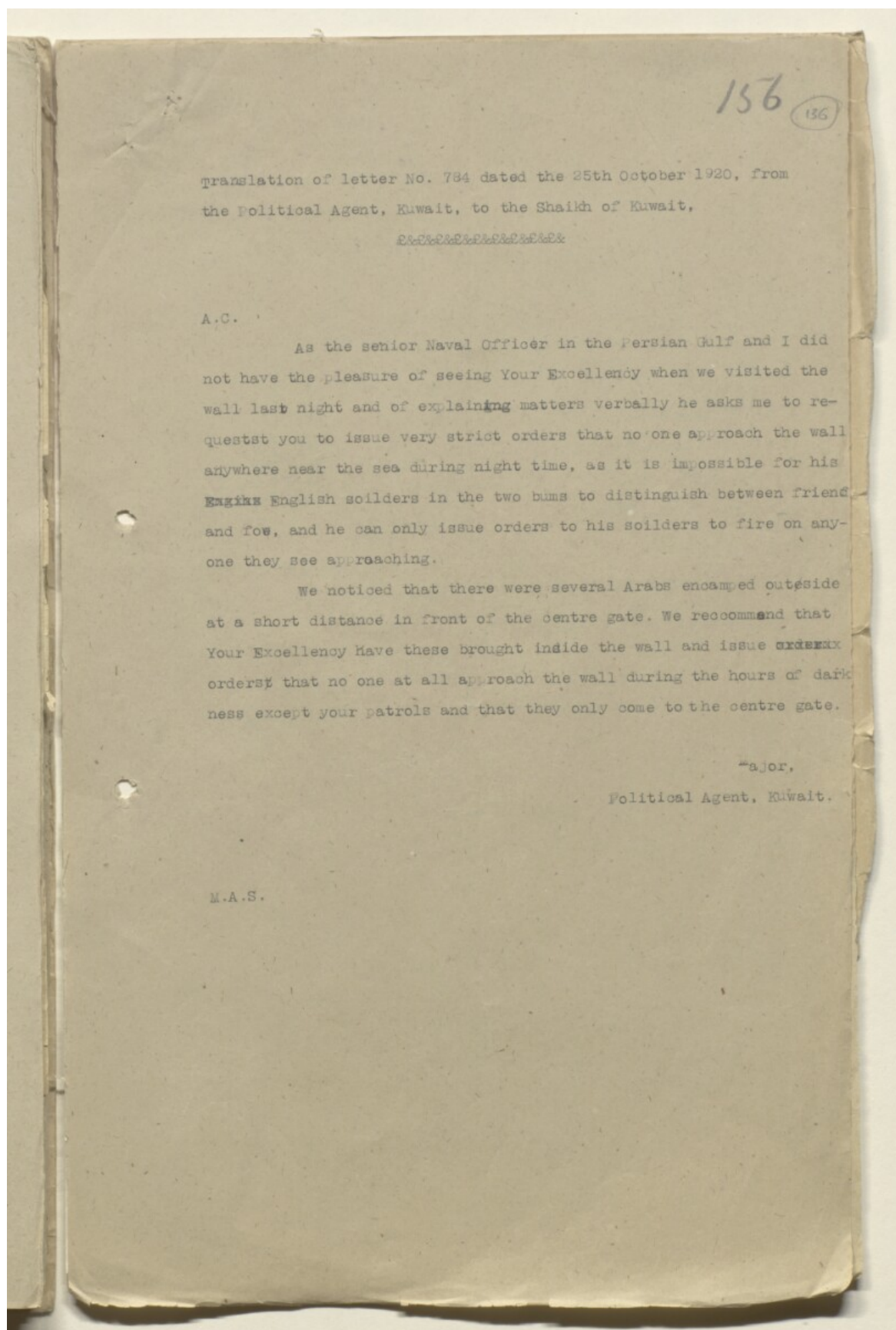


[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [135v] (270/342)





[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [136r] (271/342)



translation of letter No. 784 dated the 25th October 1920, from
the Political Agent, Kuwait, to the Shaikh of Kuwait,

~~XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX~~

A.C.

As the senior Naval Officer in the Persian Gulf and I did not have the pleasure of seeing Your Excellency when we visited the wall last night and of explaining matters verbally he asks me to requestst you to issue very strict orders that no one approach the wall anywhere near the sea during night time, as it is impossible for his ~~English~~ English soldiers in the two bums to distinguish between friend and foe, and he can only issue orders to his soldiers to fire on anyone they see approaching.

We noticed that there were several Arabs encamped outside at a short distance in front of the centre gate. We recommend that Your Excellency have these brought inside the wall and issue ~~orders~~ orders that no one at all approach the wall during the hours of darkness except your patrols and that they only come to the centre gate.

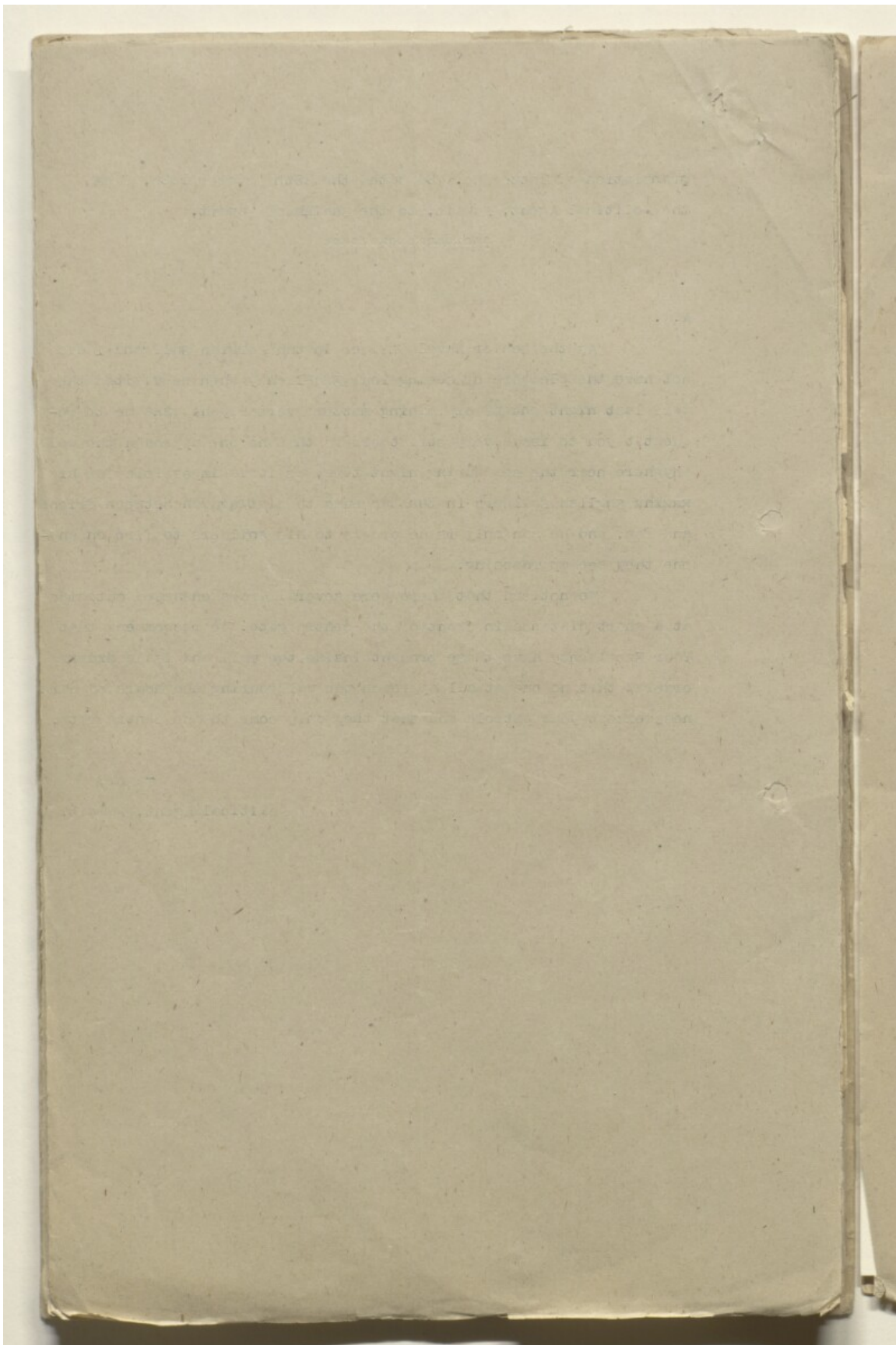
Major,

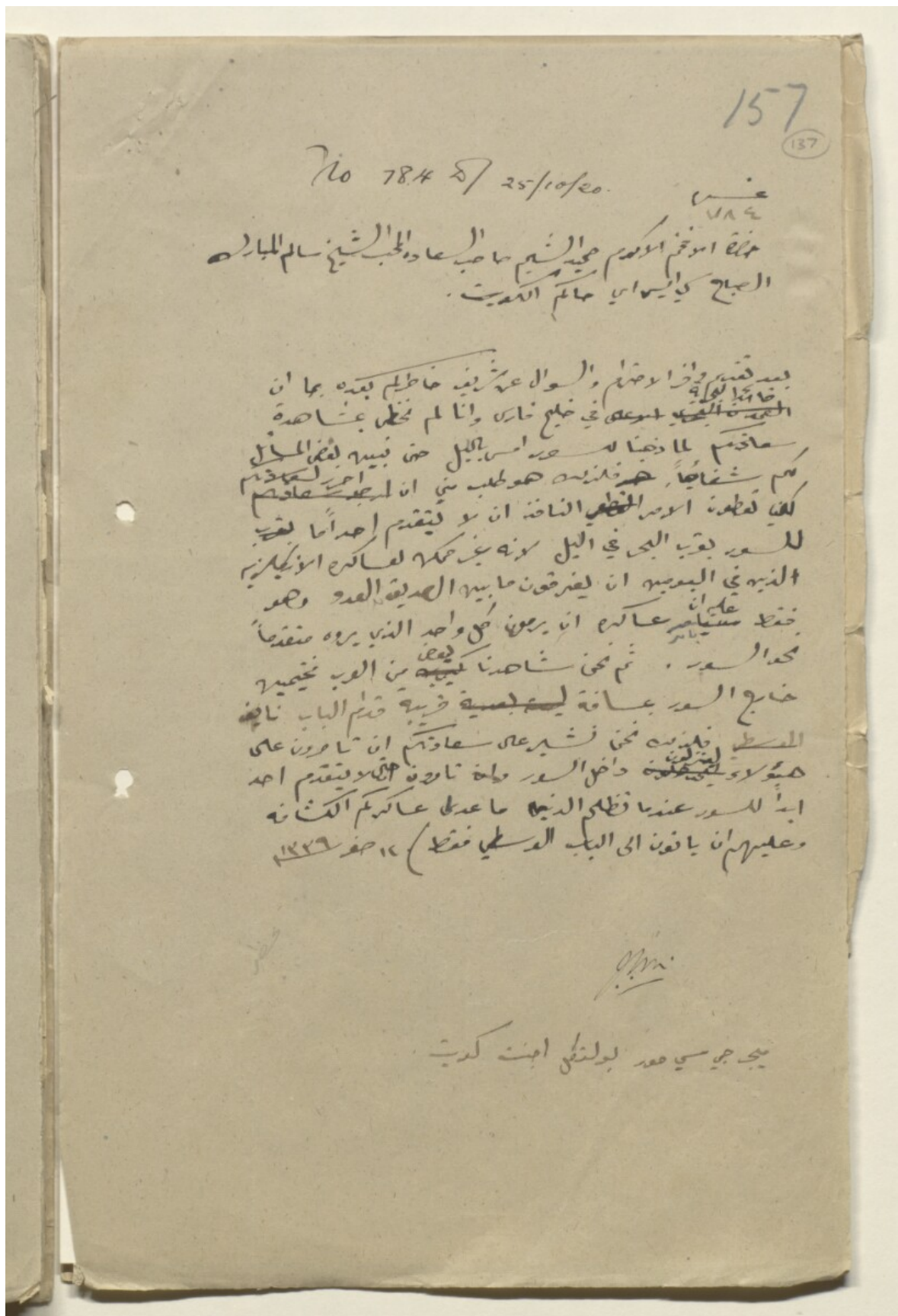
Political Agent, Kuwait.

M.A.S.



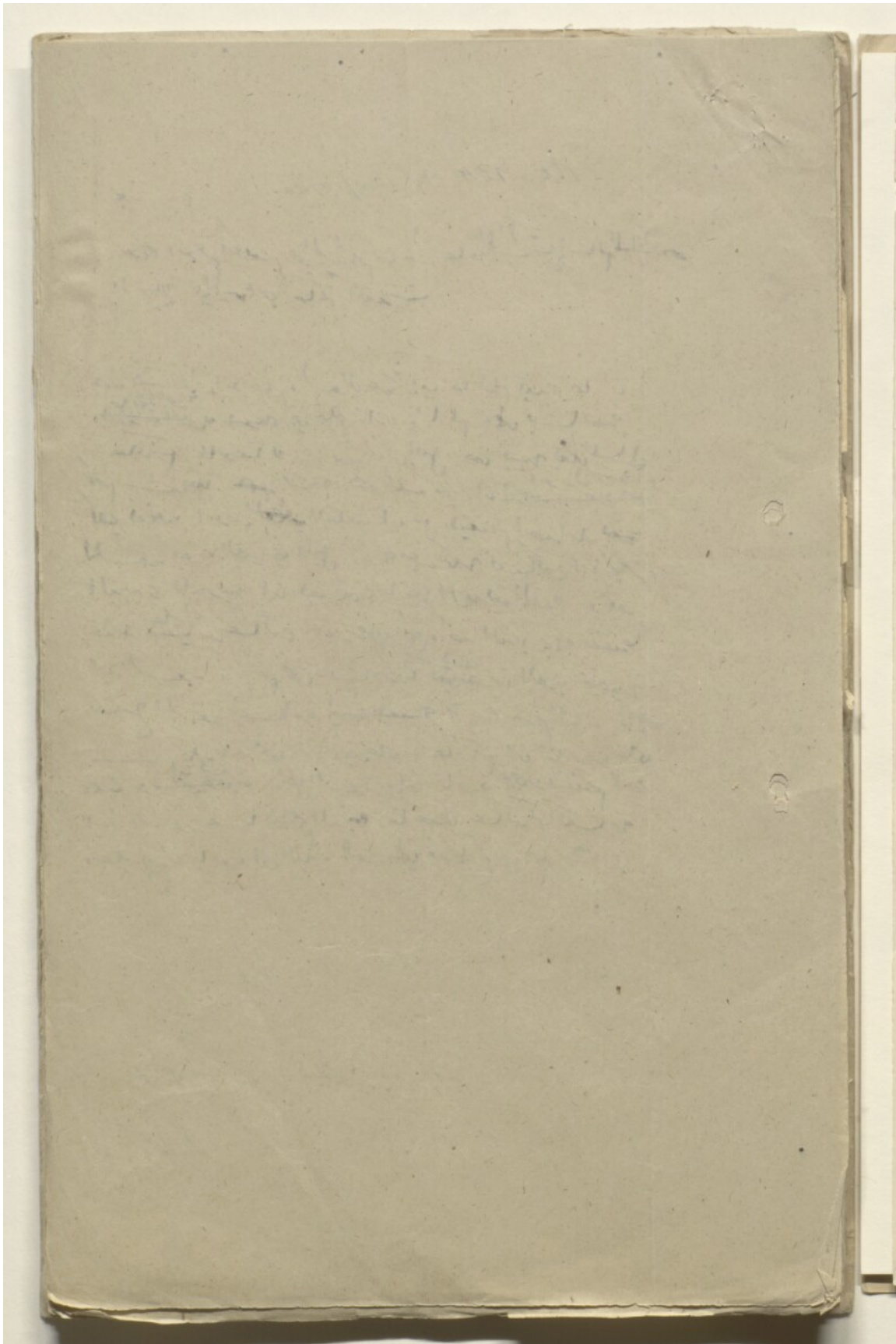
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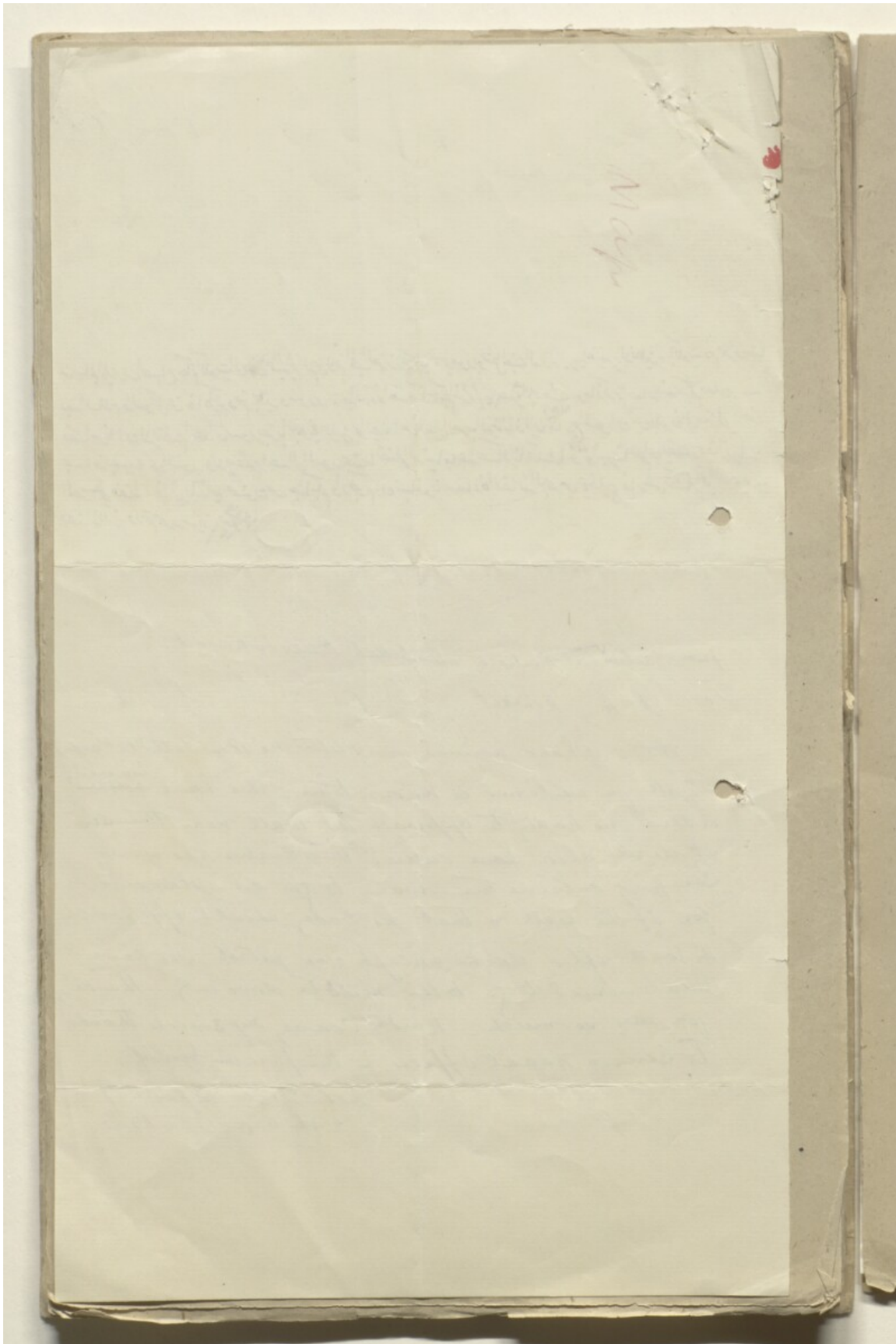
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celi 134 Safer 1339
± 260 October 1920.

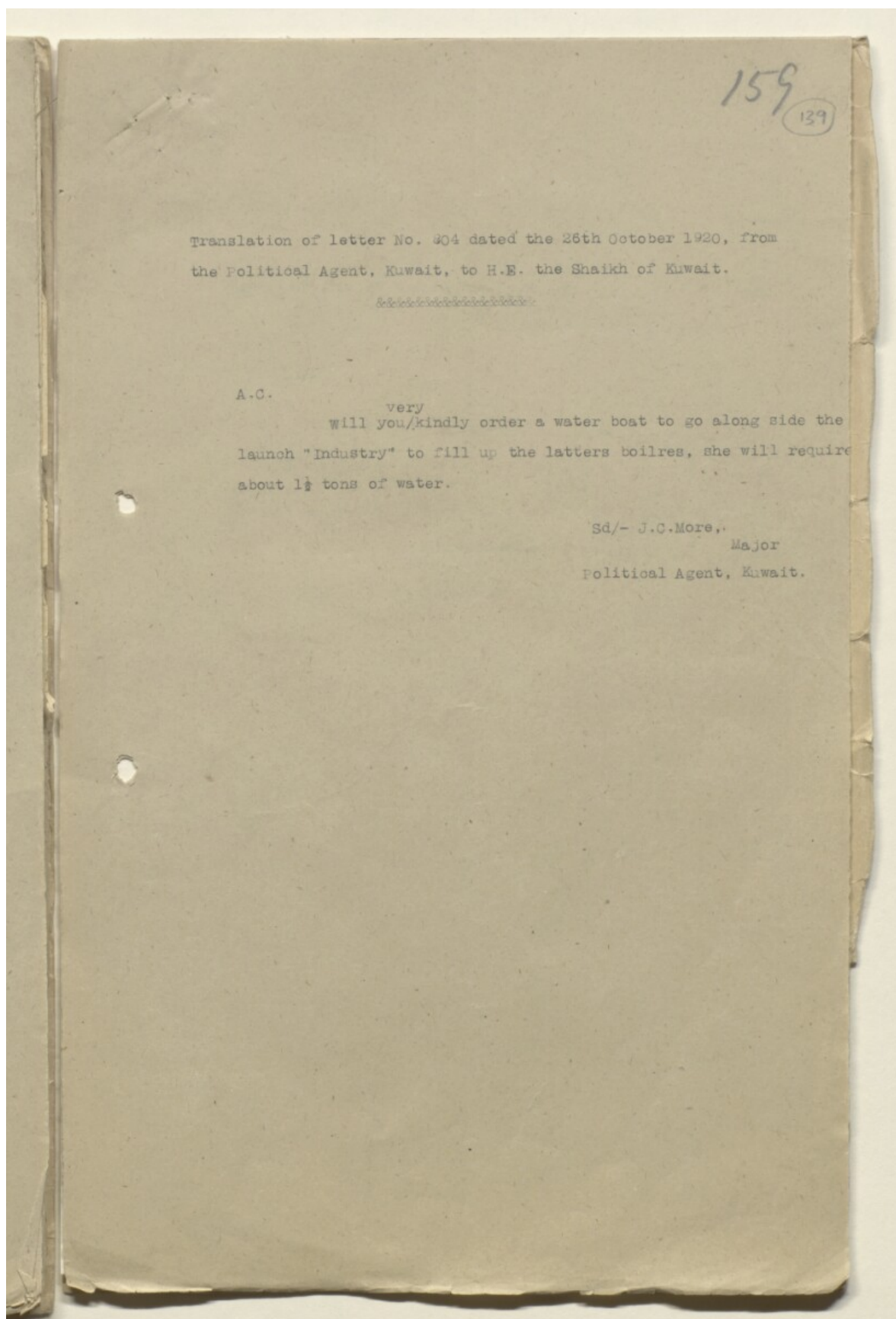


[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa`ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [138v] (276/342)



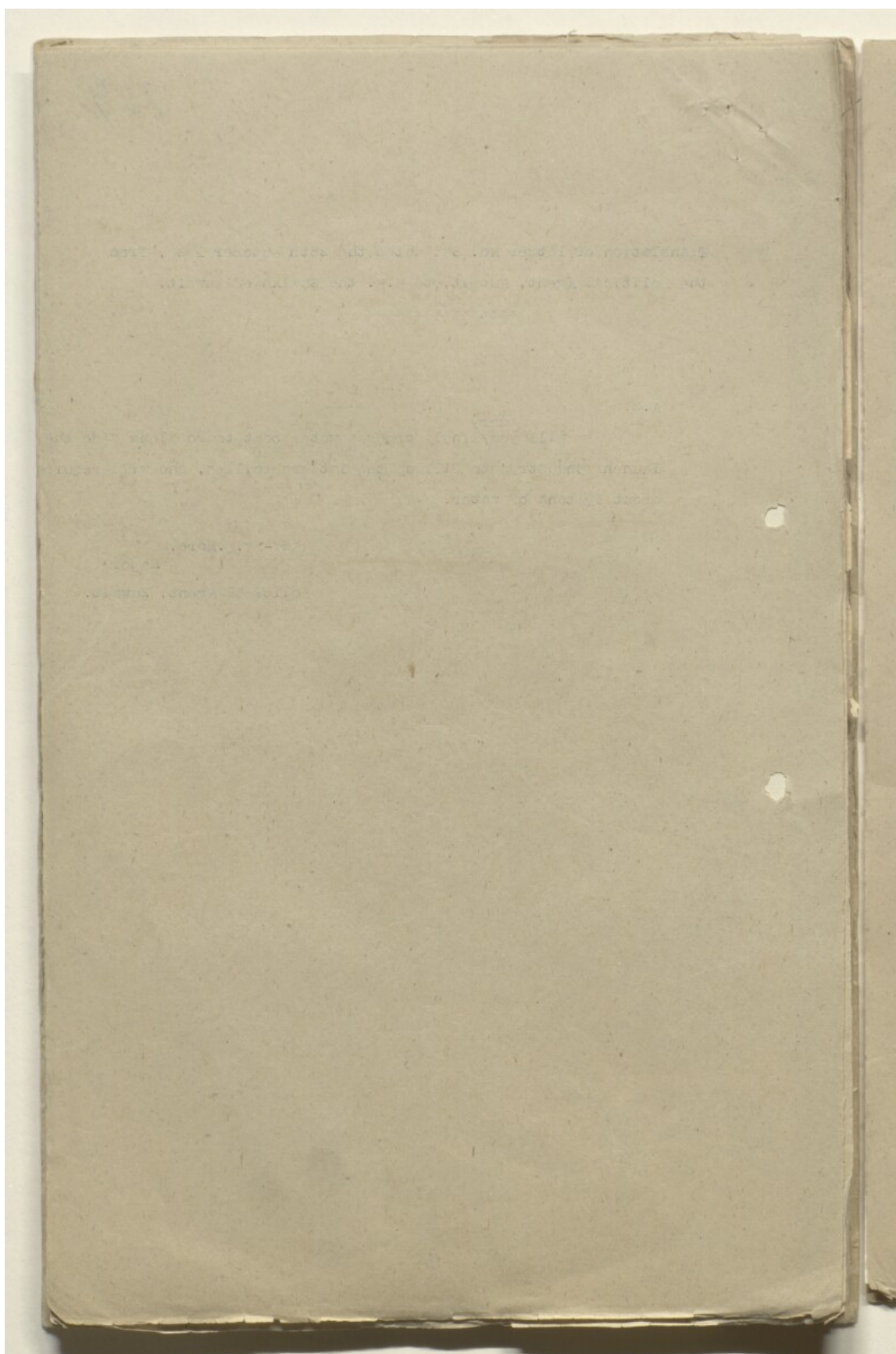


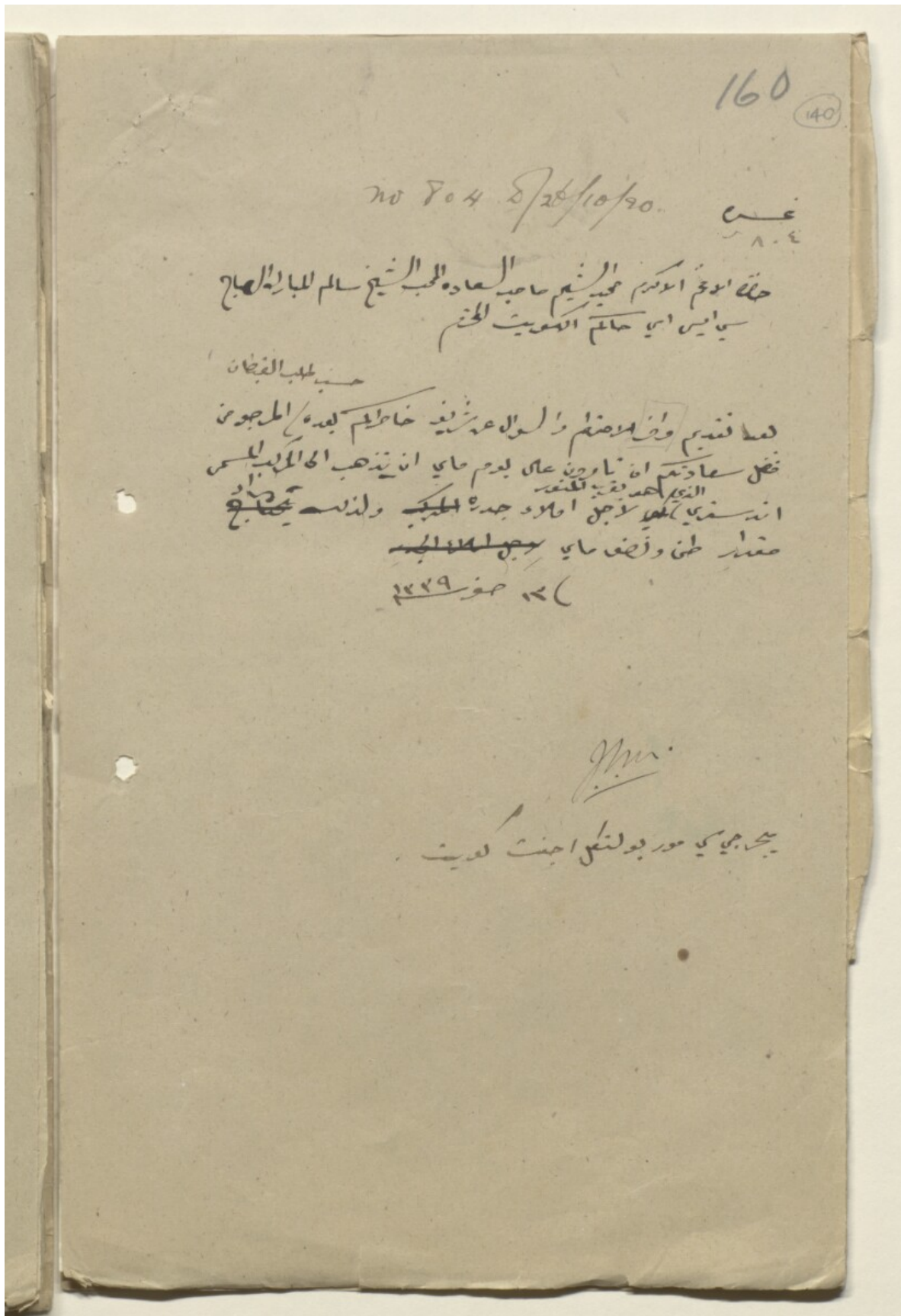
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [139r] (277/342)





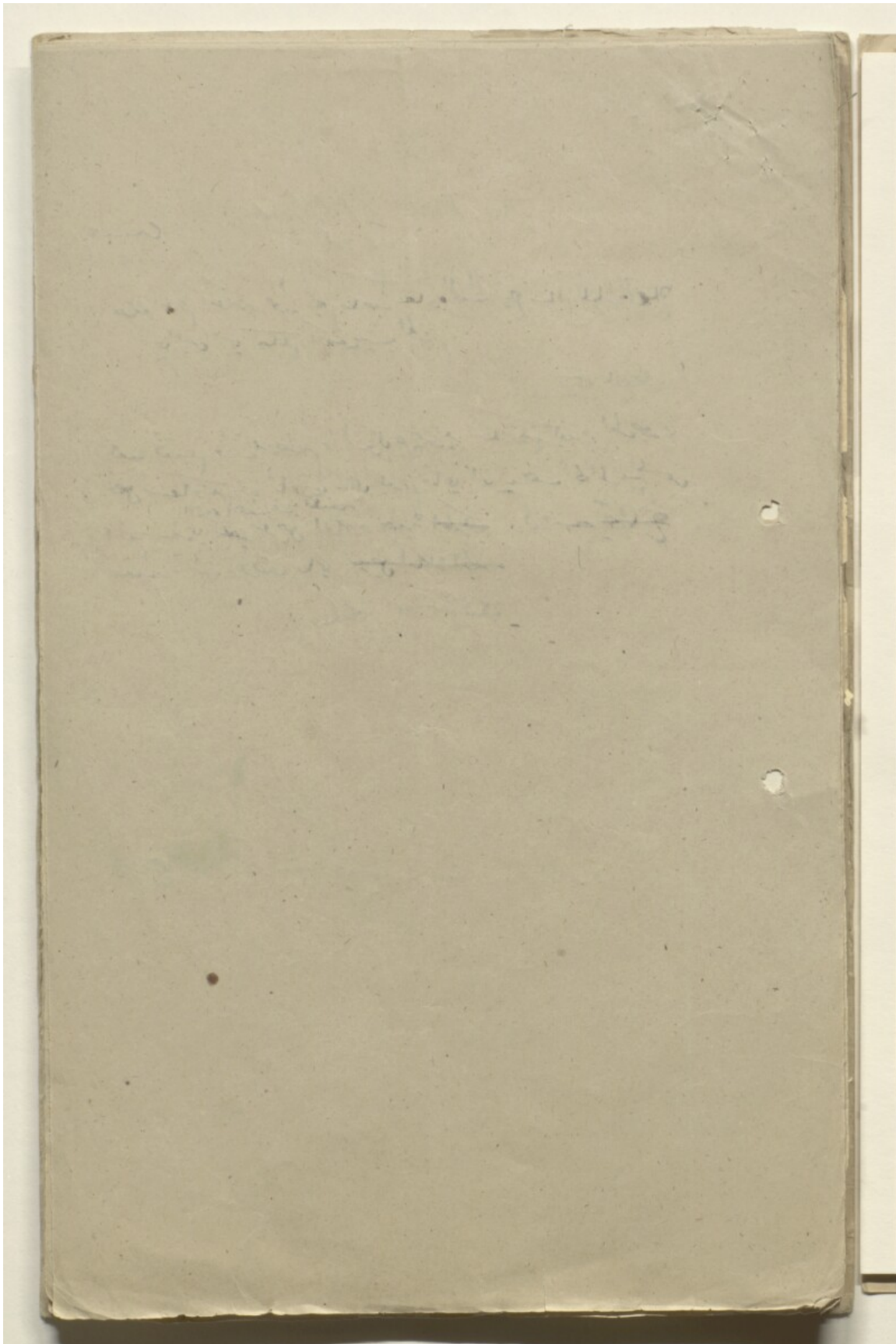
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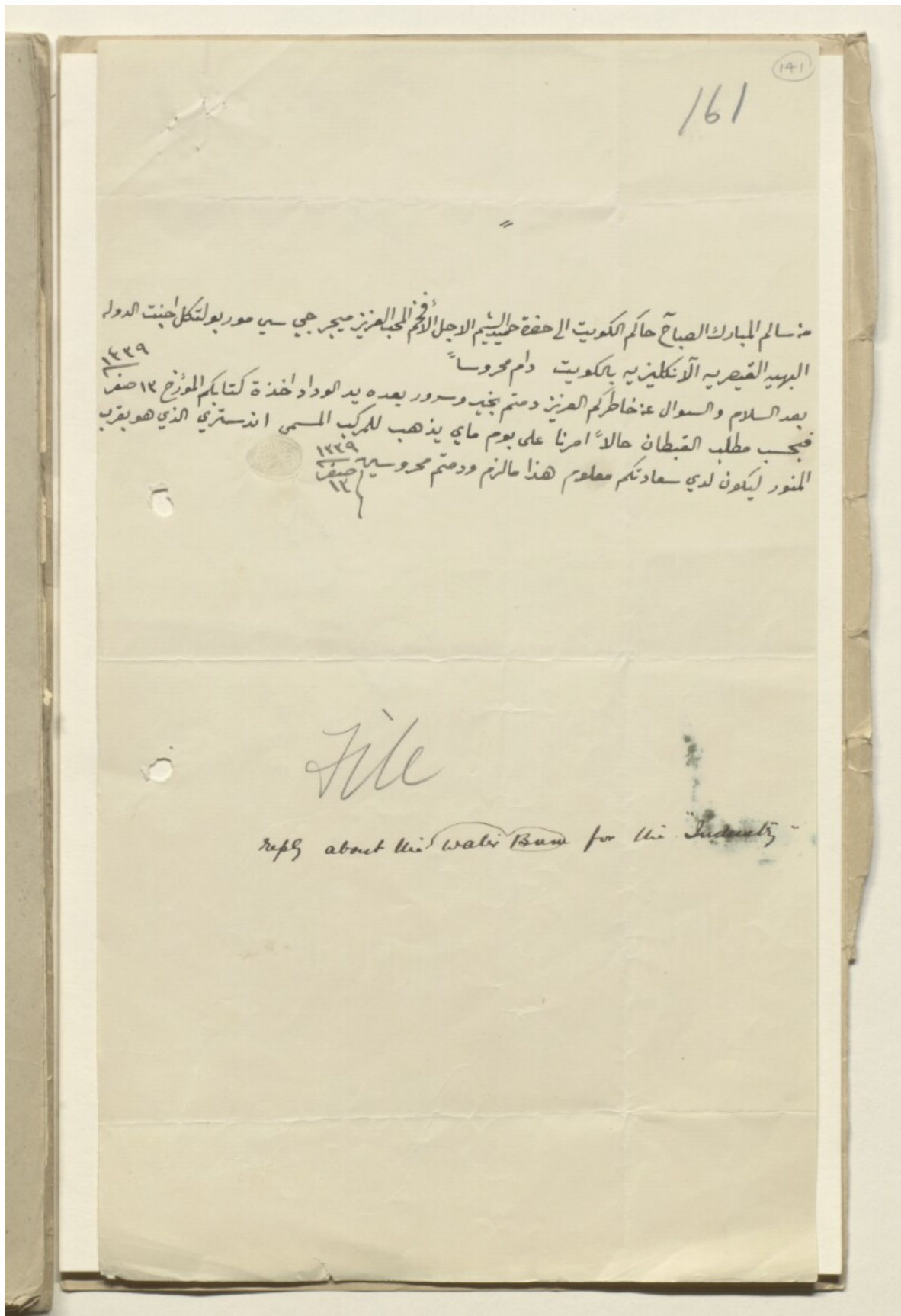






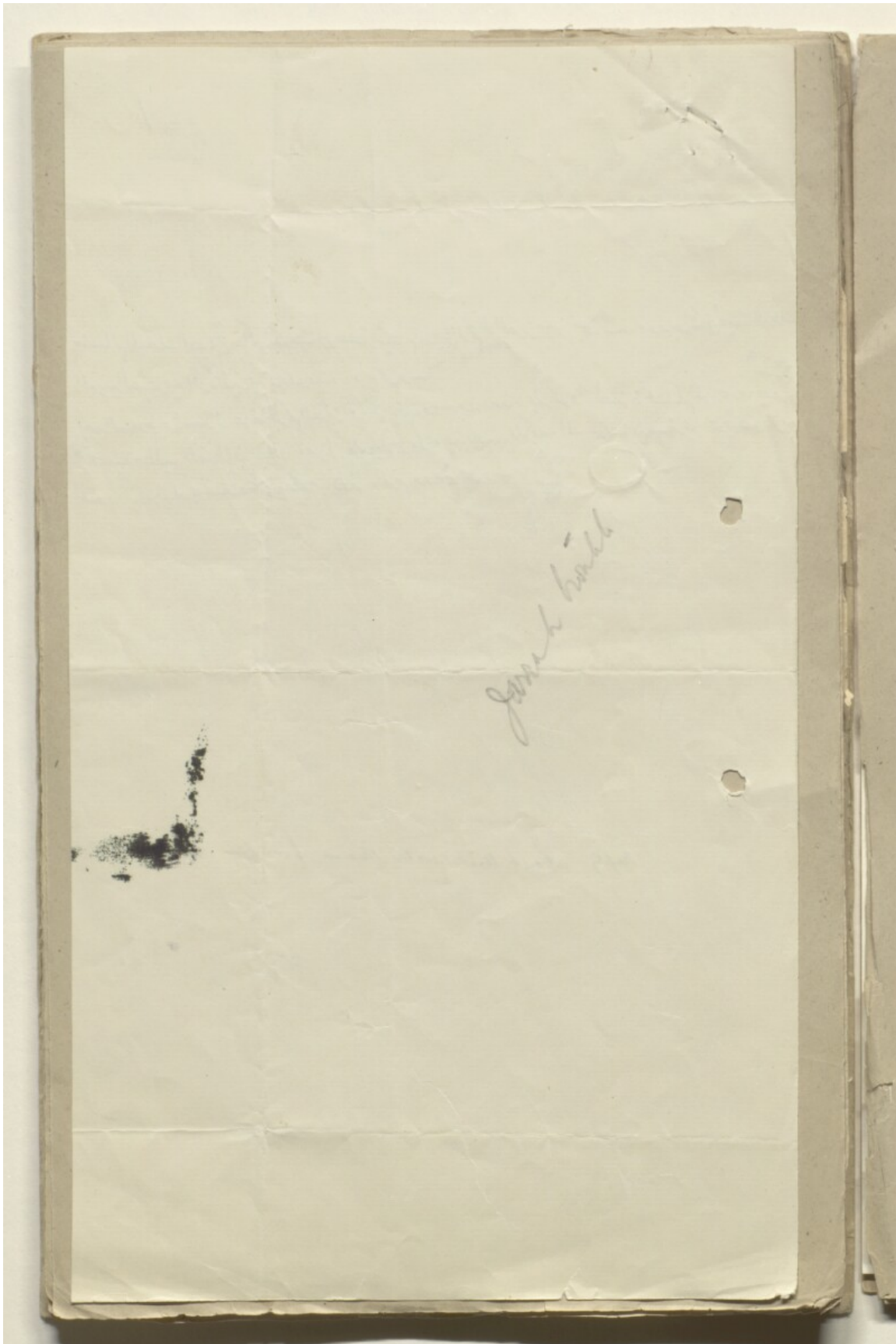
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa`ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [140v] (280/342)

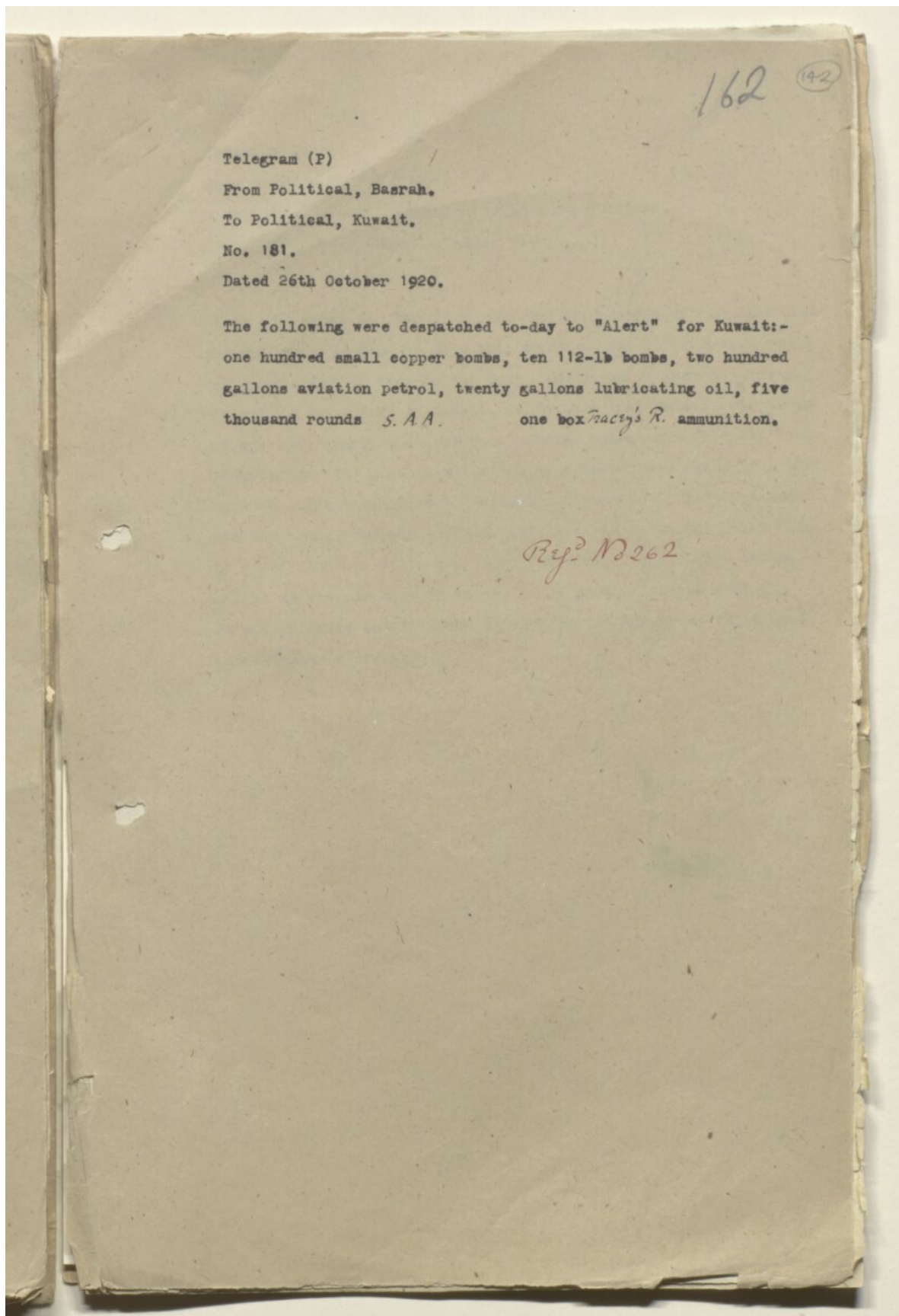






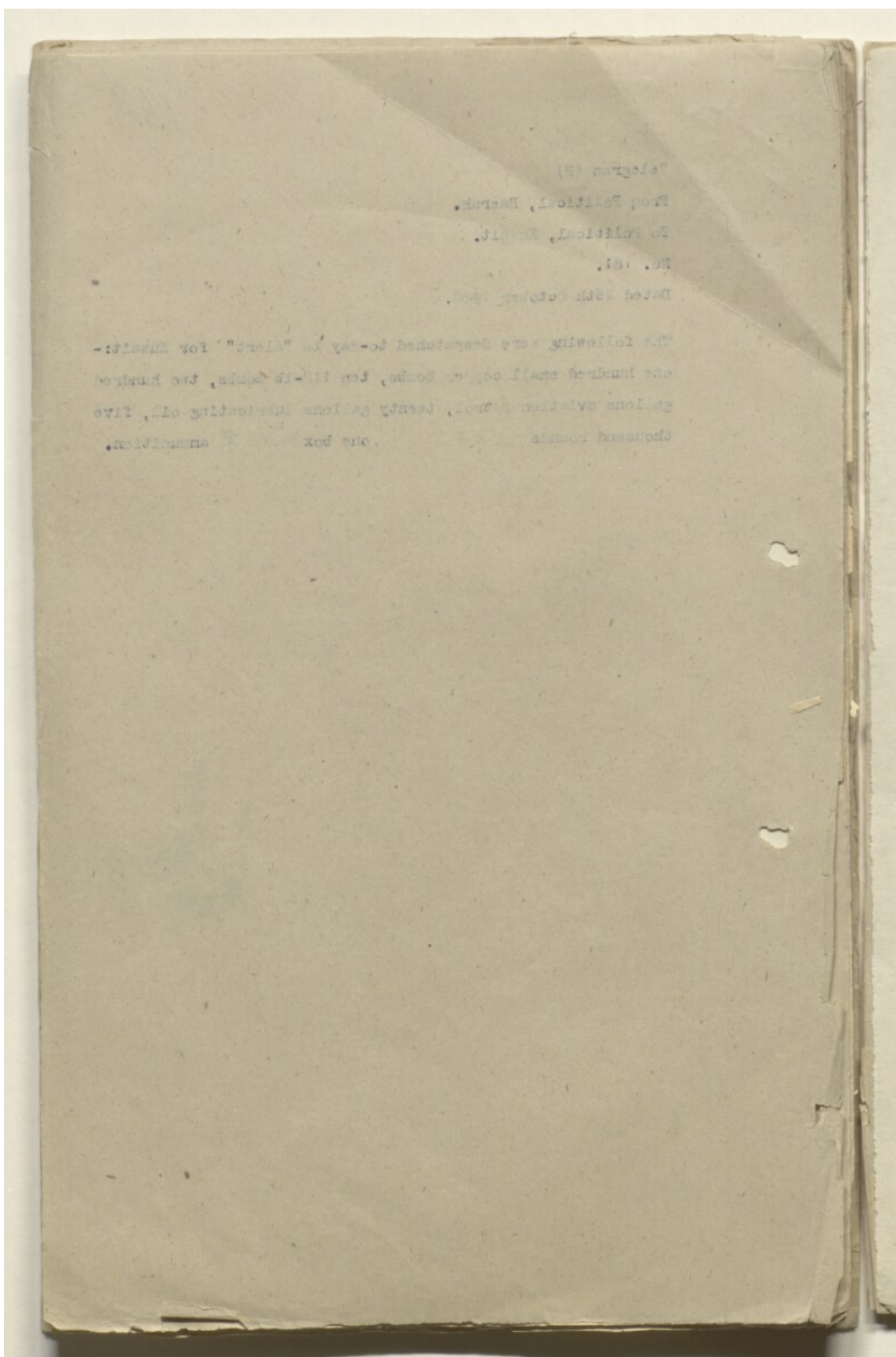
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa`ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [141v] (282/342)

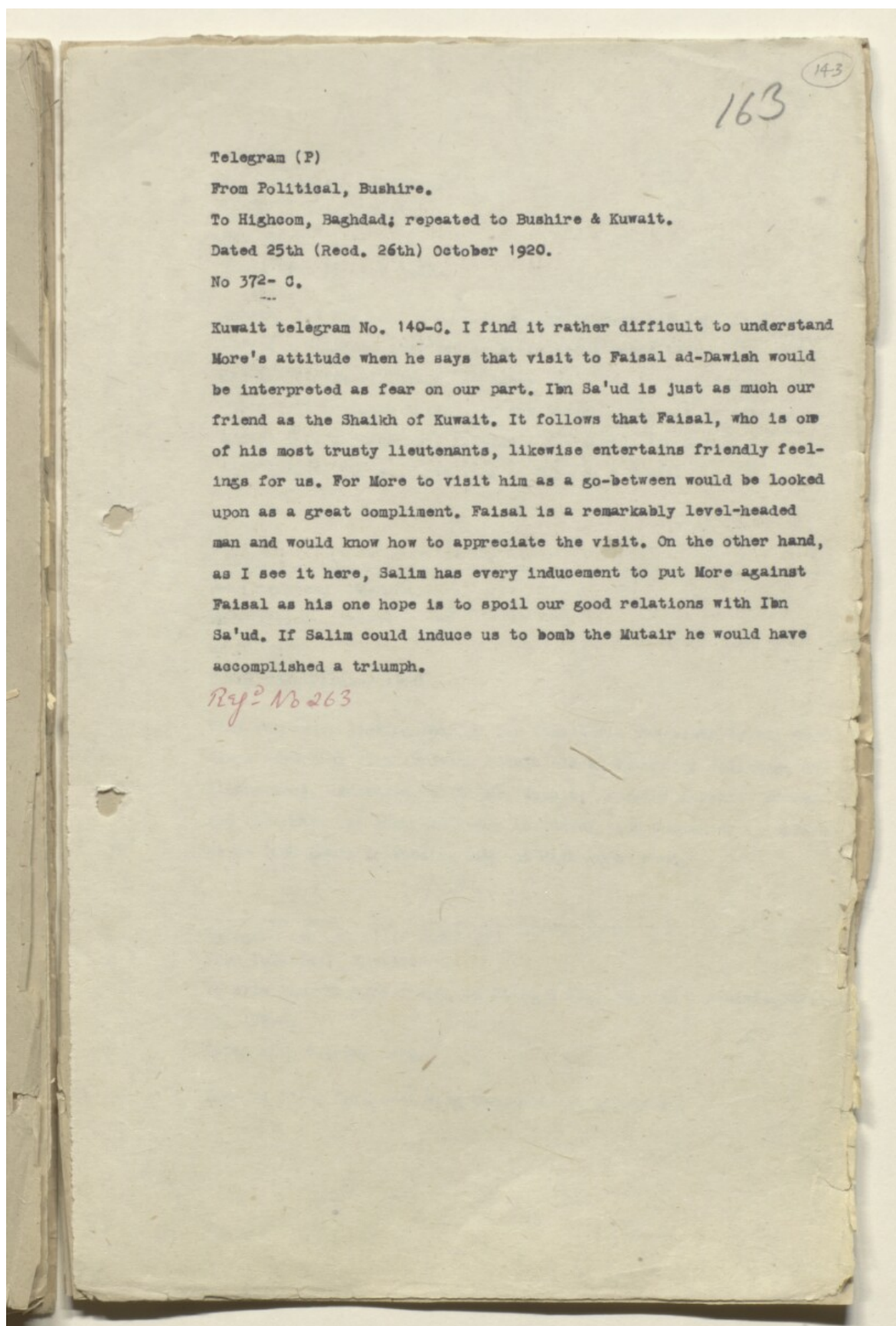






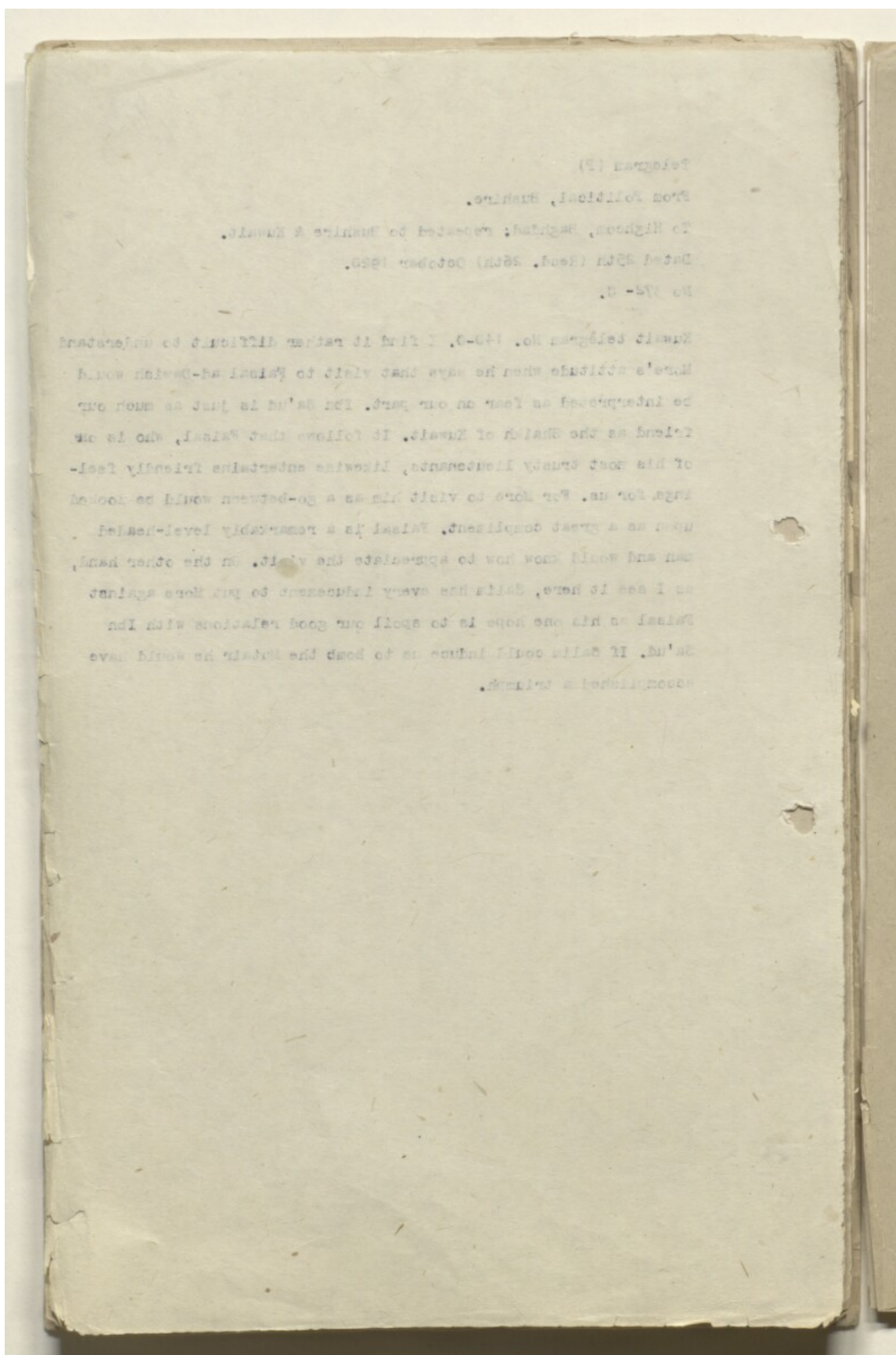
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[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [143v] (286/342)





Telegram (P)

From Political, Bahrain.

To Political, Kuwait.

No. 378-C.

Dated 26th October 1920.

Shaikh 'Isa has sent a formal message through his son 'Abdullah offering his good services to bring about peace between Ibn Sa'ud and the Shaikh of Kuwait. He makes the offer in confidence, and would like an early answer. If the Shaikh of Kuwait is willing to accept this arrangement, I think I can square Ibn Sa'ud.

Addressed to Baghdad; repeated to Bushire & Kuwait.

Reg^d No 264

From Aviation, Baghdad.

To Political, Kuwait.

No. 48 33/1.

Dated 26th October 1920.

Wing commander leaving Baghdad for Kuwait via Shu'aibah by air 0600 hours to-morrow 27th arriving Kuwait midday returning following day. Please meet. Addressed Political, Kuwait, repeated Aeroait, Shaibah who will have two machines ready to convey Wing Commander on arrival about 1000 hours to Kuwait. GHQ and Highcom by hand.

Reg^d No 265

Telegram (en clair) (Clear line)

From Political, Kuwait.

To Aviation, Baghdad; repd. to Hicom & GHQ, Baghdad & Aeroait, Shaiba

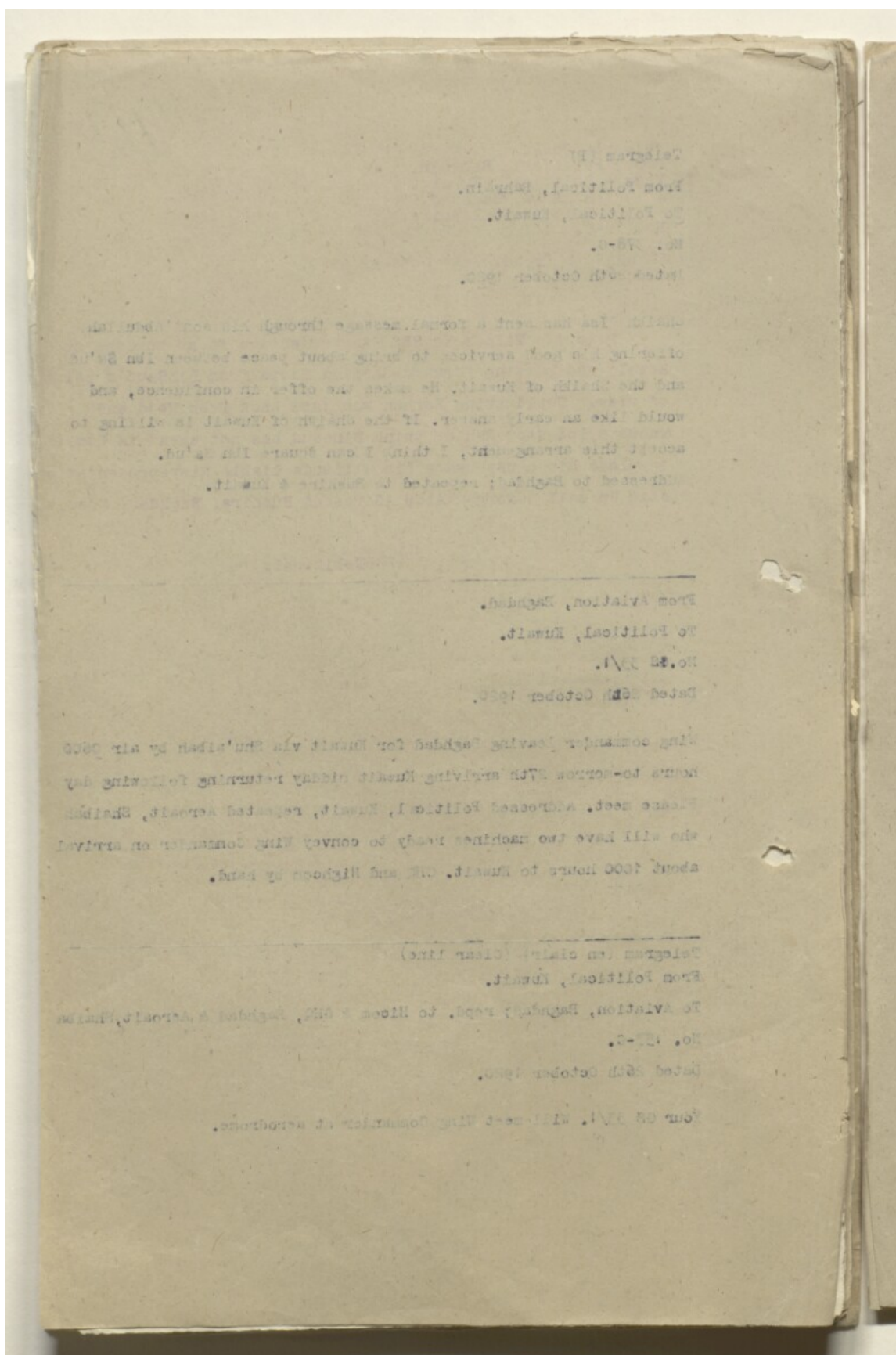
No. 153-C.

Dated 26th October 1920.

Your GS 33/1. Will meet Wing Commander at aerodrome.



[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan
[144v] (288/342)





Telegram Code.
From, Political, Bahrain.
To ~~From~~ - Political, Kuwait.
Highcom, Baghdad.
Political, Bushire.
No. 379-G.

Dated 26th (recd. 26th) October 1920.

165 (145)

Priority Wilson No. 85. Any objection to my running up
Koweit and putting forward certain facts from BinSaud's point
of view. Could bring Farhan who just back from Nejd and
knows a lot stop Bahter think Binsaud has not agent in Koweit
to plead his cause hence his attitude liable misrepresentation
stop Up mail tomorrow stop Addressed Bushire, Baghdad, Koweit.

Political.

Reg^d No 266

Telegram (P)

From Political, Kuwait.

To Highcom; repd. to Bushire & Bahrain

No. 154-G.

Dated 26th October 1920.

Bahrain telegram No. 379-G. In my opinion presence in Bahrain
more useful at present juncture to watch movements of Hasa tribes

Telegram (P)

From Political, Kuwait.

To Highcom; repd. to Bushire & Bahrain.

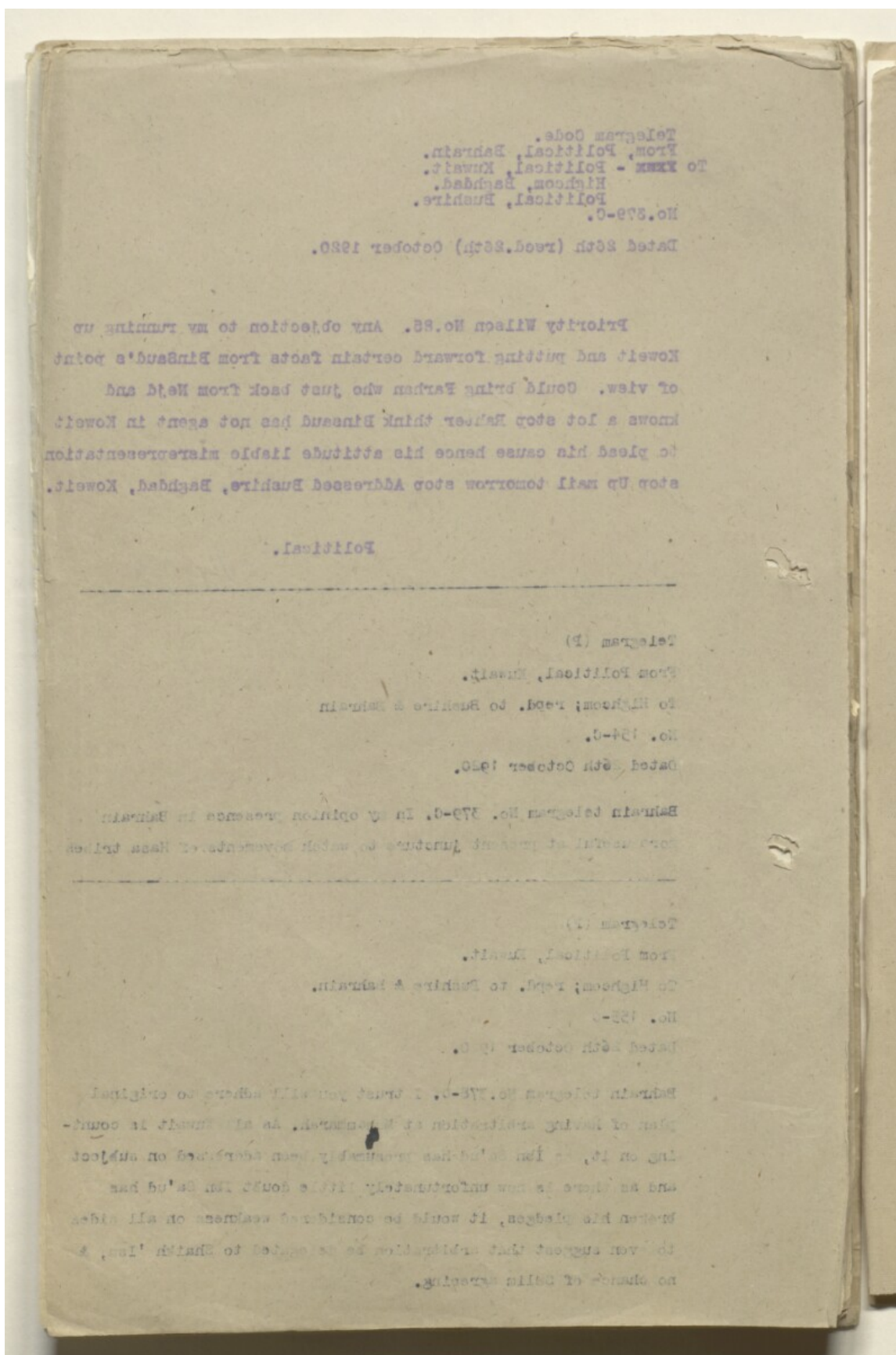
No. 155-G

Dated 26th October 1920.

Bahrain telegram No. 378-G. I trust you will adhere to original
plan of having arbitration at Muhammarah. As all Kuwait is count-
ing on it, as Ibn Sa'ud has presumably been addressed on subject
and as there is now unfortunately little doubt Ibn Sa'ud has
broken his pledges, it would be considered weakness on all sides
to even suggest that arbitration be delegated to Shaikh 'Isa, &
no chance of Salim agreeing.



[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [145v] (290/342)





160 (146)
Telegram (P)

From Political, Kuwait.

To Highcom; repd. Bushire, Bahrain & Navy

No. 156-C

Dated 27th October 1920

Shaikh's representative who accompanied delegates has returned with letter from Dawish to effect that as Shaikh and people of Kuwait have not complied with his terms and become "muslims" the truce is at an end.

When man left Ikhwan ~~left~~ were loading up water and intended leaving for Safah morning ~~with~~ 26th October to await ammunition etc. Their losses at Jahrah in killed and died of wounds nearly 1300. He heard 'Ajman, Bani Hajir, 'Awazim etc. concentrating from Ras as-Safaniyay to north of Jariyah, and that Ibn Saud's cousin known as Abu Dha'ir with them.

Telegram (P)

From Political, Bahrain.

To Political, Kuwait.

No. 375-C.

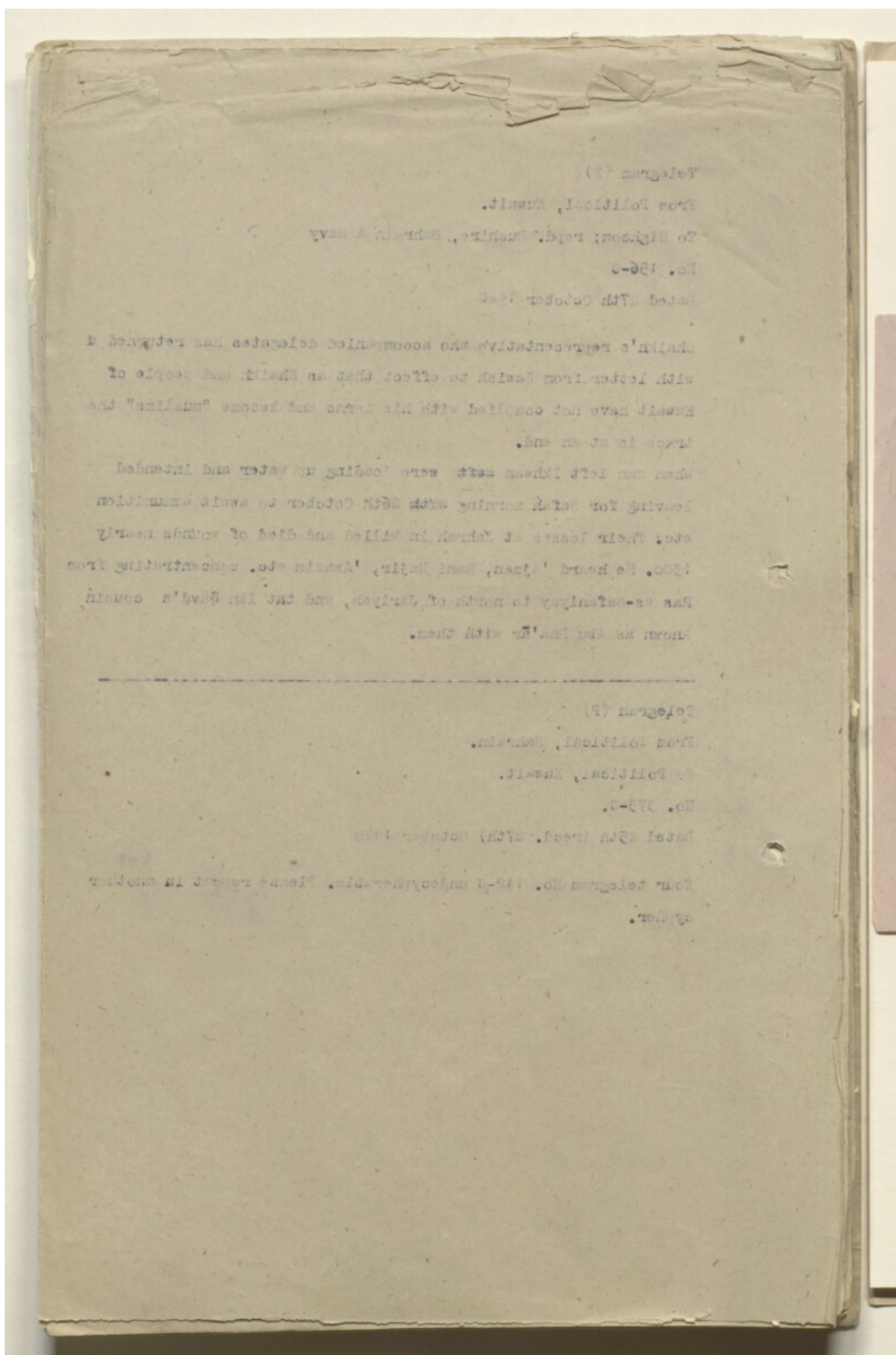
Dated 25th (recd. 27th) October 1920

Your telegram No. 142-C undecypherable. Please repeat in another cypher.

Regd No 166



[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [146v] (292/342)





000

Ref^d No 267 167

MESOPOTAMIA TELEGRAPHS.

NOTICE.

The form must accompany any inquiry made respecting this Telegram.

Charges to pay.

Ra. As.

Office Stamp

27 OCT 20

Handed in at (Office of Origin).

Date Hour Minute

Service Instructions.

Clear

27

8 13

Political Kuwait

911 1948 on no account

are you to leave bahrein till

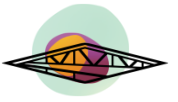
I have visited you in lawrence

you know I am coming and

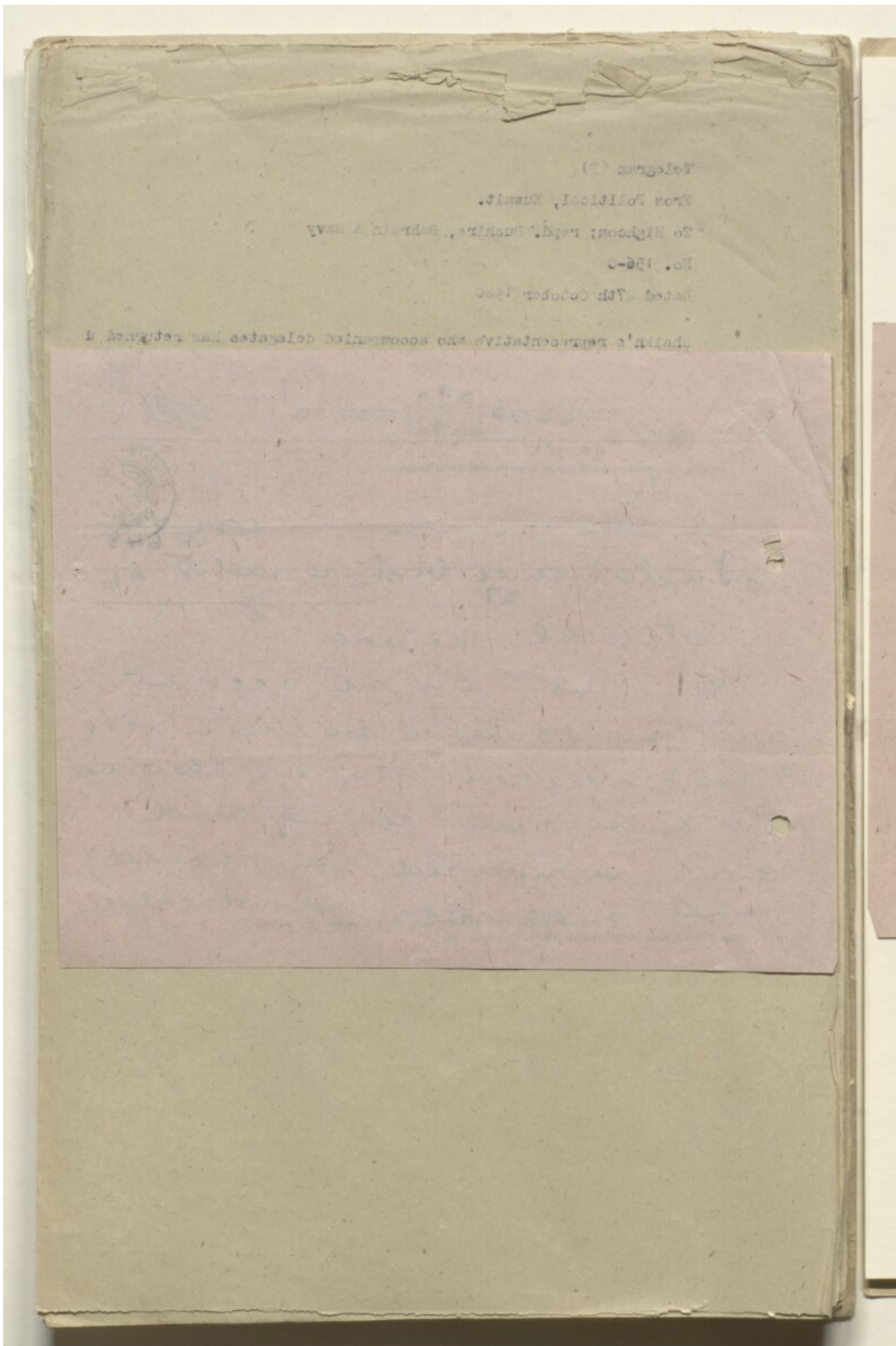
I am surprised you should

make suggestion addsd bahrein

Let Charles E. Snow—3170—09-9-19—00,000 (Edu. III).



[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [147v] (294/342)





[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [148r] (295/342)

168 (148)

C. MESOPOTAMIAN TELEGRAPHS.

NOTICE.
This form must accompany any inquiry made respecting this Telegram.

Charges to pay.	
Rs.	As.

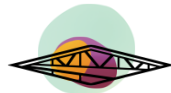
Office Stamp
KUWAIT
2300120
NE

Handed in at (Office of Origin).	Date	Hour	Minute	Service Instructions.	Words.

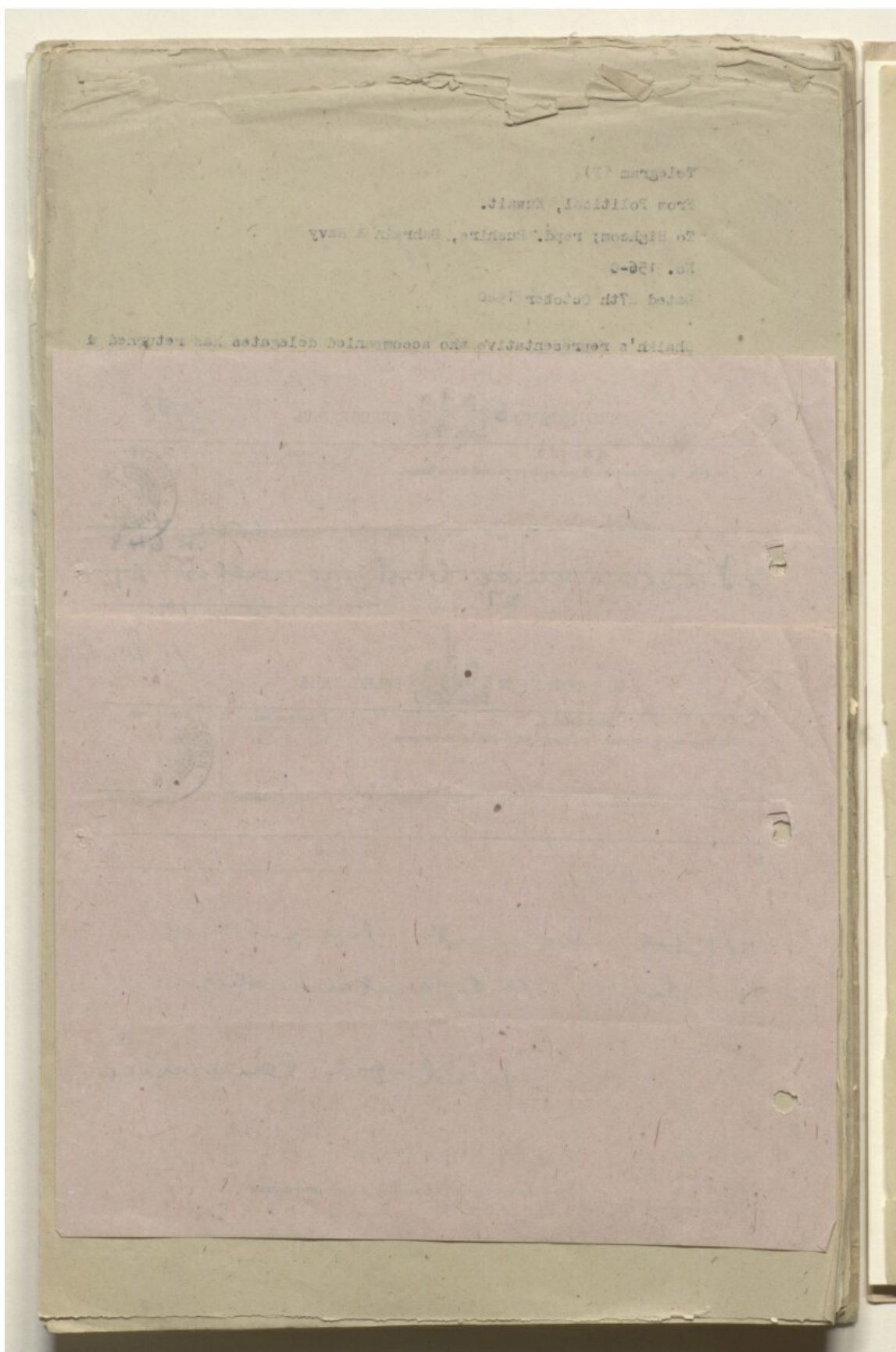
TO (2)

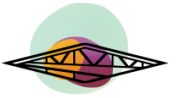
reftel Kuwait bagdad
bushire acknowledge
Wilson Lawrence

N.P. - The name of the Sender, if telegraphed, is written after the text.
Lal Chand & Sons--2176--20-9-48--50,000 Bha. E.M. 111.



[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [148v] (296/342)





942 ~~62~~ RAE HQ Muscat - Rivin Lea 169 (149)

Reconnaissance by two machines called out
26/10 15:00 to 1645 - hrs aaa

Two machines called out reconnaissance
~~for~~ Kuwait 70 miles South & South
West of Kuwait from 15:00 to 1645-

27/10 aaa about fifty square

Shelters and about fifty Camels
seen camped around wells at

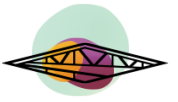
SUBAIYAH HIYAH aaa

~~for~~ estimate strength of Arabs

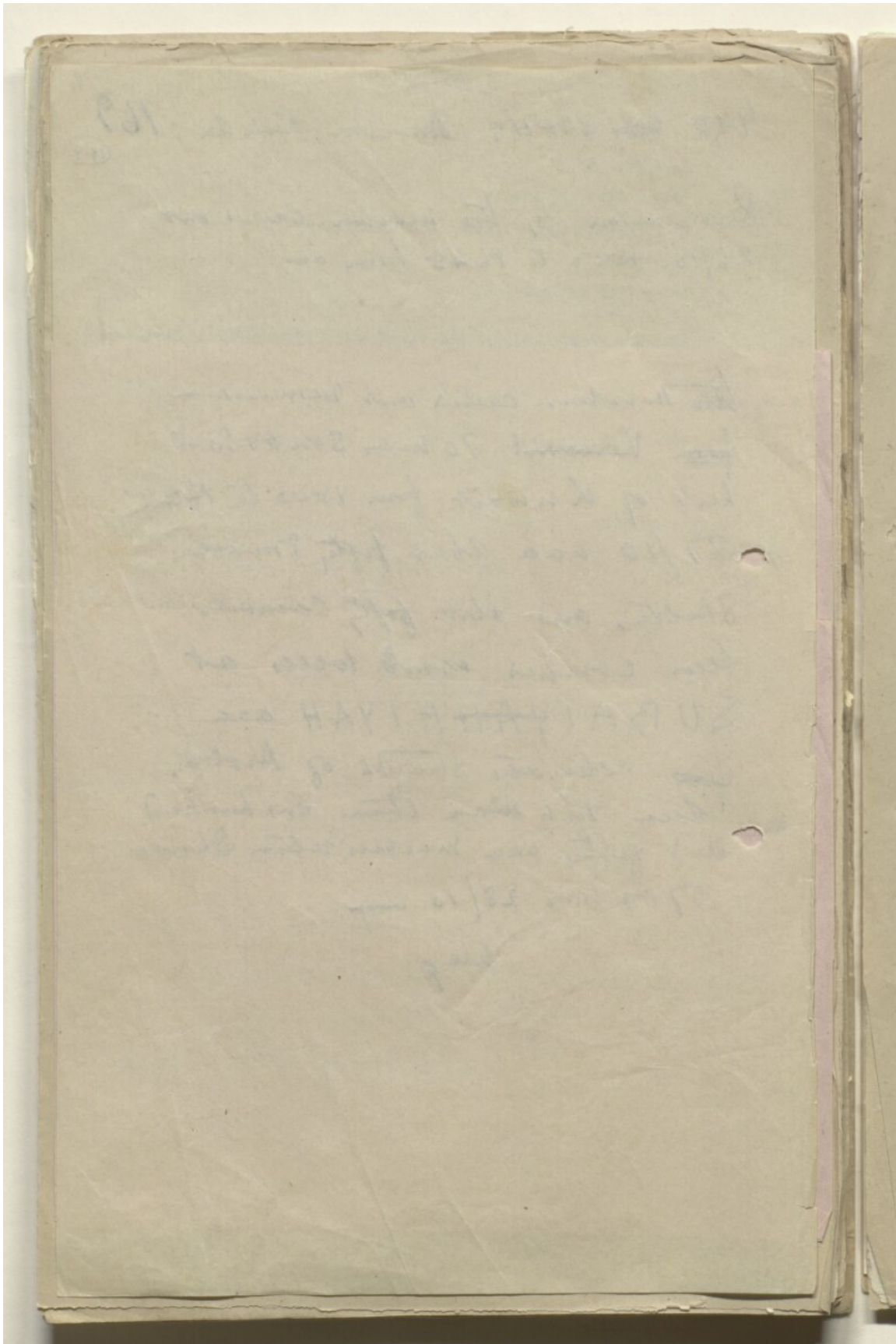
seen not more than one hundred
and fifty aaa machines return Shirah

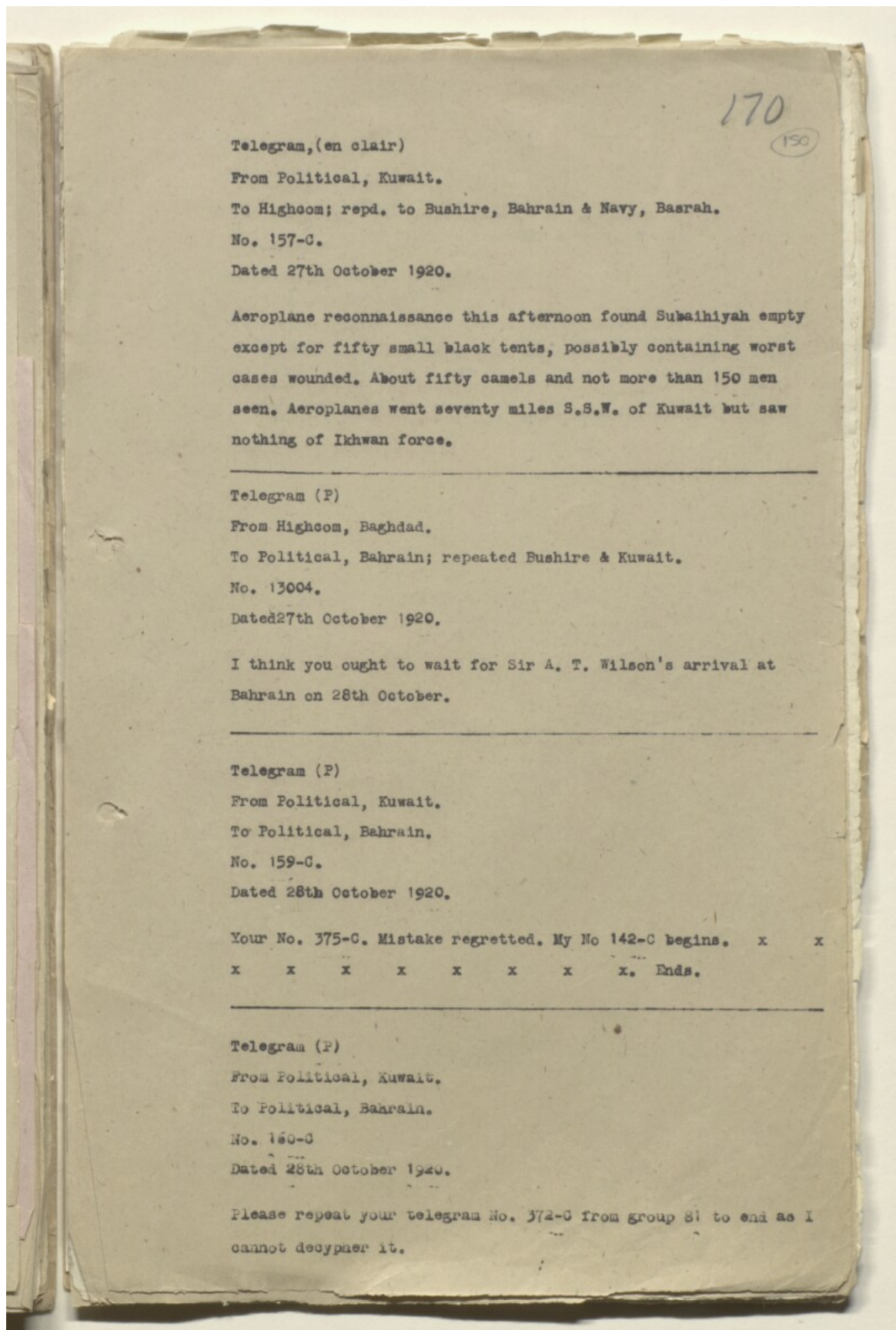
0700 hrs 28/10 —

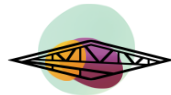
King



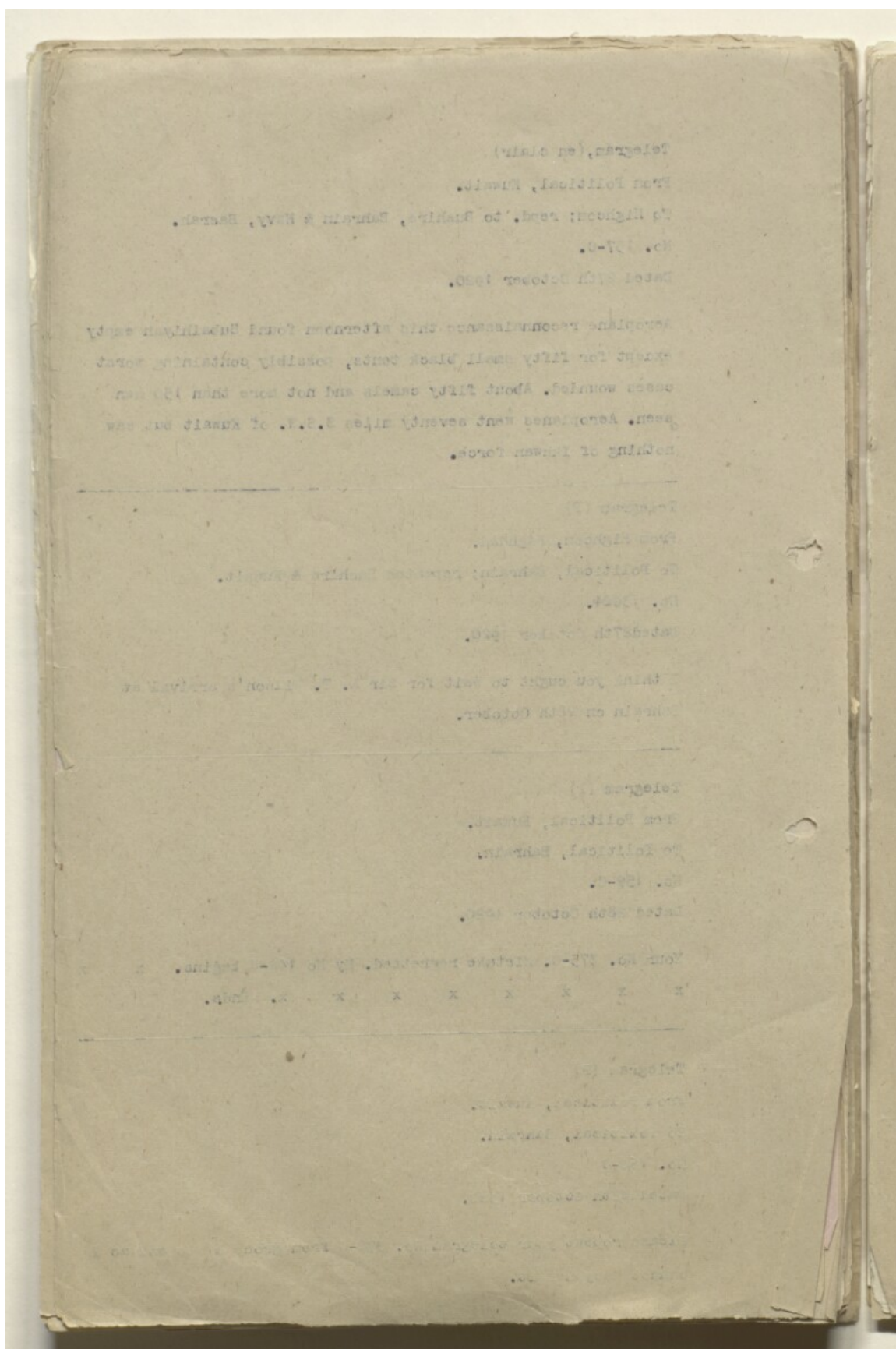
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [149v] (298/342)

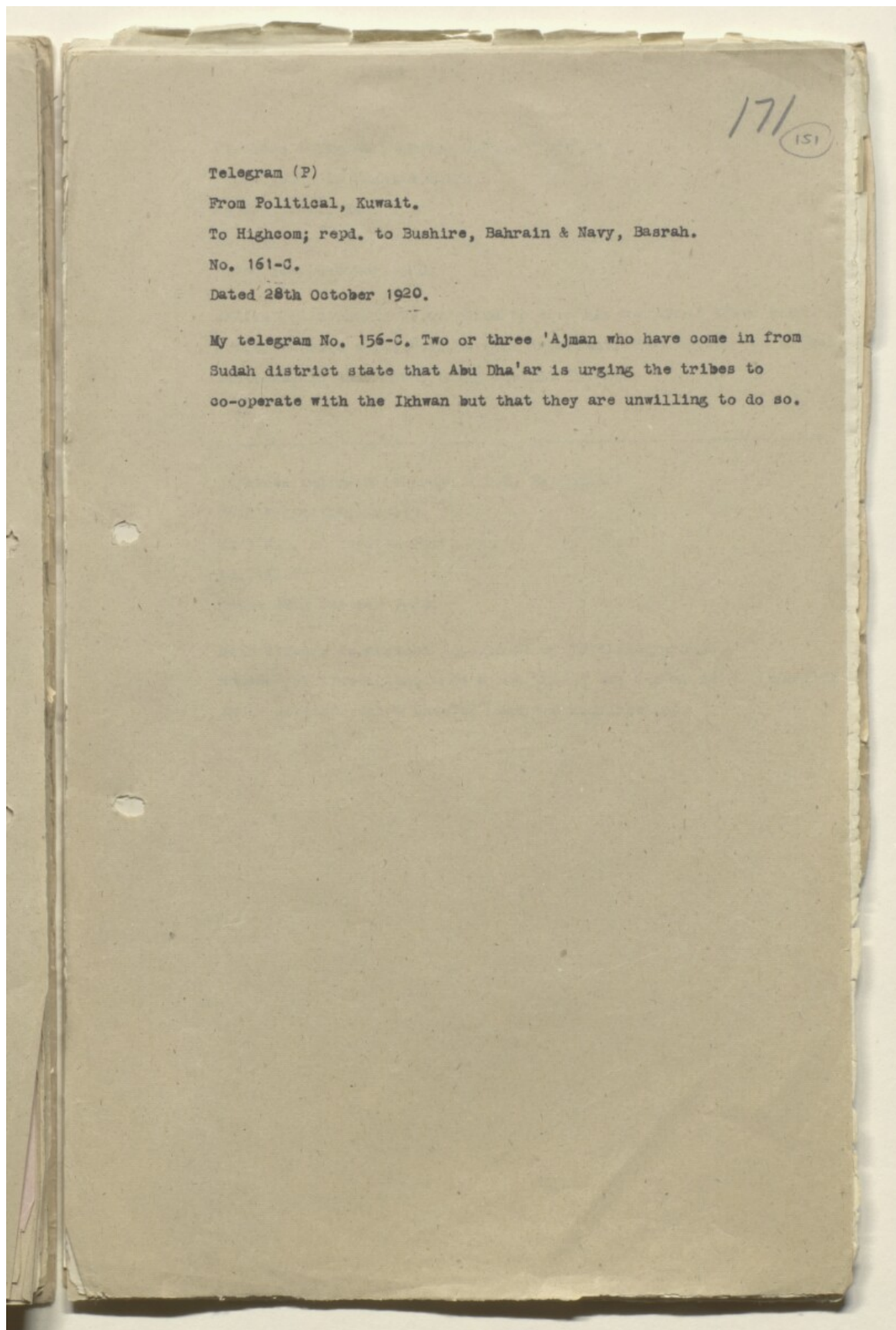






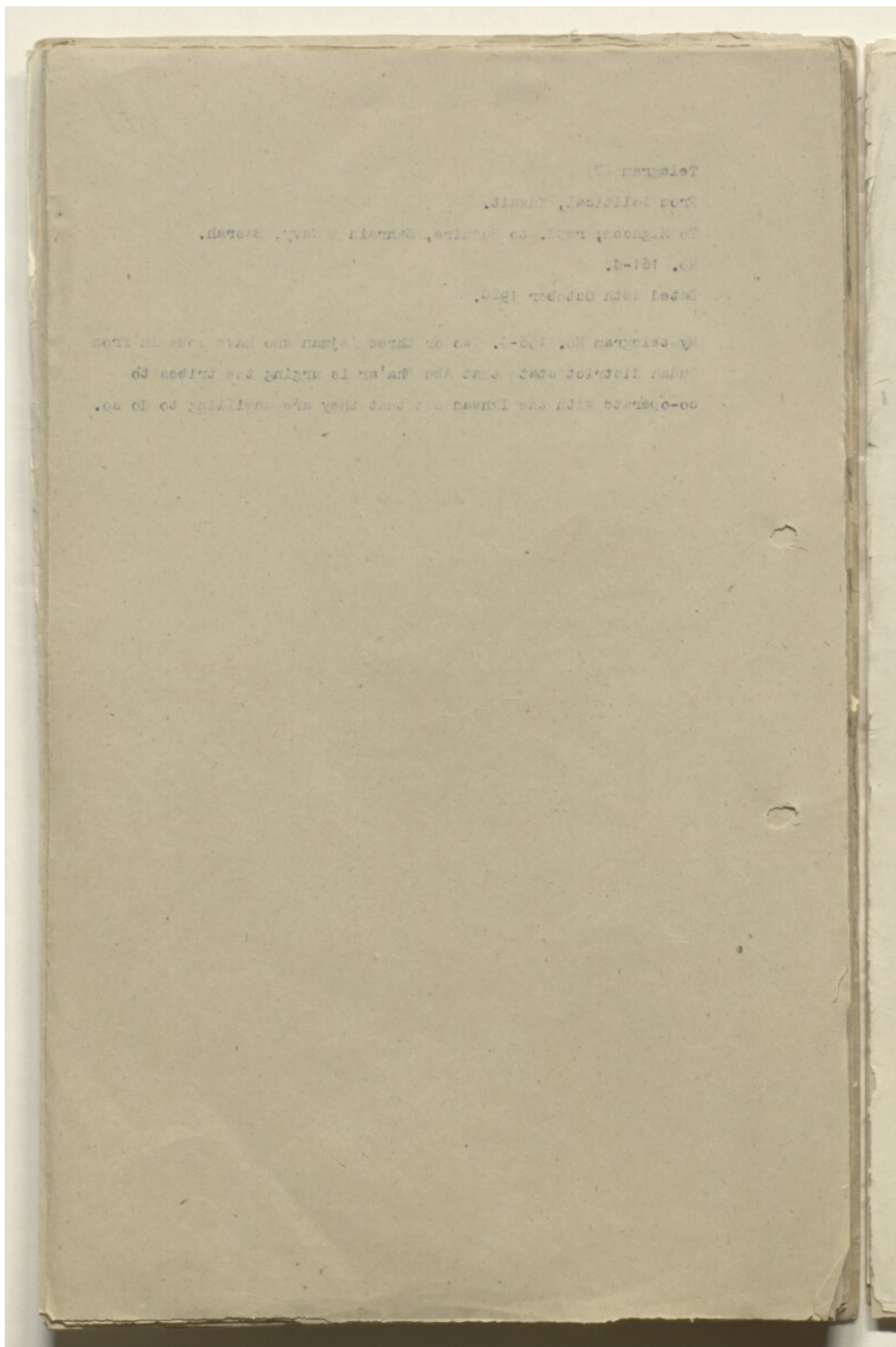
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [150v] (300/342)

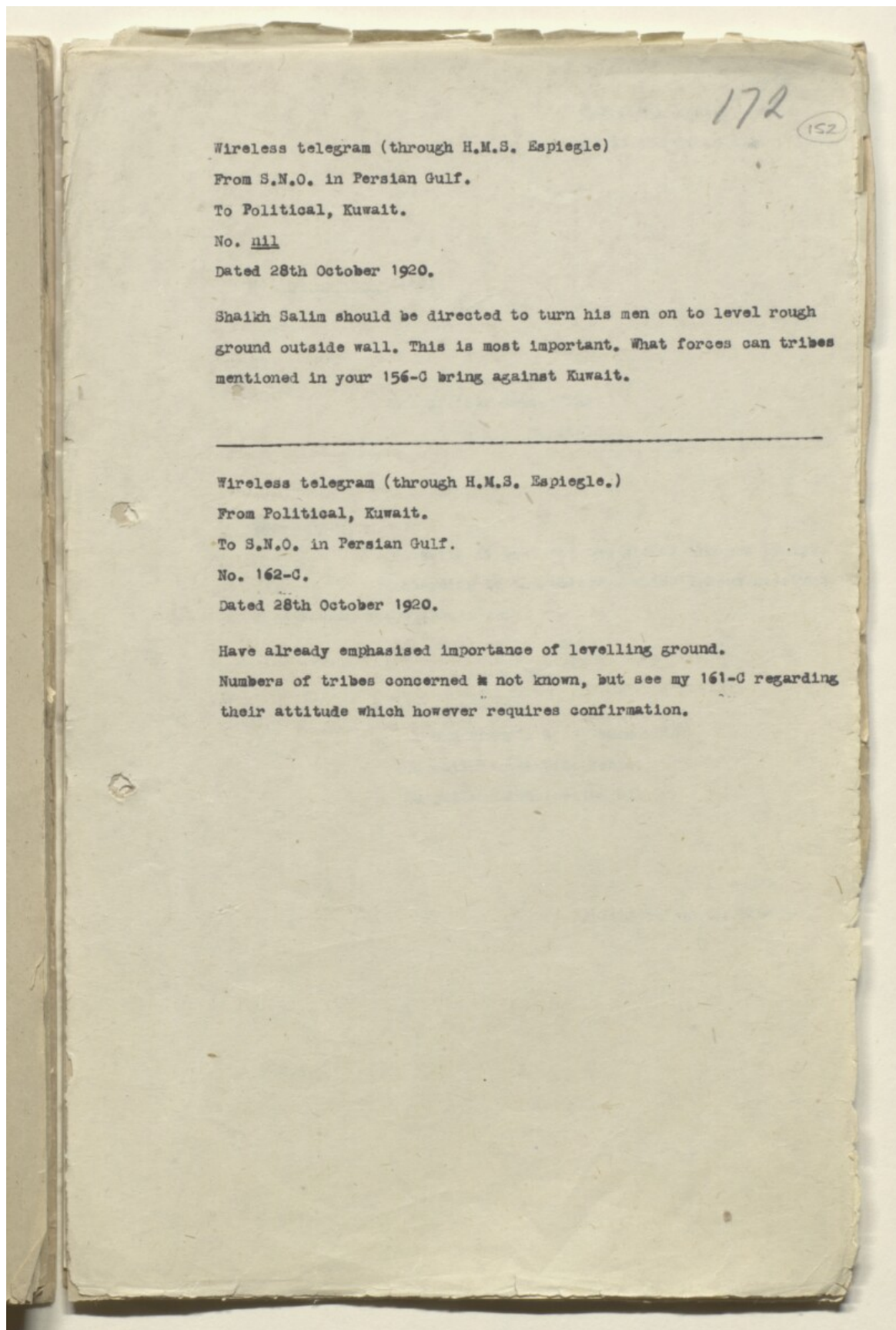






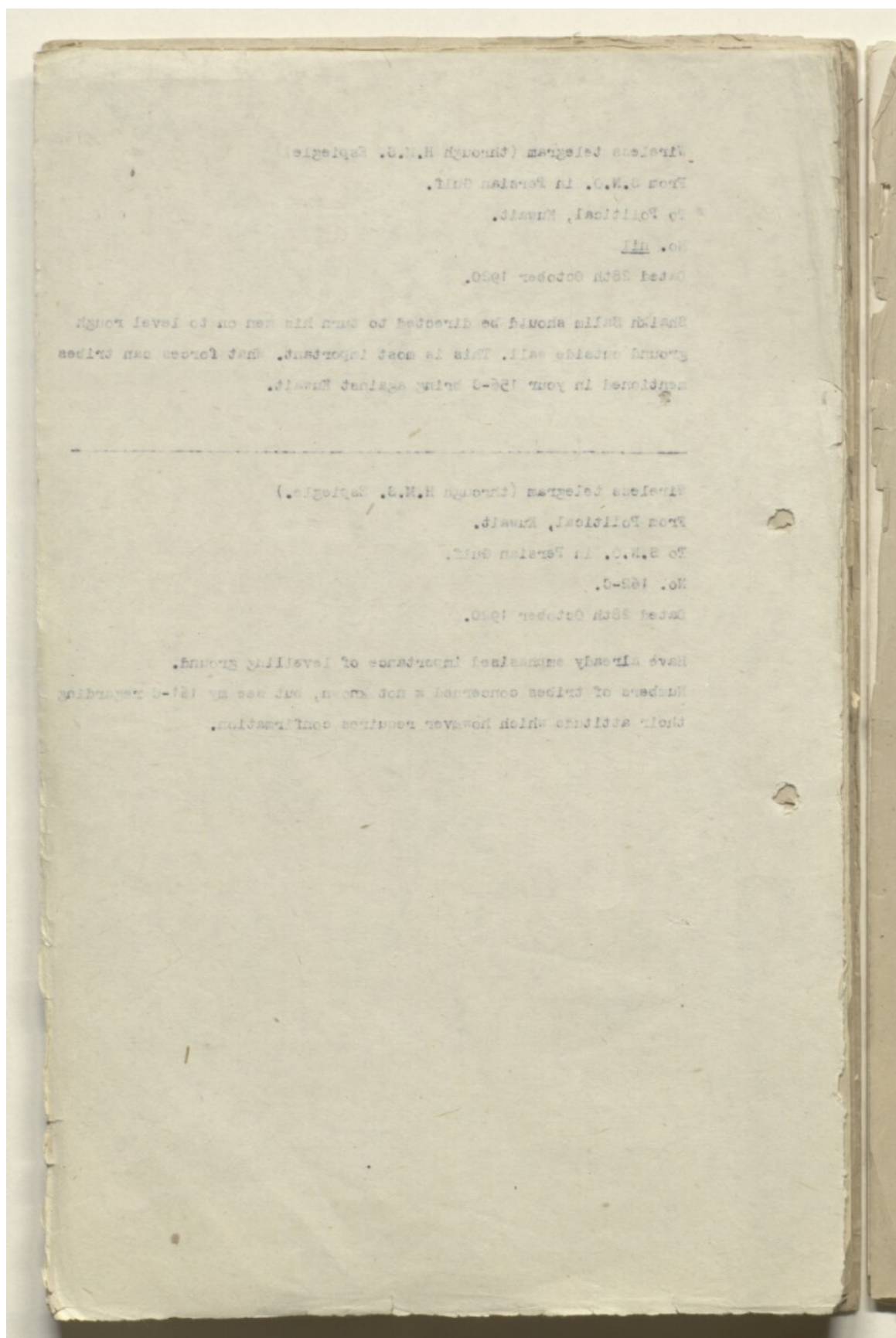
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [151v] (302/342)

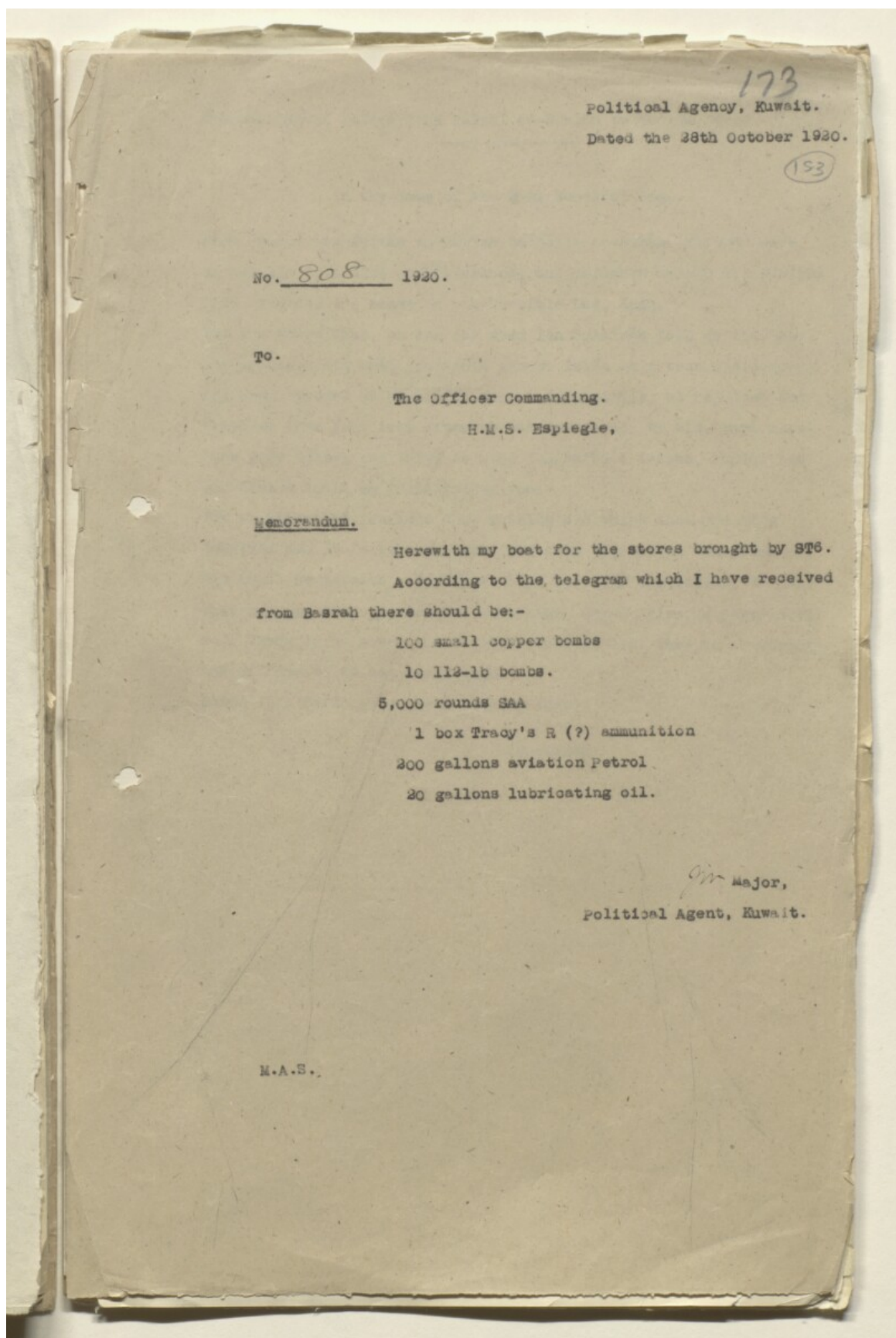


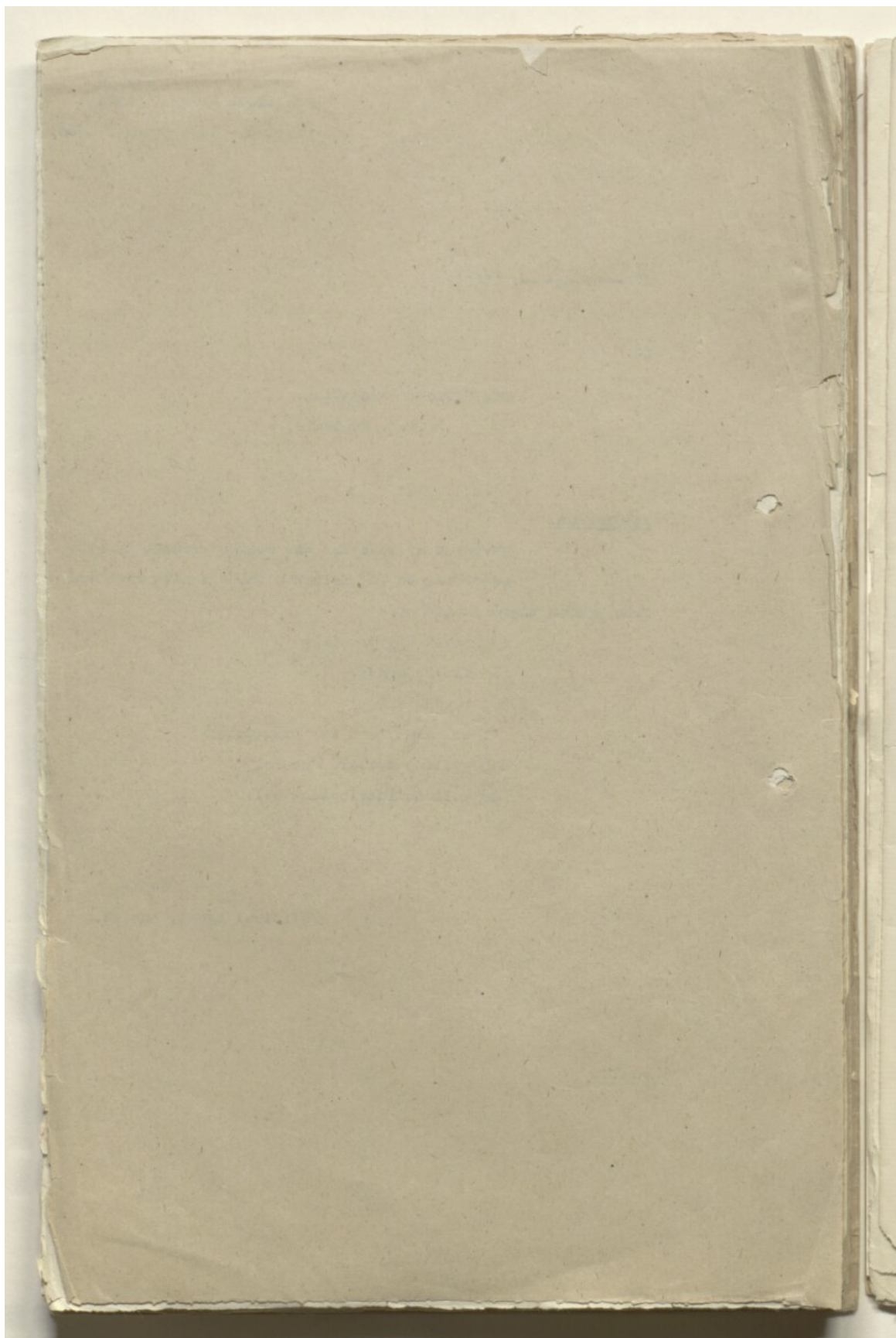




[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [152v] (304/342)









174 (154)
Translation of Letter from Faisal ad-Dawīsh to Shaikh Sālim.

In the name of the Most Merciful God.

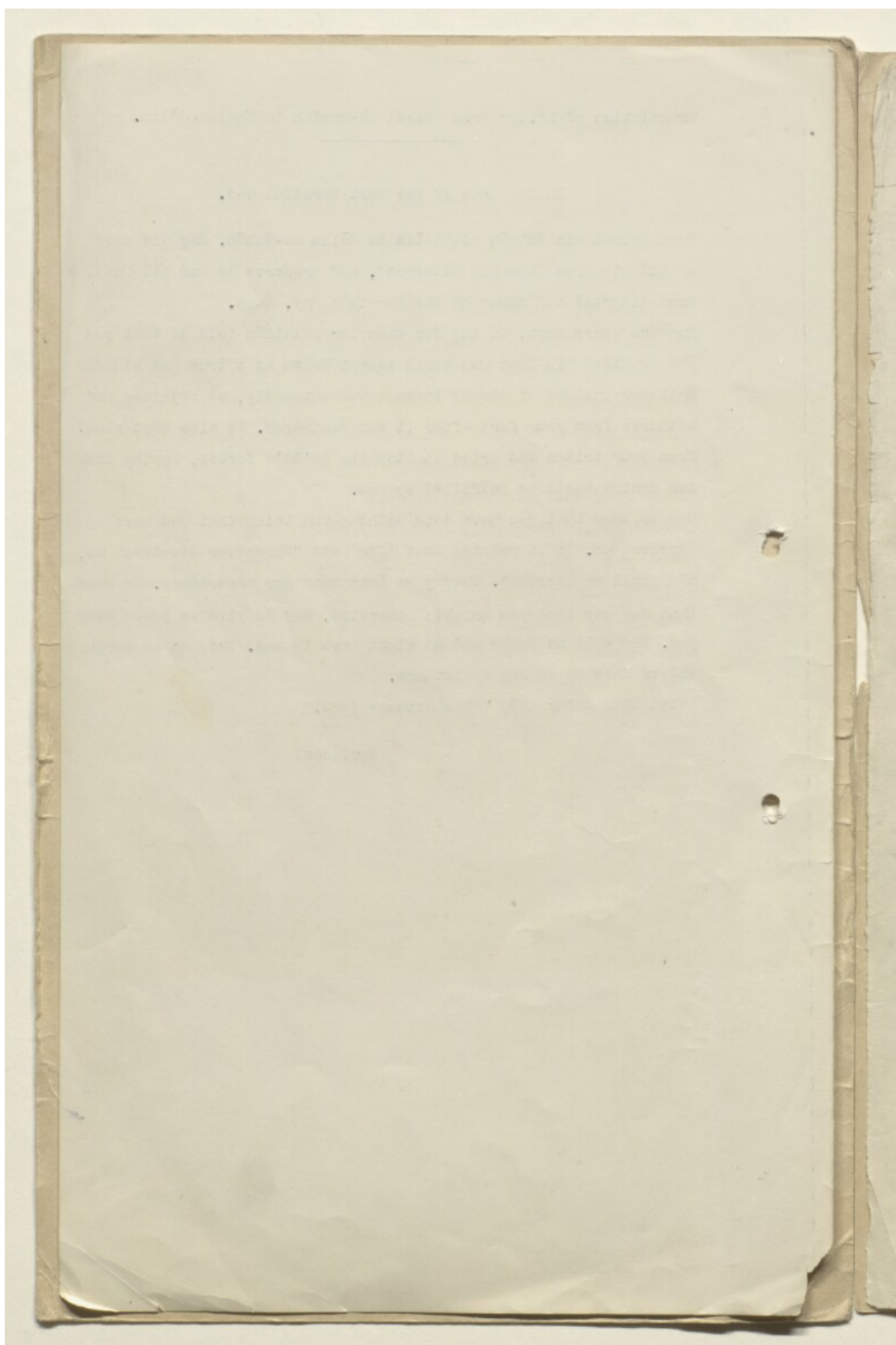
From Faisal bin Sultān ad-Dawīsh to Sālim as-Subāh. May God save us and him from lies and falsehood, and preserve us and all Muslims from disgrace and shame on the Terrible Day, Amen.

You are aware that, on the day when Ibn Sulaimān told us that you had promised him that you would accept Islām as a true and sincere follower instead of merely in name and outwardly, we rejoiced and withdrew from your fort after it was destroyed. We also kept aloof from your tribes and tried to stop Ibn Sa'ūd's forces, hoping that our desire would be fulfilled by you.

Now we know that you have done nothing and think that you have deceived us. It is related that 'Umr said "Whosoever deceiveth us, him shall we deceive". To-day we take back our assurances. We hope that God may lead you aright; otherwise, may He give us power over you. There is no power and no might save in God. Thee do we worship and of Thee do we beg assistance.

Dated 12th Safar 1339 (25th October 1920)

(Unsigned)





Telegram (P)

From Highcom, Baghdad.

To Political, Kuwait.

No. 13145.

Dated 29th (Reed. 30th) October 1920.

Please inform the Shaikh of Kuwait that I consider it a matter of urgency to prevent further bloodshed during the period which must elapse before the questions now at issue between him and Ibn Sa'ud can be amicably settled, accordingly it is hereby intimated that the Subaihiyah wells are not to be occupied by either party. Either side which infringes this direction will render itself liable to hostile action by aeroplanes.

Addressed Kuwait, repeated to Bushire and Bahrain. The latter will convey the same message to Ibn Sa'ud with the utmost despatch possible.

Ref. No 269

Telegram (P)

From Political, Kuwait.

To Highcom; repd. to Bushire, Bahrain & Navy.

No. 164-C

Dated 30th October 1920.

According to latest reports Ikhwan did not withdraw to Safah but only to Wafrah where they still are. Another aeroplane reconnaissance seems desirable at an early date to confirm this.

Telegram (P)

From Political, Kuwait.

To Highcom; repd. to Bushire & Bahrain.

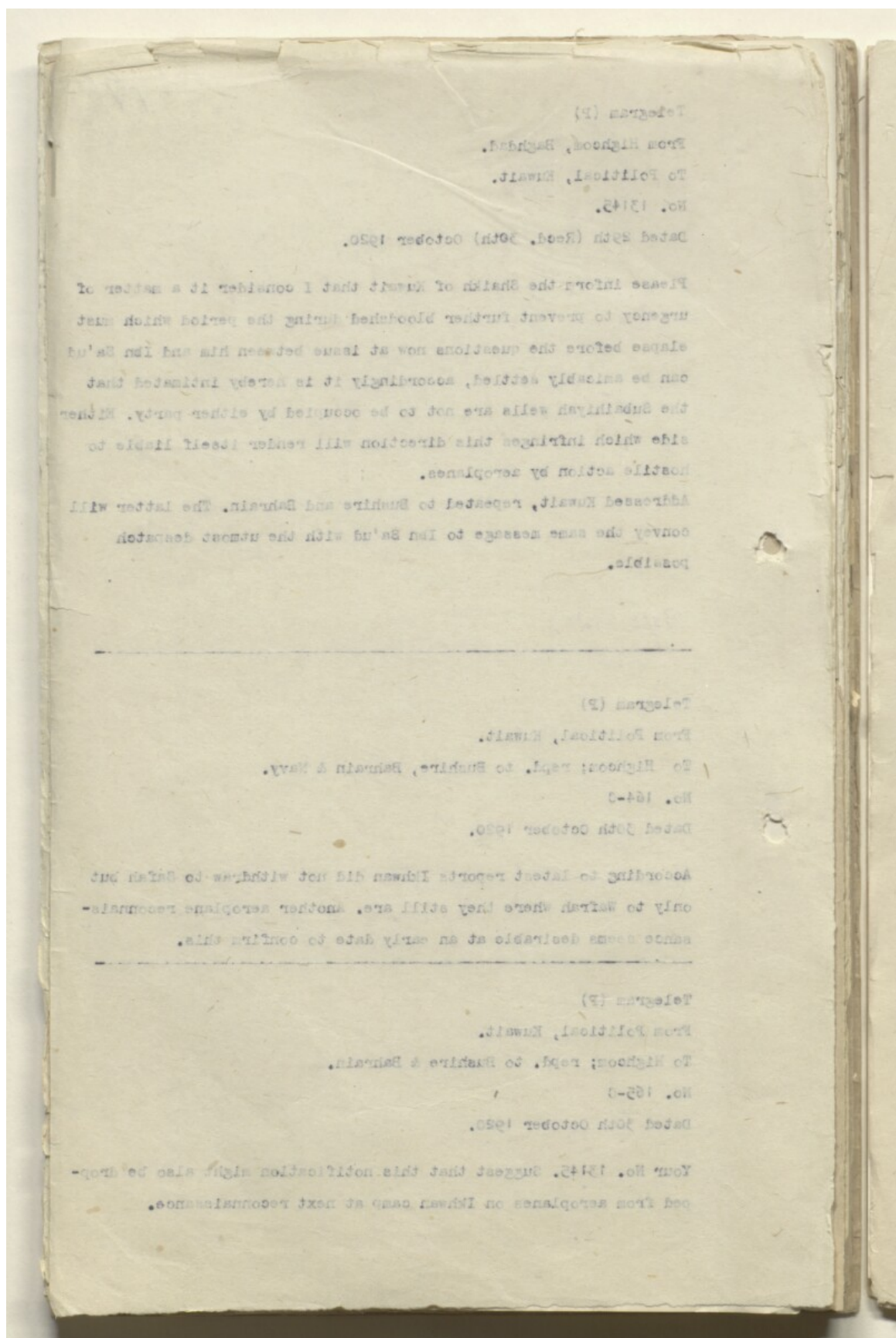
No. 165-C

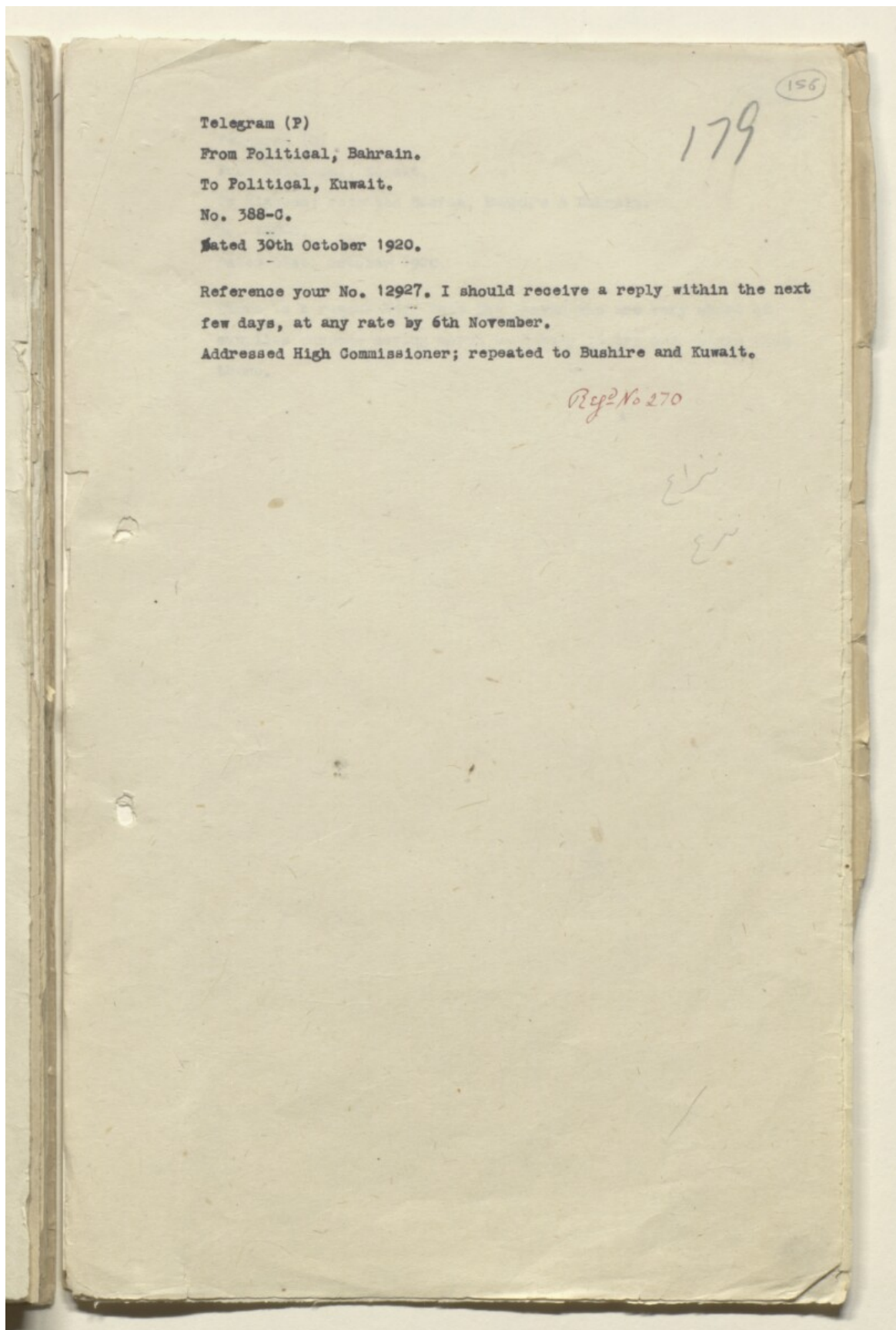
Dated 30th October 1920.

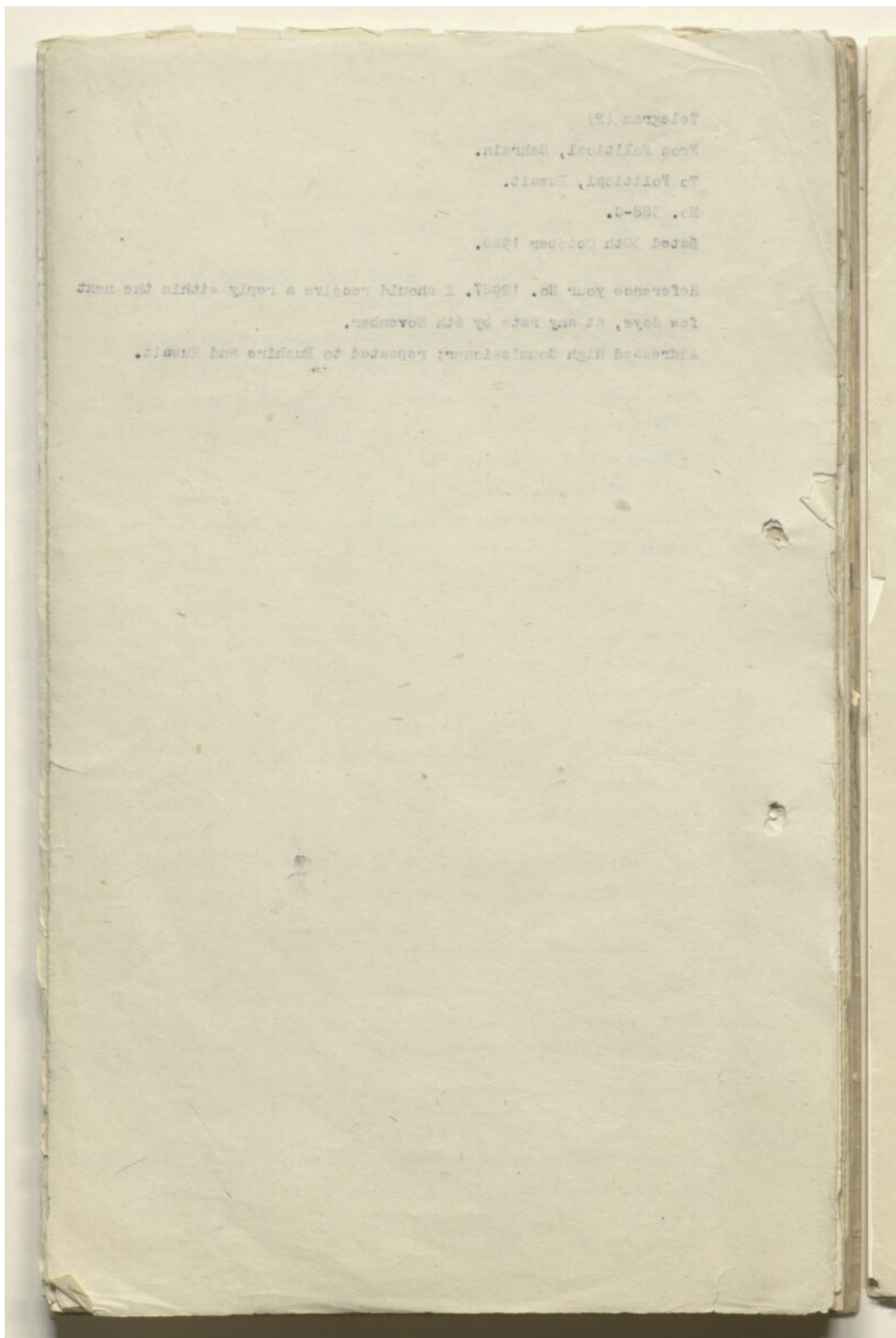
Your No. 13145. Suggest that this notification might also be dropped from aeroplanes on Ikhwan camp at next reconnaissance.

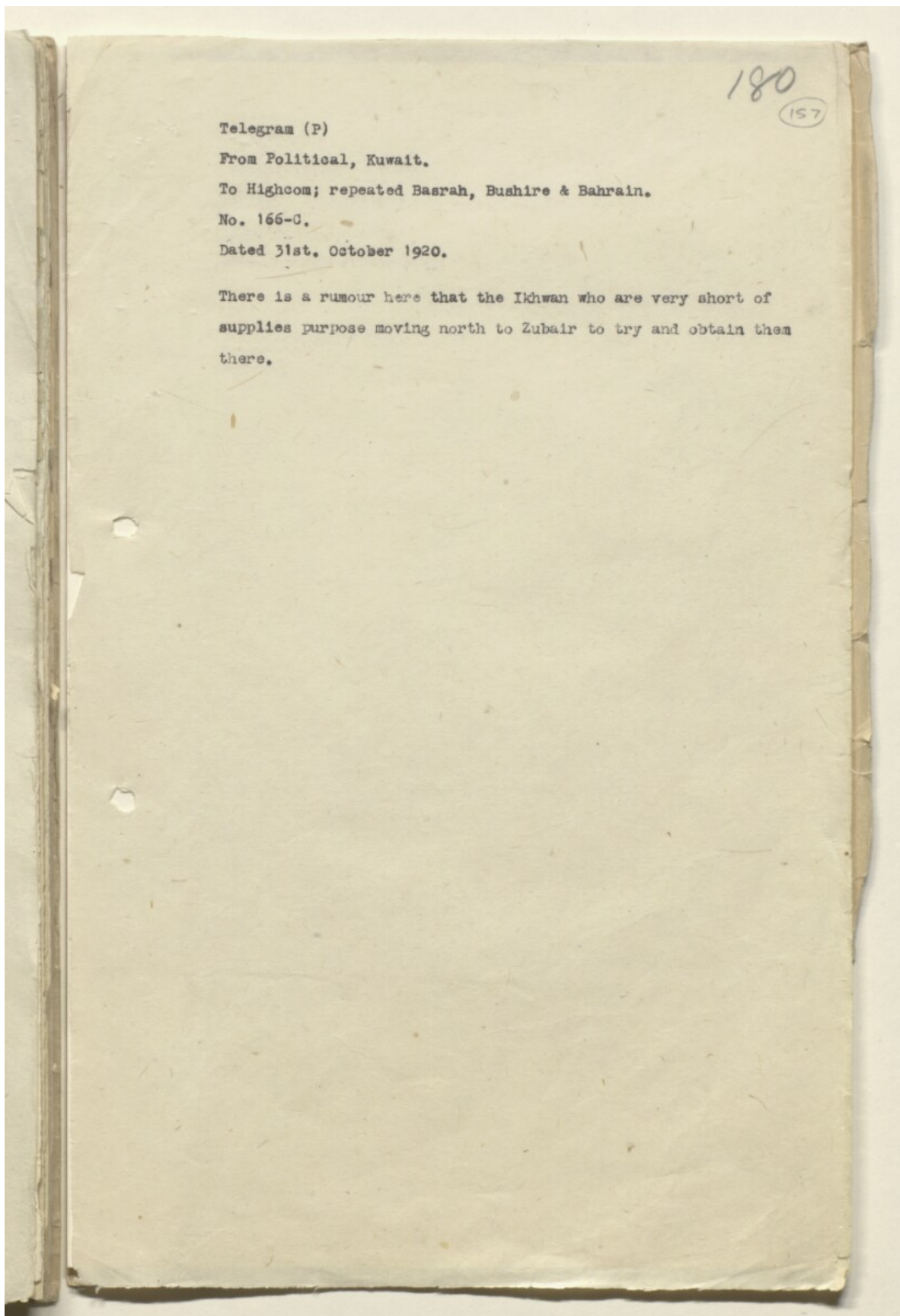


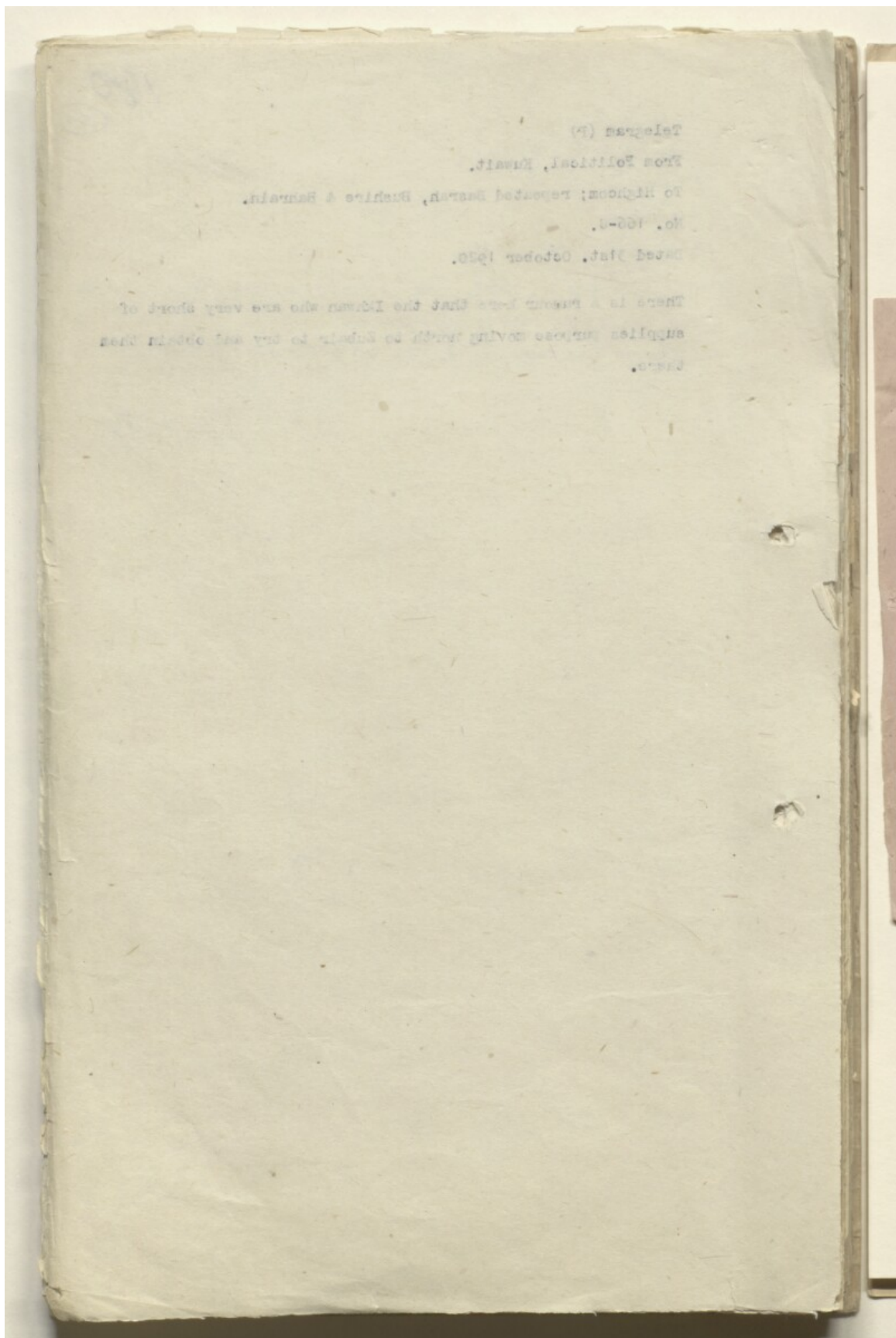
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [155v] (310/342)













181529 (138)

C. 000 MESOPOTAMIAN TELEGRAPHS.

NOTICE.
This form must accompany any inquiry made respecting this Telegram.

Charges to pay
Re. As.

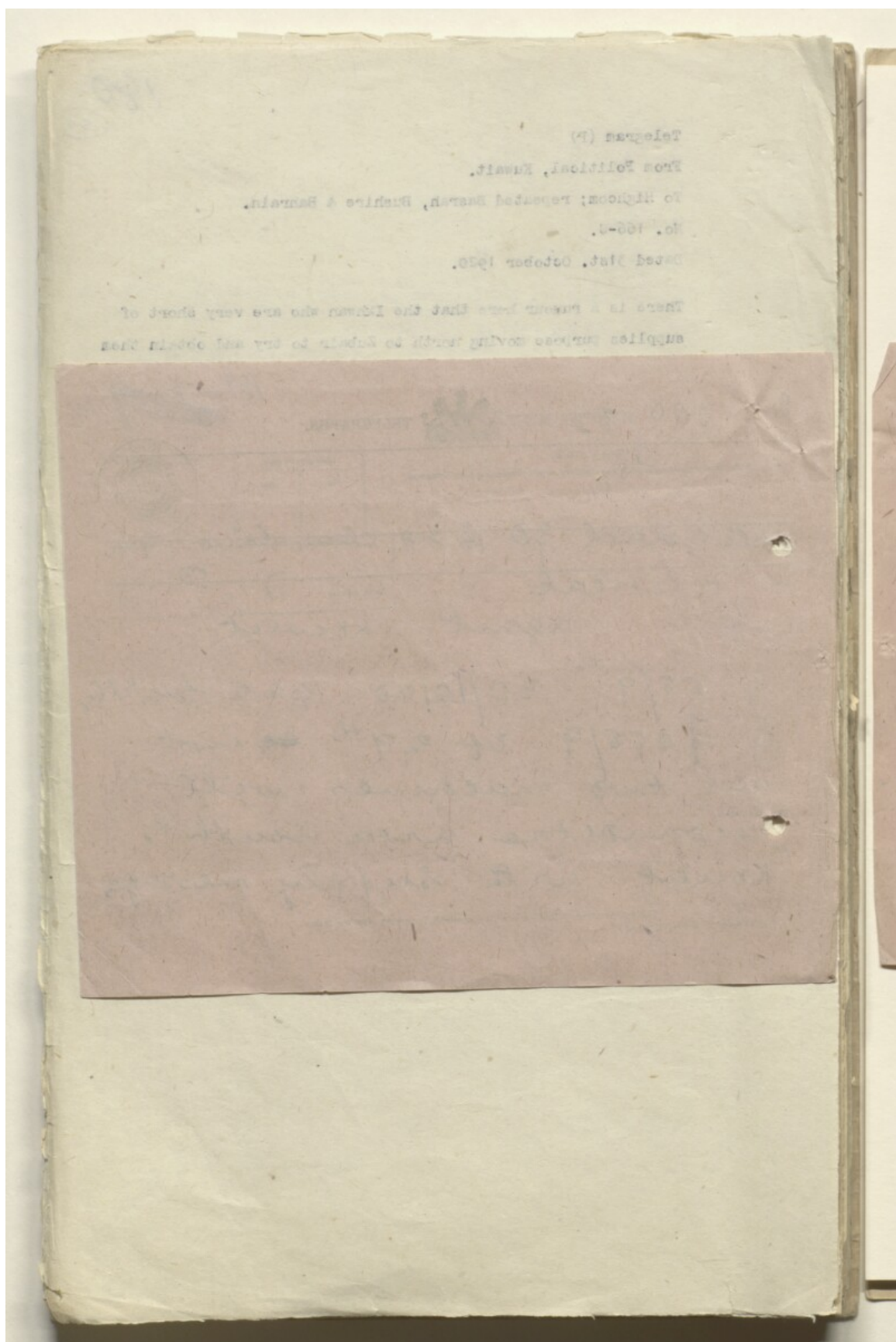
Office Stamp
KUWAIT
31 OCT 20
M.T.O.

Bagdad 30 16 20 Charge line 7 50

70 Political agent Kuwait

g's 55/9 30/10/20 gaa further
to g's 55/9 of 29th inst
gaa two machines will
reconnoitre area south of
Kuwait with supply message

Ref No 271





182 (159)

MESOPOTAMIAN TELEGRAPHS.

NOTICE.
This form must accompany any inquiry made respecting this Telegram.

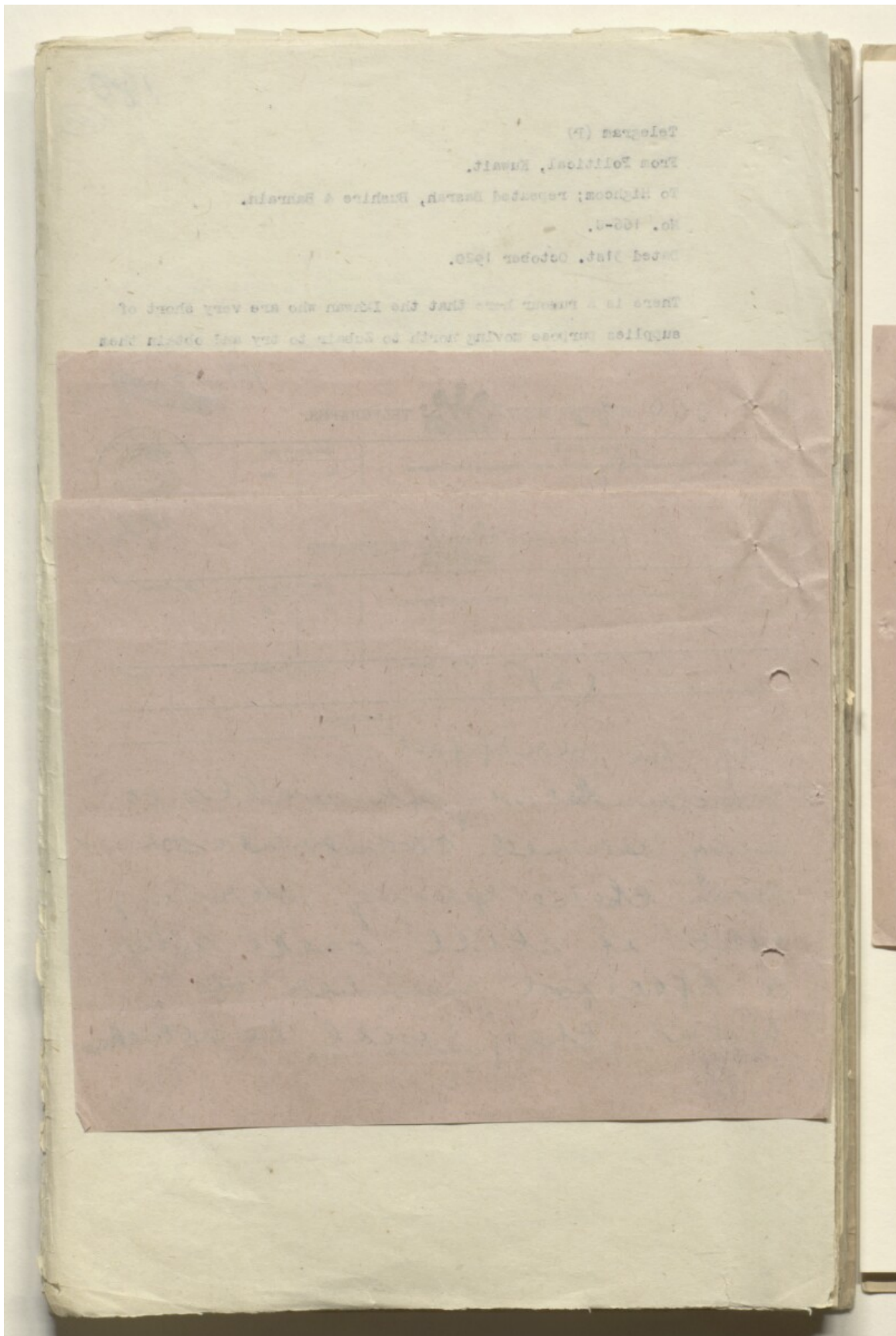
Charge to pay.		Office Stamp.
Rs.	As.	

Forwarded to at (Office of Origin)	Date.	Hour.	Minute.	Service Instructions.	Words.
10	(21)				

Read here as: A. M.

To be dropped
on Sundeisiyah wells to
any armed concentration
seen there giving warning
that if still there after
a specified number of
hours they will be attacked

N.B.—The chain of the sender of telegraphed, is written after the text
Lal Chand & Sons—51, 53, 55, 57, 59, 61, 63, 65, 67, 69, 71, 73, 75, 77, 79, 81, 83, 85, 87, 89, 91, 93, 95, 97, 99, 101, 103, 105, 107, 109, 111, 113, 115, 117, 119, 121, 123, 125, 127, 129, 131, 133, 135, 137, 139, 141, 143, 145, 147, 149, 151, 153, 155, 157, 159, 161, 163, 165, 167, 169, 171, 173, 175, 177, 179, 181, 183, 185, 187, 189, 191, 193, 195, 197, 199, 201, 203, 205, 207, 209, 211, 213, 215, 217, 219, 221, 223, 225, 227, 229, 231, 233, 235, 237, 239, 241, 243, 245, 247, 249, 251, 253, 255, 257, 259, 261, 263, 265, 267, 269, 271, 273, 275, 277, 279, 281, 283, 285, 287, 289, 291, 293, 295, 297, 299, 301, 303, 305, 307, 309, 311, 313, 315, 317, 319, 321, 323, 325, 327, 329, 331, 333, 335, 337, 339, 341, 343, 345, 347, 349, 351, 353, 355, 357, 359, 361, 363, 365, 367, 369, 371, 373, 375, 377, 379, 381, 383, 385, 387, 389, 391, 393, 395, 397, 399, 401, 403, 405, 407, 409, 411, 413, 415, 417, 419, 421, 423, 425, 427, 429, 431, 433, 435, 437, 439, 441, 443, 445, 447, 449, 451, 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3867, 3869, 3871, 3873, 3875, 3877, 3879, 3881, 3883, 3885, 3887, 3889, 3891, 3893, 3895, 3897, 3899, 3901, 3903, 3905, 3907, 3909, 3911, 3913, 3915, 3917, 3919, 3921, 3923, 3925, 3927, 3929, 3931, 3933, 3935, 3937, 3939, 3941, 3943, 3945, 3947, 3949, 3951, 3953, 3955, 3957, 3959, 3961, 3963, 3965, 3967, 3969, 3971, 3973, 3975, 3977, 3979, 3981, 3983, 3985, 3987, 3989, 3991, 3993, 3995, 3997, 3999, 4001, 4003, 4005, 4007, 4009, 4011, 4013, 4015, 4017, 4019, 4021, 4023, 4025, 4027, 4029, 4031, 4033, 4035, 4037, 4039, 4041, 4043, 4045, 4047, 4049, 4051, 4053, 4055, 4057, 4059, 4061, 4063, 4065, 4067, 4069, 4071, 4073, 4075, 4077, 4079, 4081, 4083, 4085, 4087, 4089, 4091, 4093, 4095, 4097, 4099, 4101, 4103, 4105, 4107, 4109, 4111, 4113, 4115, 4117, 4119, 4121, 4123, 4125, 4127, 4129, 4131, 4133, 4135, 4137, 4139, 4141, 4143, 4145, 4147, 4149, 4151, 4153, 4155, 4157, 4159, 4161, 4163, 4165, 4167, 4169, 4171,





183 (160)

MESOPOTAMIAN TELEGRAPHS.

NOTICE.
This form must accompany any inquiry made respecting this Telegram.

Charge to pay. Office Stamp.

Rs. As.

Station to which (Office of Origin) Date. Hour. Minute. Service Instructions. Words.

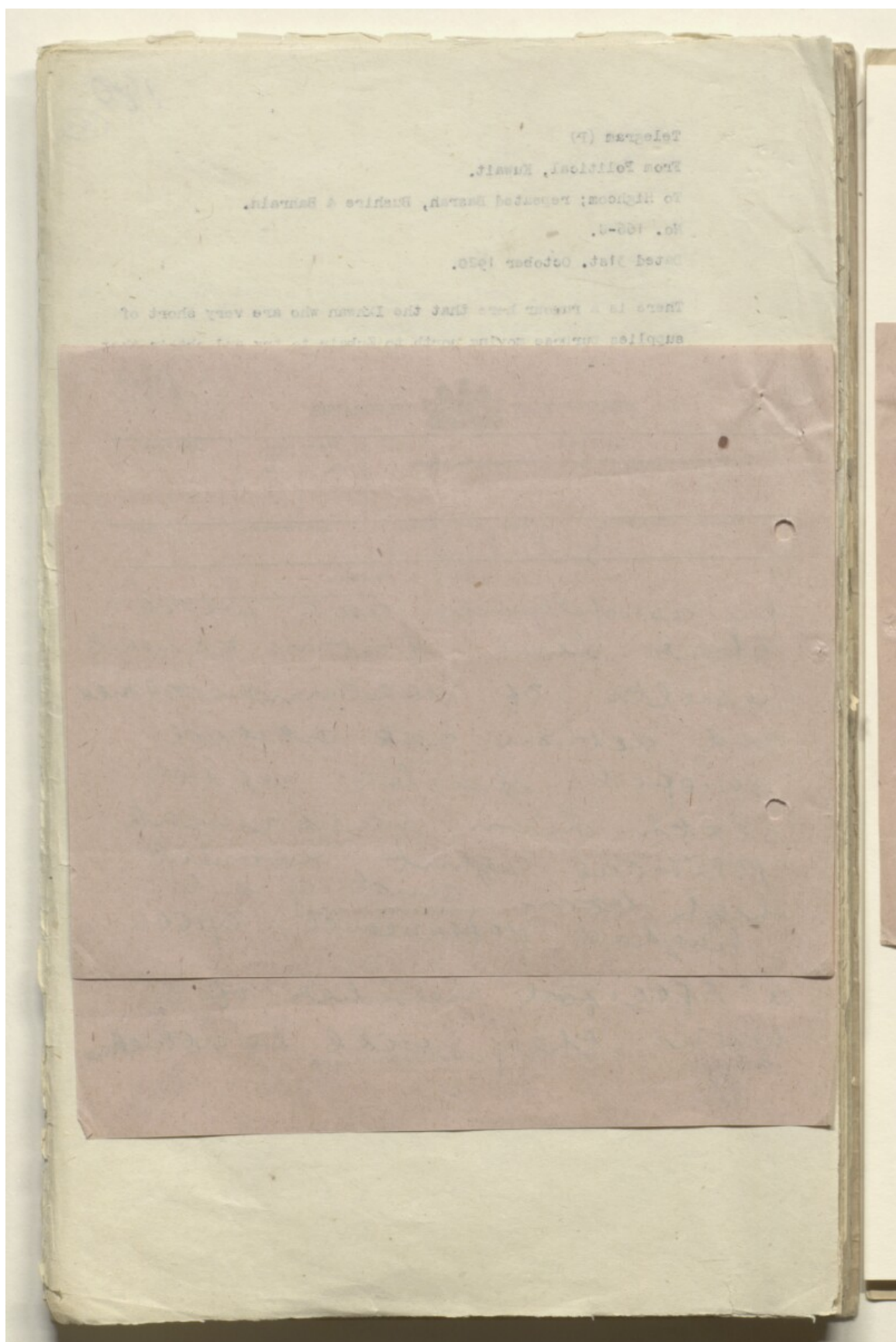
TO

by aeroplanes and will
clear line from Kuwait
results of reconnaissance
and action and added
aeroplane Shaikh Reptol
Sixth division Nasiriyah
Political agent Kuwait
high com and G. H. Q.
Bagdad reference 0/1500

N.B. The name of the sender, if telegraphed, is written after the text.
For the use of the sender only. (To be filled in by the sender.)



[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [160v] (320/342)





184 (161)

MESOPOTAMIAN TELEGRAPHS.

NOTICE.
This form must accompany any inquiry made respecting this Telegram.

Charges to pay.		Office Stamp.	
Rs.	As.		

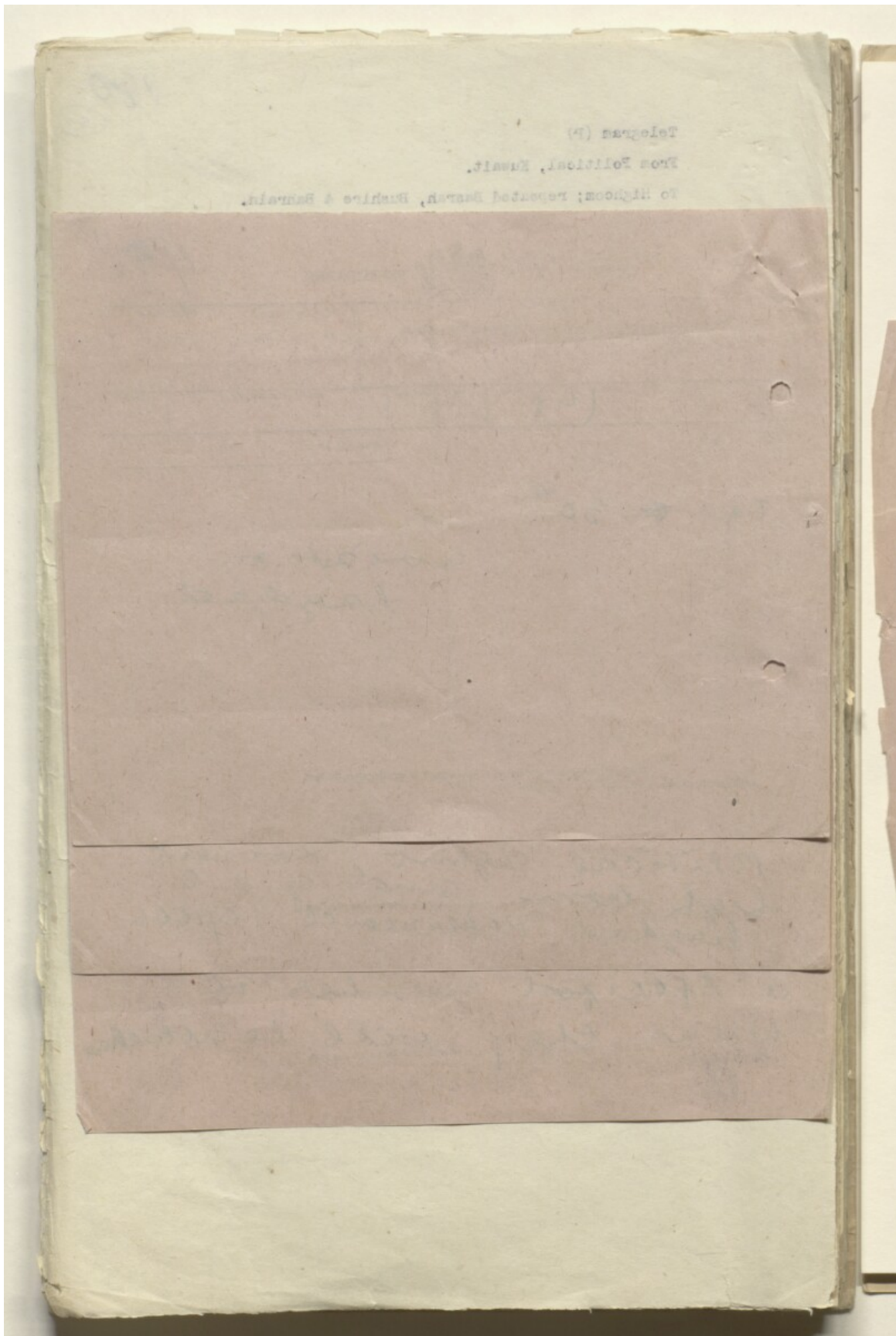
Number in the original telegram (4)	Date.	Hour.	Minute.	Service Instructions.	Words.
10					

Send here at H. M.

of 30th

aviation
bagdad

N.B.—The name of the Receiver, if telegraphed, is written after the text.
Lal Chand & Sons—2150—20747—3, 300, D.K. (E. 111)





185 (162)

C. *PB SL* MESOPOTAMIAN TELEGRAPHS. *SL*

NOTICE.

This form must accompany any inquiry made respecting this Telegram.

Charges to pay.

Re. *SL* Ad. *SL*

Station Stamp.

Station Instructions.

Station.

Bagdad 30 1855 State express 26

10

Political Kuwait

13179 30 my 13145 Planes

make notes from Kuwait

3:10 have copies message

ready for them to drop

if any concentration seen

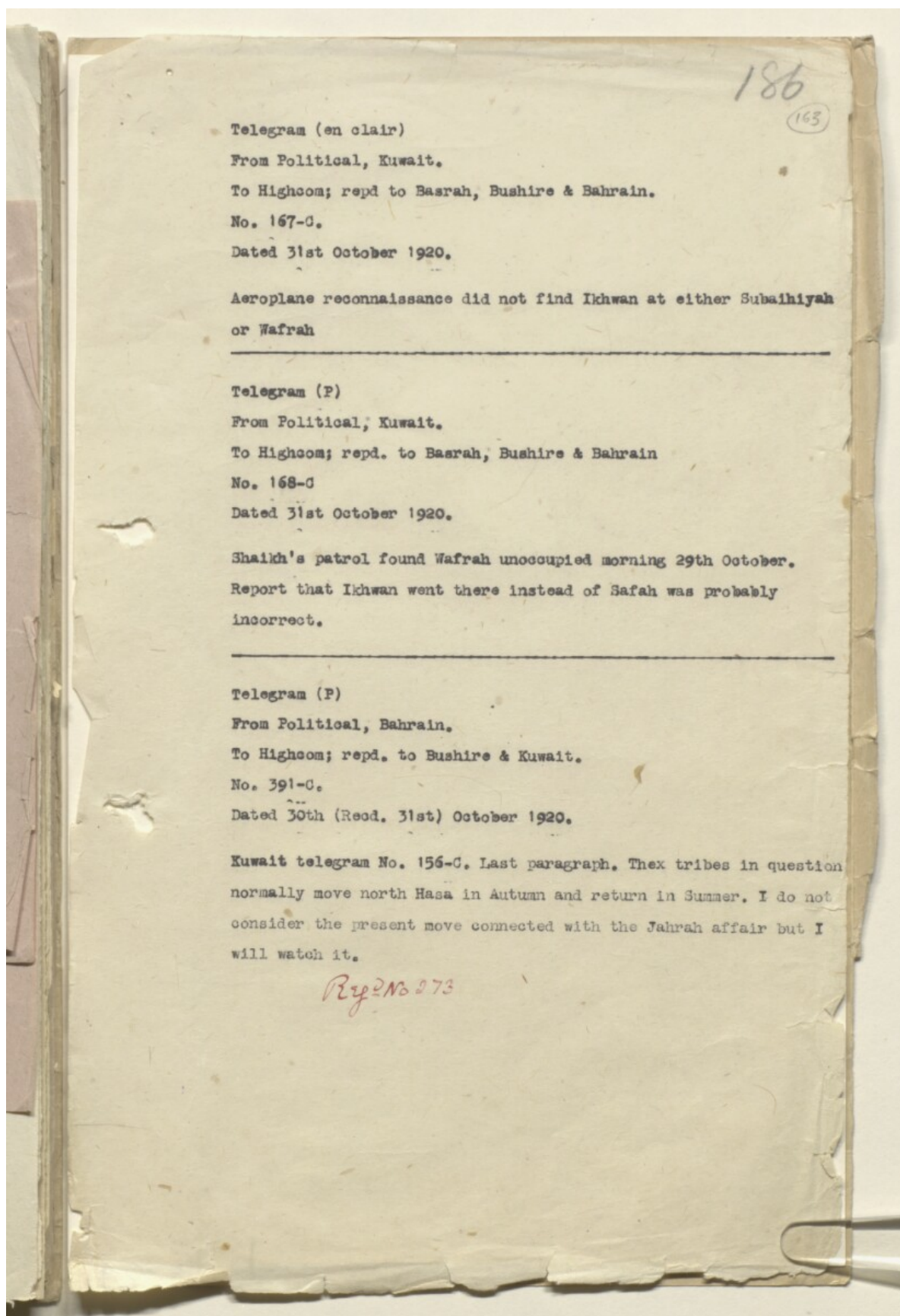
Highness 13179.

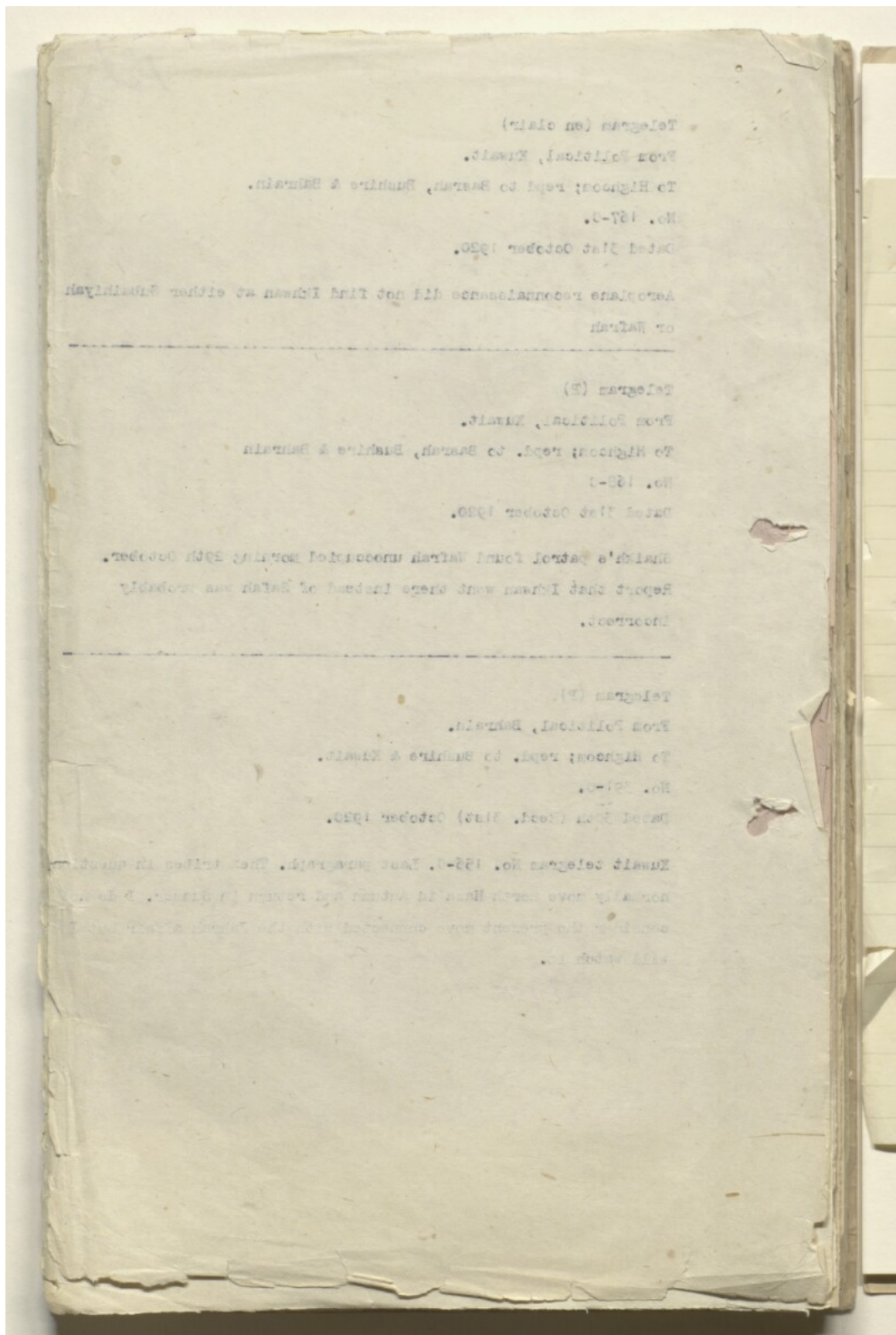
N.B.—The name of the Sender, if telegraphed, is written after the text

Lal Chand & Sons—2179—2179—2179 (E. 111)

Regd No 272









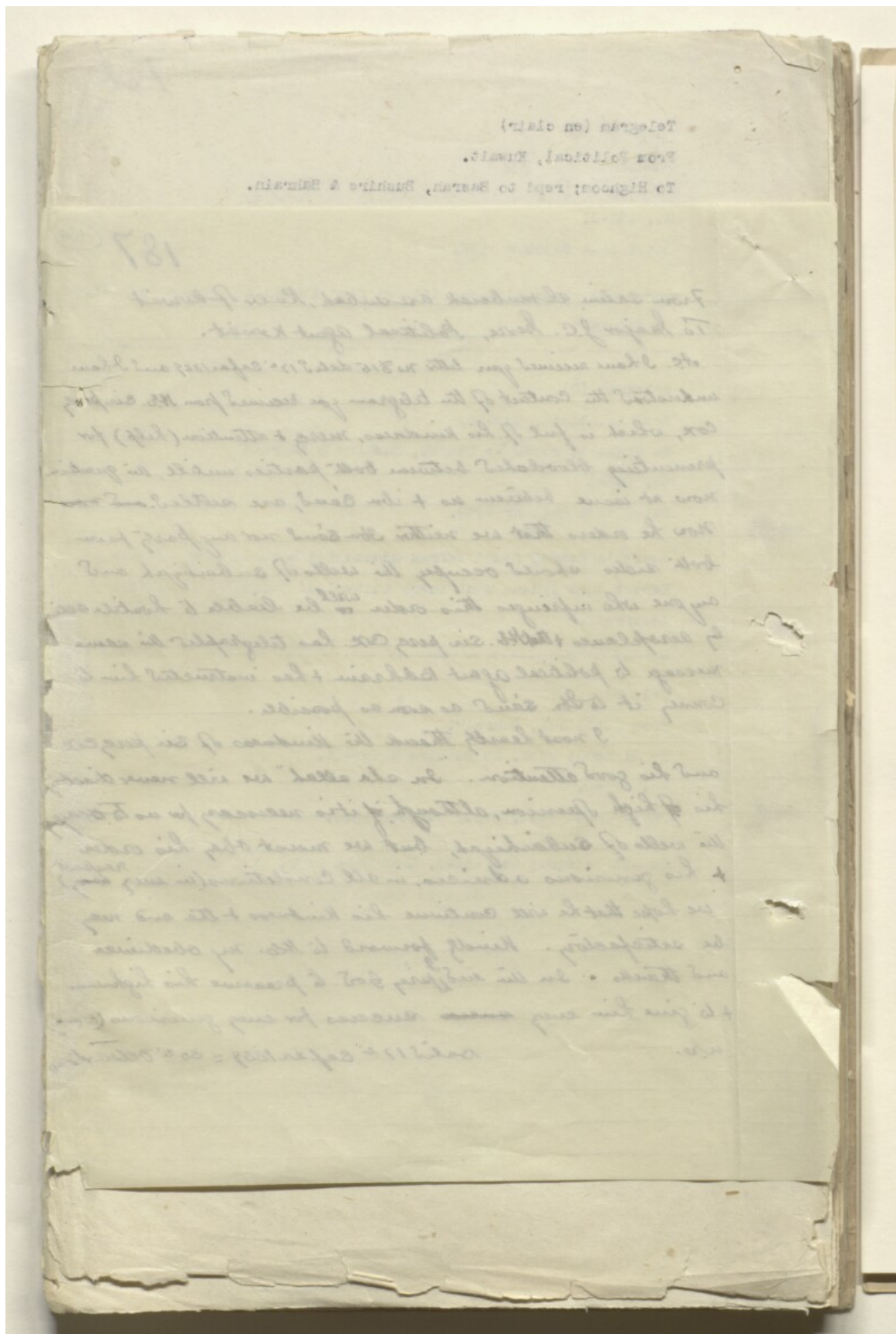
187 (164)

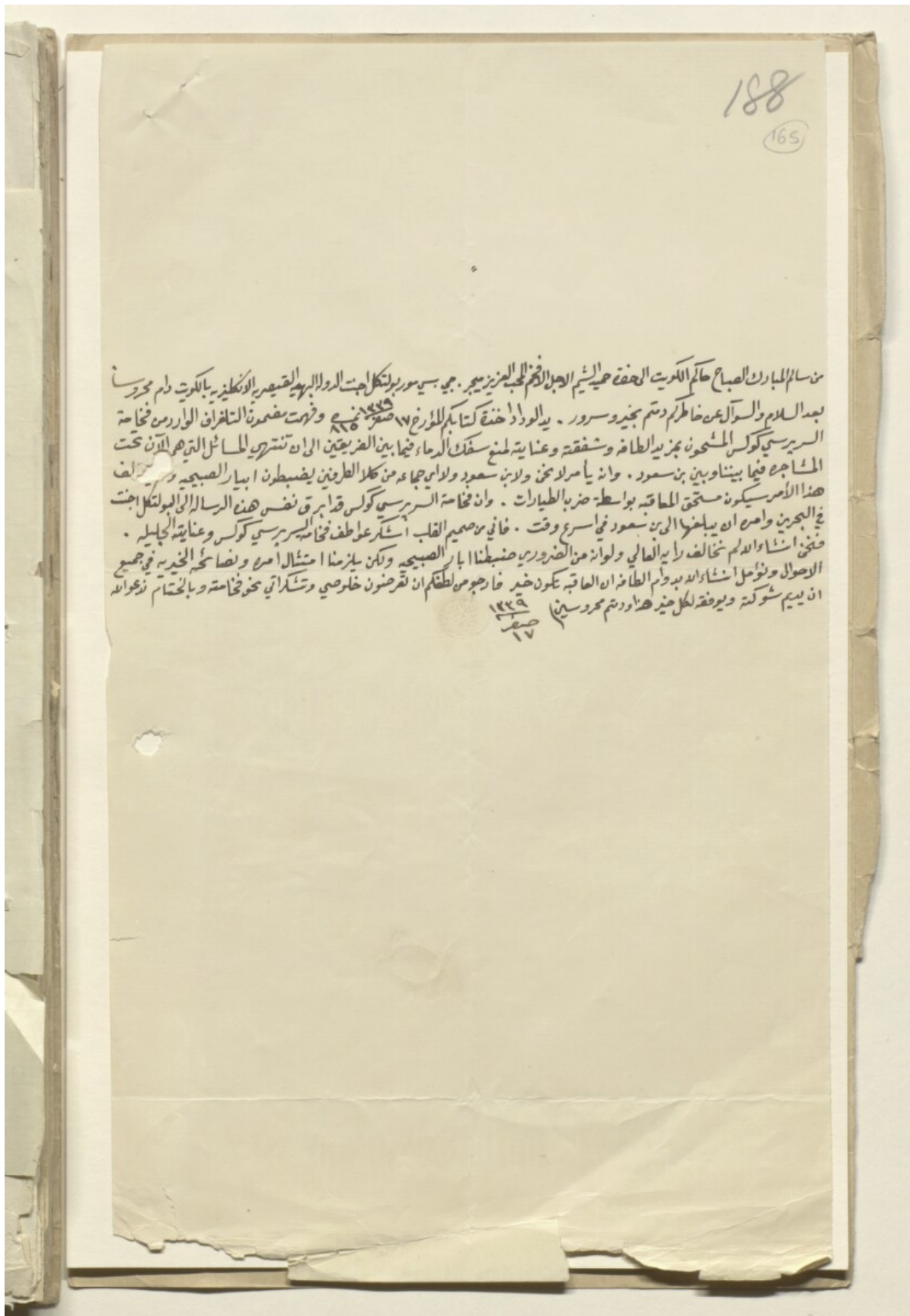
From Salim al Mubarak as Subah, Ruler of Kuwait
To Major J.C. Moore, Political Agent Kuwait.

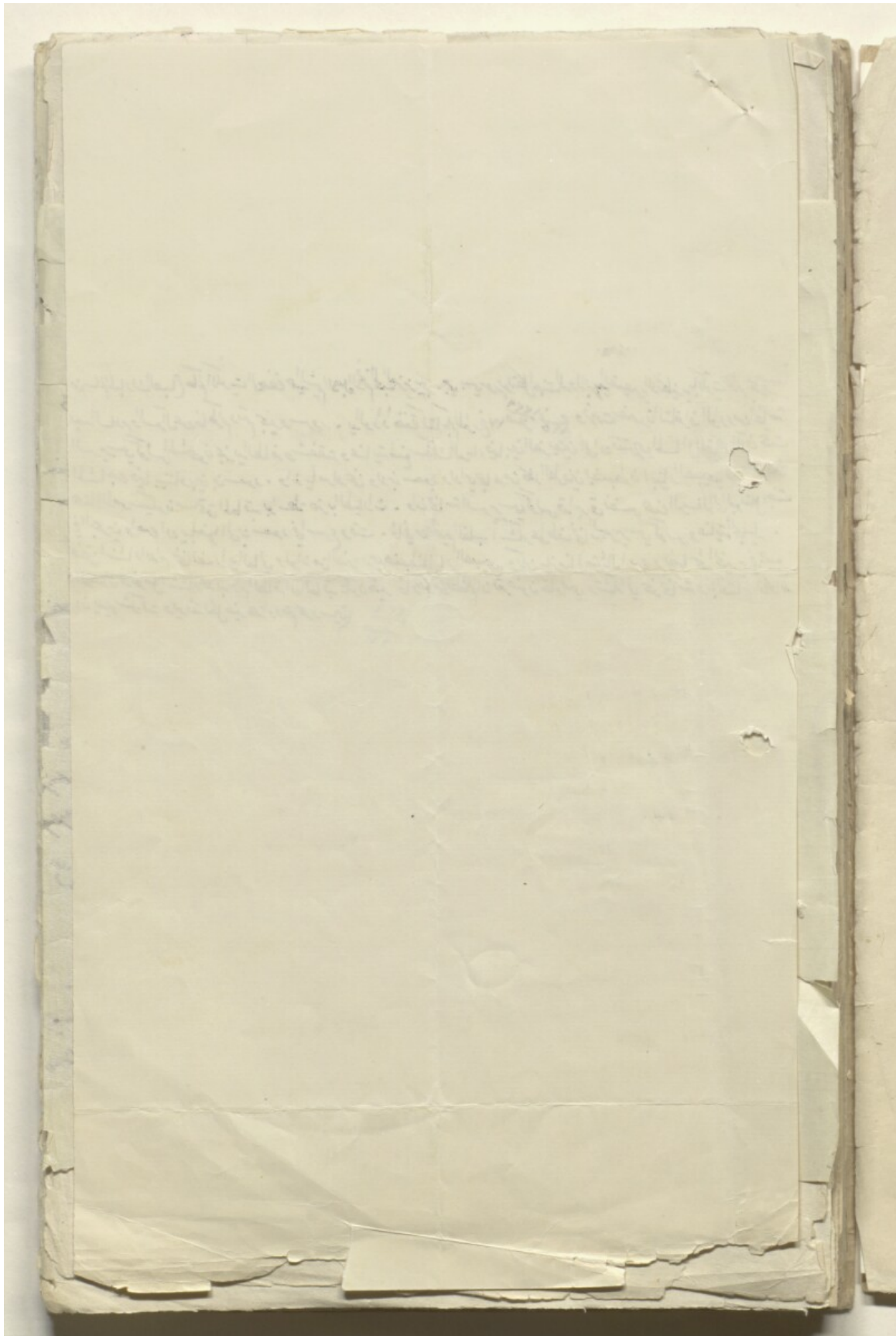
Sir. I have received your letter no 815 dated 17th Safar/1339 and I have understood the content of the telegram you received from Mr. Sir Percy Cox, which is full of his kindness, mercy & attention (help) for preventing bloodshed between both parties until the question now at issue between us & Ibn Saud, are settled, and now he orders that we neither Ibn Saud nor any party from both sides should occupy the wells of Subaihiyah and anyone who infringes this order ^{will} be liable to hostile action by aeroplanes & that Mr. Sir Percy Cox has telegraphed the same message to political agent Bahrein & has instructed him to convey it to Ibn Saud as soon as possible.

I most heartily thank the kindness of Sir Percy Cox and his good attention. "In sha Allah" we will never disobey his high opinion, although if it is necessary for us to occupy the wells of Subaihiyah, but we must obey his order & his generous advices, in all conditions (in every respect) we hope that he will continue his kindness & the end may be satisfactory. Kindly forward to Mr. my obedience and thanks. In the end, may God preserve his highness & to give him every success for every generous (word) etc.

Dated 17th Safar 1339 = 30th Oct 1920









Telegram (P)

From Highcom, Baghdad.

To Political, Bahrain; repeated to Kuwait & Bushire.

No. 13204.

Dated 31st October (Recd. 1st November) 1920.

Your telegram No. 386-C of 29th October. Please see my telegram No. 12592 of 19th October. My invitation is to a meeting at Basrah, not at Muhammarah.

Ref No 274

Telegram (P)

From Highcom, Baghdad.

To Political, Kuwait; repeated to Bahrain & Bushire.

No. 13205.

Dated 31st October (Recd. 1st November) 1920.

Your telegram No. 165-G. As the Ikhwan are no nearer than Wafrah, it will be sufficient if you inform Dawish of the purport of my telegram by letter, and say that it has been communicated to Ibn Sa'ud via Bahrain.

Ref No 275

Telegram (P)

From Highcom, Baghdad.

To Political, Kuwait; repeated to Bahrain.

No. 13206.

Dated 31st October (Recd. 1st November) 1920.

Reference My telegram No. 13145 of 29th October. The Royal Air Force has been intimated that no bombing is to be done without my specific instructions.

Ref No 276

Telegram (P)

From Political, Bahrain.

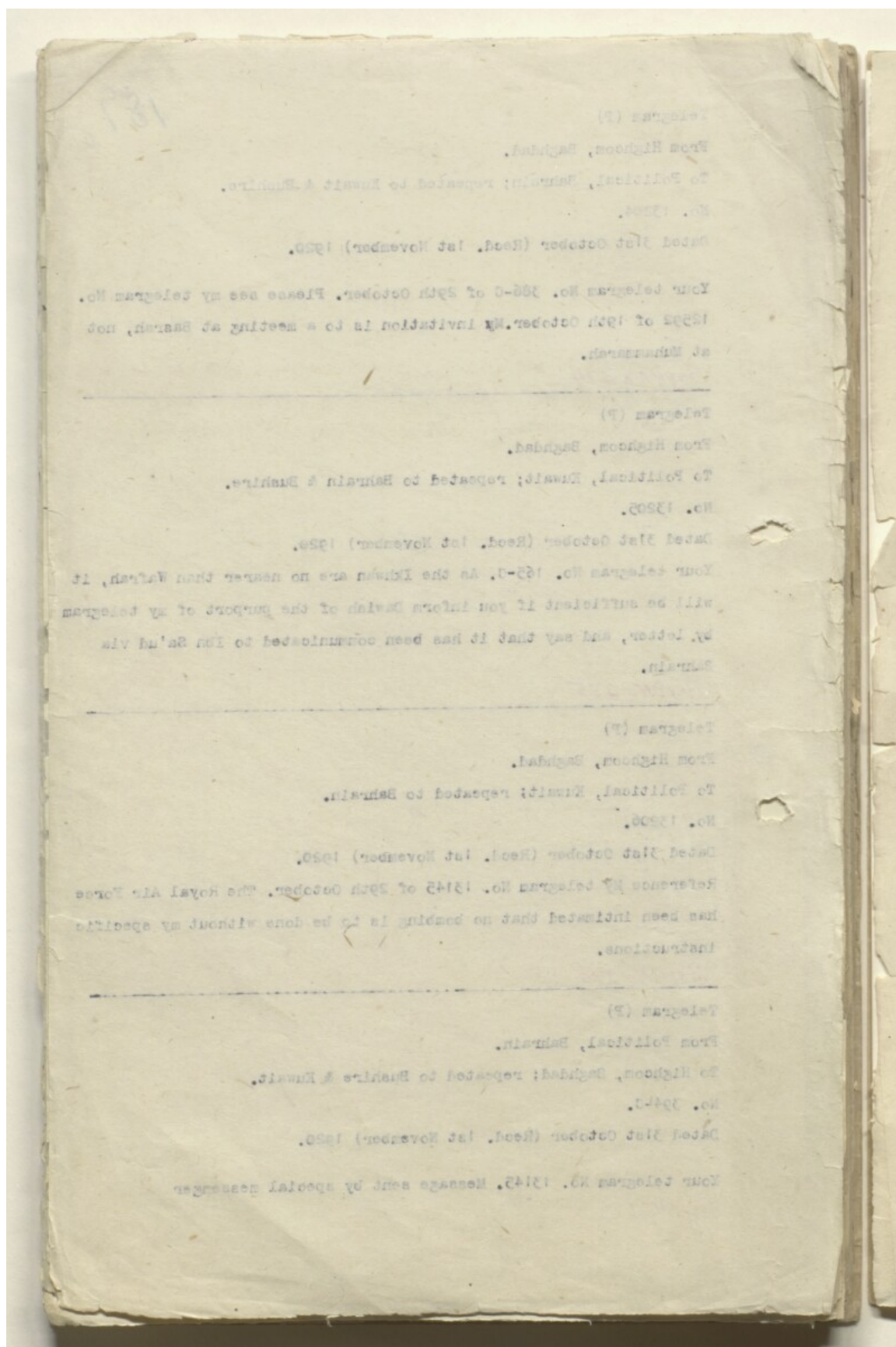
To Highcom, Baghdad; repeated to Bushire & Kuwait.

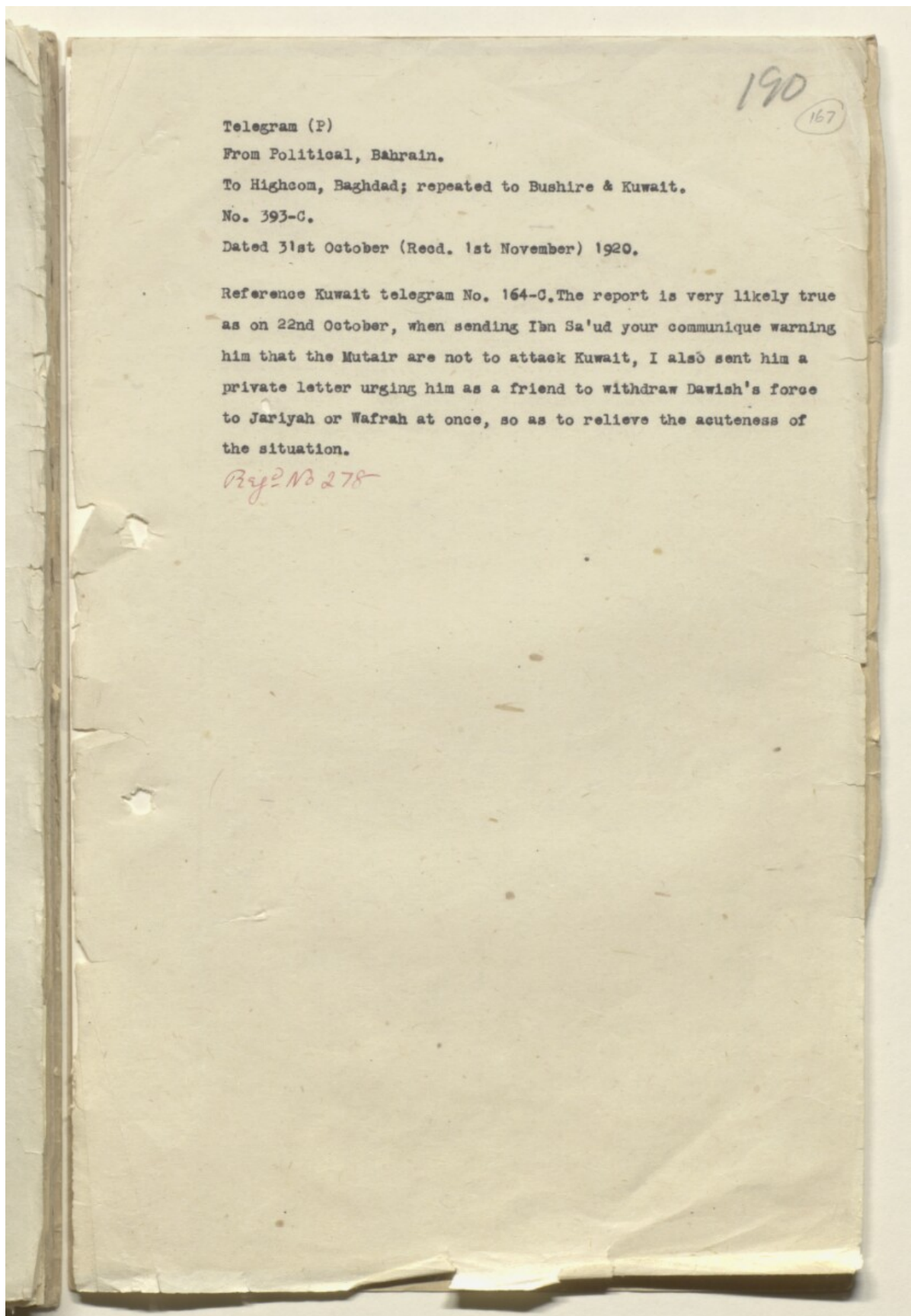
No. 394-G.

Dated 31st October (Recd. 1st November) 1920.

Your telegram No. 13145. Message sent by special messenger

Ref No 277





Telegram (P)

From Political, Bahrain.

To Highcom, Baghdad; repeated to Bushire & Kuwait.

No. 393-C.

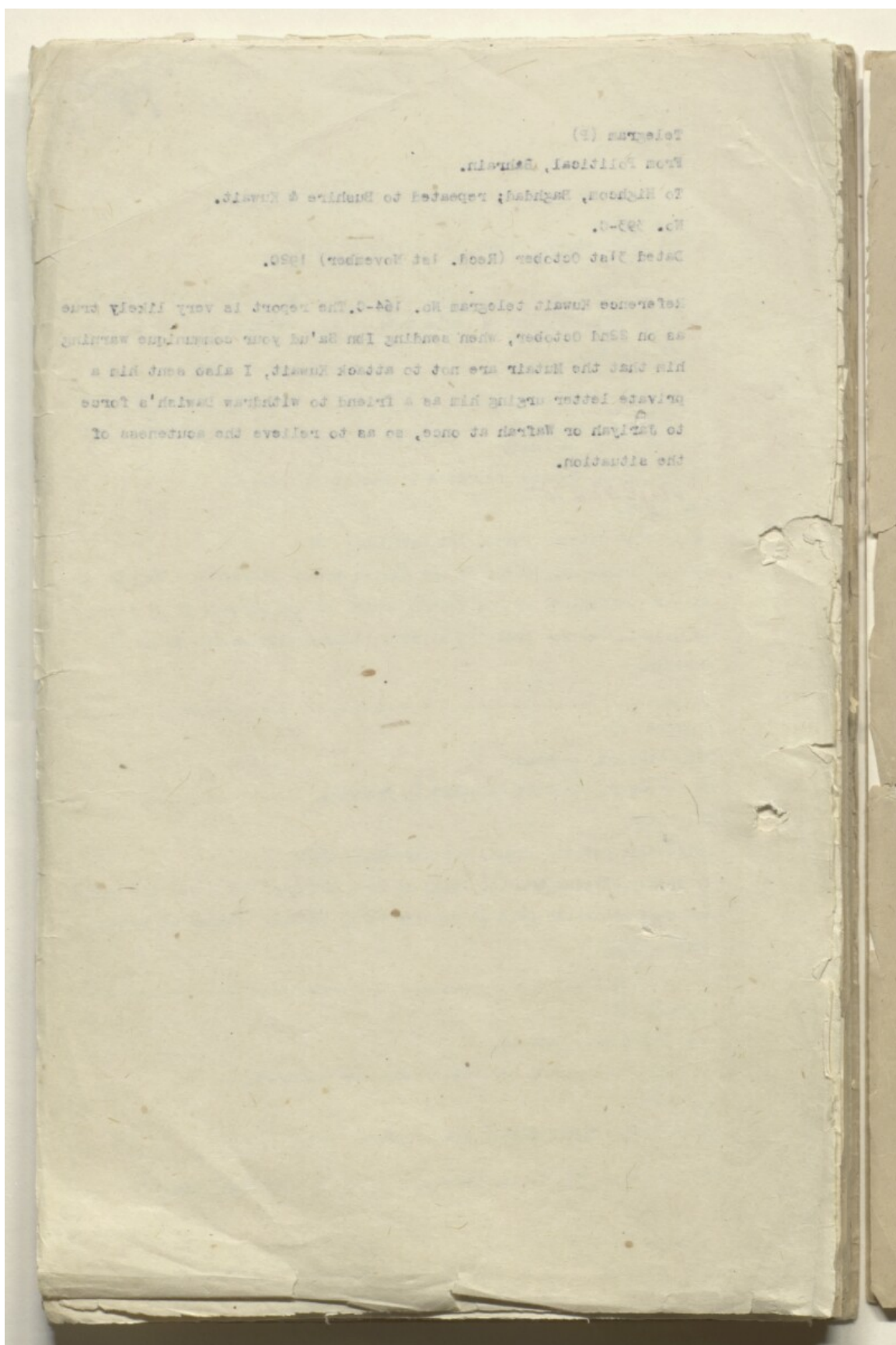
Dated 31st October (Recd. 1st November) 1920.

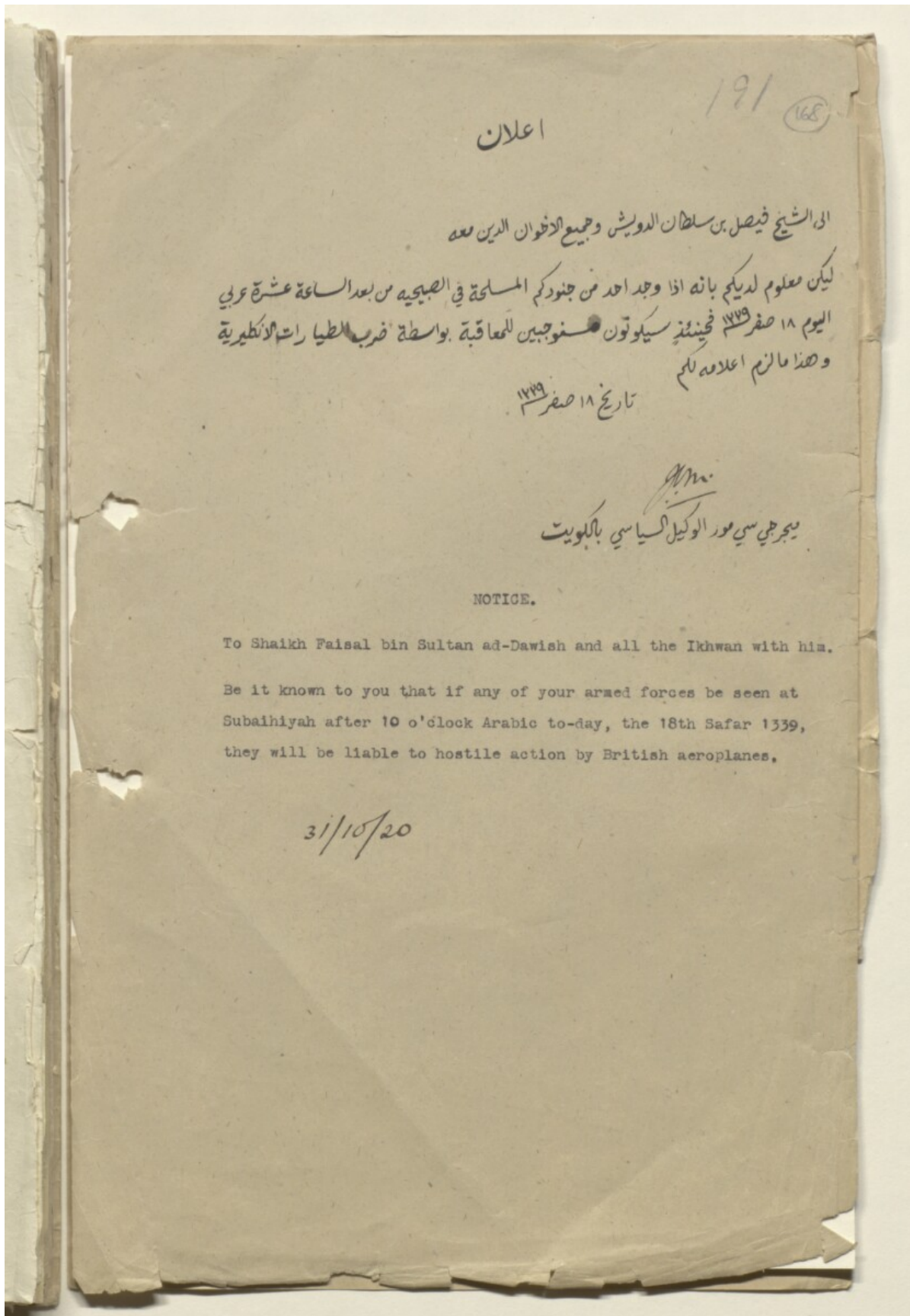
Reference Kuwait telegram No. 164-C. The report is very likely true as on 22nd October, when sending Ibn Sa'ud your communique warning him that the Mutair are not to attack Kuwait, I also sent him a private letter urging him as a friend to withdraw Dawish's force to Jariyah or Wafrah at once, so as to relieve the acuteness of the situation.

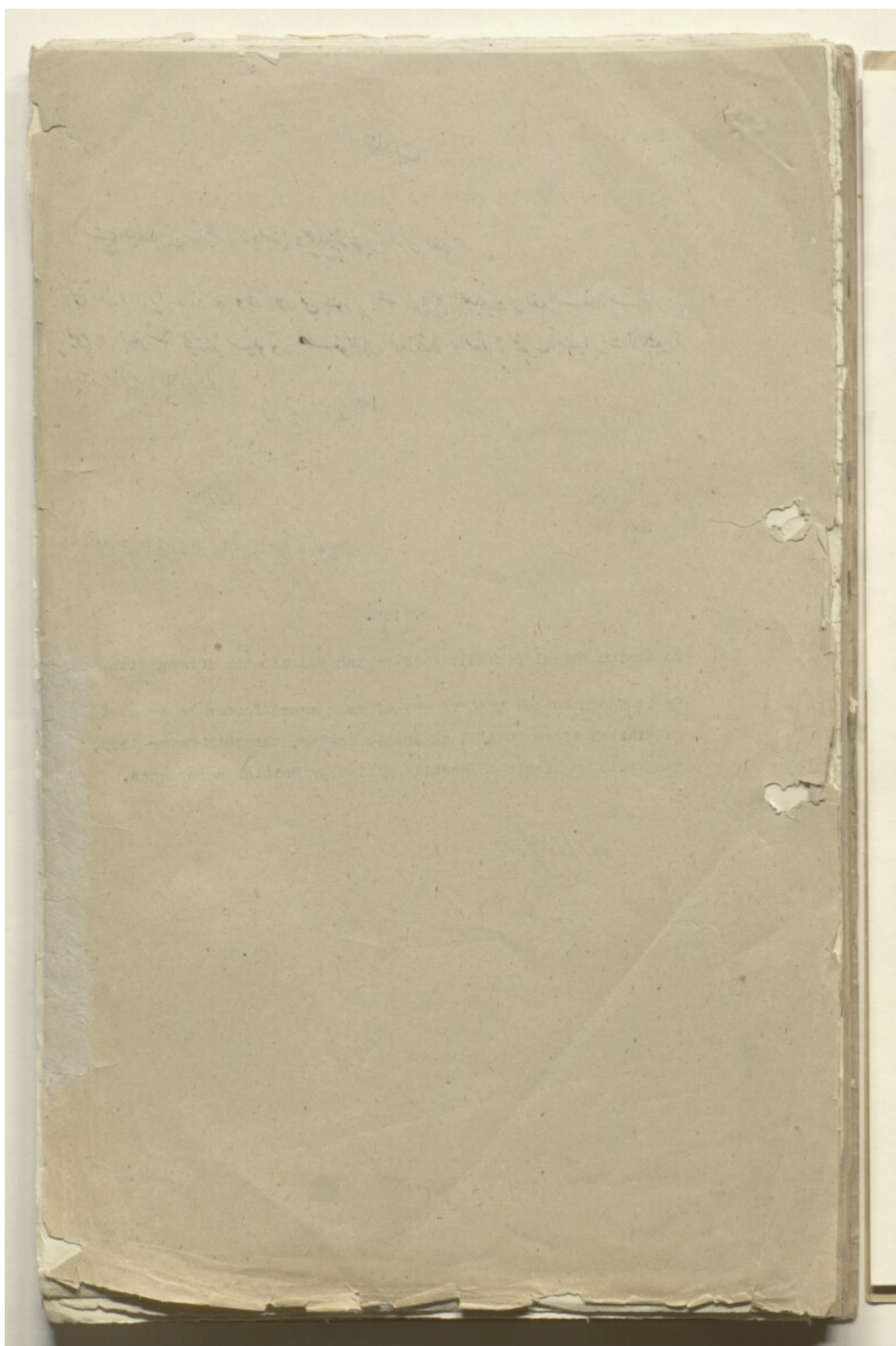
By No 278

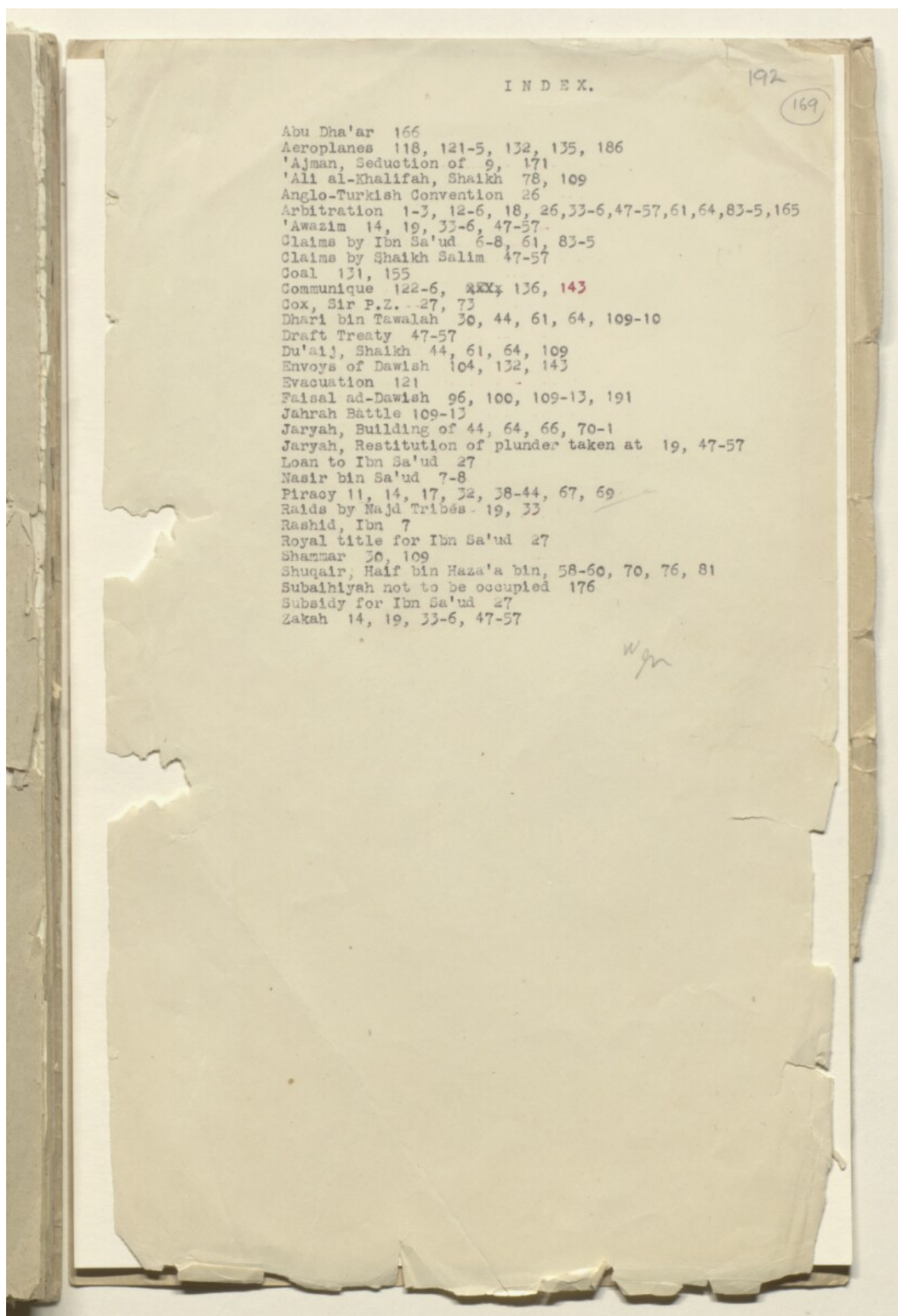


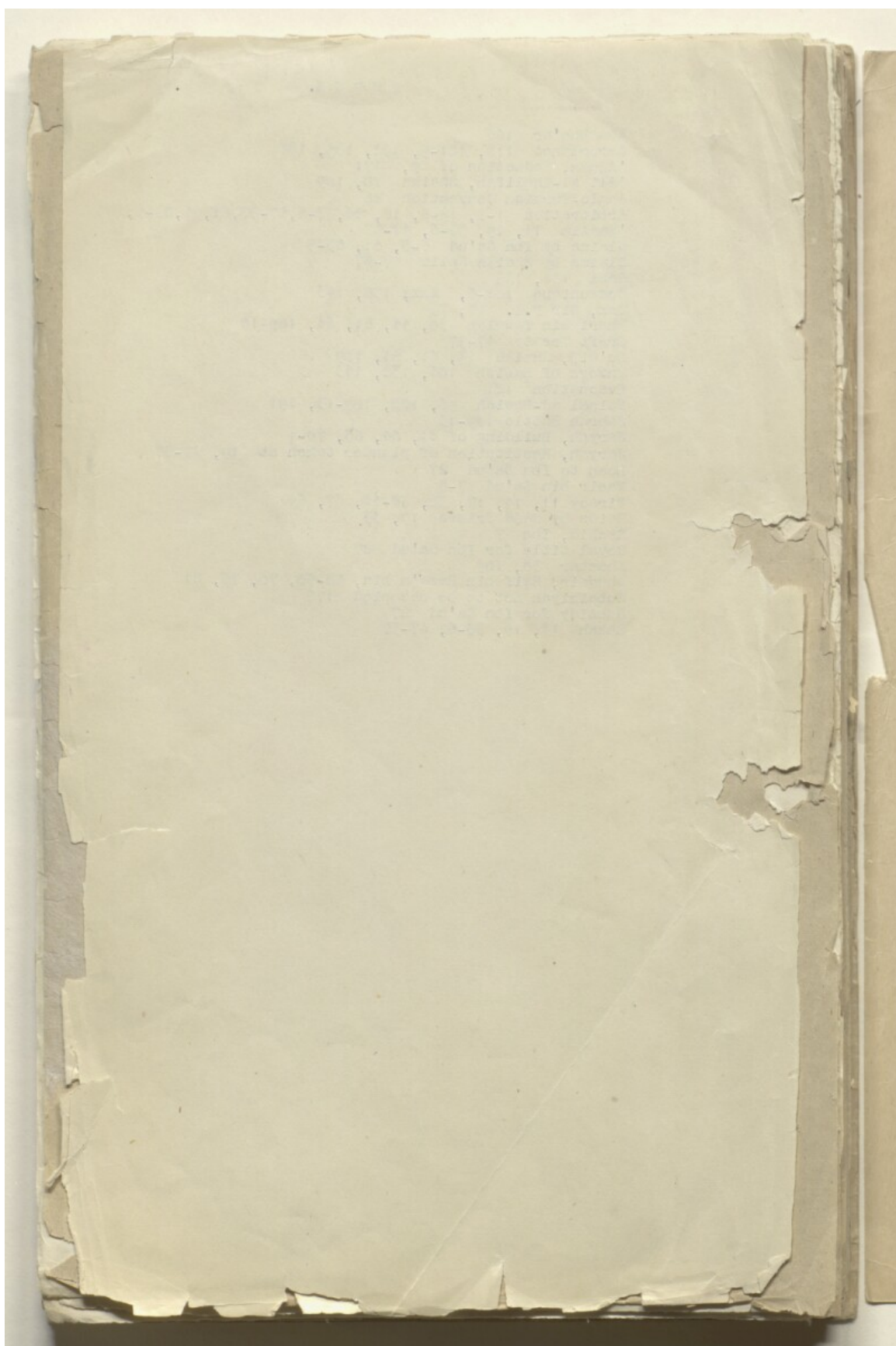
[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa'ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [167v] (334/342)

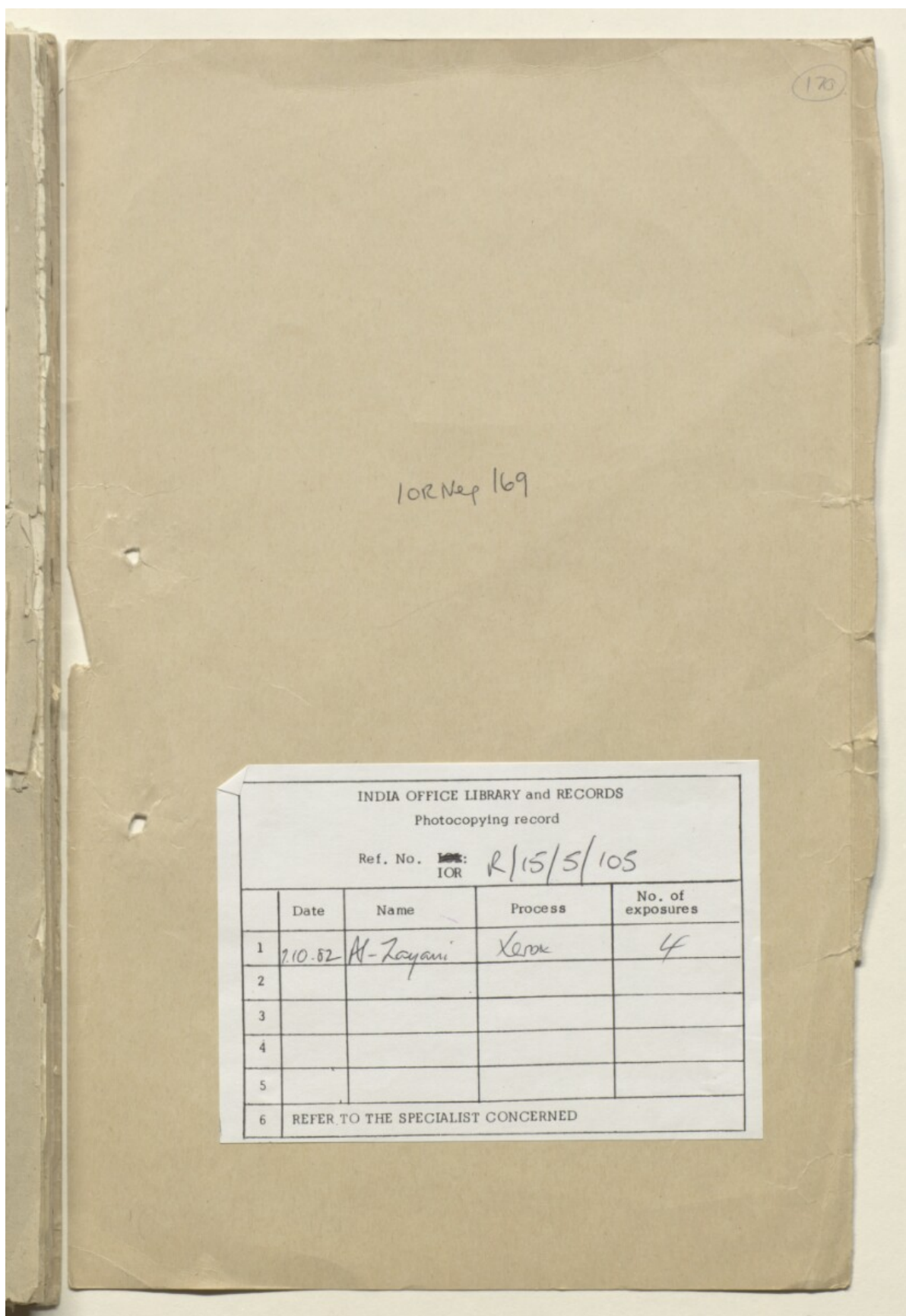






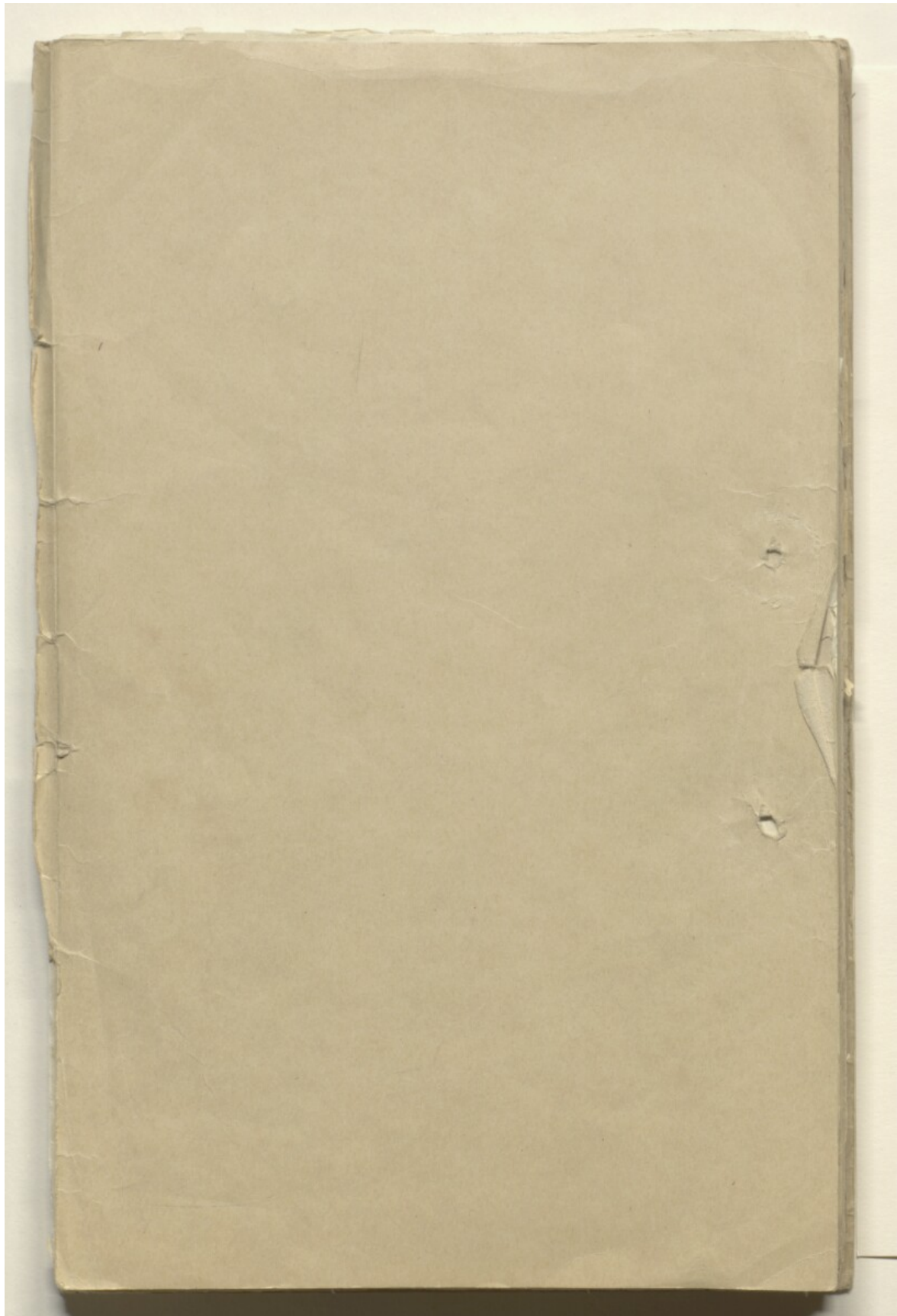








[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa`ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [170v] (340/342)





R/15/5/105

(171)

When this file was filmed the following folios were missing.

ff. 2, 3, 11, 13, 14, 19, 26, 32, 36, 37,
41, 45, 56, 57, 59, 61, 73, 74, 95,
99, 150, 175, 177, 178.

February 1980



[Un-numbered file] Dispute between Ibn Sa`ud and Shaikh of Kuwait: British Government's Proposals to Settle Kuwait-Najd Boundary Dispute by Arbitration; Defeat of Shaikh Salim at Jahra; Ikhwan Withdrawal; Truce Terminated by Ikhwan [back] (342/342)

